COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL
FINANCIAL REPORT
OF THE
CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2018

Prepared by the Office of the City Administrator Duane Feekes, City Administrator

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* * * *

December 6, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Orange City:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Management assumes responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Williams & Company, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified opinion on the City of Orange City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Orange City incorporated in 1884, is located in the Northwest corner of the State of Iowa, and is the county seat of Sioux County. The City of Orange City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City of Orange City operates under the council-administrator form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and five Council members. The Council appoints the government's administrator, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments with council approval. Council members serve four-year terms. The mayor is elected for a two-year term. The council members are elected on a staggered basis.

The City Administrator has operating responsibilities for all City functions excluding the Hospital.

The City of Orange City provides a full range of Municipal services which includes police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets, and other infrastructure; recreational and cultural activities; general administration and medical care facilities. The City of Orange City also owns and operates the electric, water, sewer, and natural gas utilities. The City of Orange City also is financially accountable for a legally separate hospital board, and golf course board of which is reported separately within the City of Orange City's financial statements. Additional information on the municipal hospital and golf course can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than March 15th. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Orange City's financial planning and control. Iowa budget law requires the adoption of legal budgets for expenditures on a program basis. Although the budget document presents program expenditures by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated program level not at the fund level.

Local Economy

Orange City is located in Sioux County in the northwest portion of Iowa, which is noted for its excellent cropland and livestock production numbers. Industry plays a big part in Orange City's economic condition with the biggest three employers being Staples, Inc., an advertising and promotional products manufacturer, Smithfield, Inc., a pet food producer, and Diamond Vogel Paint and Wax, a full line paint manufacturer.

Fiscal year 2017-2018 was another great year for the community of Orange City. Many exciting trends and projects are taking place that continue to improve the quality of life for its citizens.

The city started construction on a new housing development called Puddlejumper 9th Addition. The development will have water, sewer, storm sewer, and paving improvements. The development will have approximately fifty lots available for sale.

The City of Orange City plays an important part in the community growth, which will continue with active participation in the planning process of our community.

Long-Term financial planning

Management of the City of Orange City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The general fund falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., between 44 and 50 percent of total general fund revenues). Following its recent review of the City of Orange City's strategic plan, the Council plans on keeping the percentage the same for the following year, this will reduce the amount that will be needed to borrow to finance future construction.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Orange City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local governmental financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire office staff. We wish to express our appreciation also to all our City employees for their dedication to making city services the best. Credit also must be given to the Honorable Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Orange City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Duane Feekes

City Administrator

Kent Anderson Finance Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Orange City
Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

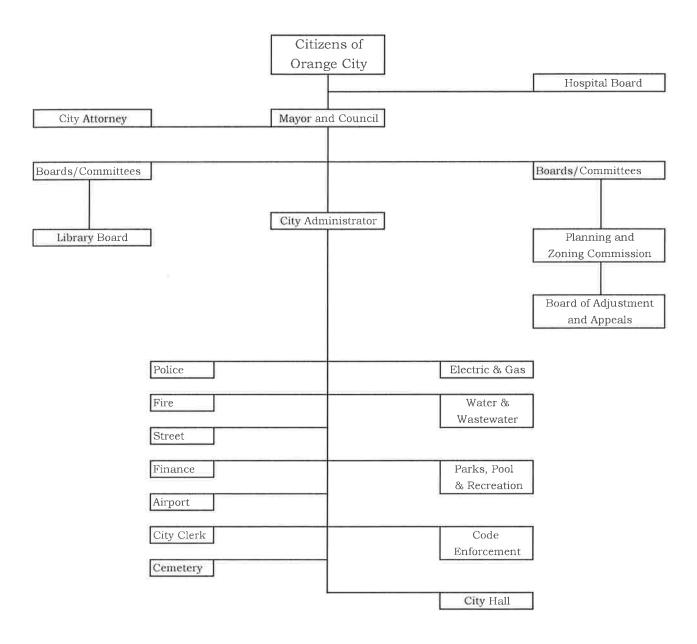
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A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS

ELECTED CITY OFFICERS

MAYOR

Deb DeHaan

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Rod DeBoer Chad Oolman Steve Roesner Tony Vande Brake Earl Woudstra

HOSPITAL TRUSTEES

Tim Zeutenhorst, Chairman
Randy Jacobsma, Vice Chairman
Brenda Richardson, Secretary
Russ Adams
Jerry Henrich
Chris Immeker
Shirley Van Wechel

APPOINTED CITY OFFICERS

Duane Feekes City Administrator

> Brad DeJong City Attorney

APPOINTED BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

Gary Cleveringa, Chairman John Kooiman, Vice-Chairman Jamie Valentine Arlin Smit Ben Van Engelenhoven

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

Mark Lundberg, Chairman Dale Pluim, Vice-Chairman Joe Poppema Scott Heemstra Amy Schutt Harold Hoftyzer Joe Ivy

LIBRARY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Jared Weber, President
Elizabeth Kensak, Vice-President
Gail Marincovich
Brent Phillipsen
Mabel Mantel
Aaron Haverdink
Sheryl Slegers

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Paul Brentlinger Rob Bruxvoort Ryan Cougill Kevin Dekker Michael Dekker Brandon DeKock Brian De Kock Mike Dorr Aaron Dykstra David Dykstra Josh Dykstra Michael Dykstra Chad Hase Kyle Heemstra John Heller Ryan Hoekstra Al Jeltema Rily Jeltema Ann Lundberg Josh Meis Nate Mosterd Mitchell Phomphakdy Mike Ritz Andrew Roghair Dan Roghair Lee Roghair Matt Saltsgiver Dan Schram Dennis Vander Wel, Chief Brent Van Leeuwen

Daniel Zeleny

CITY PERSONNEL

ADMINISTRATION

Kent Anderson Finance Officer
Janet Brown City Clerk
Duane Feekes City Administrator
Mark Gaul Community Development Director
Bryan Gerritson Public Works Director

Mark Gaul Community Development Director
Bryan Gerritson Public Works Director
Kurt Frederes Code Officer
Barb Ramsey Billing Clerk

Wes Ruden Event Center Manager
Mary Wichers Receptionist/Secretary

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Jim PottebaumChief of PoliceDuane HulsteinPolice OfficerBruce JacobsmaPolice OfficerChad Van RavenswayPolice OfficerAudley DeJongPolice OfficerWesley Van VoorstPolice OfficerRobert Van ZeePolice Officer

STREET DEPARTMENT

Luke HorkeyStreet CrewmanDon SniederStreet Crewman/MechanicRandy Van De GriendStreet Foreman

PARKS AND RECREATION

Mitch Aalbers Director
Brian Goslinga Park Maintenance
Nathan DeHoyos Assistant Park/Rec Director

MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS

Bill Van Marel Jr. Custodian

UTILITIES

Gas Utility Foreman Ed DeJong Alan DeJong Electric Journeyman Lineman Gas Utility Crewman Shane Swartz Michael Klootwyk Electric Journeyman Lineman Water & Wastewater Operator Kirk Maasdam Jerry Reuvers Water & Wastewater Operator David Sassman Water & Wastewater Foreman Electric Department Foreman Arlan Scholten Electric Line Maintenance Worker II Mike Anema Michael Verdoorn Electric Journeyman Lineman

AIRPORT

Dan Vander Weide Base Operator

HOSPITAL

Martin W. Guthmiller Administrator
Dina Baas Director of Financial Services

LIBRARY

Amanda Vazquez Administrator



21 1st Avenue NW P.O. Box 1010 Le Mars, IA 51031 Phone (712) 546-7801 Fax (712) 546-6543 www.williamscpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Orange City, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Orange City Area Health System, (a discretely presented component unit), which statements reflect total assets of \$68,844,349 and total program revenues of \$51,062,099 for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Orange City Area Health System, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Orange City, Iowa, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance related to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.</u> Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of City's Contributions to Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System and the Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes on pages -- through -- and -- through -- be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Williams + lapsny, P- C.
Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa December 6, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2018

This discussion and analysis of the City of Orange City financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal on page 1 and the City's financial statements that follow this report, as well as the separately issued financial statements of Orange City Area Health System and Orange City's Municipal Golf Association, discretely presented component units of the City.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Orange City exceeded liabilities at June 30, 2018 by \$43,813,857. Of this amount, \$6,647,650 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased by \$ 2,884,578 during the year. Of this amount, the governmental activities increased by \$1,220,901 and the net position of our business activities increased by \$ 1,663,677.
- The City's governmental activities long-term debt increased \$1,075,000 during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition to the Management Discussion and Analysis, this annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government. An additional part of the basic financial statements are the Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains required supplemental information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by the private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is very similar to the method of accounting used by the private-sector companies. These two statements report the City's net position, which is the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Additional factors, such as changes in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure, are also important in making this determination.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we have divided the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, such as Police, Fire, Public Works, and Parks departments, and general administration. Property Taxes finances most of these activities.
- Business Type Activities The City charges fees to customers to cover the cost of these services. Included here are the City Electric, Water, Sewer, and Natural Gas funds.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds- not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law or by bond requirements. The City Council also established funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as construction projects) and to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Sales Tax Revenues). The City has the following types of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which focus on how money moves into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end are available for spending. These funds are reported using the "modified accrual basis" of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The Governmental Fund Statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and basic services it provides. Governmental Fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance City programs. We describe the relationship between Governmental Activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and Governmental Funds in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.
- Proprietary Funds When the City charges customers for the service it provides, these services are generally reported in Proprietary Funds. Proprietary Funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The major difference between the Proprietary Funds report and the Business Type Activities we report in the government- wide statements is the detail and additional information, such as cash flows, provided in the Proprietary Funds report.

THE CITY AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City government. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found behind the Fiduciary Funds statements.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

As stated earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The largest part of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from the other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following comparative chart shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

	General Governm	General Governmental Activities				
			Business-Type Activities			
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
		(Not Restated)		(Not Restated)		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 7,766,166	\$ 5,839,652	\$12,658,829	\$10,971,218		
Capital Assets	24,173,466	23,910,666	33,134,976	24,122,290		
Total Assets	31,939,632	29,750,318	45,793,805	35,093,508		
Deferred Outflows	438,745	486,435	182,117	118,372		
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	13,943,505	12,743,284	13,469,238	5,444,970		
Other Liabilities	326,261	726,309	2,719,406	1,646,522		
Total Liabilities	14,269,766	13,469,593	16,188,644	7,091,492		
Deferred Inflows	4,058,666	3,912,986	23,366	10,511		
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,234,324	15,365,666	18,836,233	18,557,290		
Restricted	2,117,016	2,682,327	1,978,634	1,064,092		
Unrestricted	(2,301,395)	(5,193,819)	8,949,045	8,488,495		
Total Net Position	\$14,049,945	\$12,854,174	\$29,763,912	\$28,109,877		
	Tota	als				
	2018	2017 (Not Restated)				
Current and Other Assets	\$20,424,995	\$16,810,870				
Capital Assets	57,308,442	48,032,956				
Total Assets	77,733,437	64,843,826				
Deferred Outflows	620,862	604,807				
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	27,412,743	18,188,254				
Other Liabilities	3,045,667	2,372,831				
Total Liabilities	30,458,410	20,561,085				
Deferred Inflows	4,082,032	3,923,497				
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	33,070,557	33,922,956				
Restricted	4,095,650	3,746,419				
Unrestricted	6,647,650	3,294,676				
Total Net Position	\$40,813,857	\$40,964,051				

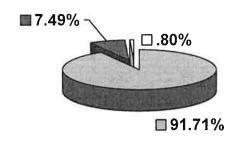
This summary reflects an increase of 9.30% for the governmental net position and an increase of 5.88% in the business-type net position.

Total revenue reported in Fiscal 2018 was \$20,666,134. The following table breaks down revenues collected for Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities for Fiscal Year 2018 and 2017:

		overnmental vities	Business-T	Business-Type Activities			
Revenue Source	2018	2017	2018 2017				
		(Not Restated)		(Not Restated)			
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 768,443	\$ 865,551	\$ 13,125,366	\$ 12,075,503			
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,135,321	1,105,119	ψ 10,120,000 =	Ψ 12,010,000			
Capital Grants and Contributions	110,463	272,133	10,183	(=)			
Total Program Revenues	2,014,227	2,242,803	13,135,549	12,075,503			
General Revenues & Interfund							
Transfers:							
Property Taxes	4,204,400	4,144,235	*	120			
Local Option Sales Tax	851,052	950,305	124	:=:			
Interest	11,555	13,109	43,469	41,730			
Gain on Sales of Assets	55,000	267,743	-	-			
Miscellaneous	176,451	· · ·	174,431	157,376			
Total General Revenues	5,298,458	5,375,392	217,900	199,106			
Interfund Transfers	272,189	318,303	(272,189)	(318,303)			
Total General Revenues &							
Interfund Transfers:	5,570,647	5,693,695	(54,289)	(119,197)			
Total Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	\$ 7,584,874	\$ 7,936,498	\$ 13,081,260	\$ 11,956,306			
	То	tals					
Revenue Source	2018	2017					
		(Not Restated)	Ē				
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 13,893,809	\$ 12,941,054					
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,135,321	1,105,119					
Capital Grants and Contributions	120,646	272,133	£				
Total Program Revenues	15,149,776	14,318,306					
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:							
Property Taxes	4,204,400	4,144,235					
Local Option Sales Tax	851,052	950,305					
Interest	55,024	54,839					
Gain on Sales of Assets	55,000	267,743					
Miscellaneous	350,882	157,376					
Total General Revenues &	5,516,358	5,574,498					
Interfund Transfers							
Interfund Transfers							
	5,516,358	5,574,498					

Program revenues totaled \$15,149,776 for fiscal year 2018. Governmental Activities provided \$2,014,227 and Business-Type Activities provided \$13,135,549. Revenue collected for Charges for Services during fiscal year 2018 was \$13,893,809, accounting for 91.71% of the total program revenues. The following chart breaks down program revenues by source:

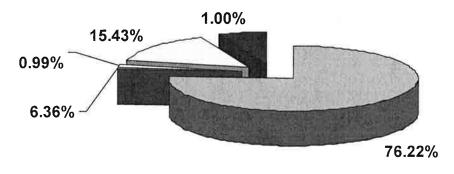
Program Revenues



- Charges for Services 91.71%
- **■** Operating Grants and Contributions 7.49%
- ☐ Capital Grants & Contributions 0.80%

General Revenues and Interfund Transfers for fiscal year 2018 totaled \$ 5,516,358. Governmental Activities provided \$5,570,647 and Business-Type Activities used \$(54,289). Property Tax Revenues for fiscal year 2018 totaled \$4,204,400, accounting for 76.22% of General Revenues. The following chart breaks down General Revenues by source:





- Property Taxes 76.22%
- □ Interest .99%
- Miscellaneous 6.36%
- Gain on Sale of Assets 1.00%
- □ Local Option Sales Tax 15.43%

Expenses for Fiscal 2018 totaled \$17,781,556. Expenses for Governmental Activities totaled \$6,363,973, accounting for 35.79% of total expenses. Business-Type Activity expenses totaled \$11,417,583, for 64.21% of the total.

The following table shows total expenses by Function/Program for FY 2018 and FY 2017:

General Governmental Activities			
2017 ot Restated)	2018	pe Activities 2017 (Not Restated)	
972,996	\$ -	\$ -	
1,571,805	5#0		
1,805,929	l∰.c	=	
697,831	— //	=	
712,651	₩ 0	-	
319,025	90	-	
100	856,862	572,314	
7 = 0	937,061	964,647	
7 = 3	7,425,922	7,498,724	
196	2,197,738	1,768,495	
6,080,237	\$ 11,417,583	\$ 10,804,180	
	6,080,237	6,080,237 \$ 11,417,583	

		2018		2017
			(No	t Restated)
Public Safety	\$	1,088,040	\$	972,996
Public Works	•	1,907,228		1,571,805
Culture and Recreation		1,658,414		1,805,929
Community & Economic Development		558,788		697,831
General Government		820,252		712,651
Debt Service		331,151		319,025
Sewer System		856,862		572,314
Water System		937,061		964,647
Electric System		7,425,922		7,498,724
Natural Gas System		2,197,738		1,768,495
Total Expenses	\$	17,781,556	\$	16,884,417

The following table shows the activities included within each program level:

Program Level

Public Safety Public Works

Culture and Recreation
Community and Economic Development

General Government Debt Service Capital Projects Sewer System

Water System

Electric System

Natural Gas System

Activity

Individual & Community Protection, Physical Health Roadway Construction, Airport Operations, Street

Lighting, Transportation Services

Education & Culture, Leisure Time Opportunities Economic Development, Community Beautification,

Planning and Zoning

Administration, Support Services

Payment of Interest

Construction of Capital Facilities

Operation of the Waste Water Treatment

Plant/Supply Distribution System

Operation of Water Treatment Plant/Supply

Distribution System

Operation of Electric Plant/Supply Distribution

System

Operation of Natural Gas Plant/Supply Distribution

System

Governmental of Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance. Please note that the expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense) Revenue calculation. This format highlights the respective financial burden that each of the functions place on the taxpayers. For example, for Public Safety, the City spent \$ 1,088,140 and received \$ 292,062 in revenue, thus leaving a cost to the taxpayer of \$ 796,078 to be funded by various methods. The new format also identifies how much each function draws from general revenues or is self-financing through fees or grants. Some of the individual line item revenues reported for each function are:

Public Safety
Public Works
Culture and Recreation
General Government
Capital Projects

Fines, Fees

Road Use Tax, Rent, Special Assessments

Fees, State Aid Licenses, Permits

Donations, State Grants, Federal Grants

The total cost of governmental activities this year was \$6,363,973. Of these costs, \$768,443 was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs. Costs paid by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions was \$1,245,784, leaving a Net Expense of \$4,349,746 for Governmental Activities. These expenses of were covered with tax revenues, interest and other general revenues. The Statement of Activities in the financial statements provides further detail. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Governmental Activity is shown in the following table:

Functions/Programs		e)			
T dilotions/1 rograms		Reve	JII 40	2017	
Governmental Activities:					
Public Safety	\$	(796,078)	\$	(574,498)	
Public Works		(835, 305)		(490, 205)	
Culture and Recreation		(1,250,324)		(1,383,140)	
Community and Economic Development		(470,891)		(585,879)	
General Government		(715,925)		(539,794)	
Debt Service		(281,223)		(263,918)	
Total Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental Activities		(4,349,746)		(3,837,434)	
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers		5,298,458		5,375,392	
Excess of Revenues over Expenses before transfers		948,712		1,537,958	
Interfund Transfers	·	272,189		318,303	
Change in Net Position	\$	1,220,901	\$	1,856,261	

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$20,413,918 consisting of Net Position at July 1, 2017 of \$12,829,044 as restated, Program Revenues of \$2,014,227 and General Revenues and Transfers of \$5,570,647. Total Governmental Activities during the year expended \$6,363,973; thus, Net Position increased by \$1,220,901 to \$14,049,945.

Business Type Activities

Business Type Activities increased the City's net position by \$ 1,663,677.

The cost of all Proprietary Activities this year was \$11,417,583. As shown in the Statement of Activities, program revenues totaled \$13,135,549 resulting in total Net Revenue for Business Type Activities of \$1,717,966. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Business Type Activity is shown in the following table:

Business-Type Activities		∍)		
Buomboo Type Notivides		2018		2017
Electric System Water System Sewer System Natural Gas System	\$	1,047,399 79,233 376,688 214,646	\$	863,442 68,965 322,412 16,504
Total Net (Expense) Revenue Business-Type Activities General Revenues & Interfund Transfers Excess of Revenues over Expenses before transfers Interfund Transfers	(1,717,966 217,900 1,935,866 (272,189)		1,271,323 199,106 1,470,429 (318,303)
Change in Net Position	\$	1,663,677	\$	1,152,126

Total resources available during the year to finance Proprietary Fund activities were \$41,171,312 consisting of Net Position at July 1, 2017 of \$28,100,235, Program Revenues of \$13,135,549 and General Revenues and Transfers of \$ (54,289). Total Proprietary Fund Activities during the year expended \$11,417,583; thus Net Position was increased by \$1,663,677 to \$29,763,912.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. Unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year. The City's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,304,310. The combined Governmental Funds balance increased \$2,240,029 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. During the year, expenditures exceeded revenues in the General fund by \$22,087. The major reason for the decrease in fund balance is due to some expenditures that were budgeted in fiscal year 2017, but were expended during this fiscal year.

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of state fuel tax dollars. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$ 77,669. This was a budgeted decision to help increase reserves for a future street project. The fund transferred \$ 667,855 to the general fund to help with street operations as well as a purchase of a snowplow truck.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for collection of general property taxes for the repayment of general obligation debt. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$52,157. This was a planned event during the fiscal year 2018 budget session.

The TIF Fund (Tax Incremental Financing) is used to account for property taxes received to be expended for various public improvement projects. The TIF Fund balance decreased by \$699,032. This was due to construction of a new housing subdivision, which includes street, water and sewer.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Comparing the fiscal year 2018 original (adopted) city wide amount of \$ 68,855,272 to the final budget amount of \$ 73,332,272 shows a net increase of \$ 4,477,000.

The following table shows the government wide budget variances by program structure:

Expenses	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance		
Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation	\$ 1,017,674 1,140,583 1,649,959	\$ 985,180 1,204,569 1,775,252	\$	32,494 (63,986) (125,293)	
Community and Economic Development General Government	426,305 994,221	449,681 710,129		(23,376) 284,092	
Capital Projects Debt Service Business-Type Activities	4,700,000 1,915,826 61,487,704	1,188,431 1,960,362 60,123,625		3,511,569 (44,536) 1,364,079	
Total Expenses	\$ 73,332,272	\$ 68,397,229	\$	4,935,043	

During the year there was a \$ 4,477,000 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. Following are the main components of the increase:

- \$ 35,000 supplemental appropriation to the police and fire department for such costs as for part time help, and lifesaving equipment.
- \$ 150,000 supplemental appropriation to our park and recreation departments as well as our fitness center and swimming pool for such costs as for part time help, group insurance, and other supplies and equipment for our pool and fitness center.
- \$ 340,000 supplemental appropriation to our economic development department for such costs related to tax increment financing.
- \$ 52,000 supplemental appropriation to our chamber office remodel project.
- \$ 3,400,000 supplemental appropriation to capital projects. Those projects included 2018 street, and Dunlop Park Improvements.
- \$ 500,000 supplemental appropriation to our municipal gas utility for under budgeting their operations for the year.

A part of the increase was possible because of additional revenues. Those revenues included additional Natural Gas revenues, Tax Increment Financing revenues, sale of fire equipment. The rest of the appropriations were paid with the fund balance from the general fund.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment, streets, and other infrastructure represents the value of the resources utilized to provide services to our citizens. The investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2018, was \$33,070,557 (net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding financings). The gross additions to capital assets for Fiscal 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	General Governmental					
	Activi	ties	Business-Type Activities			
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,136,879	\$1,558,295		
Infrastructure	999,364	**	#	2		
Buildings	3,206,060	720	끨	2		
Improvements-Other than Buildings	48,786	54	=			
Equipment	277,878	132,982	162,449	187,249		
Utility Plant	199	82	494,079	568,671		
Construction in Progress	883,802	7,556,782	841,937			
Total Gross Additions	\$ 5,415,890	\$ 2,979,063	\$10,350,189	\$ 3,156,152		
	Tota					
	2018	2017	• ;			
Land	\$ 2,136,879	\$ -				
Infrastructure	999,364	1,558,295				
Buildings	3,206,060	(6) (6)				
Improvements-Other Buildings	48,786	(1 .5				
Equipment	440,327	320,231				
Utility Plant	494,079	568,671				
Construction in Progress	8,440,584	3,688,018	₹/			
Total Expenditures	\$ 15,766,079	6,135,215				

Construction In Progress at June 30, 2018 for governmental activities consisted of costs associated with the Dunlop Park Improvements, and the 2018 street project.

For Business-Type Activities, the Utility Plant addition consisted of costs associated with the sewer distribution system and our renovations to the sewer plant system.

See Note 6 to the financial statements for more information on the City's capital assets.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end the City had \$25,995,000 of debt outstanding. Of this amount, \$12,415,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of \$13,580,000 is debt represented by bonds secured solely by the specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Debt administration is on track, with over 54% of all City debt repaid within the next 10 years. This rapid repayment, when combined with the use of TIF has allowed the City to maintain our good rating. This reflects well on our community.

The City continues to operate well under State debt capacity limitations. The State limits the amount of General Obligation Debt Outstanding to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property in the community. Thus, our debt capacity is \$ 18,451,869. With outstanding General Obligation Debt applicable to this limit of \$2,090,876, we are utilizing 70.20% of this limit. More detailed information on debt administration is provided in Note 7 of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City of Orange City worked hard in FY 2018 to maintain a positive approach to growth and development. Continued progressive growth in the Orange City community had a positive effect on the City's unemployment and tax base. The growth in Local Option Sales Tax demonstrates that the Orange City's economy continues to grow

The City still has street improvements high on their priority list. We did have another street project (2018 Street) for this fiscal year. It is made up of approximately five blocks of new street. The new street is located on Delaware Avenue SW. The total cost of the project which includes street, water, sewer and storm sewer is around 1.5M

The city also continued with their construction on new housing development called Puddlejumper 9th Addition. The development will have water, sewer, storm sewer and paving improvements. The development will have around fifty lots available for sale by spring of 2019.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the finance department at the City of Orange City, 125 Central Avenue SE, Orange City, IA 51041.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

		overnment		Component Unit			
	Governmental Activitles	Business-Type Activitles	Total	Orange City Area Health System	Orange City Muni. Golf Association		
SSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Alea Health System	Our Association		
ash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,335,810	\$ 5,735,052	\$ 9,070,862	\$ 16,734,235	\$ 13,8		
vestments	82,296	1,475,000	1,557,296	8,631,645			
eceivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for							
uncollectibles)							
Accounts	59,277	1,129,473		5,351,131			
Taxes	31,151	127	31,151	2			
Subsequent Year Taxes	4,002,364		4,002,364	-			
Accrued Interest		40,109		30,272			
Estimated Unbilled Usage		412,228	412,228	*			
Special Assessments	39,376	0.00	39,376	*			
Pledges Receivable		2.53		*	107,7		
Notes Receivable	397,517	0.00	397,517				
Interfund Balances	(444,845)	444,845	7				
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	119,729	220,573	340,302				
ventories	16,751	1,114,710	1,131,461	476,687	20,2		
repaid Assets	126,740	61,450	188,190	107,916			
ther				2,548,480			
estricted Assets, Cash and Investments:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents		389	389	2,020	78,4		
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Cash							
& Cash Eqivalents	- 1	80,000	80,000				
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Investments	341	495,000	495,000				
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Cash							
& Cash Egivalents	140	900,000	900,000	*			
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Investments	540	550,000	550,000				
and	1,063,946	4,201,666		1,918,079			
onstruction in Progress	540,529	8,219,252		153,638			
ifrastructure, Property and Equipment, Net	040,020	0,210,202	0,700,701	100,000			
of Accumulated Depreciation	22,568,991	20,714,058	43,283,049	32,890,246	1,775,5		
Total Assets	31,939,632	45,793,805		68,844,349	1,995,7		
Total Assets	21,939,032	40,793,800	11,133,431	00,844,349	1,095,1		
EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5 775	0.000					
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	5,775	2,396	8,171				
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	432,970	179,721	612,691	5,436,585			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	438,745	182,117	620,862	5,436,585			
IABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	217,932	1,491,079	1,709,011	2,759,486	2,5		
Accrued Wages	78,855	39,446	118,301	3,731,198			
Accrued Expenses		33,342	33,342	483,713			
Customer Deposits		33,784	33,784	2			
Lease Deposit		- 1		272,491			
Accrued Interest	29,474	4:	29,474	192,551			
Payables from Restricted Assets:							
Accrued Interest	14	46,755	46,755	4:			
Revenue Bonds - Current		1,075,000	1,075,000	**			
Noncurrent Liabilities:		1,070,000	1,075,000				
Due within one year:				1 070 70 4			
Revenue Bonds Payable		*		1,676,784			
General Obligation Bonds	1,590,000	2.1	1,590,000	73			
Notes Payable	.5	100		33	75,4		
Compensated Absences and Benefits	25,414	34,346	59,760	-			
Due in more than one year:							
Revenue Bonds Payable		12,863,422	12,863,422	19,559,404			
General Obligation Bonds	10,999,024	30	10,999,024	£			
Notes Payable	(4		*		79,3		
Net Pension Liability	1,181,147	490,203	1,671,350	17,062,616			
Other Post Employment Benefits	71,677	29,748	101,425	328,855			
Physical Therapy Asset Acquisition	7 1,011	20,110		375,000			
Compensated Absences and Benefits, Long-Term	76,243	51,519	127,762	0.0,000			
Total Liabilities	14,269,766	16,188,644	30,458,410	46,442,098	157,3		
Total Elabilities	17,800,100	10,100,011	00,100,110	10,112,000			
EFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes	4,002,364		4,002,364	23			
Other Post Employment Benefits Related Deferred Inflows	7,002,004		4,002,004	6,134			
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	56,302	23,366	79,668	336,138			
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	4,058,666	23,366	4,082,032	342,272			
. O.G. DOIGHES HINOT OF INCOUNTED	11,000,000	20,000	THE PROPERTY OF	M. M. C. C.			
ET POSITION							
ET POSITION							
	14.234 324	18.475.912	32.710.236	13.350.775	1.620		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,234,324	18,475,912	32,710,236	13,350,775	1,620,		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:				13,350,775	1,620,1		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Debt Service	294,650	18,475,912 1,978,634	2,273,264	13,350,775	1,620,		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Debt Service Permanent Funds - nonexpendable	294,650 106,425	1,978,634	2,273,284 106,425	13,350,775 => ±:	1,620,7		
Restricted for: Debt Service Permanent Funds - nonexpendable Specific Revenues	294,650		2,273,264	#3 #3 #3	1,620,7		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Debt Service Permanent Funds - nonexpendable	294,650 106,425	1,978,634	2,273,284 106,425	13,350,775 27,773 14,118,016	1,620,7 186,2 31,4		

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

					Progra	am Revenue	S	
			-		C	perating		Capital
			Charges for		_	rants and		ants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Col	ntributions	Cor	tributions
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
Public Safety	\$	1,088,140	\$	17,396	\$	164,203	\$	110,463
Public Works		1,907,228		326,399		745,524		300
Culture and Recreation		1,658,414		323,621		84,469		: * :
Community and Economic Development		558,788		40,867		47,030		3.90
General Government		820,252		60,160		44,167		(8)
Debt Service		331,151			,	49,928		
Total governmental activities		6,363,973	-	768,443	6	1,135,321		110,463
Business-Type Activities:								
Electric Utility		7,425,922		8,473,321		19		7 8 3
Water Utility		937,061		1,006,111		2#		10,183
Sewer Utility		856,862		1,233,550		240		:=:
Gas Utility		2,197,738		2,412,384				1960
Total Business-Type Activities:	-	11,417,583		13,125,366		-		10,183
Total Primary Government	\$	17,781,556	\$	13,893,809	\$	1,135,321	\$	120,646
Component Unit:								
Orange City Area Health System	\$	48,706,042	\$ 5	50,966,210	\$	55,137	\$	40,752
Orange City Municipal Golf Association	\$	704,681	\$	477,496	\$	202,620	\$	118,578

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Local Option Sales Tax

Interest

Gain on Sale of Assets

Miscellaneous

Interfund Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net Position - beginning

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Position - beginning as restated

Net Position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue									
and Changes in Net Position Component Unit									
Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Orange City Area Health System		Orange City Municipal Golf Ass'r	
\$	(796,078) (835,305) (1,250,324) (470,891) (715,925) (281,223) (4,349,746)			\$	(796,078) (835,305) (1,250,324) (470,891) (715,925) (281,223) (4,349,746)				
		\$	1,047,399 79,233 376,688 214,646 1,717,966	1 	1,047,399 79,233 376,688 214,646 1,717,966				
•	(4,349,746)		1,717,966	-	(2,631,780)	\$	2,356,057		
								\$	94,013
	4,204,400 851,052 11,555 55,000		43,469		4,204,400 851,052 55,024 55,000		267,674		72 72
	176,451 272,189		174,431 (272,189)		350,882		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		%= %=
-1	5,570,647	N	(54,289)	241	5,516,358		267,674		5.
	1,220,901		1,663,677		2,884,578		2,623,731		94,013
	12,854,174		28,109,877		40,964,051		25,086,973		1,744,435
	(25,130)		(9,642)		(34,772)		(214,140)		98
Φ.	12,829,044	_	28,100,235	_	40,929,279		24,872,833	<u> </u>	1,744,435
\$	14,049,945	\$	29,763,912	\$	43,813,857	\$	27,496,564	\$	1,838,448

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Road Use Tax	TIF	Debt Service
Assets				
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$ 1,500,178	\$ 687,699	\$ 404,594	\$ 315,566
Investments	82,296	**	>=	*
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for uncollectibles)				
Accounts	59,277	· 7	(-	
Taxes	6,776	:=	15,817	8,558
Subsequent Year Taxes	1,678,397	18	845,000	1,478,967
Special Assessments	39,376	22	S#6	-
Notes Receivable	5€	· ·	2 .	-
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	62,470	57,259	<u> </u>	-
Inventories	0 =	16,751	3.	-
Total Assets	3,428,770	761,709	1,265,411	1,803,091
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	196,942	-		*
Accrued Wages	78,855	<u>-</u>		9
Due to Other Funds	() (m)		72,382	12
Total Liabilities	275,797	-	72,382	
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments	35,965	ä	·	=
Unavailable Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes	1,678,397		845,000	1,478,967
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	1,714,362	2	845,000	1,478,967
Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonspendable:				
Inventories	: ¥	16,751	(**)	2
Permanent Fund Principal	::•:	=	(●)	-
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	:•	-	*	324,124
TIF	-	≅	348.029	
Economic Development			3.04.0	
Road Use Tax		744,958		
Assigned for:				
Capital Project		-	: = (-
Unassigned	1,438,611		320 320	_
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	1,438,611	761,709	348,029	324,124
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	11.10010111	101,100	0 10/020	JE 1, 12 1
and Fund Balances	\$ 3,428,770	\$ 761,709	\$ 1,265,411	\$ 1,803,091
and I and Dalanood	Ψ 3,420,770	Ψ /01,/09	Ψ 1,200,411	φ 1,003,091

Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	427,773 -	\$	3,335,810 82,296	
	9 * 8		59,277 31,151 4,002,364 39,376	
	397,517		397,517 119,729 16,751	
_	825,290		8,084,271	
	20,990 - 372,463		217,932 78,855 444,845	
	393,453		741,632	
			35,965 4,002,364 4,038,329	
	106,425		16,751 106,425	
	606,203		324,124 348,029 606,203	
	112,662		744,958 112,662	
	(393,453) 431,837		1,045,158 3,304,310	
<u>\$</u>	825,290	\$	8,084,271	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (page 29)		\$ 3,304,310
Infrastructure, property, and equipment used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		24,173,466
Deferred revenues that provide current financial resources for governmental activities		35,965
Accrued expenses from the balance sheet that require current financial resources for governmental activities		(29,474)
Accrued compensated absences, net pension liability, and other post employment benefits not reported on the modified accrual basis		(1,354,481)
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		5,775
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows: Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources	432,970 (56,302)	376,668
Prepaid expenses are reported in the governmental activities but are not reported in the funds as they do not provide current economic resources		126,740
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		_(12,589,024)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (page 25)		\$ 14,049,945

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General	Road Use Tax	TIF
Revenue:			
Taxes	\$ 1,610,964	\$ =	\$ =
Special Assessments	26,049	-	: * 0
Licenses and Permits	6,691	<u> </u>	3
Intergovernmental	270,089	745,524	47,029
Charges for Services	699,514		183
Fines and Forfeits	24,095	≅	<u>#</u> 20
TIF Revenue	201,870	-	884,089
Local Option Sales Tax	851,052	ê	-
Proceeds from Sale of Real Estate	:=:	2	55,000
Interest on Investments	3,198		
Miscellaneous	337,023	<u> </u>	2
Total Revenue	4,030,545	745,524	986,118
Expenditures:			
Public Safety	985,180	-	(+)
Public Works	1,204,569	2	4
Culture and Recreation	1,775,252	-	90
Community and Economic Development	395,619	₩.	54,062
General Government	710,129	4	a /.
Capital Projects	_	-	99,789
Debt Service:			,
Principal Retirement	-	_	375,000
Interest/Bond Costs	-	-	35,575
Total Expenditures	5,070,749	(8)	564,426
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,040,204)	745,524	421,692
Other financing sources (uses):			
Issuance of Debt	20 2	D.	*
Bond Issue Costs	•	(1 €	-
Transfers In	1,068,117	312	<u></u>
Transfers Out	(50,000)	(667,855)	(1,120,724)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,018,117	(667,855)	(1,120,724)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(22,087)	77,669	(699,032)
Fund balances (Deficits)-beginning of year	1,460,698	679,562	1,047,061
Increase in Reserve for Inventory	¥	4,478	9
Fund balances (Deficits)- end of year	\$ 1,438,611	\$ 761,709	\$ 348,029

Debt Service	Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 1,507,477	\$	ė	\$	3,118,441		
1=1		1,000		27,049		
				6,691		
49,928		=		1,112,570		
-				699,514		
-		-		24,095		
-		~		1,085,959		
-		-		851,052		
-		=		55,000		
3		8,354		11,555		
<u> </u>		8,790		345,813		
1,557,408		18,144		7,337,739		
· **		2.€		985,180		
:=:		853		1,204,569		
		9 <u>=</u>		1,775,252		
(<u>*</u>)		(<u>-</u>		449,681		
•		•		710,129		
3 = 3		1,088,642		1,188,431		
1,250,000		524		1,625,000		
255,251		8,311		299,137		
1,505,251		1,096,953		8,237,379		
52,157		(1,078,809)		(899,640		
-		2,755,177		2,755,177		
.=0		(36,225)		(36,225		
-		1,186,701		2,254,818		
		-		(1,838,579		
3		3,905,653		3,135,191		
52,157		2,826,844		2,235,551		
271,967		(2,395,007)		1,064,281		
=- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(=,===		4,478		
\$ 324,124	\$	431,837	\$	3,304,310		

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Not change in	fund balances	total aguaran	antal funda	/nnnn 20\
Net change in	tuno balances	- total dovernit	ientai tungs	(page 32)

\$ 2,240,029

Governmental funds report capital outlays, including infrastructure, as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay exceeded depreication expense in the current year as follows:

Expenditures for capital assets \$ 1,48 Depreciation expense (1,07	0,254 3,404) 406,850
Revenues reported in the funds that are not available to provide current financial resources	(25,054)
Capital contributions reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(144,050)
Prepaid insurance is not reported in the governmental funds as it is not available to provide current financial resources	2,921
Accrued interest expense that does not require current financial resources	(5,238)
Amortization of premium on long term debt	9,449
Other post employment benefits (3	5,892) 3,089) <u>1,848)</u> (133,829)
The issuance of indebtedness provides current financial resources to the governmental funds without affecting net position. The statement of activities does not reflect the proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt. The proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt for the year was:	(2,755,177)
The repayment of the principal of bonded long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds without affecting the net position. The statement of activities does not reflect the payment of principal on bonded long-term debt. The principal paid on bonded long-term debt during the current year was:	1,625,000
nange in net position of governmental activities (page 27)	\$ 1,220,901

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Proprietary Funds JUNE 30, 2018

JUNE 30, 2018						
	E	Business Type Activities	S			
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Sewer Utility			
ASSETS	•		•			
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,486,087	\$ 736,809	\$ 2,901,990			
Investments	1,390,000	65,000	20,000			
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for						
uncollectibles) Accounts	017 202	112 227	100 540			
Accounts Accrued Interest	817,393 31,718	113,337 8,195	126,543 196			
Estimated Unbilled Usage	310,968	34,317	44,702			
Due from Other Funds	444,845					
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	220,573	5.5				
Inventories	942,728	95,119				
Prepaid Assets	28,418	19,528	7,463			
Total Current Assets	5,672,730	1,072,305	3,100,894			
Non Current Assets						
Restricted Assets:						
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service - Cash Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Cash	389	220	55,000			
& Cash Eqivalents Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Investments	270.000	225 000	55,000			
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Investments Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Cash & Cash Egivalents	270,000	225,000	875,000			
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Investments	340,000	210,000	070,000			
Land	1,928,466	1,778,353	469,847			
Construction in Progress	1,020,100	143,057	8,076,195			
Infrastructure, Property and Equipment, Net		1 10 10 1	0,0.0,.00			
of Accumulated Depreciation	10,380,672	5,194,406	4,006,443			
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,919,527	7,550,816	13,482,485			
Total Assets	18,592,257	8,623,121	16,583,379			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	1,105	647				
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	82,880	48,518				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	83,985	49,165				
	***************************************		,			
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities	004.000	40.057	224 524			
Accounts Payable	604,680	12,657	804,594			
Accrued Wages Accrued Expenses	17,448 23,787	9,506 5,583	6,389 2,131			
Customer Deposits	21,034	0,000	2,131			
Payables from Restricted Assets:	21,004	170	2.			
Accrued Revenue Bond Interest	10,256	21,327	14,127			
Revenue Bonds - Current	385,000	220,000	355,000			
Total Current Liabilities	1,062,205	269,073	1,182,241			
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due within one year:						
Compensated Absences	18,198	7,196	4,681			
Due in more than one year:						
Revenue Bonds Payable	2,340,000	1,690,000	8,718,422			
Net Pension Liability	226,065	132,342	9			
Other Post Employment Benefits	13,719	8,031				
Compensated Absences and Benefits, Long-Term Total Liabilities	27,298 3,687,485	10,793 2,117,435	7,020 9,912,364			
	5,557,700		2,0,2,004			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	40 ===					
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	10,776	6,308				
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,584,138	5,205,816	3,118,742			
Restricted for:						
Debt Service	600,133	413,673	915,873			
Unrestricted	4,793,710	929,054	2,636,400			
Total Net Position	\$ 14,977,981	\$ 6,548,543	\$ 6,671,015			

	Business Ty	pe Activities
	Gas	
	Utility	Total
\$	610,166	\$ 5,735,052
	38	1,475,000
	72,200	1,129,473
	99	40,109
	22,241	412,228
	-	444,845 220,573
	76,863	1,114,710
	6,041	61,450
	787,511	10,633,440
	54	389
	25,000	80,000
		495,000
	25,000	900,000
	25.000	550,000
	25,000	4,201,666 8,219,252
	1,132,537	20,714,058 35,160,365
	1,995,048	45,793,805
-	1100010	
	644	2,396
-	48,323	179,721
	48,967	182,117
	69,148	1,491,079
	6,103	39,446
	1,841	33,342
	12,750	33,784
	1,045	46,755
-	115,000	1,075,000
	205,887	2,719,406
	4,271	34,346
	115,000	12,863,422
	131,796	490,203
	7,998	29,748
-	6,408 471,360	51,519 16,188,644
	47 1,000	10,100,044
	0.000	00.000
-	6,282	23,366
	927,537	18,836,233
	48,955	1,978,634
•	589,881	\$ 29.763.912
\$	1,566,373	\$ 29,763,912

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business Type Activities				s	
	Electric Utility			Water Utility		Sewer Utility
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	8,473,321	\$	1,006,111	\$	1,233,550
Total Operating Revenue		8,473,321		1,006,111	2	1,233,550
Operating Expenses:						
Production		4,615,276		203,102		128,532
Transmission		767,085		6,245		140
Distribution / Collection		527,368		196,924		98,662
Administrative and General		464,289		158,746		181,471
Depreciation		609,531		307,569		175,650
Total Operating Expenses	-	6,983,549		872,586	-	584,315
Operating Income		1,489,772		133,525		649,235
Non-Operating Income (Expense):						
Interest Income		36,815		6,510		144
Other Non-operating Revenues		82,766		67,550		23,282
Interest Expense		(63,145)		(51,475)		(263,547)
Other Non-operating Expenses		(379,228)		(13,000)		(9,000)
Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses)		(322,792)		9,585		(249,121)
Income before Transfers		1,166,980		143,110		400,114
Capital Contribution		:27		129,192		25,041
Transfers Out	-	(320,239)		(23,000)	·	(23,000)
Change in Net Position		846,741		249,302		402,155
Net Position - Beginning		14,135,012		6,301,428		6,268,860
Prior Period Adjustment		(3,772)		(2,187)		ж.
Net Position - Beginning (Restated)		14,131,240	_	6,299,241		6,268,860
Net Position - Ending	\$	14,977,981	\$	6,548,543	\$	6,671,015

Business Type Activities				
	Gas Utility	Total		
_\$	2,412,384	\$ 13,125,366		
_	2,412,384	13,125,366		
	<u>u</u>	4,946,910		
	1,802,956	2,576,286		
	179,918	1,002,872		
	145,857	950,363		
	60,677	1,153,427		
X	2,189,408	10,629,858		
	222,976	2,495,508		
	-	43,469		
	833	174,431		
	(8,330)	(386,497)		
	(7.407)	(401,228)		
8	(7,497)	(569,825)		
	215,479	1,925,683		
	2	154,233		
-	(50,000)	(416,239)		
	165,479	1,663,677		
	1,404,577	28,109,877		
	(3,683)	(9,642)		
	1,400,894	28,100,235		
\$	1,566,373	\$ 29,763,912		

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business Type Activities					
	Electric Utility		Water Utility			Sewer Utility
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	8,376,705	\$	1,024,173	\$	1,165,627
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	*	(5,822,643)	*	(287,383)	•	(256,731)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(647,611)		(343,997)		(212,536)
Other Nonoperating Income		82,766		67,550		23,282
Other Nonoperating Expenses		(379,228)		(13,000)		(9,000)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	-	1,609,989		447,343	-	710,642
Net Cast 1 Tovided by Operating Activities		1,009,909	-	447,040		7 10,042
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(1,981,331)		(602,997)		(6,659,873)
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt		(1,001,001)		(002,007)		9,179,922
Principal Paid on Notes and Bonds		(380,000)		(210,000)		(100,000)
Interest Paid on Notes and Bonds		(63,950)		(52,927)		(255,920)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities	-	(2,425,281)		(865,924)		2,164,129
Net Cash Frovided (Osed) for Capital and Related Financing Activities	-	(2,423,201)	-	(000,924)		2,104,129
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers From (To) Other Funds		(320,239)		(23,000)		(23,000)
Due From (To) Other Funds		1,360,655		550,000		534,023
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Non-Capital Financing Activities		1,040,416		527,000		511,023
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Proceeds from Sale of Investment Securities		1,200,000		500,000		100
Due from Other Governments		7,657				12
Interest and Dividends on Investments		16,893		1,628		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		1,224,550		501,628		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	1,449,674		610,047		3,385,794
O I I I O I E I I I I I I I I I I I I I		00.000		400 700		440.400
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		36,802	-	126,762	-	446,196
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	1,486,476	\$	736,809	\$	3,831,990
Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:						
Contributed Capital	\$	121	\$	129,192	\$	25,041

	Business Ty	pe Act	ivities
	Gas Utility		Total
\$	2,408,762 (1,951,899) (192,889) 833 264,807	\$	12,975,267 (8,318,656) (1,397,033) 174,431 (401,228) 3,032,781
	(110,000) (8,743) (118,743)	_	(9,244,201) 9,179,922 (800,000) (381,540) (1,245,819)
_	(50,000)	-	(416,239) 2,444,678 2,028,439
	= = = :	-	1,700,000 7,657 18,521
	96,064		1,726,178 5,541,579
	564,102		1,173,862
\$	660,166	\$	6,715,441
\$	<u> </u>	\$	154,233

continued

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business Type Activities					
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Sewer Utility
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
Cash Trovided by Operating Activities						
Operating Income	\$	1,489,772	\$	133,525	\$\$	649,235
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by						
Operating Activities:						
Depreciation		609,531		307,569		175,650
Other Non-Operating Income		82,766		67,550		23,282
Other Non-Operating Expenses		(379,228)		(13,000)		(9,000)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:		, , ,		, , ,		. , ,
Accounts Receivable		(75,110)		4,632		(51,804)
Estimated Unbilled Usage		(21,917)		13,430		(16,119)
Inventories		(64,523)		(44,358)		(· - , · · - ,
Prepaid Expenses		2,265		1,019		(243)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities		_,		.,		()
Accounts Payable		(2,287)		(1,453)		(62,827)
Accrued Wages and Compensated Absences		7,090		2,902		1,730
Accrued Expenses		(2,434)		(411)		738
Customer Deposits		411		34.1		23
Net Pension Liability		(18,765)		(14,556)		-
Deferred Outflows of Resources		(24,799)		(13,006)		2
Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,520		3,154		
OPEB Liability		1,697		346		-
Total Adjustments		120,217	-	313,818	-	61,407
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,609,989		447,343		710,642
					-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,486,087		736,809		2,901,990
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service		389		*		(#)
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Cash						
& Cash Egivalents		163				55,000
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Cash						,
& Cash Egivalents		-				875,000
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,486,476	\$	736,809	\$	3,831,990

	Business Type Activities				
	Gas Utility		Total		
_\$	222,976	\$	2,495,508		
	60,677 833		1,153,427 174,431 (401,228)		
	(3,225) (397) (18,782) 1,713		(125,507) (25,003) (127,663) 4,754		
	(16,414) 4,159 (223) (250) 33,863 (24,649) 4,181 345 41,831	:	(82,981) 15,881 (2,330) 161 542 (62,454) 12,855 2,388 537,273		
s =1150=	264,807		3,032,781		
	610,166 -		5,735,052 389		
	25,000		80,000		
\$	25,000 660,166	\$	900,000 6,715,441		

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Agency Fund JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	_\$	37,151
Total Assets	*	37,151
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable		37,151
Total Liabilities	\$	37,151

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Orange City, Iowa is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa Iocated in Sioux County, and was incorporated in 1884, under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended in 1974 under the Home Rule City Act. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and administers the following programs as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development and general government services. The City also provides electric, water, sewer and gas utilities.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Orange City, lowa, has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

These financial statements present the City of Orange City, Iowa (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. Complete financial statements of the individual component units, which issued separate financial statements as noted below, can be obtained from their respective administrative office.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> – The government-wide financial statements include The Orange City Area Health System (Hospital) as a component unit. The Hospital is a legally separate entity. Iowa statute provides situations where the City can impose their will on the Hospital and / or the hospital can create a potential financial benefit or burden on the City. The Hospital budget is approved by the City and the Hospital cannot issue its own debt. Complete financials are on file at the Hospital.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> – The government-wide financial statements include The Orange City Municipal Golf Association (Association) as a component unit. The Association is a legally separate entity with a December 31 year end. The Association is fiscally dependent upon the City to provide financing for capital purchases and for operations and could present a financial burden to the City. The Association operations are financed through its operation with the City committed to funding all deficits. The City approves all debt of the Association. Complete financials are available at the Association.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations for which the City is not financially accountable or that the nature and significance of the relationship with the City are such that exclusion does not cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. City officials are members of the following Boards and Commissions: Sioux County Conference Board, Sioux County Emergency Management Commission, Sioux County Joint E911 Service Board, and Early Childhood Development.

B. Basic Financial Statements-Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's general, special revenue, debt service, capital project and permanent funds are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The City first uses restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The Government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions (public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, etc.) and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenue, operating grants, and capital grants. Program revenue must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has not been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements. The City does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year activities.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues or receipts, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The City electively added funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The non-major funds are combined into a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Types – The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that the focus of the governmental funds' measurement is upon the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the major governmental funds of the City:

- 1) General Fund The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The sources of revenue include property taxes, charges for services, fines and fees, licenses and permits, as well as state and federal grants. The expenditures of the General Fund relate to general administration, police and fire protection, maintenance of public streets, economic development, and culture and recreation.
- 2) <u>Special Revenue Fund</u> The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the operation of street maintenance and construction financed by allocations of state fuel taxes.
- 3) Special Revenue Fund The TIF Fund (Tax Incremental Financing) is used to account for property taxes received to be expended for public improvements, construction of public infrastructure as well as economic development opportunities, incentives, sites, land, rebates, and grant agreements.
- 4) <u>Debt Service Fund</u> The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Proprietary Fund Types – The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses consist of cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. The U.S. generally accepted accounting principles used are those applicable to similar businesses in the private sector.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis should be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City maintains several business-type activities. The major enterprise funds are listed as follows:

The Electric Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's electric systems.

The Water Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system.

The Gas Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's gas system.

Fiduciary Fund Types – Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in an agency or custodial capacity for others and therefore not available to support City programs. Since agency funds are custodial in nature, they do not involve the measurement of results of operations and are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The City's agency fund includes the payroll clearing fund.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

<u>Accrual basis of accounting</u> is used for all activities in the government-wide financial statements and for the proprietary and fiduciary activities in the fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 90 - day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, assessments, and intergovernmental revenues. Licenses, fines and permits are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

E. Budgets

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2018, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the Culture and Recreation, Public Works, Community and Economic Development, and Debt Service functions.

F. Cash And Cash Equivalents And Investments

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds not currently needed for operating expenses in notes, certificates, bonds, prime eligible bankers acceptances, certain high rated commercial paper, perfected repurchase agreements, or other evidences of indebtedness which are obligations of or guaranteed by the United States of America or any of its agencies, or in time deposits or savings accounts in depositories approved by the City Council.

1) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Includes demand deposits, cash on hand and cash investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2) Investments

The City and its component unit use the following methods in determining the reported amounts.

<u>Type</u> <u>City</u>	<u>Method</u>
Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit	Cost
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	Amortized Cost

Component Unit Interest-earning investment contracts

Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit Cost

Open-end mutual funds
(governmental external investment pool registered
As an investment company)

Fair Value determined by current share price

Publicly traded mutual funds Fair Value based on quoted market prices

Debt Securities

Negotiable certificates of deposit and U.S. Government
Agency Securities

Maturity of one year or less when purchased
Maturity to more than one year when purchased

Maturity to more than one year when purchased

Market prices

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Property Tax Receivable

Property tax in Governmental Funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the City Council to the County Board of Supervisors. Current year delinquent property taxes receivable represents unpaid taxes from the current year. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the City Council to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the City Council is required to certify its budget to the County Auditor by March 15 of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2016 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in March, 2017. Any county collections on the 2017-2018 tax levy remitted to the City within 60 days subsequent to June 30, 2018, are recorded as property tax revenue.

H. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds have not been paid or received as of June 30, 2018, balances of interfund amounts payable or receivable have been recorded as "due to other funds" and "due from other funds", respectively. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as interfund balances.

I. Inventories

Inventories of governmental funds are valued at cost using FIFO while those of enterprise funds are valued using the average cost method. For fund level reporting, the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Reported inventories in the governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventory of the discretely presented component units is valued at cost using FIFO.

J. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2018 are recorded as prepaid items.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Restricted Assets

Revenue bond ordinances require the City to reserve certain cash and investments to provide for payment of bonds and interest, for protection of bondholders, and for extension and improvement of facilities. These balances are separately disclosed in the Enterprise Funds. Other restricted assets include temporary cash investments for the perpetual care fund.

L. Property and Equipment

Assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more are considered capital assets. Property and equipment are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Infrastructure has been capitalized using historical or estimated historical cost of \$25,000 or more beginning in 1980 as required by GASB 34. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated lives:

Buildings & Improvements	25 – 50 Years
Land Improvements	20 - 50 Years
Utility Plant	20 - 33 Years
Machinery & Equipment	3 – 20 Years
Vehicles	5 - 20 Years
Infrastructure	10 – 65 Years

M. Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability for this and any related benefits is recorded when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts and related benefits is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2018. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the General Fund.

N. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

P. Landfill Closure Costs

The City does not operate a sanitary landfill; therefore, no closure/post closure costs are included in these statements.

Q. Classifying Fund Balance Amounts

Fund balance amounts represent the nature of the net resources that are reported in a governmental fund. The City fund balance classifications include non-spendable resources, restricted, and non-restricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts. When the City incurs an expenditure and both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the City considers restricted amounts to have been spent. When the City incurs an expenditure for an unrestricted amount, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts for purposes in which any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

R. Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and OPEB expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflow of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax and tax increment financing receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which they are levied and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and OPEB expenses.

S. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the lowa Public Employers' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits at June 30, 2018, were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance collateralized or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. Chapter 12C provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligation of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; and certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30 the primary government's investments were reported at cost as follows:

	Credit Risk	Maturities	Cost/ Amortized Cost	Interest Rates
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	01/31/19-4/25/19	\$ 2,540,234	1.75%-2.10%
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust Totals	Not Rated	Daily	62,062 \$ 2,602,296	1.595%

As of June 30, 2018, the City's investments consist of Certificates of Deposit of \$2,540,234 and IPAIT which is valued at an amortized cost of \$62,062 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The fair value of the City position is the same as the value of the pool shares. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals for the IPAIT investments. The City's investment in IPAIT is unrated. The State of Iowa provides regulatory oversight.

Interest Rate Risk: The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and uses of the City.

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses the issue of credit risk. Investments are limited to certain types of investments and by diversifying the investment portfolio.

Component Unit: The Hospital's investments, except the mutual funds, are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Hospital or its agent in the Hospital's name. The mutual fund investments are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Hospital's name. All investments listed below, except the U.S. Government agency securities, are subject to custodial credit risk. The Hospital does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates (interest rate risk).

As of June 30, 2018, the Hospital's investments are reported at a fair value based upon quoted market prices except for the lowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as follows:

waturities	
09/12/17-01/11/19	\$ 7,851,414
11/15/28-11/01/31	4,751
Daily	775,480
•	\$ 8,631,645
	09/1 <u>2/17-01/1</u> 1/19 11/15/28-11/01/31

The primary objectives of the Hospital's investment policy include the safety and preservation of principal in the overall investment portfolio, the maintenance of necessary liquidity to match expected liabilities, and obtaining a reasonable return. The investment policy limits the investing of operating funds to instruments that mature within three hundred ninety-seven days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than three hundred ninety-seven days, provided that the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Hospital. All investments were valued at level one inputs using quoted prices in active markets.

There were no significant changes in investments held during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Note 3 - PLEDGES RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2017 the Golf Association component unit had pledges receivable restricted for club house renovation.

A summary of the activity in pledges receivable for the year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

Beginning Pledges Receivable	\$ 57,835
Pledges Made During Year	118,578
Pledge Payments Received	(68,663)
Total	\$ 107,750

Pledges receivable are expected to be collected during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018.

Note 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

At June 30, 2018, amounts due from other governments were as follows:

Due from Orange City Municipal Golf Association	\$ 220,573
Due from the Iowa Department of Transportation for road use tax allocations	57,259
Due from the State of Iowa for local option sales taxes	62,470
Total Due from Other Governments	\$ 340,302

Note 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of June 30, 2018, short-term interfund borrowings were as follows:

Fund Due To	<u>Fund Due From</u>	4	<u>Amount</u>
Electric Fund	TIF	\$	72,382
Electric Fund	Non-major – 2018 Street Project		372,463
		\$	444,845

Interfund receivables and payables are used to record negative pooled cash and to record money advanced to internally finance various projects.

Note 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Primary Government

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2018
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,063,946	\$	\$ -	\$ 1,063,946
Construction in Progress	3,736,413	883,802	4,079,686	540,529
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,800,359	883,802	4,079,686	1,604,475
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	9,664,766	3,206,060	*	12,870,826
Improvements	5,928,511	48,786	<u>=</u>	5,977,297
Equipment	3,596,398	277,878	103,207	3,771,069
Infrastructure	36,232,425	999,364	=	37,231,789
Total capital assets being depreciated	55,422,100	4,532,088	103,207	59,850,981
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,116,304	257,581	-	4,373,885
Improvements	3,126,541	202,818	12	3,329,359
Equipment	2,602,858	199,915	103,207	2,699,566
Infrastructure	26,466,090	413,090		26,879,180
Total Accumulated Depreciation	36,311,793	1,073,404	103,207	37,281,990
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	19,110,307	3,458,684		22,568,991
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 23,910,666	\$ 4,342,486	\$ 4,079,686	\$ 24,173,466

Construction in progress at June 30, 2018, for the governmental activities consisted of the Dunlop Park improvements, and the 2018 Street project.

Note 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

	Balance			Balance June 30,
	July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	2018
Business-Type Activities:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,064,787	\$ 2,136,879	\$ -	\$ 4,201,666
Construction in Progress	846,546	7,556,782	184,076	8,219,252
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,911,333	9,693,661	184,076	12,420,918
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	3,425,701	(=)	:(+:	3,425,701
Improvements	30,243	 3	? ≆ :	30,243
Equipment	4,143,836	162,449	-	4,306,285
Utility Plant	32,178,093	494,079	<u></u>	32,672,172
Total capital assets being depreciated	39,777,873	656,528	() = :	40,434,401
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:	2			
Buildings	1,773,192	81,856	· ·	1,855,048
Improvements	25,937	3,024	憑	28,961
Equipment	2,814,884	139,081	350	2,953,965
Utility Plant	13,952,903	929,466	(#I	14,882,369
Total Accumulated Depreciation	18,566,916	1,153,427	7 9 :	19,720,343
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	21,210,957	(496,899)	= =	20,714,058
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 24,122,290	\$ 9,196,762	\$ 184,076	\$ 33,134,976

Construction in progress is related to the water and sewer system expansion.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation General Government	\$	161,722 638,618 132,555 140,509
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$\$	1,073,404
Business-Type Activities: Electric Water Sewer Gas	\$	609,531 307,569 175,650 60,677
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$	1,153,427

Note 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

A summary of changes in capital assets for the discretely presented component units are as follows:

Orange City Area Health System

	Balance July 1, 2017		Additions Deletions			Balance June 30, 2018		
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 1,094,4	27 \$	823,652	\$	-	\$	1,918,079	
Construction in progress		7	153,638		, , ,		153,638	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,094,4	27	977,290		381		2,071,717	
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land Improvements	3,683,0	38	25,283				3,708,321	
Buildings	21,929,7	60			970		21,929,760	
Fixed Equipment	37,455,1	28	82,237		(5)		37,537,365	
Major Movable Equipment	12,742,1	97	1,059,975		290		13,802,172	
Total capital assets being depreciated	75,810,1	23	1,167,495		(2)	7	76,977,618	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	40,272,0	18	3,815,354				44,087,372	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	35,538,1	05	(2,647,859))#:		32,890,246	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets-net	\$ 36,632,5	32 \$	(1,670,569)	\$	-	\$	34,961,963	

Orange City Municipal Golf Association

		Balance anuary 1,					Balance cember 31,
		2017	A	dditions	Dispo	sals	2017
Golf Course and Trail	\$	1,528,447	\$	32,345	\$	74	\$ 1,560,792
Buildings		987,042		=			987,042
Equipment		566,662		39,535		1,00	606,197
Total		3,082,151		71,880		(⊕)	3,154,031
Less Accumulated Depreciation	-	1,260,991		117,522		(#E	1,378,513
Property and Equipment - Net	\$	1,821,160	\$	(45,642)	\$. E	\$ 1,775,518

Note 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS – (Continued)

Reconciliation of Net Investment in Capital Assets:

	Governmental Activities		В	usiness-Type Activities	Comp Ur	
					Health System	Golf Course
Land	\$	1,063,946	\$	4,201,666	\$ 1,918,079	\$ -
Construction in Progress		540,529		8,219,252	153,638	-
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		22,568,991		20,714,058	32,890,246	1,775,518
Less: General Obligation Bonds Payable		9,920,000		2	₩.	91
Retainage Payable		19,142		360,321	2	20
Revenue Bonds				13,938,422	21,236,188	
Physical Therapy Asset Acquisition		-		=	375,000	
Note Payable				-	-	154,794
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	14,234,324	\$	18,836,233	\$ 13,350,775	\$ 1,620,724

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and projects. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. These bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Purpose	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Amounts</u>
Governmental Activities	.45 – 4.95%	\$ 12,415,000

The General Obligation bonds are presented on the Statement of Net Position net of unamortized bond premium of \$174,024.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmenta	al Ad	ctivities	
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>		Interest	<u>Total</u>
2019	\$ 1,590,000	\$	353,682	\$ 1,943,682
2020	1,245,000		318,142	1,563,142
2021	1,120,000		289,374	1,409,374
2022	1,065,000		260,483	1,325,483
2023	1,100,000		230,970	1,330,970
2024-2028	3,780,000		729,052	4,509,052
2029-2033	1,735,000		270,649	2,005,649
2034-2038	780,000		82,306	862,306
Total	\$ 12,415,000	\$	2,534,658	\$ 14,949,658

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT – (Continued)

Revenue Bonds

The City also has issued revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed asset to pay debt service.

Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Primary Government

Purpose	Interest Rates	A mounts
Electric Revenue Bonds	.35 - 4.78%	\$ 2,725,000
Water Revenue Bonds	.90 – 5.10%	1,910,000
Sewer Revenue Bonds	2.85 - 4.00%	8,715,000
Gas Revenue Bonds	3.8 – 4.80%	230,000
		\$ 13,580,000

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Primary Government

Year				Busines	s-Typ	e Activities			
Ending June 30,	Electric Principal	Sewer rincipal	Ē	Water Principal	Pr	Gas incipal	<u>.lr</u>	nterest	<u>Total</u>
2019	\$ 385.000	\$ 355.000	\$	220,000	\$	115,000	\$	414,091	\$ 1,489,091
2020	235,000	355,000		220,000	-	115,000		400,854	1,325,854
2021	235,000	360,000		225,000				377,775	1,197,775
2022	240,000	370,000		230,000		2		354,631	1,194,631
2023	145,000	380,000		240,000		-		332,405	1,097,405
2024-2028	780,000	2,100,000		475,000		-		1,366,119	4,721,119
2029-2033	705,000	2,460,000		300,000		8		817,348	4,282,348
2034-2038	 *	2,335,000						238,200	2,573,200
Total	\$ 2,725,000	\$ 8,715,000	\$	1,910,000	\$	230,000	\$	4,301,423	\$ 17,881,423

The revenue bonds are presented on the statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet net of unamortized bond premium of \$358,422.

New Debt Issue:

On June 1, 2018 the City issued \$2,700,000 of General Obligation Bonds Series 2018 for the purpose of financing the new fire station. The bonds carry an interest rate of 3.00% to 3.50% with maturities from June 1, 2019 to June 1, 2036.

On December 5, 2017 the City issued \$5,295,000 of Sewer Revenue Bonds for the purpose of financing a new sewer treatment plant. The bonds carry an interest rate of 2.85% to 4.00% with maturities from June 1, 2018 to June 1, 2037.

On June 28, 2018 the City issued \$3,520,000 of Sewer Revenue bonds for the purpose of financing a new sewer treatment plant. The bonds carry an interest rate 3.70% to 4.00% with maturities from June 1, 2019 to June 1, 2037.

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT – (Continued)

Component Unit

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amounts
Hospital/Component Unit	3.50 - 5.60%	\$ 21,236,188
Golf Association/Component Unit	3%	\$ 154,794

Year Ending			Healt	th System			G	iolf A	ssociatio	n	
June 30,	1	Principal	<u>l</u>	nterest	Total	<u>P</u>	rincipal	In	terest	1	<u> otal</u>
2019	\$	1,676,784	\$	563,454	\$ 2,240,238	\$	75,474	\$	4,665	\$	80,139
2020		1,721,964		519,597	2,241,561		66,614		3,101		69,715
2021		1,767,506		473,828	2,241,334		8,901		381		9,282
2022		1,838,423		426,400	2,264,823		3,805		114		3,919
2023		1,894,728		376,944	2,271,672				2		
2024-2028		8,166,783		1,199,523	9,366,306				5		
2029-2034		4,170,000		180,272	4,350,272		-		*		
2035	-								Ē		
Total	\$	21,236,188	\$	3,740,018	\$ 24,976,206	\$	154,794	\$	8,261	\$	163,055

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-Term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions	R	eductions		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Primary Government:							N1		
Governmental Activities:									
Bonds Payable: General Obligation Bonds	\$11,340,000	\$	2,700,000	\$	1.625.000	\$	12,415,000	\$	1,590,000
Compensated Absences	94.765	φ	101.657	φ	94,765	Φ	101.657	φ	25,414
Net Pension Liability	1,142,540		38,607		5 7 ,765		1,181,147		20,717
Other Post Employment Benefits	62,813		8,864				71,677		
Governmental Activity			•				•		
Long-Term Liabilities	\$12,640,118	\$	2,849,128	\$	1,719,765	\$	13,769,481	\$	1,615,414
Business-Type Activities:									
Bonds Payable:									
Revenue Bonds	\$ 5,565,000	\$	8,815,000	\$	800,000	\$	13,580,000	\$	1,075,000
Compensated Absences	73,882		85,865		73,882		85,865		34,346
Net Pension Liability	489,661 26,069		542 3,679		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		490,203 29,748		≅
Other Post Employment Benefits Business-Type Activity	20,009		3,079				29,740		
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 6,154,612	\$	8,905,086	\$	873,882	\$	14,185,816	\$	1,109,346
Component Unit:	Ψ 0,101,012	Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ_	010,002	Ψ	11,100,010		1,100,010
Area Health System									
Bonds Payable:									
Revenue Bonds	\$22,874,698	\$	(i+)	\$	1,611,510	\$	21,236,188	\$	1.676,784
Physical Therapy Acquisition	1,125,000		π.		750,000		375,000		-
Net Pension Liability	15,708,000		1,354,616		2		17,062,616		-
Other Post Employment Benefits	100,000		228,855	_	-		328,855		
	\$39,807,698	\$	1,583,471	\$	2,361,510	\$	39,002,659	\$	676,784
Golf Course	# 400.004	Φ.		Φ.	04.000	Φ.	454.704	•	75 474
Notes Payable	\$ 189,084 \$ 189,084	<u>\$</u> \$	-	<u>\$</u>	34,290 34,290	<u>\$</u>	154,794 154,794	\$ \$	75,474 75,474
	φ 109,004	Ψ		Φ	34,290	Φ	104,794	Ψ	10,414

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT – (Continued)

The City maintains a policy prohibiting the accumulation of compensated absences thus the total ending balance represents the amount expected to be paid within one year. The General Fund has been used to liquidate the governmental other postemployment benefit obligation and net pension obligation.

Note 8 - TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of transfers between funds:

			20	16 Street	Fire	Station		Total	
	General		Project		Imp	rovement	Transfers Out		
Road Use Tax	\$	667,855	\$	-	\$	150	\$	667,855	
Water		23,000		≌:		-		23,000	
Sewer		23,000				÷+3		23,000	
Electric		304,262		=		15,977		320,239	
Gas		50,000		-				50,000	
TIF		3 7. 3		1,120,724		: **:		1,120,724	
General)÷				50,000		50,000	
Total Transfers In	\$	1,068,117	\$	1,120,724	\$	65,977	\$	2,254,818	

Transfers are used to:

- 1. Move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.
- 2. Use unrestricted revenues collected in proprietary funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN

Plan description – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under lowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits

A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, anytime after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. (These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits.) Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55.

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier (based on years of service).
- The member's highest five-year average salary. (For members with service before June 30, 2012, the highest three-year average salary as of that date will be used if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary).

Protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age which is generally at age 55. The formula used to calculate a protection occupation members' monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for years of service greater than 22 but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Disability and Death Benefits

A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30 year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

In fiscal year 2018, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 5.95 percent of pay and the City contributed 8.93 percent for a total rate of 14.88 percent. Protective occupation members contributed 6.56 percent of pay and the City contributed 9.84 percent for a total rate of 16.40 percent.

The City's total contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$212,884, and for the component unit total contributions were \$1,794,279.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$1,671,350 and the component unit reported \$17,062,616 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the City's collective proportion was 0.0250906 percent and 0.258316 percent for the component unit, which was a decrease of 0.000845 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016. The component unit showed an increase of 0.008709 percent from 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City and component unit recognized pension expense of \$288,785 and \$2,497,157, respectively. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	City's Share		
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows of	
	of Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 16,417	\$ 19,371	
Changes of assumptions	341,504	59	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	21,782	
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	41,886	38,456	
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	212,884		
Total	\$ 612,691	\$ 79,668	

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

	Component Unit			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 157,126	\$ 149,998		
Changes of assumptions	2,987,294	26		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		180,847		
Changes in proportion and differences between Hospital contributions and proportionate share of contributions	497,886	5,267		
Area Health System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,794,279	*		
Total	\$ 5,436,585	\$ 336,138		

\$212,884 and \$1,794,279 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City and component unit contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	O!t-	С	omponent
June 30,	City		Unit
2019	\$ 64,026	\$	603,612
2020	153,090		1,442,502
2021	82,041		875,321
2022	(221)		162,352
2023	21,203		222,377
	\$ 320,139	\$	3,306,164

There were no non-employer contributing entities of IPERS.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of Inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60 percent per annum
Salary Increases (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 – 16.25 percent average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Investment Rate of Return (effective June 30, 2017)	7.00 percent per annum, compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, and including inflation
Wage Growth (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 percent per annum based on 2.60 percent inflation and 0.65 percent real wage inflation

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience study dated March 24, 2017.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Generational Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	24.0%	6.25%
International equity	16.0	6.71
Core plus fixed income	27.0	2.25
Public credit	3.5	3.46
Public real assets	7.0	3.27
Cash	1.0	(0.31)
Private equity	11.0	11.15
Private real assets	7.5	4.18
Private credit	3.0	4.25
Total	100%	

Discount rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.0%	Discount Rate 7.0%	1% Increase 8.0%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability			
City	\$ 2,978,549	\$ 1,671,350	\$ 573,294
Component Unit	28,211,794	17,062,616	7,695,272

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report which is available on IPERS' website at www.ipers.org.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2018, the City and component unit reported no payables to the defined benefit pension plan.

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City and The Health System administers a single-employer benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 509A.13. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

OPEB Benefits – Individuals who are employed by the City and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical and prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and OPEB liability.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement. At January 1, 2018, plan membership consisted of the following:

	City	Component Unit
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0	0
Olnactive members currently receiving benefit	0	3
Active employees	35	386
Total	35	389

389

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The total OPEB liability of the City was \$101,425 and the component unit was \$328,855 measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The Total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal actuarial cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

3.00% per annum.
2.00% per annum, including
Inflation.
3.44% compounded annually,
Including inflation.
5.00% all years.

<u>Discount Rate</u> The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.44% which reflects the index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as of the measurement date.

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB Continued)

Mortality rates are from SOA RP-2014 total annuitant distinct mortality table adjusted to 2006 MP-2017 generational projection of future mortality improvement. Annual retirement probabilities are based on varying rates by age and turnover probabilities mirror those used by IPERS.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	 City	C	omponent Unit
Total OPEB liability beginning of year, as restated	\$ 88,882	\$	314,140
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	4,457		19,853
Interest	3,445		11,782
Differences between expected			
and actual experiences	356		-
Changes in assumptions	8,601		(7,076)
Benefit payments	(4,316)		(9,844)
Net changes	 12,543		14,715
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$ 101,425	\$	328,855

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.50% in fiscal year 2017 to 3.44% and 3.87% for the City and Component Unit respectively in fiscal year 2018.

<u>Sensitivity of the City's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate.

	Healthcare		
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
City Discount Rates	(2.44%)	(3.44%)	(4.44%)
Total City OPEB Liability	\$108,023	\$101,425	\$ 95,005
Component Unit Discount Rates	(2.87%)	(3.87%)	(4.87%)
Total Component Unit OPEB Liability	\$354,020	\$328,855	\$305,472

<u>Sensitivity of City's Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	Healthcare		
	1% Cost Trend		1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
City's Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	(4.00%)	(5.00%)	(6.00%)
Total City OPEB Liability	\$ 91,387	\$101,425	\$ 113,051
Component Unit Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Total Component Unit OPEB Liability	\$292,227	\$328,855	\$ 372,549

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources Related to OPEB – For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City and component unit recognized OPEB expense of \$8,687 and \$20,849 respectively. At June 30,2018, the City and component unit reported deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

Differences between expected and actual experience
Changes in assumptions
Total

De	eferred Outflo	ows/(In	flows) of
	Reso	urces	
		Cor	nponent
	City		Unit
\$	324	\$	S = 5
	7,847		(6,134)
\$	8,171	\$	(6,134)

The amount reported as deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	City	Со	mponent Unit
2019	\$ 785	\$	(942)
2020	785		(942)
2021	785		(942)
2022	785		(942)
2023	785		(942)
Thereafter	4,246		(1,424)
	\$ 8,171	\$	(6,134)

Note 11 - FUND BALANCE

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (pages 28-29). As discussed in Note 1, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by Council or the Assignment has been changed by the City Administrator. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

Note 11 - FUND BALANCE (Continued)

General Fund

The General Fund has Unassigned Fund Balance of \$1,438,611 at June 30, 2018.

Other Major Funds

The Road Use Tax Fund has a Restricted Fund Balance of \$744,958 consisting of primarily unspent funds used for street construction and maintenance. Inventory balances at June 30, 2018 of \$16,751 are considered Nonspendable Fund Balance.

The Debt Service Fund has a Restricted Fund Balance of \$324,124 consisting of primarily unspent funds used to pay general obligation bond principal and interest.

The TIF Fund has a Restricted Fund balance of \$348,029, consisting of primarily unspent funds used for housing projects and economic development.

Other Funds

The following non-major fund has Restricted Fund Balances for specific purposes:

USDA IRP-Loan –		
Special Revenue Fund:	For economic development	\$ 245,783
USDA Revolving Loan		
Special Revenue Fund:	For economic development	\$ 360,420
	'	•

The following non-major fund has an assigned Fund Balance:

Dunlop Park Improvement – Capital Project	\$ 112,662

The following non-major fund has a Nonspendable Fund Balance:

Cemetery Perpetual Care: For cemetery maintenance \$ 100,	Cemetery Perpetual Care:	Care: For cemetery maintenance	\$ 106,425
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Note 12 - DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The City had one fund with a deficit equity balance at June 30, 2018. The City intends to finance these deficits from various resources including; road use tax funds, general funds, and capital project debt financing.

The individual fund deficits were as follows:

Capital Project – 2018 Streets Project	393,453
--	---------

Note 13 - RISK FINANCING

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the 2017-2018 fiscal year the City has elected to purchase commercial insurance to cover against the risk of loss. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years, nor were there settlements in excess of insurance coverage the last three years.

Note 14 - COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2018 the City had one construction contract in process with the following approximate contracts remaining:

2018 Street Improvements \$ 976,020 Wastewater Treatment Plant 1,096,470

Note 15 - <u>URBAN RENEWAL DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS</u>

The City has entered into various development agreements for urban renewal projects. The agreements require the City to rebate portions of the incremental property tax paid by the developer in exchange for infrastructure improvements, rehabilitation and development of commercial projects by the developer. The total to be paid by the City under the agreements is not to exceed \$2,375,062.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City rebated \$201,870 of incremental property tax to developers. The total cumulative principal amount rebated on the agreements is \$1,512,838. The outstanding balance on the agreements at June 30, 2018 was \$862,224.

The agreements are not general obligations of the City and, due to their nature, are not recorded as a liability in the City's financial statements. However, the agreements are subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the City.

Certain agreements include an annual appropriation clause and, accordingly, only the amount payable in the succeeding year on the agreements is subject to the constitutional debt limitation. The entire outstanding principal balance of agreements not including an annual appropriation clause is subject to the constitutional debt limitation.

Note 16 - TAX ABATEMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

City Tax Abatements

The City provides tax abatements for urban renewal and economic development projects with tax increment financing as provided for in Chapters 15A and 403 of the Code of Iowa. For these types of projects, the City enters into agreements with developers which require the City, after developers meet the terms of the agreements, to rebate a portion of the property tax paid by the developers, to pay the developers an economic development grant or to pay the developers a predetermined dollar amount. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

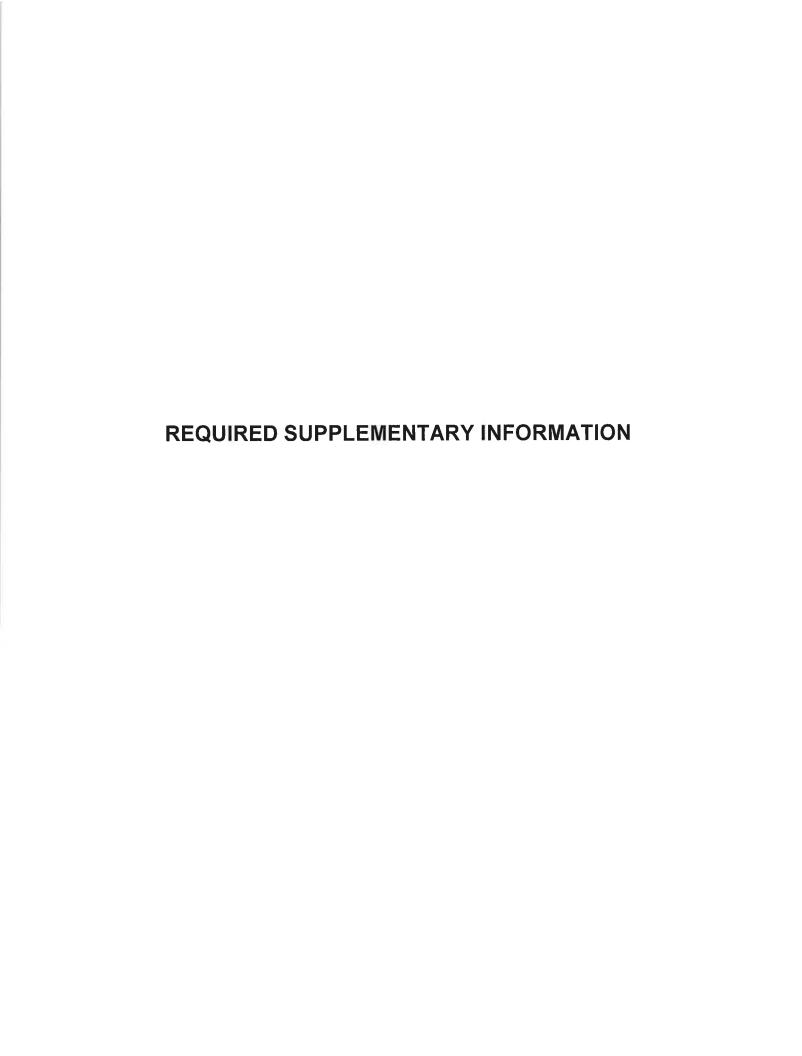
For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City abated \$201,870 of property tax under the urban renewal and economic development projects.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

Note 17 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In 2018 The City and component unit implemented Government Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 75 Accounting and financial reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. The requirements of this standard were implemented retroactively resulting in adjustments to beginning retained earnings and net position as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Electric Fund	Water Fund	Gas Fund	Total Business Type Activities	Component Unit
Net Position, June 30, 2017 as	710071000	1 0110				
previously reported	\$12,854,174	\$14,135,012	\$6,301,428	\$1,404,577	\$28,109,877	\$25,086,973
Net OPEB obligation measured under previous standards	46.547	9.947	5.844	4,315	20,106	114,715
Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2017	(71,677)	(13,719)	(8,031)	(7,998)	(29,748)	(328,855)
Net Position, June 30, 2017, as						
restated	\$12,829,044	\$14,131,240	\$6,299,241	\$1,400,894	\$28,100,235	\$24,872,833



CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, BUDGET AND ACTUAL, ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND PROPERIETARY FUNDS - GAAP BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

-	Governmental Proprietary Fund Type Funds Actual Actual		Orange City Area Health System
Revenue:		_	
Taxes	\$ 3,118,441	\$ -	\$
Special Assessments	27,049	-	*
Licenses and Permits	6,691		
Intergovernmental	1,112,570	18	40,752
Charges for Services	699,514	13,125,366	50,966,210
Fines and Forfeits	24,095	:=:	(-)
TIF Revenue	1,085,959		**
Local Option Sales Tax	851,052		
Proceeds from Sale of Real Estate and Fixed Assets	55,000	=	
Interest	11,555	43,469	267,674
Miscellaneous	345,813	174,431	55,137
Total Revenue	7,337,739	13,343,266	51,329,773
Expenditures:			
Public Safety	985,180	-	-
Public Works	1,204,569	-	
Culture and Recreation	1,775,252	: - >	-
Community and Economic Development	449,681		:=:
General Government	710,129		-
Capital Projects	1,188,431		
Debt Service	1,960,362		-
Business Type Activities	¥	11,417,583	48,706,042
Total Expenditures	8,273,604	11,417,583	48,706,042
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(935,865)	1,925,683	2,623,731
Other financing sources (uses):			
Proceeds from Debt Financing	2,755,177	-	<u>\$</u>
Capital Contribution		154,233	: = /-
Interfund Transfers In	2,254,818	:=:	-
Interfund Transfers Out	(1,838,579)	(416,239)	* 0
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,171,416	(262,006)	
· · ·			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources			
over expenditures and other financing uses	2,235,551	1,663,677	2,623,731
Fund balances/Net position-beginning of year	1,064,281	28,109,877	25,086,973
(Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	4,478	-	-
Prior Period Adjustment	2	(9,642)	(214,140)
		0.00 700 015	
Fund balances/Net position- end of year	\$ 3,304,310	\$ 29,763,912	\$ 27,496,564

	Budgeted	Final Budget	
Total			Favorable
Actual	Original	Final	(Unfavorable)
\$ 3,118,441	¢ 3 100 693	¢ 2 100 602	¢ 17.750
\$ 3,118,441 27,049	\$ 3,100,682 500	\$ 3,100,682	\$ 17,759
		23,500	3,549
6,691	7,135	7,135	(444)
1,153,322	1,004,396	1,004,396	148,926
64,791,090	64,853,750	65,353,750	(562,660)
24,095	KS.	=======================================	24,095
1,085,959		765,000	320,959
851,052	876,375	876,375	(25,323)
55,000	84	12 m	55,000
322,698	884,650	884,650	(561,952)
575,381	685,695_	779,695	(204,314)
72,010,778	71,413,183	72,795,183	(784,405)
985,180	982,674	1,017,674	32,494
1,204,569	1,140,583	1,140,583	(63,986)
1,775,252	1,499,959	1,649,959	(125,293)
449,681	86,305	426,305	(23,376)
710,129	942,221	994,221	284,092
1,188,431	1,300,000	4,700,000	3,511,569
1,960,362	1,915,826	1,915,826	(44,536)
60,123,625	60,987,704	61,487,704	1,364,079
68,397,229	68,855,272	73,332,272	4,935,043
00,007,220		70,002,272	4,555,045
3,613,549	2,557,911	(537,089)	4,150,638
2,755,177	3,450,000	3,450,000	(694,823)
154,233	0,400,000	3,430,000	154,233
2,254,818	1,493,000	1,493,000	761,818
(2,254,818)	(1,493,000)	· · ·	(761,818)
2,909,410	3,450,000	(1,493,000)	
2,303,410	3,430,000	3,450,000	(540,590)
6,522,959	6,007,911	2,912,911	3,610,048
E4 004 404	54.004.404	54.004.404	
54,261,131	54,261,131	54,261,131	
4,478	:#2	5	4,478
(223,782)	(#)	*	(223,782)
\$ 60,564,786	\$ 60,269,042	\$ 57,174,042	\$ 3,390,744
		7 01,171,012	5 5,555,744

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2018

The City's legal compliance for budget to actual comparison is specified in Chapter 384.16 of the Code of Iowa and is for expenditures by program/function. The City budgets on a modified accrual basis. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. Budgets are prepared on a program basis for all funds except the agency funds.

During the fiscal year 2018, the City held public hearings and amended the operating budget once. The amendment is as follows:

<u>Program</u>	Original <u>Budget</u>		5/10/18 <u>Amendment</u>		-	mended <u>Budget</u>
Public Safety	\$	982,674	\$	35,000	\$	1,017,674
Public Works		1,140,583		#		1,140,583
Culture & Recreation		1,499,959		150,000		1,649,959
Community and Economic Development		86,305		340,000		426,305
General Government		842,221		52,000		994,221
Capital Projects		1,300,000		3,400,000		4,700,000
Debt Service		1,915,826		-		1,915,876
Business Type/Enterprise		60,987,704		500,000	(61,487,704

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST FISCAL YEAR* (IN THOUSANDS)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		201	18		2017				
		City	Coi	nponent Unit		City		ponent Init	
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	250906%	0.	258316%	0.0	259355%	0.2	49607%	
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,671	\$	17,063	\$	1,632	\$	15,708	
Entity's covered payroll	\$	2,268	\$	19,108	\$	2,254	\$	18,605	
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		71%		85%		72%		83%	
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		82%		82%		82%		82%	
		2016				20			
		City		nponent Unit		City		ponent Jnit	
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	249929%		250019%		240195%		53294%	
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,235	\$	12,352	\$	953	\$	10,045	
Entity's covered payroll	\$	2,187	\$	17,815	\$	2,102	\$	17,561	
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		64%		66%		44%		56%	
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		85%		85%		88%		88%	

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Entity will present information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

City		2018	2017		2016		2015	2	 2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$	213	\$ 206	\$	202	\$	199	\$	193
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(213)	(206)		(202)		(199)		(193)
statutomy required contribution		(210)	(200)		(202)		(100)		(130)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$	-	\$		\$	
Entity's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	2,338	\$ 2,268	\$	2,254	\$	2,187	\$	2,102
covered payroll		9.11%	9.07%		8.96%		9.10%		9.18%
City		2013	2012		2011		2010	2	2009
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	169	\$ 154	\$	134	\$	130	\$	112
statutorily required contribution	·	(169)	(154)		(134)		(130)		(112)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	*	\$	\$		\$:#8	\$	9#77
Entity's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	1,875	\$ 1,833	\$	1,786	\$	1,816	\$	1,659
covered payroll		9.01%	8.40%		7.50%		7.16%		6.75%
Component Unit		2018	2017		2016		2015		2014
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	1,794	\$ ·	\$	1,616	\$	1,559	\$	1,505
statutorily required contribution		(1,794)	(1,672)		(1,616)		(1,559)		(1,505)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$	•	\$	-
Hospital's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	20,070	\$ 19,108	\$	18,605	\$	17,815	\$	17,561
covered payroll		8.9%	8.75%		8.68%		8.75%		8.57%
Component Unit	2	013	2012		2011		2010		2009
Statutorily required contribution	\$	1,416	\$ 1,064	(\$ 1,064	\$	985	\$	941
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(1,416)	(1,064)		(1,064)		(985)		(941)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	// =	\$ ×	\$	-	\$	· ·	\$	-
Hospital's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 1	6,778	\$ 15,383		\$ 15,383	\$	14,843	\$	15,080
covered payroll		8.43%	6.92%		6.92%)	6.64%		6.24%

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Changes of Benefit Terms:

Legislation enacted in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3 percent per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6 percent reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Changes of Assumptions

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00 percent to 3.75 percent per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30 year amortization period to a closed 30 year amortization period for the UAL beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20 year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

City of Orange City, Iowa Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Required Supplementary Information

	 2018				
	City	Component U			
Service Cost	\$ 4,457	\$	19,853		
Interest Cost	3,445		11,782		
Difference between expected and					
Actual experiences	356		; = :		
Changes in assumptions	8,601		(7,076)		
Benefit assumptions	(4,316)		(9,844)		
Net change in total OPEB liability	12,543		14,715		
Total OPEB liability beginning of year, as restated	88,882		314,140		
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$ 101,425	\$	328,855		
Covered – employee payroll (in thousands)	\$ 2,053	\$	16,132		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage Of covered – employee payroll	4.94%		2.04%		

Notes to Schedule of Changes in the GAAP City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no significant changes in benefit terms

Changes in assumptions:

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

	City	Component Unit
Year ended June 30, 2018	3.44%	3.87%
Year ended June 30, 2017	4.50%	3.58%

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the entity will present information for those years for which information is available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Governmental Nonmajor Funds JUNE 30, 2018

		Special Re	venue		Capital Projects	
		USDA USDA Revolving Loan IRP-Loan				
Assets						
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$	108,420	\$	100,266	\$	112,662
Notes Receivable		252,000		145,517		
Total Assets	-	360,420		245,783		112,662
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable				-		變
Due to Other Funds		-				-
Total Liabilities	4			-		
Fund Balances	4					
Nonspendable:						
Permanent Fund Principal		æ:		-		; -
Restricted for:						
Economic Development		360,420		245,783		24
Assigned for:						
Capital Projects		-		8		112,662
Unassigned		<u></u>		<u> </u>		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	3 .	360,420		245,783		112,662
Total Liabilities, and Fund Balances	\$	360,420	\$	245,783	\$	112,662

2018 Street Project		F Sta	Projects Fire ation vements	St)16 reet oject	С	ermanent emetery petual Care Fund	Total Governmental Nonmajor Funds	
\$		\$	•	\$		\$	106,425 -	\$	427,773 397,517
	¥		3#5		-		106,425		825,290
	20,990				1-		•		20,990 372,463
	372,463 393,453				*				393,453
	ē		÷		÷		106,425		106,425
			. =		=		Ė		606,203
			*				ā		112,662
	(393,453) (393,453)		*		-		106,425		(393,453 431,837
\$	<u>u</u>	\$	9놀:	\$	_	\$	106,425	\$	825,290

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Governmental Nonmajor Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Spec		Capital Projects			
	USDA Revolving Loa		SDA Loan	lm	Dunlop Park provements	
Revenue:						
Special Assessments	\$	•	\$	(*)	\$	0 = :
Interest on Investments	2	268		8,086		(2)
Miscellaneous		*				9.50
Total Revenue		268		8,086		0.00
Expenditures:						
Capital Projects		:=:		14 8		54,824
Debt Service:						
Interest/Bond Costs		: -);		8,311		÷-
Total Expenditures		*:		8,311		54,824
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		268		(225)		(54,824)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of Debt		•		=		72
Bond Issue Costs		-		-		/=
Transfers In				350		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-			(8)		V.E.
Net Change in Fund Balance	2	268		(225)		(54,824)
Fund balances (Deficits)-beginning of year	360,			246,008		167,486
Fund balances (Deficits)- end of year	\$ 360,4	120	\$ 2	245,783	\$	112,662

	Cap	ital Projects		 ermanent	Total
2018 Street Project	lm	Fire Station provements	2016 Street Project	emetery etual Care Fund	overnmental Nonmajor Funds
\$ 1,000	\$	(=	\$ -	\$ ₽.	\$ 1,000
		-	-	*	8,354
·		4,178	-	4,612	8,790
1,000		4,178	2	4,612	18,144
394,453		570,892	68,473	¥.	1,088,642
=		œ	¥	(4)	8,311
394,453		570,892	68,473	*	1,096,953
 (393,453)		(566,714)	(68,473)	 4,612	(1,078,809
-		2,755,177	_	-	2,755,177
-		(36,225)	-	-	(36,225
-		65,977	1,120,724		 1,186,701
		2,784,929	1,120,724		3,905,653
(393,453)		2,218,215	1,052,251	4,612	2,826,844
12		(2,218,215)	(1,052,251)	101,813	(2,395,007
\$ (393,453)	\$	74	\$ 2	\$ 106,425	\$ 431,837

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		lance / 1, 2017	Additions	D	eductions	J	Balance lune 30, 2018
PAYROLL CLEARING	-						
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	37,115	\$ 1,201,127	\$	1,201,091	\$	37,151
Total Assets		37,115	1,201,127		1,201,091		37,151
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable		37,115	1,201,127		1,201,091		37,151
Total Liabilities	\$	37,115	\$ 1,201,127	\$	1,201,091	\$	37,151

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Orange City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	83
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	86
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	90
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Operating Information	100
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	
Demographic and Economic Information	104
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the government's	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

financial activities take place.

City of Orange City Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	ear				
Governmental Activities	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 10,910,100	\$ 10,393,481	\$ 9,120,514	\$ 10,326,246	\$ 10,930,092	\$ 10,998,957	\$ 12,957,403	\$ 13,760,478	\$ 15,365,666	\$ 14,234,324
Restricted	93,701	1,469,772	1,183,616	1,011,688	1,799,523	1,194,599	1,780,488	2,288,094	2,682,327	2,117,016
Unrestricted	(1,186,561)	(2,184,050)	(1,755,888)	(1,009,192)	(2,897,122)	(2,337,049)	(4,044,115)	(3,176,284)	(5,193,819)	(2,301,395)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 9,817,240	\$ 9,679,203	\$ 8,548,242	\$ 10,328,742	\$ 9,832,493	\$ 9,856,507	\$ 10,693,776	\$ 12,872,288	\$ 12,854,174	\$ 14,049,945
Business-type activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 10,959,620	\$ 11,196,648	\$ 12,126,884	\$ 12,336,353	\$ 13,537,488	\$ 14,068,240	\$ 15,609,054	\$ 15,858,940	\$ 18,557,290	\$ 18.836.233
Restricted	1,103,948	1,106,148	990,235	1,234,478	1,183,889	1,285,989	1,228,080	1,100,341	1,064,092	1,978,634
Unrestricted	6,903,632	7,833,765	8,292,614	8,740,929	8,214,047	10,048,505	9,959,744	9,998,470	8,488,495	8,949,045
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 18,967,200	\$ 20,136,561	\$ 21,409,733	\$ 22,311,760	\$ 22,935,424	\$ 25,402,734	\$ 26,796,878	\$ 26,957,751	\$ 28,109,877	\$ 29,763,912
Primary government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 21,869,720	\$ 21,590,129	\$ 21,247,398	\$ 22,662,599	\$ 24,467,580	\$ 25,067,197	\$ 28,566,457	\$ 29,619,418	\$ 33,922,956	\$ 33.070.557
Restricted	1,197,649	2,575,920	2,173,851	2,246,166	2,983,412	2,480,588	3,008,568	3,388,435	3.746,419	4.095.650
Unrestricted	5,717,071	5,649,715	6,536,726	7,731,737	5,316,925	7,711,456	5,915,629	6,822,186	3,294,676	6.647.650
Total primary government net position	\$ 28,784,440	\$ 29,815,764	\$ 29,957,975	\$ 32,640,502	\$ 32,767,917	\$ 35,259,241	\$ 37,490,654	\$ 39,830,039	\$ 40,964,051	\$ 43.813.857

City of Orange City Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Vear							
ı	2009	2010		2011	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses Governmental activities:												
Public Safety	\$ 767,486	\$ 795,713	69	830,457	\$ 828,199	\$ 661	833,780	\$ 872.249	8 872 676	8 925 197	900 620	0 1 088 140
Public Works	1,842,509	1,121,275		1,975,401	1,778,275	275	1.619,083	1.613.585	_	-	-	
Culture and Recreation	1,702,991	2,149,142		1,311,021	1,454,835	835	1,434,484	1,291,006	1,499,304	1.781.317	1 805 979	1,55%,==6
Community and Economic Development	418,230	475,593		1,572,043	317,481	481	325,702	325.474	258.417	371010	697.831	555 788
General Government	451,379	543,010		714,572	1,144,619	619	2,345,344	992,494	731.785	742 301	712 651	820,750
Debt Service	404.733	338,853		347,165	542,187	187	431,845	355,325	338,539	357.017	319 025	331 151
Total governmental activities expenses	5,587,328	5,423,586		6.750.659	6,065,596	596	6,990,238	5.450.133	5,257,977	5,840,475	6,080,237	6,363,973
Business-Type Activities:												
Electric	6,170,727	6,582,661		6,891,993	6,941,319	319	6.327.351	6.684.885	7.074.776	7 206 806	7 498 774	7 475 977
Water	762,179	845,775		873,848	909,721	721	943,567	917,303	899,459	1 461 287	964 647	937.061
Sewer	477,046	533,308		601,445	596,619	619	523,094	540,096	571,113	657 992	572 314	856.862
Gas	3,754,752	2,995,251		2,858,896	2.069.753	753	2.013,797	2,675,250	2.134.813	1.528.581	768 495	200,000
Total business-type activities expenses	11,164,704	10.956.995		11.226.182	10,517,412	412	9,807,809	10.817.534	10.680.161	10.854.666	10 804 180	11 417 583
Total primary government expenses	16.752.032	16.380.581		17,976,841	16,583,008	800	16,798,047	16.267.667	15,938,138	16,695,141	16,884,417	17,781,556
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services:												
Public Safety	10,934	22,835		18,328	43,	43,050	22,593	19,309	15,943	39,164	19,299	17,396
Public Works	224,791	226,434		246,619	241,	241,952	257,210	312,823	310,203	479,624	314,332	326,399
Culture and Recreation	202,769	198,059		237,037	232,520	520	275,661	343,273	306,300	309,631	317,778	323,621
Community & Economic Development	19,751	58,036		22,883	81,	81,442	31,480	32,099	46,335	55,683	82,191	40.867
General Government	30,341	12,809		11,805	46,	46,580	48,534	41,174	35,662	96,387	131,951	60,160
Operating grants and contributions	1,129,518	711,108		748,271	893,471	471	970,358	916,877	1,242,721	1,134,628	1,105,119	1.135.321
Capital grants and contributions	361.549	115.830		ě	1,236,083	083	399,850		217,763	764,281	272,133	110,463
Total governmental activities program revenues	1.979.653	1.345,111		1,284,943	2,775,098	860	2,005,686	1.665.555	2,174,927	2,879,398	2,242,803	2,014,227
Business-type activities: Charges for services:												
Electric	6,642,889	7,076,337		7,427,476	7,640,948	948	7,011,542	7,522,021	7,805,183	7,776,001	8.362.166	8.473.321
Water	818,193	785,796		831,730	977,427	427	882,207	886,144	900,765	934.342	1.033.612	1 016 294
Sewer	629,144	546,929		566,441	156,609	951	606,825	592,445	715,410	842,497	894.726	1 233 550
Gas	3.985,313	3.286.965		3.027.700	2,129,278	278	2,156,043	2.809.763	2,114,065	1.595,054	1.784.999	2 412 384
Total business-type activities program revenues	12,075,539	11,696,027		11,853,347	11,357,604	604	10,656,617	11,810,373	11,535,423	11,147,894	12.075.503	13 135 549
Total primary government program revenues	14,055,192	13,041,138		13,138,290	14,132,702	702	12,662,303	13,475,928	13,710,350	14,027,292	14,318,306	15,149,776
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities	(3,607,675)	(4,078,475)		(5,465,716)	(3,290,498)	498)	(4,984,552)	(3,784,578)	(3,083,050)	(2,961,077)	(3,837,434)	(4,349,746)
Business-type activities	910835	739.032		627.165	840 192	107	848 808	002 830	090 558	201 279	1 271 222	220 212 1
Total primary government net expense	\$ (2.696.840)	\$ (3.339.443)	4)		\$ (2.450.306)	306	4	\$ (2.791.739)	\$ (2.27.788)	\$ 12 667 8401	15	T,717,700
							ш		(5,227,700)	(2+0,100,2)	(2,300,111)	(15,031,70U)

City of Orange City
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	0000	0.00	1100	Fiscal Year						
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	2002	0107	102	2002	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 2,671,193	\$ 2,715,434	\$ 2,819,037	7 \$ 3,265,842	\$ 3,298,474	\$ 3,478,291	\$ 3.515.407	\$ 3 573 908	\$ 4 144 235	\$ 4 204 400
Local option sales tax	642,603	596,463	646,042			710,785	792,255	846.836	950 305	851.052
Investment Earnings	28,217	7,586	3,963	3 11,297		2,328	8,935	8,864	13,109	11.555
Gain on Sale of Assets	3,000	189,700	100,120	0 94,548	145,696	52,023	55,600	168,810	267,743	55,000
Miscellaneous	189,587	149,288	196,505	5 117,618	117,465	45,850	97,363	*	92	176.451
Transfers	319,120	281,967	569,088	8 912.173	442,342	(480,685)	451,895	389,219	318.303	272.189
Total governmental activities	3,853,720	3.940,438	4,334,755	5,070,998	4,750,072	3,808,592	4,921,455	4,987,637	5,693,695	5,570,647
Business-type activities										
Investment Earnings	63,023	15,464	18,935	5 18.772	18.988	51091	359 CE	15 219	017 11	43 460
Gain on Sale of Joint Venture	(0)	*					926,329		000,11	40,407
Miscellaneous	49,080	105,173	313,364	4 955.236	382.211	177 771	364 780	241 645	75 151	174 421
Transfers	(319,120)	(281,967)	(880 695)			480.685	(451 895)	(389.219)	(318 303)	164,471
Total business-type activities	(207,017)	(161,330)	(236,789)			1,474,471	871,889	(132,355)	(119 197)	(54.289)
Total primary government	3,646,703	3,779,108	4,097,966	5,132,833	4,708,929	5,283,063	5,793,344	4,855,282	5,574,498	5,516,358
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	246,045	(138,037)	(1,130,961)	1,780,500	(234,480)	24,014	1,838,405	2,026,560	1,856,261	1.220,901
Business-type activities	703.818	577,702	390,376	5 902.027		2,467,310	1,727,151	160,873	1,152,126	1,663,677
Total primary government	\$ 949.863	\$ 439,665	\$ (740,58	so l	\$ 573,185	\$ 2,491,324	\$ 3,565,556	\$ 2,187,433	\$ 3,008,387	\$ 2,884,578

City of Orange City Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal	Property	Sales	Н	otel/Motel	
Year	<u>Tax</u>	Tax		<u>Tax</u>	Total
2009	\$ 2,681,252	\$ 610,329	\$	32,274	\$ 3,323,855
2010	2,714,146	567,477		28,986	3,310,609
2011	2,819,037	612,552		33,490	3,465,079
2012	3,265,842	636,004		33,516	3,935,362
2013	3,298,474	697,311		39,163	4,034,948
2014	3,478,291	665,445		45,340	4,189,076
2015	3,516,500	729,579		62,676	4,308,755
2016	3,573,908	732,685		114,151	4,420,744
2017	4,144,235	817,220		133,085	5,094,540
2018	\$ 4,204,400	\$ 710,777	\$	140,275	\$ 5,055,452

City of Orange City
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accural basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	0]	2011		2012	2013		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General fund													
Unreserved/ Unassigned	\$ 1,018,865	69	726,767	\$ 1,611,731	∞	1,685,923	\$ 1,662,462	162 S	1,485,642	\$ 1,455,766	\$ 1,237,614	\$ 1,460,698	\$ 1,438,611
Total General Fund	\$ 1,018,865	69	726,767	\$ 1,611,731	- l	1,685,923	\$ 1,662,462	462 \$	1,485,642	\$ 1,455,766	\$ 1,237,614	\$ 1,460,698	\$ 1,438,611
All other governmental funds													
Reserved	\$ 142,036	64	139,667	69	(A)	ā	69	€9	()	69	69	69	69
Nonspendable				108,324	4	113,584	99,475	175	102,475	105,923	115,943	114,087	123,176
Spendable - Restricted	8.		Э	1,075,292	2	3,388,875	1,729,040	040	1,118,673	1,703,352	2,172,151	2,592,476	2,023,314
Spendable - Assigned	*		œ	52,504	4	6,000	6,683	583	•))	•	162,486	167,486	112,662
Spendable - Unassigned	31.		30	(852,789)	6)	(240,584)	(656,870)	870)	(193,747)	(1,252,696)	(681,288)	(3,270,466)	(393,453)
Unreserved, reported in:													
Special revenue funds	993,887		1,355,796	37		ē			3	Œ.	w	96	(0)
Capital project funds	(381,481)		(233,248)	E		÷			•				
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 754,442 \$ 1,262,215	\$ 1.2	62,215	\$ 383,33	ss	3,267,875	\$ 1,181,328	328 \$	1,027,401	\$ 556,579	\$ 1,769,292	\$ (396,417)	\$ 1,865,699

Note: The City implemented GASB 54 in fiscal 2011, which changed fund balance classifications for periods beginning after June 15, 2010.

City of Orange City Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2009	2010	2:	2011	2012
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	2,114,229	\$ 2,150,832	\$	2,357,270	\$ 2,579,057
Special Assessments		=	32,393		-	*
Licenses and permits		3,859	3,927		4,541	5,288
Intergovernmental		1,491,067	826,938		748,271	1,969,554
Charges for services		434,216	432,831		440,500	535,950
Fines and Forfeits		25,239	28,798		28,640	44,919
Contributions from Property Owners		6,788	5,005		8,109	2,029
TIF Revenue		567,023	563,314		468,922	688,900
Local Options Sales Tax		642,603	596,463		646,042	669,520
Investment Earnings		29,767	7,586		3,963	11,297
Miscellaneous		209,521	326,357		342,347	429,524
Total revenues		5,524,312	4,974,444		5,048,605	6,936,038
Expenditures						
Public safety		882,662	1,074,560		757,212	790,598
Public works		1,055,055	1,128,842		810,124	1,018,539
Culture and recreation		1,492,116	1,107,667		1,102,791	1,265,084
Community and economic development		418,465	345,945		221,428	317,787
General government		428,584	601,476		695,362	1,150,288
Capital projects		718,347	1,414,710		2,336,490	5,601,071
Debt service		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-,, -		,	,
Principal		825,000	1,450,000		850,000	2,770,000
Interest		384,001	371,011		347,366	663,442
Total expenditures	_	6,204,230	7,494,211		7,120,773	13,576,809
Excess of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(679,918)	(2,519,767)		(2,072,168)	(6,640,771)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Issuance of Debt		:=:	2,425,000		1,500,000	8,685,000
Proceeds From Sale of Equipment		=	27,850		.,000,000	(∕e)
Transfers In		2,085,762	1,273,474		1,135,326	1,718,587
Transfers Out		(1,766,642)	 (991,507)		(566,238)	 (806,414)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	319,120	 2,734,817	Ş 	2,069,088	9,597,173
Net change in fund balances	\$	(360,798)	\$ 215,050	\$	(3,080)	 2,956,402
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		22.0%	30.0%		25.0%	43.0%

City of Orange City Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year	<u> </u>						
	<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		2015		2016	2017		2018
\$	2,551,158	\$	2,663,304	\$	2,663,371	\$	2,678,042	\$ 3,022,560	\$	3,118,441
Ψ	=	•	611	•	2,989		136,656	25,890		27,049
	5,600		6,348		6,326		6,125	6,779		6,691
	1,242,033		860,790		1,418,642		1,402,468	1,105,119		1,112,570
	588,213		710,928		679,390		702,580	717,798		699,514
	40,664		29,896		25,142		28,891	24,501		24,095
	1,001		53,087		58,130		=	5€		.
	748,320		815,553		853,129		895,866	1,121,675		1,085,959
	736,474		710,785		792,255		846,836	950,305		851,052
	9,621		2,328		8,935		8,864	13,109		11,555
	391,336		106,335		137,271		727,463	652,369		400,813
	6,314,420		5,959,965		6,645,580		7,433,791	7,640,105		7,337,739
			,							
	749,557		811,614		864,188		978,225	946,213		985,180
	1,027,380		1,098,769		990,558		1,324,398	1,011,665		1,204,569
	1,215,909		1,231,065		1,578,372		1,648,339	1,660,106		1,775,252
	325,237		325,398		257,568		347,749	418,778		449,681
	2,215,628		866,915		613,733		614,203	586,020		710,129
	856,115		1,541,643		2,302,188		2,654,972	3,300,232		1,188,431
	3,475,000		1,330,000		1,490,000		3,065,000	1,820,000		1,625,000
	435,210		357,768		336,301		348,172	338,213		299,137
	10,300,036	_	7,563,172		8,432,908		10,981,058	10,081,227	_	8,237,379
	(3,985,616)		(1,603,207)		(1,787,328)		(3,547,267)	(2,441,122)		(899,640)
	1,450,000		905,000		835,000		4,145,588	π.		2,718,952
	-		Ē		=		-	<u>u</u>		-
	1,227,493		1,933,500		1,211,895		1,658,616	1,411,831		2,254,818
	(785,151)		(1,566,040)	_	(760,000)	_	(1,269,397)	(909,453)		(1,838,579)
	1,892,342		1,272,460	_	1,286,895		4,534,807	502,378	,—	3,135,191
\$	(2,093,274)	_\$_	(330,747)	_\$_	(500,433)	\$	987,540	\$ (1,938,744)	\$	2,235,551
								0 -00:		25.001
	41.4%		28.0%		29.8%		41.0%	31.8%		27.3%

City of Orange City
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Weighted Assessed Average Value as a	Direct Percentage of		lax Rate Actual Value	14.3607 58.00%	13.7134 59.97%	13.9632 60.35%	15.1299 60.84%	14.4604 62.19%	14.4413 63.87%	(3.9507 63.86%	13.9852 63.90%	14.5616 64.08%	14.7916 62.98%
Wei		14	<u> </u>	278,749,609 \$ 14	1386,666,979	300,354,745		313,778,782		334,131,604	38,462,034	364,976,040 12	370,354,763 \$ 14
Total	Estimated		Value	8	(1	(,1				.,	(,,	(1)	S
		Assessed	Value	\$ 161,682,541	171,914,297	181,249,255	188,077,150	195,135,177	204,741,967	213,376,960	216,278,487	233,859,375	\$ 233,252,703
Ufilities	Estimated	Actual	Value	\$ 1,576,622	1,622,383	1,530,692	1,504,207	_	,	1,344,293	1,386,135	1,352,493	\$ 1.317.393
114		Assessed	Value	\$ 1,576,622	1,622,383	1,530,692	1,504,207	1,439,678	1,397,513	1,344,293	1,386,135	1,352,493	\$ 1.317.393
onerto.	Estimated	Actual	Value	\$ 277,172,987	285,044,596	298,824,053	307,648,687	312,339,104	319,146,298	332,787,311	337,075,899	363,623,547	\$ 369,037,370
Real Property		Assessed	Value	\$ 160,105,919	170,291,914	179,718,563	186,572,943	193,695,499	203,344,454	212,032,667	214,892,352	232,506,882	\$ 231.935.310
Fiscal	Year	Ended	June 30	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Source: Assessed Values are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Assessor's Office.

City of Orange City
Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	Direct &	Verlapping	Rates	32.6483	31.8770	32.7881	32.8383	32.1675	31.3834	30.5119	30.3208	30.7541	30.5784
		D	Ŏ		⇔									∽
		Area	Vocational	School	\$ 0.6875	0.65473	0.67631	0.65058	0.64379	69069.0	66069.0	0.73347	0.78118	\$ 0.79048
	strict	Total	School	Millage	\$ 11.9937	11.99250	12.77383	11.69433	11.72321	10.91617	10.43910	10.21986	10.23161	\$ 10.2388
	School Di	Debt	Service	Millage	300	E		30	E	æ	0,007	E	31	11 0 27
Overlapping Rates	MOC-FV School District		Operating	Millage 1	11.9937 \$	11.99250	12.77383	11.69433	11.72321	10.91617	10.43910	10.21986	10.23161	3 10.2388 \$
		l			↔									\$
		Total	County	Millage	\$ 5.6064	5.51633	5.37471	5.36352	5.34016	5.33521	5.43111	5.38224	5.17972	\$ 4.75747
	Sioux County	Debt	Service	Millage	\$ 0.4084	0.44328	0.39015	0.37498	4.99109 0.34907	0.36585	0.34004	0.33349	0.30282	\$ 0.28428
17	S		Operating	Millage	\$ 5.1980	5.07305	4.98456	4.98854	4.99109	4.96936	5.09107	5.04875	4.87690	\$ 4.47319
	lity	Total	City	Millage	6.5598 \$ 14.3607	13.7134	13.9632	15.1299	14.4604	14.4413	13.9507	13.9852	14.5616	\$ 14.7916
	City of Orange City	Debt	Service	Millage	6.5598	5.8294	6.1102	7.2532	6.5769	6.5389	6.0227	6.0496	6.8406	6.2947
	City of		Operating		\$ 7.8009 \$	7.8840	7.8530	7.8767	7.8835	7.9024	7.9280	7.9356	7.7209	\$ 8.4969 \$
			Fiscal	Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Taxes due July 1

Taxes delinquent first half - October 1; second half - April 1.

Penalties for delinquency: 1.5 percent per month,

Discount allowed: none

Uncollected taxes handled as follows: delinquent real estate tax list published in newspaper prior to May 16.

Taxes collected by Sioux County and distributed to the City of Orange City in proportion of its levy to all levies.

Tax sale date: first Monday in June.

Source: The tax rates are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Auditor's Office.

City of Orange City Principal Property Taxpayers June 30, 2018

			2018				2009	
				Percentage of Total				Percentage of Total
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
Vogel Enterprises Inc.	€>	090'685'6	1	4.1%	⇔	7,833,396	2	2.8%
SCC10 Orange City		8,947,110	2	3.8%		11,425,720	1	4.1%
Premium Pet Health LLC		4,733,080	3	2.0%				
Prairie Winds Hotel Holdings		4,204,220	4	1.8%				
Aerospace Holdings LLC		3,589,300	5	1.5%		1,318,510	10	0.5%
OCDC, Inc.		2,937,050	9	1.3%		1,435,750	∞	0.5%
Groeneweg, Ardie Rev Trust		2,404,640	7	1.0%		2,348,640	4	0.8%
Krull Ltd.		1,965,610	∞	0.8%		1,664,870	5	%9.0
Iowa State Bank Orange City		1,770,590	6	0.8%		1,508,290	7	0.5%
Revival Animal Health Inc.		1,592,410	10	0.7%				
Advanced Brands LLC						5,337,920	3	1.9%
Midwest Farmers Coop	086					1,531,940	9	0.5%
Northwest Rural Electric Coop						1,330,860	6	0.5%
Totals	₩	41,733,070	1 11	17.8%	€	35,735,896	11, 11	12.7%

Source: Assessed Values are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Assessor's Office.

City of Orange City
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	-	Total Tax		Collected within the	ithin the	De	delinquent Tax		Total Collections	ections
Filded		Levy 101		riscal teat of the Levy	I IIIC ECVY		Lan		10.04	3
<u>6/30</u>	-	iscal Year		Amount	% of Levy	ଣ	Collections		Amount	% of Levy
2009	↔	2,120,301	69	2,099,098	%00.66	↔	15,131	⇔	2,114,229	99.71%
2010		2,239,272		2,127,308	%00.56		23,524		2,150,832	%50.96
2011		2,375,426		2,351,672	%00.66		5,598		2,357,270	99.24%
2012		2,632,123		2,526,838	%00.96		52,219		2,579,057	%86.76
2013		2,571,446		2,545,732	%00.66		5,426		2,551,158	99.21%
2014		2,663,471		2,660,808	%06.66		2,496		2,663,304	%66.66
2015		2,660,942		2,658,993	99.93%		4,378		2,663,371	100.09%
2016		2,676,223		2,674,162	99.92%		3,880		2,678,042	100.07%
2017		3,020,665		3,018,665	99.93%		3,895		3,022,560	100.06%
2018	€	3,113,207	↔	3,110,985	99.93%	<	7,456	€9.	3,118,441	100.17%

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year,

City of Orange City
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Per	Capita	2,446	2,527	2,495	4,324	3,876	3,429	3,189	3,233	2,816	4,330
					↔									6
		%	of Personal	Income	476.40%	492.32%	496.96%	861.23%	764.68%	676.61%	629.13%	637.84%	555.52%	862.39%
		Total	Primary	Government	14,360,000	14,840,000	14,980,000	25,960,000	23,270,000	20,590,000	19,145,000	19,410,000	16,905,000	25,995,000
				Ö	↔									↔
			Gas	Bonds	1,240,000	1,150,000	1,055,000	865,000	765,000	000,099	555,000	450,000	340,000	230,000
					€9									6∕3
	vities		Sewer	Bonds	715,000	610,000	500,000	390,000	260,000	130,000	Ě	ï	ji	8,715,000
	Acti				↔									\$
	Business-Type Activities		Water	Bonds	2,060,000	1,955,000	1,850,000	4,535,000	4,420,000	2,745,000	2,540,000	2,330,000	2,120,000	1,910,000
					€)									⇔
			Electric	Bonds	2,560,000	2,365,000	2,165,000	4,845,000	4,525,000	4,180,000	3,830,000	3,470,000	3,105,000	2,725,000
					\$									(∕)
Governmental	Activities	General	Obligation	Bonds	7,785,000	8,760,000	9,410,000	15,325,000	13,300,000	12,875,000	12,220,000	13,160,000	11,340,000	12,415,000
G					S									69
			Fiscal	Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 95 for personal income and popluation data.

City of Orange City Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Avai	s: Amounts lable in Debt rvice Fund	<u>Total</u>	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per <u>Capita</u>
2009	\$ 7,785,000	\$	49,021	\$ 7,735,979	2.80	\$ 1,384.14
2010	8,760,000		42,202	8,717,798	3.07	1,559.81
2011	9,410,000		64,480	9,345,520	3.11	1,672.13
2012	15,325,000		2,496,771	12,828,229	4.17	2,295.26
2013	13,300,000		76,972	13,223,028	4.24	2,202.37
2014	12,875,000		66,652	12,808,348	4.03	2,133.30
2015	12,220,000		94,881	12,125,119	3.63	2,019.51
2016	13,160,000		241,411	12,918,589	3.82	2,151.66
2017	11,340,000		271,967	11,068,033	3.03	1,843.44
2018	\$ 12,415,000	\$	324,124	\$ 12,090,876	3.28	\$ 2,013.80

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data,

City of Orange City Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2018

Governmental Unit	<u>C</u>	Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Estimated Share of verlapping <u>Debt</u>
Debt repaid with property taxes: School District	\$	6,856,827	45.89%	\$	3,146,598
Debt repaid with property taxes; Sioux County		8,915,000	14.63%		1,304,265
Subtotal, overlapping debt				\$	4,450,863
City of Orange City direct debt				ç ı	12,415,000
Total direct and overlapping debt				_\$	16,865,863

Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by the school and Sioux County Auditor Office.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Orange City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

¹ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Orange City

201	21	2009		2010		2011	,	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Debt Limit	\$	13,817,547	€9	14,333,349	€9	15,017,737	69	15,381,996	69	15,615,047	S	15,957,315	69	16,639,365	69	16,853,795	64)	18,181,177	S	18,451,869
Total net debt applicable to limit		7,735,979		8,717,798		9,410,000		12,828,229		13,226,028		12,808,348		12,125,119		12,918,589		12,132,128		12,953,100
Legal debt margin	8	6,081,568	S	5,615,551	69	5,607,737	₩	2,553,767	69	2,389,019	69	3,148,967	69	4,514,246	69	3,935,206	69	6,049,049	649	5,498,769
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		%66*55		60.82%		62.66%		83.40%		84.70%		80.27%		72.87%		76.65%		66.73%		70.20%
					Legal	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017	alculati	ion for Fiscal Ye	ear 20]	17										
					Asse Tota	Assessed value Total assessed value													s)	369,037,370 369,037,370
					Debt	Debt limit (5% of total assessed value)	ıl asses:	sed value)												18,451,869
					Legi	Deot applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Urban Renewal Deve Less Amount in Det Total net debt applicable Legal debt margin	nr. gation b kenewal nount i	neable to unit: reneral obligation bonds Urban Renewal Development Agreements Less Amount in Debt Service Fund Total net debt applicable to limit bt margin	greem	ents									69	12,415,000 862,224 (324,124) 12,953,100 5,498,769

Note: Under state finance law, the City of Orange City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 5 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Coverage	4.28 4.20 4.58 1.50 3.98 5.50 4.80 4.13 4.69	Coverage	1.63 1.92 2.93 3.21 2.76 0.40 1.69 0.82 1.76
ice <u>Interest</u>	109,828 103,259 96,163 95,348 102,769 99,014 94,185 88,766 72,455 63,950	ice Interest	93,700 90,147 86,531 117,801 137,969 99,558 60,863 58,723 56,087
Debt Service Principal	\$ 185,000 195,000 200,000 1,320,000 320,000 345,000 350,000 360,000 365,000 380,000	Debt Service Principal	160,000 105,000 105,000 110,000 115,000 205,000 210,000 210,000 \$ 210,000
Net Available <u>Revenue</u>	\$ 1,262,462 1,253,986 1,354,953 2,116,573 1,683,041 2,440,308 2,132,353 1,853,867 2,051,129 2,051,129	Net Available <u>Revenue</u>	414,512 375,232 561,907 730,884 698,811 706,457 449,100 219,507 467,310
Less: Operating <u>Expenses</u>	\$ 5,431,989 5,855,120 6,123,211 6,194,38 5,374,681 5,559,030 5,756,923 5,905,746 6,355,393 6,400,163	Less: Operating Expenses	434,916 472,818 541,275 539,261 519,783 545,862 559,105 921,581 615,446 \$
Electric Charges and Other	\$ 6,694,451 7,109,106 7,478,164 8,310,961 7,057,722 7,999,338 7,889,276 7,759,613 8,406,522 8,592,902	Water Charges <u>and Other</u>	849,428 848,050 1,103,182 1,270,145 1,218,594 1,252,319 1,008,205 1,141,088 1,082,756 \$
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	Fiscal <u>Year</u>	2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

Note: Operating Expenses do not include depreciation expense

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year,

City of Orange City Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Coverage	2.70 1.86 1.50 0.35 1.95 2.90 3.91	Coverage	2.45 2.90	2.15 0.14	2.04	1.38 1.31 0.93 2.70
vice <u>Interest</u>	\$ 41,567 36,646 31,369 10,731 3,737 2,925 1,625	vice Interest	57,548 54,598	51,344 23,494	15,448 14,823	13,772 12,461 10,832 \$ 8,743
Debt Service Principal	\$ 100,000 105,000 95,000 630,000 130,000 130,000 130,000	Debt Service <u>Principal</u>	90,000	95,000 1,125,000	100,000 105,000	105,000 105,000 110,000
Net Available <u>Revenue</u>	\$ 381,535 \$ 262,944 189,855 223,037 260,805 384,895 514,901 422,557 612,335 848,311	Net Available <u>Revenue</u>	361,323 419,455	314,474 157,471	235,981 230,176	
Less: Operating <u>Expenses</u>	\$ 272,149 307,400 385,032 396,497 364,652 357,322 399,720 485,953 387,940 408,665	Less: Operating <u>Expenses</u>	3,628,756 2,869,709	2,714,939 1,973,501	1,920,062 2,580,109	1,957,138 1,442,028 1,672,856 \$ 2,092,061
Sewer Charges and Other	\$ 653,684 570,344 574,887 619,534 625,457 742,217 914,621 908,510 1,000,275 1,256,976	Gas Charges and Other	3,990,079	3,029,413 2,130,972	2,156,043 2,810,285	2,120,756 1,595,549 1,785,056 \$ 2,413,217
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2015 2016	Fiscal <u>Year</u>	2009	2011 2012	2013	2015 2016 2017 2018

Note: Operating Expenses do not include depreciation expense

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

City of Orange City Principal Employers June 30, 2018

		2018	Ý		2009	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Population	Employees	Rank	<u>Population</u>
Staples Inc.	515	1	8.58%	400	e	6.81%
Orange City Health System	495	7	8.24%	200	-	8.51%
Diamond Vogel Paints	350	33	5.83%	350	4	2.96%
Premium Pet Health	245	4	4.08%			%00.0
Quatro Composites Inc.	230	5	3.83%	09	∞	1.02%
Northwestern College	180	9	3.00%	187	2	3.18%
MOC-FV School District	180	7	3.00%			0.00%
Sioux County Courthouse	75	∞	1.25%			%00.0
Civco Medical Solutions	70	6	1.17%	75	9	1.28%
Revival Animal Health	65	10	1.08%	09	7	1.02%
ES Liner Industrial				40	6	%89.0
Silent Drive Inc.				35	10	%09.0
Advance Brands				475	7	%60.8
Total	2,405	9. 4	40.06%	2,182	i di	37.16%

Note: Source for this data was obtained from Iowa Workforce Development

City of Orange City
Full-Time Equilvalent City Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	<u>2017</u>	2018
General Government	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Public Safety										
Police Officers	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Highways and streets	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Culture and recreation	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Library	1	1	1	Ĭ	1	2	2	2	2	2
Electric	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Water	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sewer	1	15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total	33	33	34	34	34	35	35	35	35	35

Sources: Various city departments.

City of Orange City Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	2015	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Annual of the control										
General Government										
Zoning Permits Issued	79	86	56	78	62	68	89	65	95	81
Police										
Physical Arrests	93	102	99	112	83	92	76	69	88	91
Parking Violations	240	252	231	247	281	274	224	258	237	210
Traffic Violations	284	291	460	442	430	439	368	403	353	510
Fire										
Emergency Responses	49	61	61	52	72	98	112	107	104	92
Fires Extinguished	6	4	5	7	11	13	7	6	4	5
Refuse Collection										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	9	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks & Recreation										
Pool Passes Issued (Budget Pass)	113	122	93	86	79	71	63	54	48	35
Pool Passes Issued (Individual Pass)	53	78	60	52	47	42	80	74	63	56
Pool Passes Issued (Family Pass)	74	224	229	243	256	237	202	217	205	220
Pool Passes Issued (Senior Pass)	4	76	24	18	16	14	17	13	9	6
Library										
Volumes in collection	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905
Total volumes borrowed	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250
Water										
New connections	5	9	7	3	10	6	8	21		14
Water main breaks	1	3	4	5	10	7	6	3	2	8
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	887	983	821	920	819	821	815	823	825	863
Peak daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	1,700	1,500	1,900	2,100	2,120	2,115	1,900	1,950	1,940	1,448
Wastewater									7.10	051
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	884	1,149	1,456	1,473	753	748	748	761	748	801

Sources: Various city departments.

City of Orange City Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>
Function/Program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire Station	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other Public Works										
Streets (miles)	47	47	47	49	49	50	51	52	52	53
Streetlights	889	927	927	928	933	938	942	961	961	985
Traffic Signals	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Parks and recreation										
Aceage	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230
Playgrounds	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Baseball/softball diamonds	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Soccer/football fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	47	47	47	49	49	49	49	50	50	50
Fire Hydrants	282	282	282	285	285	285	285	288	288	291
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	950	950	950	950	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120
Wastewater										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	41	41	41	43	43	43	43	44	44	47
Storm Sewer (miles)	19	19	19	21	21	21	21	23	23	28
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000

Sources: Various city departments

City of Orange City Demographic and Economic Statistics

Calendar <u>Year</u>	Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)		Per Capita Personal Income		Median <u>Age</u>	Education Level in Years of Schooling	School <u>Enrollment</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>
2009	5,872	\$	30,143	\$	22,142	28,5	16	1940	3.9%
2010	5,872		30,143		22,142	28.5	16	1940	3.9%
2011	6,004		30,143		22,142	28.5	16	1940	4.1%
2012	6,004		30,143		22,142	28.5	16	1940	4.1%
2013	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	3.4%
2014	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	2.9%
2015	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	2.9%
2016	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	2.1%
2017	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	1.7%
2018	6,004	\$	30,143	\$	20,768	29.0	16	1940	2.3%

Sources: Population, median age, and educational level information provided by the United States Census Bureau. School enrollment data provided by the Orange City school districts.

Note: Personal Income is a total for the year. Unemployment rate Information is an adjusted yearly average. School enrollment is based on the census at the start of the school year.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of the City Council City of Orange City, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Orange City, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Orange City, Iowa's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2018. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Orange City Area Health System, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detects and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A Significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as 2018-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters:

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Orange City, Iowa's Response to Findings

City of Orange City, Iowa's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The City of Orange City, Iowa's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City during the course of our audit.

William + Lapsay 10-6.
Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa December 6, 2018

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results

- (a) An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- (b) A material weakness in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported. There were no prior year audit findings.

Material Weakness:

2018-001 Financial Reporting - Material Adjusting Journal Entries

<u>Condition and Criteria</u> – The auditors were required to propose and have management post adjusting entries to the fund financial statements in order for the financial statements to conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

<u>Effect</u> – The financial statements provided by management are not presented entirely in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Cause</u> – With a limited number of personnel and current staff workload, the time constraints and staff expertise do not allow for all required year end U.S. GAAP adjusting journal entries to be posted.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We recommend that the City train additional staff on U.S. GAAP and government accounting standards to help reduce the amount of adjusting journal entries and increase their knowledge of the required reporting standards.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials</u> – City management feels that hiring additional personnel to implement the additional U.S. GAAP adjusting journal entries would not be cost effective. However, management has and will continue to monitor this process on a regular basis.

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

III-A-18 Certified Budget

<u>Condition and Criteria</u> – City expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2018, exceeded amounts budgeted in the Public Works, Culture and Recreation, Community and Economic Development and Debt Service functions.

Effect – The City is not in compliance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting - (Continued)

<u>Cause</u> – The City approved a budget amendment on May 10, 2018. With limited personnel and time constraints, the City inadvertently omitted some items from the preparation of their budget amendment.

Recommendation – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Views of Responsible Officials - The budget will be amended in the future, if applicable.

- III-B-18 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- III-C-18 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. However, we recommend that the amount of coverage be reviewed annually to insure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- III-D-18 <u>Council Minutes</u> We noted no transactions requiring approval which had not been approved by the Council.
- III-E-18 Questionable Expenditures We noted no questionable expenditures during our audit.
- III-F-18 Revenue Bonds No violations of revenue bond resolutions were noted.
- III-G-18 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the City and city officials were noted during the course of the audit.
- III-H-18 <u>Cash and Investments</u> We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy.
- III-I-18 <u>Urban Renewal Annual Report</u> The urban renewal annual report was properly approved and certified to the lowa Department of Management on or before December 1.