COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL
FINANCIAL REPORT
OF THE
CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by the Office of the City Administrator Duane Feekes, City Administrator

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* * * *

December 17, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Orange City:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Management assumes responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Williams & Company, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified opinion on the City of Orange City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Orange City incorporated in 1884, is located in the Northwest corner of the State of Iowa, and is the county seat of Sioux County. The City of Orange City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City of Orange City operates under the council-administrator form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and five Council members. The Council appoints the government's administrator, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments with council approval. Council members serve four-year terms. The mayor is elected for a two-year term. The council members are elected on a staggered basis.

The City Administrator has operating responsibilities for all City functions excluding the Hospital.

The City of Orange City provides a full range of Municipal services which includes police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets, and other infrastructure; recreational and cultural activities; general administration and medical care facilities. The City of Orange City also owns and operates the electric, water, sewer, and natural gas utilities. The City of Orange City also is financially accountable for a legally separate hospital board, and golf course board of which is reported separately within the City of Orange City's financial statements. Additional information on the municipal hospital and golf course can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than March 31st. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Orange City's financial planning and control. Iowa budget law requires the adoption of legal budgets for expenditures on a program basis. Although the budget document presents program expenditures by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated program level not at the fund level.

Local Economy

Orange City is located in Sioux County in the northwest portion of Iowa, which is noted for its excellent cropland and livestock production numbers. Industry plays a big part in Orange City's economic condition with the biggest three employers being Staples, Inc., an advertising and promotional products manufacturer, Smithfield, Inc., a pet food producer, and Diamond Vogel Paint and Wax, a full line paint manufacturer.

Fiscal year 2018-2019 was another great year for the community of Orange City. Many exciting trends and projects are taking place that continue to improve the quality of life for its citizens.

The city started construction on a new housing development called North Weiland. The development will have water, sewer, storm sewer, and paving improvements. The development will have approximately ten one acre lots available for sale.

The City of Orange City plays an important part in the community growth, which will continue with active participation in the planning process of our community.

Long-Term financial planning

Management of the City of Orange City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The general fund falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., between 44 and 50 percent of total general fund revenues). Following its recent review of the City of Orange City's strategic plan, the Council plans on keeping the percentage the same for the following year, this will reduce the amount that will be needed to borrow to finance future construction.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Orange City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local governmental financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire office staff. We wish to express our appreciation also to all our City employees for their dedication to making city services the best. Credit also must be given to the Honorable Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Orange City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,		
Duane Feekes City Administrator	Kent Anderson Finance Officer	

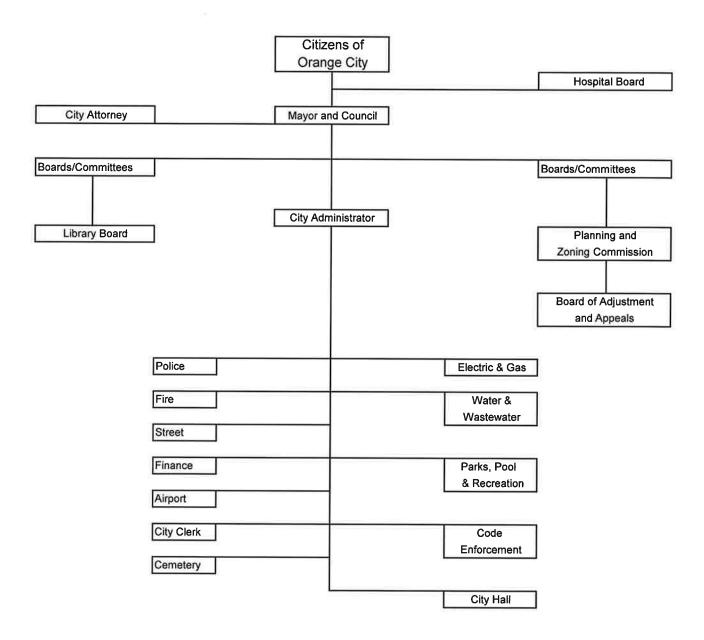
The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Orange City, Iowa for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. Such comprehensive annual financial report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS

ELECTED CITY OFFICERS

MAYOR

Deb DeHaan

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Rod DeBoer Chad Oolman Steve Roesner Tony Vande Brake Earl Woudstra

HOSPITAL TRUSTEES

Randy Jacobsma, Chairman
Tim Zeutenhorst, Vice Chairman
Brenda Richardson, Secretary
Russ Adams
Kathy Alons
Jerry Henrich
Chris Immeker

APPOINTED CITY OFFICERS

Duane Feekes City Administrator

> Brad DeJong City Attorney

APPOINTED BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

Gary Cleveringa, Chairman John Kooiman, Vice-Chairman Jamie Valentine Arlin Smit Ben Van Engelenhoven

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

Mark Lundberg, Chairman Dale Pluim, Vice-Chairman Joe Poppema

Scott Heemstra Rhonda Moret Harold Hoftyzer Joe Ivy

ARTS COUNCIL

Aaron Beadner Char Ten-Clay Laura Malenke Terry J. Mouw Jim Schaap Emily Stokes Diana Gonzalez John Buntsma

Lindsay Bauer, Executive Director

LIBRARY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sue Kroesche, President Kay Joiner, Vice-President Micah Bilby, Secretary Elizabeth Kensak Brent Philipsen Cary Valdes Jared Weber

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Seth Bents Paul Brentlinger Rob Bruxvoort Ryan Cougill Kevin Dekker Michael Dekker Brandon DeKock Brian De Kock Mike Dorr Aaron Dykstra David Dykstra Josh Dykstra Michael Dykstra Chad Hase John Heller Kyle Heemstra Ryan Hoekstra Al Jeltema Riley Jeltema Kevin Lopez

Kevin Lopez
Ann Lundberg
Josh Meis
Nate Mosterd

Mitchell Phomphakdy

Mike Ritz Andrew Roghair Dan Roghair Lee Roghair Matt Saltsgiver Dan Schram

Dennis VanderWel, Chief Brent Van Leeuwen

CITY PERSONNEL

ADMINISTRATION

Kent Anderson Finance Officer
Janet Brown City Clerk
Duane Feekes City Administrator
Mark Gaul Community Development Director

Matt Van SchouwenPublic Works DirectorKurt FrederesCode OfficerBarb RamseyBilling ClerkWe RudenEvent Center ManagerMary WichersReceptionist/Secretary

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Jim PottebaumChief of PoliceDuane HulsteinPolice OfficerBruce JacobsmaPolice OfficerChad Van RavenswaayPolice OfficerAudley DeJongPolice OfficerTrey NiemyerPolice OfficerDarren WielengaPolice Officer

STREET DEPARTMENT

Luke HorkeyStreet CrewmanDon SniederStreet Crewman/MechanicRandy Van De GriendStreet Foreman

PARKS AND RECREATION

Mitch Aalbers Director
Brian Goslinga Park Maintenance

MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS

Bill Van Marel Jr. Custodian

UTILITIES

Ed DeJong Gas Utility Foreman Alan DeJong Electric Journeyman Lineman Shane Schwarz Gas Utility Crewman Michael Klootwyk Electric Journeyman Lineman Kirk Maasdam Water & Wastewater Operator Todd Klein Water & Wastewater Operator David Sassman Water & Wastewater Foreman Arlan Scholten **Electric Department Foreman** Mike Anema Electric Line Maintenance Worker II Michael Verdoorn Electric Journeyman Lineman

AIRPORT

Dan Vander Weide Base Operator

HOSPITAL

Marty W. Guthmiller Administrator
Dina Baas Chief Financial Officer

LIBRARY

Lisa Johnson Administrator
Parveen Karim Assistant Administrator



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Orange City, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Orange City Area Health System, (a discretely presented component unit), which statements reflect total assets of \$67,808,774 and total program revenues of \$52,616,472 for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Orange City Area Health System, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Orange City, lowa, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of City's Contributions to Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System and the Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes on pages 12 through 24 and 71 through 77 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

William & Lypny, P. C., Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa December 17, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

This discussion and analysis of the City of Orange City financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal on page 1 and the City's financial statements that follow this report, as well as the separately issued financial statements of Orange City Area Health System and Orange City's Municipal Golf Association, discretely presented component units of the City.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Orange City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2019 by \$47,406,324. Of this amount, \$5,572,204 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased by \$ 3,592,467during the year. Of this amount, the governmental activities increased by \$1,480,552 and the net position of our business activities increased by \$ 2,111,915.
- The City's governmental activities long-term debt increased \$ 690,000 during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition to the Management Discussion and Analysis, this annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government. An additional part of the basic financial statements are the Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by the private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is very similar to the method of accounting used by the private-sector companies. These two statements report the City's net position, which is the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Additional factors, such as changes in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure, are also important in making this determination.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we have divided the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, such as Police, Fire, Public Works, and Parks departments, and general administration. Property Taxes finances most of these activities.
- Business Type Activities The City charges fees to customers to cover the cost of these services. Included here are the City Electric, Water, Sewer, and Natural Gas funds.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds- not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law or by bond requirements. The City Council also established funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as construction projects) and to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Sales Tax Revenues). The City has the following types of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which focus on how money moves into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end are available for spending. These funds are reported using the "modified accrual basis" of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The Governmental Fund Statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and basic services it provides. Governmental Fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance City programs. We describe the relationship between Governmental Activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and Governmental Funds in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.
- Proprietary Funds When the City charges customers for the service it provides, these services are generally reported in Proprietary Funds. Proprietary Funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The major difference between the Proprietary Funds report and the Business Type Activities we report in the government- wide statements is the detail and additional information, such as cash flows, provided in the Proprietary Funds report.

THE CITY AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City government. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found behind the Fiduciary Funds statements.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

As stated earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The largest part of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from the other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following comparative chart shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	General Go				
	Activ		Business-Ty	, ,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 10,068,429	\$ 7,766,166	\$11,371,990	\$12,658,829	
Capital Assets	25,338,957	24,173,466	35,149,538	33,134,976	
Total Assets	35,407,386	31,939,632	46,521,528	45,793,805	
Deferred Outflows	405,166	438,745	154,525	182,117	
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	14,870,746	13,943,505	12,452,666	13,469,238	
Other Liabilities	936,349	326,261	2,314,066	2,719,406	
Total Liabilities	15,807,095	14,269,766	14,766,732	16,188,644	
Deferred Inflows	4,474,960	4,058,666	33,494	23,366	
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	15,407,790	14,234,324	22,168,051	18,475,912	
Restricted	2,326,682	2,117,016	1,931,597	1,978,634	
Unrestricted	(2,203,975)	(2,301,395)	7,776,179	9,309,366	
Total Net Position	\$15,530,497	\$14,049,945	\$31,875,827	\$29,763,912	
	Tota 2019	als 2018	is		
0 100 1	***				
Current and Other Assets	\$21,440,419	\$20,424,995			
Capital Assets	60,488,495	57,308,442			
Total Assets	81,928,914	77,733,437			
Deferred Outflows	559,691	620,862			
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	27,323,412	27,412,743			
Other Liabilities	3,250,415	3,045,667			
Total Liabilities	30,573,827	30,458,410			
Deferred Inflows	4,508,454	4,082,032			
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	37,575,841	32,710,236			
Restricted	4,258,279	4,095,650			
l lana atriata d					
Unrestricted Total Net Position	5,572,204	7,007,971			

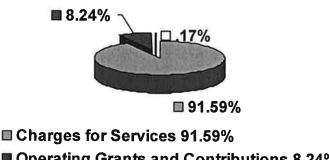
This summary reflects an increase of 10.54% for the governmental net position and an increase of 7.10% in the business-type net position.

Total revenue reported in Fiscal 2019 was \$21,532,719. The following table breaks down revenues collected for Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities for Fiscal Year 2019 and 2018:

		General Go		mental	-	Pusinosa Tr	'DO	Activities	
Revenue Source	Activities 2019 2018				Business-Type Activities 2019 2018				
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$	759,265	\$	768,443	\$	13,160,027	\$	13,125,366	
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,252,432		1,135,321	•	_	,	-	
Capital Grants and Contributions		26,110		110,463		-		10,183	
Total Program Revenues		2,037,807		2,014,227		13,160,027		13,135,549	
General Revenues & Interfund									
Transfers:									
Property Taxes		4,394,724		4,204,400				-	
Local Option Sales Tax		911,382		851,052				-	
Interest		46,327		11,555		136,084		43,469	
Gain on Sales of Assets		373,551		55,000		-			
Miscellaneous		82,746		176,451		390,071		174,431	
Total General Revenues		5,808,730		5,298,458		526,155		217,900	
Interfund Transfers		(115,436)		272,189		115,436		(272, 189)	
Total General Revenues &									
Interfund Transfers:		5,693,294		5,570,647		641,591		(54,289)	
Total Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	\$	7,731,101	\$	7,584,874	\$	13,801,618	\$	13,081,260	
		To	tals						
Revenue Source		2019		2018					
_									
Program Revenues:	•								
Charges for Services	\$ '	13,919,292	\$ 1	13,893,809					
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,252,432		1,135,321					
Capital Grants and Contributions		26,110		120,646					
Total Program Revenues	1	15,197,834		15,149,776					
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:									
Property Taxes		4,394,724		4,204,400					
Local Option Sales Tax		911,382		851,052					
Interest		182,411		55,024					
Gain on Sales of Assets		373,551		55,000					
Miscellaneous		472,817		350,882					
Total General Revenues &		712,011		000,002					
Interfund Transfers:		6,334,885		5,516,358					
		, = = :, = = =		.,,					
Total Revenues & Interfund Transfers:									

Program revenues totaled \$15,197,834 for fiscal year 2019. Governmental Activities provided \$2,037,807 and Business-Type Activities provided \$13,160,027. Revenue collected for Charges for Services during fiscal year 2019 was \$13,919,292, accounting for 91.59% of the total program revenues. The following chart breaks down program revenues by source:

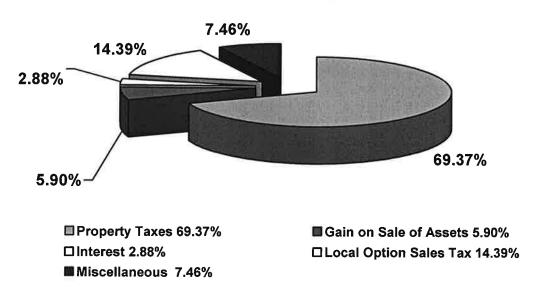
Program Revenues



- Operating Grants and Contributions 8.24%
- ☐ Capital Grants & Contributions 0.17%

General Revenues and Interfund Transfers for fiscal year 2019 totaled \$ 6,334,885. Governmental Activities provided \$5,693,294 and Business-Type Activities provided \$641,591. Property Tax Revenues for fiscal year 2019 totaled \$4,394,724, accounting for 69.37% of General Revenues. The following chart breaks down General Revenues by source:

General Revenues



Expenses for Fiscal 2019 totaled \$17,940,252. Expenses for Governmental Activities totaled \$6,250,549, accounting for 34.84% of total expenses. Business-Type Activity expenses totaled \$11,689,703, for 65.16% of the total.

The following table shows total expenses by Function/Program for FY 2019 and FY 2018:

	General Go	vernmental				
	Activ	ities		Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities
	2019	2018		2019		2018
\$	1,106,146	\$ 1,088,040	\$	18	\$	112
	1,605,411	1,907,228			•	
	1,869,376	1,658,414		14		
	302,629	558,788		16		N.
	962,503	,		12		i.
	404,484	331,151		12		N.
		-		1,159,532		856,862
	-	38				937,061
	-					7,425,922
-	<u>=</u>	· (#		2,019,069		2,197,738
\$	6,250,549	\$ 6,363,973	\$	11,689,703	\$	11,417,583
		\$ 1,106,146 1,605,411 1,869,376 302,629 962,503 404,484	\$ 1,106,146	Activities 2019 2018 \$ 1,106,146 \$ 1,088,040 \$ 1,605,411 1,907,228 1,869,376 1,658,414 302,629 558,788 962,503 820,252 404,484 331,151	Activities Business-Ty 2019 \$ 1,106,146 \$ 1,088,040 \$ - 1,605,411 1,907,228 - 1,869,376 1,658,414 - 302,629 558,788 - 962,503 820,252 - 404,484 331,151 - 1,159,532 - 1,023,038 - 1,023,038 - 7,488,064 - 2,019,069	Activities Business-Type A 2019 \$ 1,106,146 \$ 1,088,040 \$ - \$ 1,605,411 1,907,228 - 1,869,376 1,658,414 - 302,629 558,788 - 962,503 820,252 - 404,484 331,151 - 1,159,532 - 1,023,038 - 7,488,064 - 2,019,069

	Totals					
		2019		2018		
Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Community & Economic Development General Government Debt Service Sewer System Water System Electric System	\$	1,106,146 1,605,411 1,869,376 302,629 962,503 404,484 1,159,532 1,023,038 7,488,064	\$	1,088,040 1,907,228 1,658,414 558,788 820,252 331,151 856,862 937,061 7,425,922		
Natural Gas System		2,019,069		2,197,738		
Total Expenses	\$	17,940,252	\$	17,781,556		

The following table shows the activities included within each program level:

Program Level

Public Safety Public Works

Culture and Recreation
Community and Economic Development

General Government Debt Service Capital Projects Sewer System

Water System

Electric System

Natural Gas System

Activity

Individual & Community Protection, Physical Health Roadway Construction, Airport Operations, Street

Lighting, Transportation Services

Education & Culture, Leisure Time Opportunities Economic Development, Community Beautification,

Planning and Zoning

Administration, Support Services

Payment of Interest

Construction of Capital Facilities

Operation of the Waste Water Treatment

Plant/Supply Distribution System

Operation of Water Treatment Plant/Supply

Distribution System

Operation of Electric Plant/Supply Distribution

System

Operation of Natural Gas Plant/Supply Distribution

System

Governmental of Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance. Please note that the expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense) Revenue calculation. This format highlights the respective financial burden that each of the functions place on the taxpayers. For example, for Public Safety, the City spent \$ 1,106,146 and received \$ 207,973 in revenue, thus leaving a cost to the taxpayer of \$ 898,173 to be funded by various methods. The format also identifies how much each function draws from general revenues or is self-financing through fees or grants. Some of the individual line item revenues reported for each function are:

Public Safety Fines, Fees

Public Works Road Use Tax, Rent, Special Assessments

Culture and Recreation Fees, State Aid General Government Licenses, Permits

Capital Projects Donations, State Grants, Federal Grants

The total cost of governmental activities this year was \$6,250,549. Of these costs, \$759,265 was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs. Costs paid by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions was \$1,278,542, leaving a Net Expense of \$4,212,742 for Governmental Activities. These expenses of were covered with tax revenues, interest and other general revenues. The Statement of Activities in the financial statements provides further detail. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Governmental Activity is shown in the following table:

Functions/Programs		Net (Ex Reve	e)		
		2019		2018	
Governmental Activities:					
Public Safety	\$	(898,173)	\$	(796,078)	
Public Works		(486,547)		(835,305)	
Culture and Recreation		(1,457,718)		(1,250,324)	
Community and Economic Development		(153,126)		(470,891)	
General Government		(857,751)		(715,925)	
Debt Service		(359,427)		(281,223)	
Total Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental Activities		(4,212,742)		(4,349,746)	
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers		5,693,294		5,570,647	
Change in Net Position	\$	1,480,552	\$	1,220,901	

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$21,781,046 consisting of Net Position at July 1, 2018 of \$14,049,945, Program Revenues of \$2,037,807 and General Revenues and Transfers of \$5,693,294. Total Governmental Activities during the year expended \$6,250,549; thus, Net Position increased by \$1,480,552 to \$15,530,497.

Business Type Activities

Business Type Activities increased the City's net position by \$ 2,111,915.

The cost of all Proprietary Activities this year was \$11,689,703. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount paid by users of the systems was \$13,160,027 resulting in total Net Revenue for Business Type Activities of \$1,470,324. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Business Type Activity is shown in the following table:

Business-Type Activities		Net (Expense) Revenue						
		2019		2018				
Electric System Water System Sewer System Natural Gas System	\$	1,084,829 (73,419) 206,366 252,548	\$	1,047,399 79,233 372,688 214,646				
Total Net (Expense) Revenue Business-Type Activities General Revenues & Interfund Transfers		1,470,324 641,591		1,717,966 (54,646)				
Change in Net Position	\$	2,111,915	\$	1,663,677				

Total resources available during the year to finance Proprietary Fund activities were \$43,565,530 consisting of Net Position at July 1, 2018 of \$29,763,912, Program Revenues of \$13,160,027 and General Revenues and Transfers of \$ 641,591. Total Proprietary Fund Activities during the year expended \$11,689,703; thus Net Position was increased by \$2,111,915 to \$ 31,875,827.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. Unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year. The City's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,652,111. The combined Governmental Funds balance increased \$1,347,801 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures in the General fund by \$ 363,807. The major reason for the increase in fund balance is due to some expenditures that were budgeted in fiscal year 2018, but were expended during this fiscal year.

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of state fuel tax dollars. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$ 140,350. This was a budgeted decision to help increase reserves for a future street project. The fund transferred \$ 640,000 to the general fund to help with street operations as well as a purchase of a snowplow truck.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for collection of general property taxes for the repayment of general obligation debt. During the year, expenditures exceeded revenues by \$156,938. This was a planned event during the fiscal year 2019 budget session.

The TIF Fund (Tax Incremental Financing) is used to account for property taxes received to be expended for various public improvement projects. The TIF Fund balance increased by \$195,228. This was due to construction of a new housing subdivision, which includes street, water and sewer.

The 2018 Street Project Fund is used to account for debt issued and expenditures incurred relating to the 2018 Street Project. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$387,274. This was due to a debt issuance relating to the project that was not fully spent at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Comparing the fiscal year 2019 original (adopted) city wide amount of \$ 71,241,844 to the final budget amount of \$ 72,963,844 shows a net increase of \$ 1,722,000.

The following table shows the government wide budget variances by program structure:

		Amended				
Expenses		Budget	Actual	Variance		
Public Safety Public Works	\$	1,263,963 1,155,480	\$ 1,195,629 1,095,815	\$	68,334	
Culture and Recreation Community and		1,620,941	1,736,660		59,665 (115,719)	
Economic Development General Government		477,052 1,037,992	343,352 794,315		133,700	
Capital Projects Debt Service		3,410,000	2,279,074		243,677 1,130,926	
Business-Type Activities	-	1,947,754 62,050,662	1,747,262 63,775,555		200,492 (1,724,893)	
Total Expenses	_\$	72,963,844	\$ 72,967,662		\$ (3,818)	

During the year there was a \$ 1,722,000 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. Following are the main components of the increase:

- \$ 285,000 supplemental appropriation to the fire department for such costs as for the purchase of a new fire truck. The City pre-paid for the chassis, but not the pumper.
- \$ 87,000 supplemental appropriation to roadway maintenance, and airport, for such costs as equipment for a snowplow, and engineering costs for redevelopment of our airport, which is in the close out phase with the Federal Aviation Administration.
- \$ 40,000 supplemental appropriation to our park department for such costs as for supplies (tulips) and equipment repairs for our parks department.
- \$ 50,000 supplemental appropriation to our economic development department for such costs related to tax increment financing.
- \$ 100,000 supplemental appropriation to our general government for such costs as for equipment (new boiler) for city hall and alley right of way purchase.
- \$ 1,160,000 supplemental appropriation to capital projects. Those projects included 2018 street, and Dunlop Park Improvements.

A part of the increase was possible because of additional revenues. Those revenues included additional Tax Increment Financing revenues, sale of fire equipment. The rest of the appropriations were paid with the fund balance from the general fund.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment, streets, and other infrastructure represents the value of the resources utilized to provide services to our citizens. The investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2019, was \$37,575,841 (net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding financings). The gross additions to capital assets for Fiscal 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

**	G	eneral Gov Activi	vernmental ities		Business-Type Activities			
	2	2019 2018			2019	2018		
Land	\$	52,510	\$ -	\$	364,701	\$	2,136,879	
Infrastructure			999,364		-		-	
Buildings		:=:	3,206,060		23,197		· ·	
Improvements-Other than Buildings		56,075	48,786		 8		-	
Equipment		340,019	277,878		369,944		162,449	
Utility Plant			9 -6		9,816,620		494,079	
Construction in Progress	1	,803,217	883,802		2,297,144		7,556,782	
Total Gross Additions	\$ 2	,251,821	\$ 5,415,890	\$ 1	12,871,606	\$ 1	0,350,189	

	Totals						
	2019		2018				
Land	\$ 417,211	\$	2,136,879				
Infrastructure	2		999,364				
Buildings	23,197		3,206,060				
Improvements-Other Buildings	56,075		48,786				
Equipment	709,963		440,327				
Utility Plant	9,816,620		494,079				
Construction in Progress	4,100,361		8,440,584				
Total Expenditures	\$ 15,123,427	\$	15,766,079				

Construction In Progress at June 30, 2019 for governmental activities consisted of costs associated with the Dunlop Park Improvements, and the 2018 street project.

For Business-Type Activities, the Utility Plant addition consisted of costs associated with the sewer distribution system and our renovations to the sewer plant system.

See Note 6 to the financial statements for more information on the City's capital assets.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end the City had \$25,607,000 of debt outstanding. Of this amount, \$13,105,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of \$12,502,000 is debt represented by bonds secured solely by the specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Debt administration is on track, with over 72% of all City debt repaid within the next 10 years. This rapid repayment, when combined with the use of TIF has allowed the City to maintain our good rating. This reflects well on our community.

The City continues to operate well under State debt capacity limitations. The State limits the amount of General Obligation Debt Outstanding to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property in the community. Thus, our debt capacity is \$ 20,014,252. With outstanding General Obligation Debt applicable to this limit of \$13,105,000, we are utilizing 67.94% of this limit. More detailed information on debt administration is provided in Note 7 of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City of Orange City worked hard in FY 2019 to maintain a positive approach to growth and development. Continued progressive growth in the Orange City community had a positive effect on the City's unemployment and tax base. The growth in Local Option Sales Tax demonstrates that the Orange City's economy continues to grow

The City still has street improvements high on their priority list. We did have another street project for this fiscal year. It is made up of approximately five blocks of new street. The new street is located on Delaware Avenue SW. The total cost of the project which includes street, water, sewer and storm sewer is around \$1,500,000.

The city also continued with their construction on new housing development called Puddlejumper 9th Addition. The development will have water, sewer, storm sewer and paving improvements. The development will have around fifty lots available for sale by fall of 2019.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the finance department at the City of Orange City, 125 Central Avenue SE, Orange City, IA 51041.

	Governmental	Sovernment Business-Type		Component Unit Orange City Orange City Muni.				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Area Health System	Golf Association			
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,850,607				\$ 7,454			
nvestments	1,048,720	4,835,000	5,883,720	8,551,282				
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for								
uncollectibles)	54 440	4 000 045	4 4 4 0 0 0 4					
Accounts	51,419	1,096,845	1,148,264	5,992,863				
Taxes	14,523	•	14,523	-	-			
Subsequent Year Taxes Accrued Interest	4,380,416	00.400	4,380,416		(*)			
Estimated Unbilled Usage	19,489	90,199	109,688	59,162	10.00			
Special Assessments	25.745	428,101	428,101	10	0条			
Pledges Receivable	35,745	•	35,745	(2)	71.00			
Notes Receivable	396,160	2	200 400	1.0	74,00			
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	132,151	247.022	396,160					
nventories	19,299	247,622 1,151,721	379,773 1,171,020	553,622	22.60			
Prepaid Assets	119,900				22,68			
Other	119,300	71,130	191,030	96,054				
Restricted Assets, Cash and Investments:		•	-	2,472,554	-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		389	389	3,154	30,80			
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Investments	7.5	600,000	600,000		30,00			
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Investments		1,385,000	1,385,000					
and	1,116,456	4,566,366	5,682,822	1 907 420				
Construction in Progress	2,343,746	1,057,369		1,897,439	(1.00)			
nfrastructure, Property and Equipment, Net	2,343,740	1,007,309	3,401,115	489,549	•			
of Accumulated Depreciation	24 979 755	20 525 002	54 404 550	20.044.000	. 700 000			
Total Assets	21,878,755	29,525,803	51,404,558	30,244,683	1,799,602			
I Oldi Assets	35,407,386	46,521,528	81,928,914	67,808,774	1,934,542			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
	5.000							
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	5,220	2,167	7,387	49,876				
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	399,946	152,358	552,304	5,117,244				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	405,166	154,525	559,691	5,167,120				
IABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	752,650	1,228,368	1,981,018	1,735,994	7,694			
Accrued Wages	74,747	40,883	115,630	3,841,343	200			
Accrued Expenses		32,498	32,498	987,706	3 = 8			
Customer Deposits	3.50	33,525	33,525	-	200			
Lease Deposit	(*)			228,427	: -):			
Unearned Revenue	56,063		56,063					
Accrued Interest	52,889		52,889	178,070	-			
Payables from Restricted Assets:			·	·				
Accrued Interest		53,792	53,792					
Revenue Bonds - Current	900	925,000	925,000	4.1	340			
Noncurrent Liabilities:		,	,					
Due within one year:								
Revenue Bonds Payable	83			1,721,964				
General Obligation Bonds	1,410,000	- 3	1,410,000	1,721,904	4			
Notes Payable	1,410,000	- 3	1,470,000		76,014			
Compensated Absences and Benefits	40,812	34,346	75 159	320	70,012			
Due in more than one year:	40,012	34,340	75,158		-			
Revenue Bonds Payable		44 040 474	44.040.474	47.007.000				
	40.000.004	11,916,474	11,916,474	17,837,060	-			
General Obligation Bonds	12,092,831		12,092,831	:**	28			
Notes Payable					69,554			
Net Pension Liability	1,194,021	423,000	1,617,021	16,670,713	5			
Other Post Employment Benefits	71,864	29,826	101,690	349,921				
Compensated Absences and Benefits, Long-Term	61,218	49,020	110,238					
Total Liabilities	15,807,095	14,766,732	30,573,827	43,551,198	153,262			
CECORED INC. ON OF DECOURAGE								
EFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes	4,380,416	=1	4,380,416	-	*			
Home Health Deferred Inflows	9	*	=	42,405				
Other Post Employment Benefits Related Deferred Inflows	4200 \$20 miles	00000	vones. Tanco	36,631				
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	94,544	33,494	128,038	848,990				
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	4,474,960	33,494	4,508,454	928,026				
ET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	15,407,790	22,168,051	37,575,841	13,072,647	1,654,034			
Restricted for:	, ,		27,010,011	10,012,071	1,007,004			
Debt Service	114,297	1,931,597	2,045,894					
Permanent Funds - nonexpendable	110,375	1,85,168,1			2			
Specific Revenues		3	110,375	<u> </u>	2			
Donor Restrictions	2,102,010	3.4	2,102,010	45.000	404.004			
Unrestricted	(0.000.075)	7 770 470	£ £70.00	45,392	104,801			
Total Net Position	(2,203,975)	7,776,179	5,572,204	15,378,631	22,445			
LOVER THE CODITION	\$ 15,530,497	\$ 31,875,827	\$ 47,406,324	\$ 28,496,670	\$ 1,781,280			

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			ı	Progra	am Revenue	S	
				C	perating		Capital
		Ch	arges for	G	rants and	Gra	ants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Col	ntributions	Con	tributions
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Public Safety	\$ 1,106,146	\$	12,713	\$	169,150	\$	26,110
Public Works	1,605,411		338,514	·	780,350	•	-
Culture and Recreation	1,869,376		285,554		126,104		.
Community and Economic Development	302,629		59,802		89,701		*
General Government	962,503		62,682		42,070		iπ
Debt Service	404,484		-		45,057		e e
Total governmental activities	6,250,549		759,265		1,252,432		26,110
Business-Type Activities:							
Electric Utility	7,488,064		8,572,893		=):		=
Water Utility	1,023,038		949,619		-		_
Sewer Utility	1,159,532		1,365,898		:=::		_
Gas Utility	2,019,069		2,271,617		.=.		-
Total Business-Type Activities:	11,689,703	1	13,160,027	_	<u> </u>		-
Total Primary Government	\$ 17,940,252	<u>\$ 1</u>	13,919,292	\$	1,252,432	\$	26,110
Component Unit:							
Orange City Area Health System	\$ 52,085,852	\$ 5	52,529,720	\$	60,166	\$	26,586
Orange City Municipal Golf Association	\$ 635,870	\$	368,521	\$	188,749	\$	21,432

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Local Option Sales Tax

Interest

Gain on Sale of Assets

Miscellaneous

Interfund Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net Position - beginning

Net Position - ending

		-		Expense) Reve anges in Net P							
		ai	iu Chi	anges in Net P	osition	Component Unit					
Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total			Orange City Health System	Orange City Municipal Golf Ass'				
\$ (898,173) (486,547) (1,457,718) (153,126) (857,751) (359,427) (4,212,742)			\$	(898,173) (486,547) (1,457,718) (153,126) (857,751) (359,427) (4,212,742)							
(4,212,742)	\$	1,084,829 (73,419) 206,366 252,548 1,470,324		1,084,829 (73,419) 206,366 252,548 1,470,324 (2,742,418)							
					\$	530,620	\$	(57,168)			
4,394,724		₽.		4,394,724		•					
911,382				911,382		æ:		**			
46,327 373,551		136,084		182,411		469,486		iff			
82,746		390,071		373,551 472,817				#			
(115,436)		115,436		+12,011 =							
5,693,294		641,591		6,334,885	3:	469,486	-				
	-	2,111,915		3,592,467		1,000,106	-	(57,168)			
1.480.552											
1,480,552 14,049,945		29,763,912		43,813,857		27,496,564		1,838,448			

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds JUNE 30, 2019

		General	Road Use Tax	TIF	Debt Service
Assets		00110101	OOO TUX		COLVICE
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$	1,905,366	\$ 73,329	\$ 611,390	\$ 161,625
Investments		98,720	750,000	200,000	*
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance		•		35	
for uncollectibles)					
Accounts		51,419	(=)	: - 8	-
Taxes		7,578	: <u></u>	1,384	5,561
Subsequent Year Taxes		1,755,745	(E)	1,075,000	1,549,671
Accrued Interest		15,386	3	4,103	7
Special Assessments		35,745		-	-
Notes Receivable		22	**	<u>~</u> 0	<u> </u>
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		70,173	61,978	7 4 7.	2
Inventories		=	19,299	2	-
Total Assets		3,940,132	904,606	1,891,877	1,716,857
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable		218.617	-	273,620	12
Accrued Wages		74,747	_	270,020	-
Unearned FEMA Revenue		56,063	_	_	_
Total Liabilities	-	349,427	_	273,620	-
Defermed lefters of Bergusses					
Deferred Inflow of Resources		00 540			
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments		32,542	3	4 075 000	4 540 074
Unavailable Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	-	1,755,745		 1,075,000	1,549,671
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		1,788,287	*	1,075,000	 1,549,671
Fund Balances (Deficits)					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories		3.5	19,299		§ ≡
Permanent Fund Principal			20 0	₫	85
Restricted for:					
Debt Service			2 6	.	167,186
TIF		-	-	543,257	9
Economic Development		-		<u>=</u>	-
Road Use Tax		-	885,307	=	=
Assigned for:					
Capital Project		-	-	~	-
Unassigned		1,802,418	-		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		1,802,418	904,606	543,257	167,186
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources					
and Fund Balances	\$	3,940,132	\$ 904,606	\$ 1,891,877	\$ 1,716,857

 2018 Street Project		Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$ 107,925	\$	990,972	\$	3,850,607		
				1,048,720		
<u>=</u>		¥		51,419		
~		=		14,523		
2		=		4,380,416		
#		#		19,489		
-		¥		35,745		
*		396,160		396,160		
=		-		132,151		
 407.005		-		19,299		
 107,925		1,387,132		9,948,529		
114,104		146,309		752,650		
•		₹:		74,747		
 <u> </u>		=		56,063		
 114,104		146,309		883,460		
S=		i iii		32,542		
(E				4,380,416		
 716		186		4,412,958		
무골		1		19,299		
**		110,375		110,375		
360		8=		167,186		
-		16 4 3		543,257		
		654,147		654,147		
(≝)		**		885,307		
		476,301		476,301		
(6,179)		(8)		1,796,239		
 (6,179)		1,240,823		4,652,111		
\$ 107,925	\$	1,387,132	\$	9,948,529		

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (page 29)		\$ 4,652,111
Infrastructure, property, and equipment used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		25,338,957
Deferred revenues that provide current financial resources for governmental activities		32,542
Accrued interest from the balance sheet that require current financial resources for governmental activities		(52,889)
Accrued compensated absences, net pension liability, and other post employment benefits not reported on the modified accrual basis		(1,367,915)
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		5,220
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows: Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 399,946 (94,544)	305,402
Prepaid expenses are reported in the governmental activities but are not reported in the funds as they do not provide current economic resources		119,900
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		(13,502,831)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (page 25)		\$ 15,530,497

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General	Use Tax	TIF
Revenue:			
Taxes	\$ 1,686,608	\$	\$ 14.
Special Assessments	4,254	. = 6	: = :
Licenses and Permits	6,548	i#8	3
Intergovernmental	329,423	780,350	42,701
Charges for Services	690,537	-	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Fines and Forfeits	18,590	(a)	-
TIF Revenue	174,231	40	1,049,264
Local Option Sales Tax	911,382	====	-
Proceeds from Sale of Real Estate	, <u>-</u>	-	348,551
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	25,000	-	-
Interest on Investments	20,532	-	4,103
Miscellaneous	150,407	_	-,,,,,,
Total Revenue	4,017,512	780,350	1,444,619
Expenditures:			
Public Safety	1,195,629		
Public Works	1,095,815	~ ~	. <u>.</u> .
Culture and Recreation	1,736,660	2	
Community and Economic Development	343,352		1774 1247
General Government	794,315	E 2	(F).
Capital Projects	707,010	_	1,004,761
Debt Service:		-	1,004,701
Principal Retirement	200	#2	215 000
Interest/Bond Costs	3.50	-	215,000 29,630
Total Expenditures	5,165,771		1,249,391
Total Experiences	5,105,771		1,249,391
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,148,259)	780,350	195,228
Other financing sources (uses):			
Issuance of Debt	420,000	2	<u>_</u>
Premium on Debt Issued	44,665	<u></u>	*** ***
Transfers In	1,047,401	= <u>=</u>	
Transfers Out	.,0.,7.0.1	(640,000)	÷
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,512,066	(640,000)	2
Net Change in Fund Balance	363,807	140,350	195,228
tot onango in i una balance	303,007	140,330	195,228
Fund balances (Deficits)-beginning of year	1,438,611	761,709	348,029
ncrease in Reserve for Inventory	383	2,547	*
Fund balances (Deficits)- end of year	\$ 1,802,418	\$ 904,606	\$ 543,257

Debt Service			Street Governmental			Total Governmental Funds			
\$ 1,484,621	\$	·	\$:=0	\$	3,171,229			
		5,159		(#E)		9,413			
•				:=3		6,548			
45,057		: -:		47,000		1,244,531			
-				·		690,537			
172				*		18,590			
500		-		=		1,223,495			
(a)		:= :		¥1		911,382			
%€;		926		**		348,551			
0 ≔ ;		(₩)		14 0		25,000			
12,437		:#::		9,255		46,327			
				3,950		154,357			
1,542,115		5,159		60,205		7,849,960			
•		=		-		1,195,629			
-		-		=		1,095,815			
/¥5		_		=		1,736,660			
-		= 1		<u>a</u>		343,352			
(2)		2		<u>~</u>		794,315			
-		877,987		396,326		2,279,074			
1,375,000		*		waster and the control		1,590,000			
324,053		22,826		22,482		398,991			
1,699,053		900,813		418,808		9,433,836			
(156,938)		(895,654)		(358,603)		(1,583,876)			
		4 460 000		700 000		0.000.000			
-		1,160,000		700,000		2,280,000			
250		122,928		74,136		241,729			
		- -		<u>5</u>		1,047,401			
		1,282,928		774,136	-	(640,000) 2,929,130			
		1,202,320		114,130		2,929,130			
(156,938)		387,274		415,533		1,345,254			
324,124		(393,453)		825,290		3,304,310			
ā		₩.		%₩.		2,547			
\$ 167,186	\$	(6,179)	\$	1,240,823	\$	4,652,111			

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 32) Net Change in Fund Balance Increase in Reserve for Inventory	\$ 1,345,254 2,547	\$ 1,347,801
Governmental funds report capital outlays, including infrastructure, as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current year as follows:		
Expenditures for capital assets Transfer of capital assets to business-type activities Depreciation expense	2,774,658 (522,837) (1,086,330)	1,165,491
Revenues reported in the funds that are not available to provide current financial resources		(3,423)
Prepaid insurance is not reported in the governmental funds as it is not available to provide current financial resources		(6,840)
Accrued interest expense that does not require current financial resources		(23,415)
Amortization of premium on long term debt		17,922
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, as follows: Compensated absences Other post employment benefits Pension expense	(373) (742) (84,140)	(85,255)
The issuance of indebtedness provides current financial resources to the governmental funds without affecting net position. The statement of activities does not reflect the proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt. The proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt for the year was:		(2,521,729)
The repayment of the principal of bonded long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds without affecting the net position. The statement of activities does not reflect the payment of principal on bonded long-term debt. The principal paid on bonded long-term debt during the current year was:		1,590,000
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 27)		\$ 1,480,552

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Proprietary Funds JUNE 30, 2019

50NL 50, 2015									
		Bu	siness	Type Activitie	es				
	1	Electric Utility	Water Utility		Sewer Utility				
ASSETS									
Current Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	508,900	\$	421,494	\$	277,687			
nvestments		3,005,000		325,000		1,055,000			
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for									
uncollectibles)									
Accounts Accrued Interest		780,488		104,905		131,884			
Estimated Unbilled Usage		37,649		9,308		32,984			
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		323,699		38,564		45,491			
Inventories		247,622 941,609		120 102					
Prepaid Assets		27,834		128,182 19,816		16,916			
Total Current Assets		5,872,801		1,047,269		1,559,962			
Non Current Assets	-	3,072,001	_	1,047,209		1,009,902			
Restricted Assets:									
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service - Cash		389		- 2					
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Investments		270,000		225,000		80,000			
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Investments		275,000		200,000		885,000			
and		2,293,167		1,778,352		469,847			
Construction in Progress		391,475		513,441		152,453			
nfrastructure, Property and Equipment, Net		001,470		010,771		102,400			
of Accumulated Depreciation		10,274,288		4,967,715		13,209,770			
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	13,504,319	-	7,684,508		14,797,070			
Total Assets	-	19,377,120	-	8,731,777	-	16,357,032			
					-	,,			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
DPEB Related Deferred Outflows		999		585		5 0			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows		78,086		46,417					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	79,085	=	47,002					
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts Payable		634,108		19,445		510,274			
Accrued Wages		18,333		9,994		6,264			
Accrued Expenses		24,372		4,198		2,074			
Customer Deposits		20,725				2,014			
Accrued Revenue Bond Interest		9,335		19,631		24,280			
Revenue Bonds - Current		235,000		220,000		355,000			
Total Current Liabilities	-	941,873		273,268	-	897,892			
Ioncurrent Liabilities:		011,010		270,200	-	001,002			
Due within one year:									
Compensated Absences		18,198		7,196		4,681			
Due in more than one year:		,		.,		.,			
Revenue Bonds Payable		2,102,000		1,470,000		8,344,474			
Net Pension Liability		219,699		125,016		uju ,			
Other Post Employment Benefits		13,755		8,052		-			
Compensated Absences and Benefits, Long-Term		28,052		9,456		4,976			
Total Liabilities		3,323,577	_	1,892,988	_	9,252,023			
		0,020,011	-	,,002,000	-	0,202,020			
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
ension Related Deferred Inflows	-	17,396		9,899					
IET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		10,621,930		5,569,508		4,992,583			
Restricted for:		10,021,000		0,000,000		7,552,503			
Debt Service		536,054		405,369		940,720			
Unrestricted		4,957,248		901,015		1,171,706			
Total Net Position	\$	16,115,232	\$	6,875,892	\$	7,105,009			
	4	וטוווטובטב		0,010,002	Ψ	7,100,009			

During Town Author					
Business Type Activities					
Gas					
Utility	Total				
\$ 257,902	\$ 1,465,983				
450,000	4,835,000				
·					
70 500	4 000 045				
79,568 10,258	1,096,845 90,199				
20,347	428,101				
(8)	247,622				
81,930	1,151,721				
6,564 906,569	9,386,601				
300,003	3,000,001				
05.000	389				
25,000 25,000	600,000 1,385,000				
25,000	4,566,366				
	1,057,369				
1,074,030	29,525,803				
1,149,030 2,055,599	<u>37,134,927</u> 46,521,528				
	10,021,020				
583	2,167				
27,855 28,438	152,358 154,525				
	101,020				
64 541	1 220 260				
64,541 6,292	1,228,368 40,883				
1,854	32,498				
12,800	33,525				
546	53,792				
<u>115,000</u> 201,033	925,000 2,314,066				
201,000	2,014,000				
4,271	34,346				
2	11,916,474				
78,285	423,000				
8,019	29,826				
6,536	49,020				
298,144	14,766,732				
6,199	33,494				
004.000	00.400.05:				
984,030	22,168,051				
49,454	1,931,597				
746,210	7,776,179				
\$ 1,779,694	\$ 31,875,827				

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business Type Activities			
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 8,572,893	\$ 949,619	\$ 1,365,898	
Total Operating Revenue	8,572,893	949,619	1,365,898	
Operating Expenses:				
Production	4,612,543	209,435	159,404	
Transmission	736,768	24,326	· .	
Distribution / Collection	570,570	213,111	150,713	
Administrative and General	480,134	198,938	176,190	
Depreciation	639,847	316,774	382,888	
Total Operating Expenses	7,039,862	962,584	869,195	
Operating Income (Loss)	1,533,031	(12,965)	496,703	
Non-Operating Income (Expense):				
Interest Income	78,576	14,462	32,788	
Other Non-operating Revenues	285,247	38,922	65,387	
Interest Expense	(57,852)	(47,454)	(281,337)	
Other Non-operating Expenses	(390,350)	(13,000)	(9,000)	
Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses)	(84,379)	(7,070)	(192,162)	
Income (Loss) before Transfers	1,448,652	(20,035)	304,541	
Capital Contribution	<u> </u>	370,384	152,453	
Transfers Out	(311,401)	(23,000)	(23,000)	
Change in Net Position	1,137,251	327,349	433,994	
Net Position - Beginning	14,977,981	6,548,543	6,671,015	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 16,115,232	\$ 6,875,892	\$ 7,105,009	

Business Type Activities				
	Gas			
	Utility		Total	
-	,			
_				
	2,271,617	_\$	13,160,027	
-	2,271,617	_	13,160,027	
	(\₩		4,981,382	
	1,645,455		2,406,549	
	185,010		1,119,404	
	124,328		979,590	
	58,507		1,398,016	
	2,013,300		10,884,941	
	258,317		2,275,086	
	10,258		136,084	
	515		390,071	
	(5,769)		(392,412)	
	5,004	-	(412,350) (278,607)	
	3,004		(270,007)	
	263,321		1,996,479	
	*		522,837	
	(50,000)		(407,401)	
	213,321		2,111,915	
	1,566,373	-	29,763,912	
\$	1,779,694	\$	31,875,827	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business Type Activitie			es	s	
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Sewer Utility
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	8,596,758	\$	953,804	\$	1,359,768
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	•	(5,733,848)	*	(331,417)	*	(529,476)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(627,622)		(348,939)		(262,830)
Other Nonoperating Income		285,247		43,119		65,387
Other Nonoperating Expenses		(390,350)		(13,000)		(9,000)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_	2,130,185		303,567		623,849
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(1,289,639)		(90,081)		(1,510,021)
Principal Paid on Notes and Bonds		(388,000)		(220,000)		(355,000)
Interest Paid on Notes and Bonds		(58,773)		(49,150)		(290,131)
Net Cash (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,736,412)	=	(359,231)		(2,155,152)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers (To) Other Funds		(311,401)		(23,000)		(23,000)
Due From Other Funds		444,845				
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Non-Capital Financing Activities		133,444	-	(23,000)		(23,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Proceeds from Sale of Investment Securities		2,000,000		500,000		20.000
Purchase of Investment Securities		(3,550,000)		(750,000)		(2,020,000)
Due from Other Governments		(27,049)		-		(=,===,===)
Interest and Dividends on Investments	_	72,645	8	13,349		
Net Cash (Used) by Investing Activities		(1,504,404)	·	(236,651)	-	(2,000,000)
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(977,187)		(315,315)		(3,554,303)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,486,476		736,809		3,831,990
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	509,289	\$	421,494	\$	277,687
Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:						
Contributed Capital	_\$:=::	\$	370,384	_\$	152,453

Business Type Activities				
	Gas Utility		Total	
\$	2,266,193 (1,748,814) (248,890) 515 	\$	13,176,523 (8,343,555) (1,488,281) 394,268 (412,350) 3,326,605	
	(115,000) (6,268) (121,268)		(2,889,741) (1,078,000) (404,322) (4,372,063)	
	(50,000)	-	(407,401) 444,845 37,444	
	(500,000)	:(=	2,520,000 (6,820,000) (27,049) 85,994	
	(500,000)	0	(4,241,055)	
	(402,264)		(5,249,069)	
_	660,166		6,715,441	
\$	257,902	\$	1,466,372	
\$		_\$	522,837	

continued

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Business Type Activities				
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Sewer Utility
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
Operating Income (Loss)	_\$	1,533,031	\$	(12,965)	_\$	496,703
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						
Depreciation		639,847		316,774		382,888
Other Non-Operating Income		285,247		43,119		65,387
Other Non-Operating Expenses		(390,350)		(13,000)		(9,000
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:						
Accounts Receivable		36,905		8,432		(5,341
Estimated Unbilled Usage		(12,731)		(4,247)		(789
Inventories		1,119		(33,063)		÷
Prepaid Expenses		584		(288)		(9,453
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		29,428		6,789		(294,320
Accrued Wages and Compensated Absences		1,639		(849)		(2,169
Accrued Expenses		585		(5,583)		(57
Customer Deposits		(309)		3		=
Net Pension Liability		(6,366)		(7,327)		₩
Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,794		2,101		₩.
Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,620		3,591		=
OPEB Liability		142		83		=
Total Adjustments		597,154		316,532		127,146
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		2,130,185		303,567		623,849
Cash and Cash Equivalents		508,900		421,494		277,687
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service		389		18		=
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	509,289	\$	421,494	\$	277,687

Business Type Activities			
	Gas Utility		Total **
_\$	258,317	_\$	2,275,086
	58,507 515		1,398,016 394,268 (412,350)
	(7,368) 1,894 (5,067) (523)		32,628 (15,873) (37,011) (9,680)
	(4,607) 317 13 50 (53,511)		(262,710) (1,062) (5,042) (259) (67,204)
	20,468 (83) 82 10,687 269,004	_	27,363 10,128 307 1,051,519 3,326,605
\$	257,902 - 257,902	\$	1,465,983 389 1,466,372

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Agency Fund JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	_\$ 41	1,245
Total Assets	41	,245
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	4	1,245
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 41</u>	,245

Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The City of Orange City, Iowa is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Sioux County, and was incorporated in 1884, under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended in 1974 under the Home Rule City Act. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and administers the following programs as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development and general government services. The City also provides electric, water, sewer and gas utilities.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Orange City, Iowa, has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

These financial statements present the City of Orange City, Iowa (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. Complete financial statements of the individual component units, which issued separate financial statements as noted below, can be obtained from their respective administrative office.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> – The government-wide financial statements include The Orange City Area Health System (Hospital) as a component unit. The Hospital is a legally separate entity. Iowa statute provides situations where the City can impose their will on the Hospital and / or the hospital can create a potential financial benefit or burden on the City. The Hospital budget is approved by the City and the Hospital cannot issue its own debt. Complete financials are on file at the Hospital.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> – The government-wide financial statements include The Orange City Municipal Golf Association (Association) as a component unit. The Association is a legally separate entity with a December 31 year end. The Association is fiscally dependent upon the City to provide financing for capital purchases and for operations and could present a financial burden to the City. The Association operations are financed through its operation with the City committed to funding all deficits. The City approves all debt of the Association. Complete financials are available at the Association.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations for which the City is not financially accountable or that the nature and significance of the relationship with the City are such that exclusion does not cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. City officials are members of the following Boards and Commissions: Sioux County Conference Board, Sioux County Emergency Management Commission, Sioux County Joint E911 Service Board, and Early Childhood Development.

B. Basic Financial Statements-Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's general, special revenue, debt service, capital project and permanent funds are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The City first uses restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The Government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions (public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, etc.) and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenue, operating grants, and capital grants. Program revenue must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The City does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year activities.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues or receipts, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The City electively added funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The non-major funds are combined into a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Types – The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that the focus of the governmental funds' measurement is upon the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the major governmental funds of the City:

- 1) General Fund The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The sources of revenue include property taxes, charges for services, fines and fees, licenses and permits, as well as state and federal grants. The expenditures of the General Fund relate to general administration, police and fire protection, maintenance of public streets, economic development, and culture and recreation.
- Special Revenue Fund The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the operation of street maintenance and construction financed by allocations of state fuel taxes.
- 3) <u>Special Revenue Fund</u> The TIF Fund (Tax Incremental Financing) is used to account for property taxes received to be expended for public improvements, construction of public infrastructure as well as economic development opportunities, incentives, sites, land, rebates, and grant agreements.
- 4) <u>Debt Service Fund</u> The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.
- 5) <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> The 2018 Street Project Capital Project Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of the 2018 Street Project.

Proprietary Fund Types – The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses consist of cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. The U.S. generally accepted accounting principles used are those applicable to similar businesses in the private sector.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis should be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City maintains several business-type activities. The major enterprise funds are listed as follows:

The Electric Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's electric systems.

The Water Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system.

The Gas Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's gas system.

Fiduciary Fund Types — Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in an agency or custodial capacity for others and therefore not available to support City programs. Since agency funds are custodial in nature, they do not involve the measurement of results of operations and are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The City's agency fund includes the payroll clearing fund.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

<u>Accrual basis of accounting</u> is used for all activities in the government-wide financial statements and for the proprietary and fiduciary activities in the fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 90 - day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, assessments, and intergovernmental revenues. Licenses, fines and permits are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

E. Budgets

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the Culture and Recreation, and Business Type Activity functions.

F. Cash And Cash Equivalents And Investments

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds not currently needed for operating expenses in notes, certificates, bonds, prime eligible bankers acceptances, certain high rated commercial paper, perfected repurchase agreements, or other evidences of indebtedness which are obligations of or guaranteed by the United States of America or any of its agencies, or in time deposits or savings accounts in depositories approved by the City Council.

1) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Includes demand deposits, cash on hand and cash investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2) Investments

The City and its component unit use the following methods in determining the reported amounts.

<u>Type</u>	Method
<u>City</u> Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit	Cost
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	Amortized Cost

Component Unit
Interest-earning investment contracts
Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit

Cost

Open-end mutual funds (governmental external investment pool registered As an investment company)	Fair Value determined by current share price
Publicly traded mutual funds	Fair Value based on

Debt Securities

Negotiable certificates of deposit and U.S. Government Agency Securities Maturity of one year or less when purchased Maturity to more than one year when purchased

Amortized cost
Fair Value based on quoted
Market prices

quoted market prices

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Property Tax Receivable

Property tax in Governmental Funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the City Council to the County Board of Supervisors. Current year delinquent property taxes receivable represents unpaid taxes from the current year. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the City Council to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the City Council is required to certify its budget to the County Auditor by March 15 of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2017 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in March, 2018. Any county collections on the 2018-2019 tax levy remitted to the City within 60 days subsequent to June 30, 2019, are recorded as property tax revenue.

H. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds have not been paid or received as of June 30, 2019, balances of interfund amounts payable or receivable have been recorded as "due to other funds" and "due from other funds", respectively. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as interfund balances.

I. <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories of governmental funds are valued at cost using FIFO while those of enterprise funds are valued using the average cost method. For fund level reporting, the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Reported inventories in the governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventory of the discretely presented component units is valued at cost using FIFO.

J. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2019 are recorded as prepaid items.

Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)</u>

K. Restricted Assets

Revenue bond ordinances require the City to reserve certain cash and investments to provide for payment of bonds and interest, for protection of bondholders, and for extension and improvement of facilities. These balances are separately disclosed in the Enterprise Funds. Other restricted assets include temporary cash investments for the perpetual care fund.

L. Property and Equipment

Assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more are considered capital assets. Property and equipment are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Infrastructure has been capitalized using historical or estimated historical cost of \$25,000 or more beginning in 1980 as required by GASB 34. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated lives:

Buildings & Improvements	25 - 50 Years
Land Improvements	20 - 50 Years
Utility Plant	20 - 33 Years
Machinery & Equipment	3 - 20 Years
Vehicles	5 – 20 Years
Infrastructure	10 – 65 Years

M. Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability for this and any related benefits is recorded when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts and related benefits is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2019. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the General Fund.

N. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

P. Landfill Closure Costs

The City does not operate a sanitary landfill; therefore, no closure/post closure costs are included in these statements.

Q. Classifying Fund Balance Amounts

Fund balance amounts represent the nature of the net resources that are reported in a governmental fund. The City fund balance classifications include non-spendable resources, restricted, and non-restricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts. When the City incurs an expenditure and both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the City considers restricted amounts to have been spent. When the City incurs an expenditure for an unrestricted amount, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts for purposes in which any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

R. Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and OPEB expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflow of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax and tax increment financing receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which they are levied and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and OPEB expenses.

S. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employers' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits at June 30, 2019, were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance collateralized or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. Chapter 12C provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligation of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; and certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30 the primary government's investments were reported at cost as follows:

	Credit Risk	Maturities	Cost/ Amortized Cost	Interest Rates
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	7/30/19-1/06/20	\$ 7,805,500	2.40%-2.75%
lowa Public Agency Investment Trust Totals	Not Rated	Daily	63,220 \$ 7,868,720	2.124%

As of June 30, 2019, the City's investments consist of Certificates of Deposit of \$7,805,500 and IPAIT which is valued at an amortized cost of \$63,220 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The fair value of the City position is the same as the value of the pool shares. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals for the IPAIT investments. The City's investment in IPAIT is unrated. The State of Iowa provides regulatory oversight.

Interest Rate Risk: The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and uses of the City.

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses the issue of credit risk. Investments are limited to certain types of investments and by diversifying the investment portfolio.

Component Unit: The Hospital's investments, except the mutual funds, are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Hospital or its agent in the Hospital's name. The mutual fund investments are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Hospital's name. All investments listed below, except the U.S. Government agency securities, are subject to custodial credit risk. The Hospital does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates (interest rate risk).

As of June 30, 2019, the Hospital's investments are reported at a fair value based upon quoted market prices except for the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as follows:

	<u>Maturities</u>	
Negotiable certificates of deposit	08/22/19-02/15/22	\$ 7,962,419
U.S. Government agency securities	11/15/28-10/01/31	4,438
Mutual Funds	Daily	584,425
Totals		\$ 8,551,282

The primary objectives of the Hospital's investment policy include the safety and preservation of principal in the overall investment portfolio, the maintenance of necessary liquidity to match expected liabilities, and obtaining a reasonable return. The investment policy limits the investing of operating funds to instruments that mature within three hundred ninety-seven days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than three hundred ninety-seven days, provided that the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Hospital. All investments were valued at level one inputs using quoted prices in active markets.

There were no significant changes in investments held during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Note 3 - PLEDGES RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2018 the Golf Association component unit had pledges receivable restricted for club house renovation.

A summary of the activity in pledges receivable for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

Beginning Pledges Receivable	\$ 107,750
Pledges Made During Year	21,432
Pledge Payments Received	 (55,182)
Total	\$ 74,000

Pledges receivable are expected to be collected during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019.

Note 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

At June 30, 2019, amounts due from other governments were as follows:

Due from Orange City Municipal Golf Association	\$ 247,622
Due from the Iowa Department of Transportation for road use tax allocations	61,978
Due from the State of Iowa for local option sales taxes	70,173
Total Due from Other Governments	\$ 379,773

Note 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of June 30, 2019, there were no short-term interfund borrowings.

Note 6 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Primary Government

•	J	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Jı	Balance une 30, 2019
Governmental Activities:						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$	1,063,946	\$ 52,510	\$ -	\$	1,116,456
Construction in Progress	-	540,529	1,803,217	-		2,343,746
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	-	1,604,475	1,855,727	#		3,460,202
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Buildings		12,870,826	-	_		12,870,826
Improvements		5,977,297	56,075	-		6,033,372
Equipment		3,771,069	340,019	158,442		3,952,646
Infrastructure		37,231,789	-	-		37,231,789
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		59,850,981	396,094	158,442		60,088,633
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Buildings		4,373,885	257,585	-		4,631,470
Improvements		3,329,359	208,426	-		3,537,785
Equipment		2,699,566	211,254	158,442		2,752,378
Infrastructure		26,879,180	409,065	3		27,288,245
Total Accumulated Depreciation	18	37,281,990	1,086,330	158,442		38,209,878
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	1	22,568,991	(690,236)	(6)		21,878,755
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	_\$_	24,173,466	\$ 1,165,491	\$ 	\$	25,338,957

Construction in progress at June 30, 2019, for the governmental activities consisted of the Dunlop Park improvements, the 2018 Street project, and the Puddle Jumper 9th addition.

Note 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

	J	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Jı	Balance ine 30, 2019
Business-Type Activities:						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$	4,201,666	\$ 364,701	\$ ·=:	\$	4,566,367
Construction in Progress	62	8,219,252	2,297,144	9,459,028		1,057,368
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		12,420,918	2,661,845	9,459,028		5,623,735
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Buildings		3,425,701	23,197	743		3,448,898
Improvements		30,243	5400	5±3		30,243
Equipment		4,306,285	369,944	1=1		4,676,229
Utility Plant		32,672,172	9,816,620	100		42,488,792
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		40,434,401	10,209,761) = >		50,644,162
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Buildings		1,855,048	82,630	320		1,937,678
Improvements		28,961	1,281	(<u>*</u>		30,242
Equipment		2,953,965	171,402	-		3,125,367
Utility Plant		14,882,369	1,142,703	S#S		16,025,072
Total Accumulated Depreciation	8	19,720,343	1,398,016	:===		21,118,359
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	_	20,714,058	8,811,745	(¥)		29,525,803
Business Type Activies Capital Assets, Net	_\$_	33,134,976	\$ 11,473,590	\$ 9,459,028	\$	35,149,538

Construction in progress is related to the water and sewer system expansion.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation General Government	\$	179,640 640,521 125,660 140,509
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u> </u>	1,086,330
Business-Type Activities: Electric Water Sewer Gas	\$	639,847 316,774 382,888 58,507
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$	1,398,016

Note 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

A summary of changes in capital assets for the discretely presented component units are as follows:

Orange City Area Health System

Orange City Area Health System							
		Balance					Balance
	J	uly 1, 2018	Additions	D	isposals	Ju	ine 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,918,079	\$ -	\$	20,640	\$	1,897,439
Construction in Progress		153,638	489,549		153,638		489,549
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		2,071,717	489,549		174,278		2,386,988
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Land Improvements		3,708,321	27,305		-		3,735,626
Buildings		21,929,760	159,468		173,967		21,915,261
Fixed Equipment		37,537,365	341,894		-		37,879,259
Major Movable Equipment		13,802,172	655,583		-		14,457,755
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		76,977,618	1,184,250		173,967		77,987,901
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	në	44,087,372	3,670,343		14,497		47,743,218
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		32,890,246	(2,486,093)		159,470		30,244,683
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net		34,961,963	\$ (1,996,544)	\$	333,748	\$	32,631,671

Orange City Municipal Golf Association

		Balance						Balance
	Jan	uary 1, 2018	Α	dditions	Dis	posals	Dec	ember 31, 2018
Golf Course and Trail	\$	1,560,792	\$	86,460	\$	20	\$	1,647,252
Buildings		987,041		=		2		987,041
Equipment	25	606,197		66,340		-		672,537
Total		3,154,030		152,800		-		3,306,830
Less Accumulated Depreciation		1,378,512		128,716		- FE		1,507,228
Property and Equipment, Net	\$	1,775,518	\$	24,084	\$	- 4	\$	1,799,602

Note 6 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS – (Continued)</u>

Reconciliation of Net Investment in Capital Assets:

	G	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Component Unit		
					He	alth System	Go	olf Course
Land	\$	1,116,456	\$	4,566,367	\$	1,897,439	\$	æ8
Construction in Progess		2,343,746		1,057,368		489,549		5 .5 35
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		21,878,755		29,525,803		30,244,683		1,799,602
Unspent Bond Proceeds		1,210,419		2 .		s .		3 4 01
Less: General Obligation Bonds Payable		11,030,880		: = ::		:: 		·*·
Retainage Payable		110,706		140,013				.
Revenue Bonds		-		12,841,474		19,559,024		*
Physical Therapy Asset Acquisition		-		151		6=6		*
Note Payable		<u></u>		-				145,568
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	15,407,790	\$	22,168,051	\$	13,072,647	\$	1,654,034

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and projects. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. These bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Purpose	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Amounts</u>
Governmental Activities	.45 – 5.00%	\$ 13,105,000

The General Obligation bonds are presented on the Statement of Net Position net of unamortized bond premium of \$397,831.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		Go	veri	nmental Activi	ties	
June 30,		<u>Principal</u>	,,,,	Interest		<u>Total</u>
2020	\$	1,410,000	\$	441,456	\$	1,851,456
2021		1,315,000		387,074		1,702,074
2022		1,265,000		385,851		1,650,851
2023		1,310,000		343,995		1,653,995
2024		1,345,000		299,609		1,644,609
2025-2029		4,435,000		896,054		5,331,054
2030-2034		1,390,000		237,431		1,627,431
3035-3039	- 10	635,000		55,938		690,938
				_		
	\$	13,105,000	\$	3,047,408	\$	16,152,408

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Revenue Bonds

The City also has issued revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed asset to pay debt service.

Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Primary Government

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amounts
Electric Revenue Bonds	.35 – 4.78%	\$ 2,337,000
Water Revenue Bonds	.90 – 5.10%	1,690,000
Sewer Revenue Bonds	2.85 - 4.00%	8,360,000
Gas Revenue Bonds	3.8 - 4.80%	115,000
		\$ 12,502,000

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Primary Government

Year Ending		Electric		Sewer	į	Business-Ty Water	pe /	Activities Gas							
June 30,		Principal		Principal		NOTE OF SOME SOURCE OF SERVICE OF		Note the second state of the		Principal		Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$	235,000	\$	355,000	\$	220,000	\$	115,000	\$	393,675	\$ 1,318,675				
2021		232,000		360,000		225,000		140		373,350	1,190,350				
2022		235,000		370,000		230,000				353,119	1,188,119				
2023		145,000		380,000		240,000		2		332,405	1,097,405				
2024		150,000		395,000		175,000		·		312,216	1,032,216				
2025-2029		800,000		2,165,000		370,000		20		1,264,340	4,599,340				
2030-2034		540,000		2,550,000		230,000		21		700,310	4,020,310				
2035-2039		<u>=</u>		1,785,000		22.0		120		144,800	1,929,800				
	<u></u>	2,337,000	\$	8,360,000	\$	1,690,000	\$	115,000	\$	3,874,215	\$ 16,376,215				

The revenue bonds are presented on the statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet net of unamortized bond premium of \$339,474.

New Debt Issue:

On April 2, 2019, the City issued \$2,280,000 of General Obligation Capital Loan Notes, Series 2019A, for the purpose of financing the 2018 Street Improvement Project, the Fire Truck Project Fund, and the Dunlop Trail Improvement Project. The bonds carry an interest rate of 4.00% to 5.00% with maturities from June 1, 2020 to June 1, 2029.

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Com	ponent	Unit
-----	--------	------

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amounts
Hospital/Component Unit	2.77 - 5.60%	\$ 19,559,024
Golf Association/Component Unit	3%	\$ 145,568

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	He	ealth System Interest	<u>Total</u>	P	<u>Go</u> rincipal	121	Associat Interest	ion	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 1,721,964	\$	519,597	\$ 2,241,561	\$	76,014	\$	4,467	\$	80,481
2021	1,767,506		473,828	2,241,334		18,378		2,087		20,465
2022	1,838,423		426,400	2,264,823		13,267		1,535		14,802
2023	1,894,728		376,944	2,271,672		9,477		1,137		10,614
2024	1,786,816		327,188	2,114,004		9,477		853		10,330
2025-2029	8,009,587		979,799	8,989,386		9,477		569		10,046
2030-2031	2,540,000		72,808	2,612,808		9,478		284		9,762
	\$ 19,559,024	\$	3,176,564	\$ 22,735,588	\$	145,568	\$	10,932	\$	156,500

During 2009, the City advanced the Association funds to retire all bank debt. The Association is repaying the funds on a ten-year annual repayment schedule at 3.00% interest, with final payment due on December 22, 2019. Principal and interest payments to the City during 2018 were \$41,343 and \$2,518, respectively. The ending balance of the advance from the City for the Association's year ended December 31, 2018 was \$41,882.

During 2011, the City made an agreement with the Association to provide the funding for their capital purchases of course equipment. The purchases are to be made on a revolving schedule agreed upon by the City and the Association in order to best maximize the useful lives of the equipment, the needs of the Association, and the contributions of the City. The debt accrues interest at 3.00% and each equipment replacement is repaid over 7 years in annual installments. Principal and interest payments to the City during 2018 were \$34,133 and \$2,147, respectively. The ending balance of the equipment replacement loan from the City for the Association's year ended December 31, 2018 was \$103,686.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-Term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	ь	eductions	Ending Balance	_	ue Within
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:	_	Dalatice	 Additions		eductions	 Dalatice		One Year
Bonds Payable:								
General Obilgation Bonds	\$	12,415,000	\$ 2,280,000	\$	1,590,000	\$ 13,105,000	\$	1,410,000
Compensated Absences		101,657	102,030		101,657	102,030		40,812
Net Pension Liability		1,180,847	13,174			1,194,021		
Other Post Employment Benefits		71,677	187		•	71,864		3.
Governmental Activity								
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	13,769,181	\$ 2,395,391	\$	1,691,657	\$ 14,472,915	\$	1,450,812

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

		Beginning Balance	A	Additions	R	eductions		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Business Type Activities:										
Bonds Payable:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	13,580,000	\$	=	\$	1,078,000	\$	12,502,000	\$	925,000
Compensated Absences		85,865		83,366		85,865		83,366		34,346
Net Pension Liability		490,203		<u>~</u>		67,203		423,000		=
Other Post Employment Benefits		29,748		78				29,826		
Business-Type Activity										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	14,185,816	\$	83,444	\$	1,231,068	\$	13,038,192	\$	959,346
Component Unit:	_									
Area Health System										
Bonds Payable:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	21,236,188	\$	-	\$	1,677,164	\$	19,559,024	\$	1,721,964
Physical Therapy Acquisition		375,000		18		375,000	·	7	•	<u>=</u>
Net Pension Liability		17,062,616		1000		391,903		16,670,713		2
Other Post Employment Benefits		328,855		21,066				349,921		-
• •	\$	39,002,659	\$	21,066	\$	2,444,067	\$	36,579,658	\$	1,721,964
Golf Course							_			
Notes Payable	\$	154,794	\$	66,340	\$	75,476	\$	145,658	\$	76,014

The City maintains a policy limiting the accumulation of compensated absences thus the ending balance represents the amount expected to be paid within one year and the amount to be paid out over one year. The General Fund has been used to liquidate the governmental other postemployment benefit obligation and net pension obligation.

Note 8 - TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of transfers between funds:

2			Total
	 General	Tr	ansfers Out
Road Use Tax	\$ 640,000	\$	640,000
Water	23,000		23,000
Sewer	23,000		23,000
Electric	311,401		311,401
Gas	 50,000		50,000
Total Transfer In	\$ 1,047,401	\$	1,047,401

Transfers are used to:

- 1. Move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.
- 2. Use unrestricted revenues collected in proprietary funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN

Plan description – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits

A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, anytime after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. (These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits.) Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55.

The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier (based on years of service).
- The member's highest five-year average salary. (For members with service before June 30, 2012, the highest three-year average salary as of that date will be used if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary).

Protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age which is generally at age 55 and may retire any time after reaching age 50 with 22 or more years of covered employment. The formula used to calculate a protection occupation members' monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for years of service greater than 22 but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN – (Continued)

Disability and Death Benefits

A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30 year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2019, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29 percent of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.44 percent of covered payroll for a total rate of 15.73 percent. Protective occupation members contributed 6.81 percent of covered payroll and the City contributed 10.21 percent of covered payroll for a total rate of 17.02 percent.

The City's total contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$231,835 and for the component unit total contributions were \$2,085,002.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$1,617,021 and the component unit reported \$16,670,713 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the City's collective proportion was 0.0255525 percent and 0.263534 percent for the component unit, which was an increase of 0.0004619 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017. The component unit showed an increase of 0.005218 percent from 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City and component unit recognized pension expense of \$286,262 and \$2,595,371, respectively. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note 9 -	PENSION PLAN -	(Continued)
14016 2 -	PENSION PEAN -	(Continued)

	City's	s Share
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 9,865	\$ 39,827
Changes of assumptions	273,651	1,546
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	57,134
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	36,953	29,531
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	231,835	-
Total	\$ 552,304	\$ 128,038

	Compon	ent Unit
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 91,931	\$ 378,522
Changes of assumptions	2,400,919	820
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	<u> </u>	464,778
Changes in proportion and differences between Hospital contributions and proportionate share of contributions	539,392	4,870
Area Health System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,085,002	<u>F</u>
Total	\$ 5,117,244	\$ 848,990

\$231,835 and \$2,085,002 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City and component unit contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended			Co	omponent
June 30,		City		Unit
2020	\$	138,880	\$	1,326,728
2021		66,440		747,918
2022		(17,663)		19,473
2023		4,097		82,953
2024		677		6,180
	\$	192,431	\$	2,183,252
2023	\$_	4,097 677	\$	82,953 6,18

There were no non-employer contributing entities of IPERS.

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of Inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60 percent per annum
Salary Increases (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 – 16.25 percent average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Investment Rate of Return (effective June 30, 2017)	7.00 percent per annum, compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, and including inflation
Wage Growth (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 percent per annum based on 2.60 percent inflation and 0.65 percent real wage inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates used in the 2018 valuation were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
22.0%	6.01%
15.0	6.48
3.0	6.23
27.0	1.97
3.5	3.93
7.0	2.91
1.0	(0.25)
11.0	10.81
7.5	4.14
3.0 100%	3.11
	22.0% 15.0 3.0 27.0 3.5 7.0 1.0 11.0 7.5 3.0

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.0%	Discount Rate 7.0%	1% Increase 8.0%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability City Component Unit	\$ 3,000,843	\$ 1,671,021	\$ 456,583
	28,429,238	16,670,713	6,807,252

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report which is available on IPERS' website at www.ipers.org.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2019, the City and component unit reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$30,355 and \$350,155, respectively.

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City and the component unit administer a single-employer benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under lowa Code Chapter 509A.13. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>OPEB</u> Benefits – Individuals who are employed by the City and the component unit and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical and prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and OPEB liability.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement. At January 1, 2019 for the City and June 30, 2019 for the component unit, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Component		
	City	Unit	
Inactive members currently receiving benefit	0	7	
Active employees	35	421	
Total	35	428	

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB Continued)

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The total OPEB liability of the City was \$101,690 and the component unit was \$349,921 measured as of January 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019, respectively, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions – The Total OPEB liability for the City and the component unit in the January 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019, respectively, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal actuarial cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

	City	Component Unit
	(Effective January 1, 2019)	(Effective June 30, 2019)
Rate of Inflation	3.00% per annum.	2.60% per annum.
Rates of salary increase	2.00% per annum, including Inflation.	Varying rates by years of service from 3.25% to 16.25%
Discount rate	3.44% compounded annually, Including inflation.	3.50% compounded actually, Including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	5.00% all years.	7.00% Initial rate decreasing by 1% Annually to an ultimate rate of 4%

<u>Discount Rate</u> The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability for the City was 3.44% and for the component unit was 3.87%, which reflects the index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates for the City are from SOA RP-2014 total annuitant distinct mortality table adjusted to 2006 MP-2017 generational projection of future mortality improvement. Mortality rates for the component unit were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. Annual retirement probabilities are based on varying rates by age and turnover probabilities mirror those used by IPERS.

The actuarial assumptions used for the City in the January 1, 2019 and for the component unit in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Crianige of the Potar of the Elability					
		City	Co	mponent Unit	
Total OPEB liability beginning of year	\$	101,425	\$	328,855	
Changes for the year:	15				
Service cost		4,548		22,561	
Interest		3,511		11,782	
Differences between expected				,	
and actual experiences		50		56,695	
Changes in assumptions		-		(35,738)	
Benefit payments		(7,794)		(35,829)	
Net changes		265		21,066	
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	101,690	\$	349,921	

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB Continued)

The change in the discount rate for the City's total OPEB liability was immaterial to the City's financial statements as a whole. Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.87% in fiscal year 2018 to 3.50% for the component unit in fiscal year 2019.

Sensitivity of the City's and its Component Unit's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and its component unit, as well as what the City's and its component unit's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate.

	Healthcare			
	1%	Cost Trend	1%	
	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
City Discount Rates	(2.44%)	(3.44%)	(4.44%)	
Total City OPEB Liability	\$108,304	\$101,690	\$95,253	
Component Unit Discount Rates	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)	
Total Component Unit OPEB Liability	\$375,314	\$349,921	\$326,041	

<u>Sensitivity of the City's and its Component Unit's Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and its component unit, as well as what the City's and its component unit's total OPEB liability would be it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
City's Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	(4.00%)	(5.00%)	(6.00%)
Total City OPEB Liability	\$ 91,624	\$101,690	\$ 113,345
Component Unit Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Total Component Unit OPEB Liability	\$309,978	\$349,921	\$ 398,147

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources Related to OPEB</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City and component unit recognized OPEB expense of \$8,844 and \$37,516 respectively. At June 30,2019, the City and component unit reported deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

	Deferred	d Outflo	ows		eferred nflows
	City		nponent Unit	Со	mponent Unit
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 294	\$	49,876	\$	왕프
Changes in assumptions	 7,093	•		•	(36,631)
Total	\$ 7,387	\$	49,876	\$	(36,631)

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB Continued)

The amount reported as deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	l City		Со	mponent Unit
2020	\$	785	\$	(1,578)
2021		785		(1,578)
2022		785		(1,578)
2023		785		(1,578)
2024		785		(1,578)
Thereafter		3,462		(5,355)
	\$	7,387	\$	(13,245)

Note 11 - FUND BALANCE

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (pages 28-29). As discussed in Note 1, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by Council or the Assignment has been changed by the City Administrator. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

General Fund

The General Fund has Unassigned Fund Balance of \$1,802,418 at June 30, 2019.

Other Major Funds

The Road Use Tax Fund has a Restricted Fund Balance of \$885,307 consisting of primarily unspent funds used for street construction and maintenance. Inventory balances at June 30, 2019 of \$19,299 are considered Nonspendable Fund Balance.

The Debt Service Fund has a Restricted Fund Balance of \$167,186 consisting of primarily unspent funds used to pay general obligation bond principal and interest.

The TIF Fund has a Restricted Fund balance of \$543,257, consisting of primarily unspent funds used for housing projects and economic development.

The 2018 Street Project Fund has a negative unassigned fund balance of \$6,179.

Note 11 - FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Other Funds

The following non-major fund has Restricted Fund Balances for specific purposes:

USDA IRP-Loan -

Special Revenue Fund:

For economic development

\$ 245,999

USDA Revolving Loan

Special Revenue Fund: For economic development

\$ 408,148

The following non-major fund has an assigned Fund Balance:

Dunlop Park Improvement - Capital Project

\$476.301

The following non-major fund has a Nonspendable Fund Balance:

Cemetery Perpetual Care:

For cemetery maintenance

\$ 110,375

Note 12 - DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The City had one fund with a deficit equity balance at June 30, 2019. The City intends to finance these deficits from various resources including; road use tax funds, general funds, and capital project debt financing.

The individual fund deficits were as follows:

Capital Project – 2018 Streets Project

\$ 6.179

Note 13 - RISK FINANCING

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the 2018-2019 fiscal year the City has elected to purchase commercial insurance to cover against the risk of loss. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years, nor were there settlements in excess of insurance coverage the last three years.

Note 14 - COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2019 the City had four construction contracts in process with the following approximate contracts remaining:

2018 Street Improvements	\$ 293,843
Puddle Jumper 9th Addition	399,979
Dunlop Trail Improvement	356,557
North Weiland First Addition Subdivision Improvements	69,703
Total commitments, end of year	\$ 1,120,082

Note 15 - URBAN RENEWAL DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS

The City has entered into various development agreements for urban renewal projects. The agreements require the City to rebate portions of the incremental property tax paid by the developer in exchange for infrastructure improvements, rehabilitation and development of commercial projects by the developer. The total to be paid by the City under the agreements is not to exceed \$2,375,062.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City rebated \$170,825 of incremental property tax to developers. The total cumulative principal amount rebated on the agreements is \$1,512,838. The outstanding balance on the agreements at June 30, 2019 was \$691,399.

The agreements are not general obligations of the City and, due to their nature, are not recorded as a liability in the City's financial statements. However, the agreements are subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the City.

Certain agreements include an annual appropriation clause and, accordingly, only the amount payable in the succeeding year on the agreements is subject to the constitutional debt limitation. The entire outstanding principal balance of agreements not including an annual appropriation clause is subject to the constitutional debt limitation.

Note 16 - TAX ABATEMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

City Tax Abatements

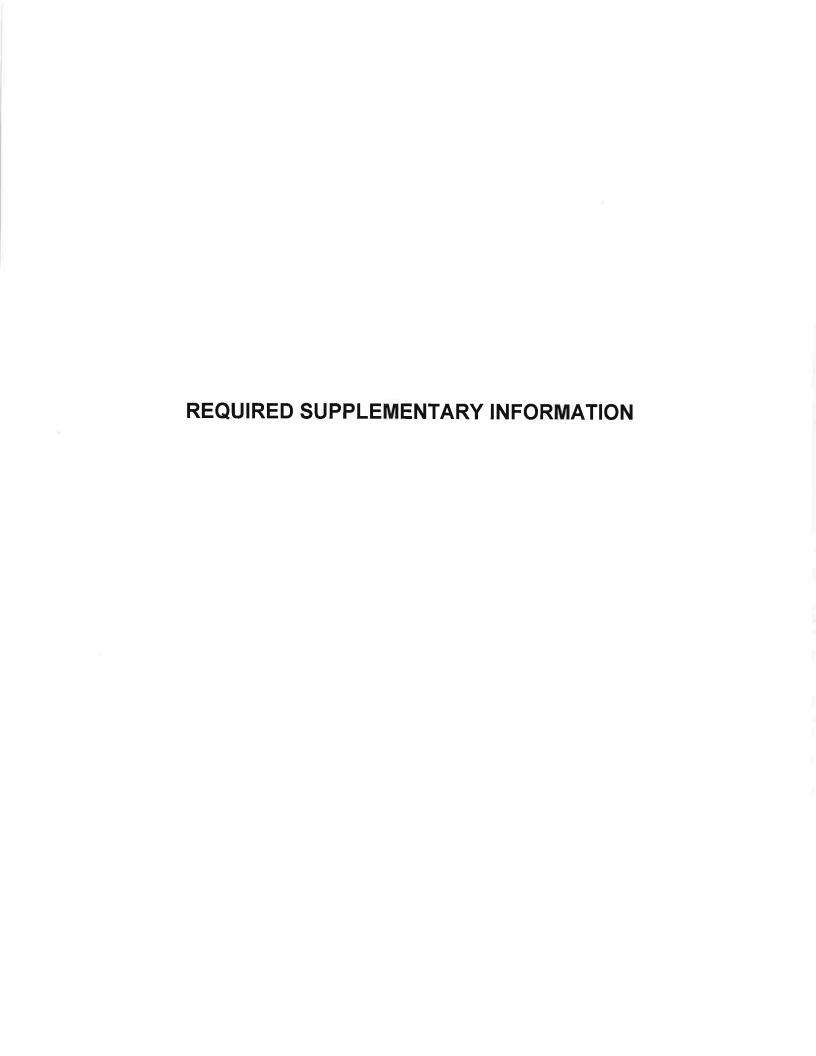
The City provides tax abatements for urban renewal and economic development projects with tax increment financing as provided for in Chapters 15A and 403 of the Code of Iowa. For these types

of projects, the City enters into agreements with developers which require the City, after developers meet the terms of the agreements, to rebate a portion of the property tax paid by the developers, to pay the developers an economic development grant or to pay the developers a predetermined dollar amount. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City abated \$170,825 of property tax under the urban renewal and economic development projects.

Note 17 - <u>Future Accounting Pronouncement</u>

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 84, <u>Fiduciary Activities</u>. This statement will be implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The revised requirements of this statement will enhance the consistency and comparability of fiduciary activity reporting by state and local governments by establishing specific criteria for identifying fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities.



CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, BUDGET AND ACTUAL, ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND PROPERIETARY FUNDS - GAAP BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Devenue	Governmental Fund Type Actual	Proprietary Funds Actual	Orange City Area Health System
Revenue:		_	
Taxes	\$ 3,171,229	\$ -	\$ -
Special Assessments	9,413	3	-
Licenses and Permits	6,548	≔ 2	-
Intergovernmental	1,244,531	=1	26,586
Charges for Services	690,537	13,160,027	52,529,720
Fines and Forfeits	18,590	<u></u>	
TIF Revenue	1,223,495	m ·	
Local Option Sales Tax	911,382	*	1965
Proceeds from Sale of Real Estate and Fixed Assets	373,551	*	.
Interest	46,327	136,084	469,486
Miscellaneous	154,357	390,071	60,166
Total Revenue	7,849,960	13,686,182	53,085,958
Expenditures:	4.405.000		
Public Safety	1,195,629	=	 .0
Public Works	1,095,815	-	3 = €)
Culture and Recreation	1,736,660	=	-
Community and Economic Development	343,352	=	-
General Government	794,315	*	20
Capital Projects	2,279,074	*	; + □
Debt Service	1,747,262		
Business Type Activities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,689,703_	52,085,852
Total Expenditures	9,192,107	11,689,703_	52,085,852_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,342,147)	1,996,479	1,000,106
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from Debt Financing	2,280,000		-
Capital Contribution		522,837	_
Interfund Transfers In	1,047,401	(in)	<u>.</u>
Interfund Transfers Out	(640,000)	(407,401)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,687,401	115,436	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Source	s		
Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	1,345,254	2,111,915	1,000,106
	1,010,201	2, 111,010	1,000,100
Fund Balances/Net Position- Beginning of Year	3,304,310	29,763,912	27,496,564
(Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	2,547	•	*
Fund Balances/Net Position- End of Year	\$ 4,652,111	\$ 31,875,827	\$ 28,496,670

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts						
Total			Favorable					
Actual	Original	Final	(Unfavorable)					
¢ 3 171 220	¢ 2.457.264	¢ 2.157.264	ф 43.00E					
\$ 3,171,229	\$ 3,157,364 200,500	\$ 3,157,364	\$ 13,865					
9,413	•	340,500	(331,087)					
6,548	7,135	7,135	(587)					
1,271,117	916,321	916,321	354,796					
66,380,284	65,629,750	65,629,750	750,534					
18,590	705 000	705.000	18,590					
1,223,495	765,000	765,000	458,495					
911,382	879,196	879,196	32,186					
373,551	404.050	404.050	373,551					
651,897	131,050	131,050	520,847					
604,594	544,000	652,000	(47,406)					
74,622,100	72,230,316	72,478,316	2,143,784					
1,195,629	978,963	1,263,963	68,334					
1,095,815	1,068,480	1,155,480	59,665					
1,736,660	1,580,941	1,620,941	(115,719)					
343,352	427,052	477,052	133,700					
794,315	937,992	1,037,992	243,677					
2,279,074	2,250,000	3,410,000	1,130,926					
1,747,262	1,947,754	1,947,754	200,492					
63,775,555	62,050,662	62,050,662	(1,724,893)					
72,967,662	71,241,844	72,963,844	(3,818)					
1,654,438	988,472	(485,528)	2,139,966					
2,280,000	1,750,000	2,045,000	235,000					
522,837	(-5)	:	522,837					
1,047,401	2,720,000	3,705,000	(2,657,599)					
(1,047,401)	(2,720,000)	(2,720,000)	1,672,599					
2,802,837_	1,750,000	3,030,000	(227,163)					
4,457,275	2,738,472	2,544,472	1,912,803					
60,564,786	60,564,786	60,564,786						
2,547	: = :	; ■ 3	2,547					
\$ 65,024,608	\$ 63,303,258	\$ 63,109,258	\$ 1,915,350					

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

The City's legal compliance for budget to actual comparison is specified in Chapter 384.16 of the Code of Iowa and is for expenditures by program/function. The City budgets on a modified accrual basis. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. Budgets are prepared on a program basis for all funds except the agency funds.

During the fiscal year 2019, the City held public hearings and amended the operating budget once. The amendment is as follows:

Program	Original <u>Budget</u>			,	Amended <u>Budget</u>	
Public Safety	\$ 978,963	\$	285,000	\$	1,263,963	
Public Works	1,068,480	·	87,000	•	1,155,480	
Culture & Recreation	1,580,941		40,000		1,620,941	
Community and Economic Development	427,052		50,000		477,052	
General Government	937,992		100,000		1,037,992	
Capital Projects	2,250,000		1,160,000		3,410,000	
Debt Service	1,947,754) e :		1,947,754	
Business Type/Enterprise	62,050,662		: :	(62,050,662	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		20	019		2018					
		Cit.		nponent	177		Component			
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability	0.02	City 255525%		Unit 263534%		City 250906%	0	Unit 258316%		
			0.20333478		0.023090076		٥.	20001070		
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,617	\$	16,671	\$	1,671	\$	17,063		
Entity's covered payroll	\$	2,338	\$	20,070	\$	2,268	\$	19,108		
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		69%		74%		71%		85%		
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		84%		84%		82%		82%		
	2017					20	16			
	City		Component Unit		City		Coi	nponent Unit		
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability	0.02	:59355%	0.:	249607%	0.0249929%		0.:	250019%		
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,632	\$	15,708	\$	1,235	\$	12,352		
Entity's covered payroll	\$	2,254	\$	18,605	\$	2,187	\$	17,815		
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		72%		83%		64%		66%		
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		82%		82%		85%		85%		
		20	15							
		014		ponent						
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability		City 40195%		Jnit 253294%						
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	953	\$	10,045						
Entity's covered payroll	\$	2,102	\$	17,561						
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		44%		56%						
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		88%		88%						

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Entity will present information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

City		2019	2	2018		2017		2016	2015		
Statutorily required contribution	\$	232	\$	213	\$	206	\$	202	\$	199	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(232)		(213)		(206)		(202)		(199)	
catalony roquired contribution	-	(202)		(210)		(200)		(202)		(199)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		
Entity's covered payroll	\$	2,420	\$	2,338	\$	2,268	\$	2,254	\$	2,187	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		9.59%		9.11%		9.07%		8.96%		9.10%	
City	,	2014	2	2013	:	2012	•	2011	•	2010	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	193	\$	169	\$	154	\$	134	\$	130	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(193)		(169)		(154)		(134)		(130)	
	-	(100)		(100)		(101)		(101)		(100)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-	\$		\$	-	.\$	•	\$	- 2	
Entity's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	2,102	\$	1,875	\$	1,833	\$	1,786	\$	1,816	
covered payroll		9.18%		9.01%		8.40%		7.50%		7.16%	
Component Unit	4	2019		018	-	2017		2016	2015		
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	2,085	\$	1,794	\$	1,672	\$	1,616	\$	1,559	
statutorily required contribution		(2,085)		(1,794)		(1,672)		(1,616)		(1,559	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	3#1	\$		\$		\$	(4))	\$		
Hospital's covered payroll	\$	22,563	\$	20,070	\$	19,108	\$	18,605	\$	17,815	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		9.2%		8.9%		8.75%		8.68%		8.75%	
covered payroll											
covered payroll Component Unit	_	2014		013		2012		2011		2010	
Covered payroll Component Unit Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	- \$	2014 1,505	\$		\$	2012 1,064	\$		\$		
covered payroll Component Unit Statutorily required contribution	_	2014		013		2012		2011		2010 985	
Component Unit Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	_	2014 1,505		013 1,416		2012 1,064		2011 1,064		2010	
Component Unit Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$	2014 1,505	\$	013 1,416	\$	2012 1,064	\$	2011 1,064	\$	2010 985	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Changes of Benefit Terms:

Legislation enacted in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3 percent per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6 percent reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Changes of Assumptions

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017
- Adjusted retirement rates
- Lowered disability rates
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00 percent to 3.75 percent per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30 year amortization period to a closed 30 year amortization period for the UAL (Unfunded Actuarial Liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20 year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

City of Orange City, Iowa Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Required Supplementary Information

		20	19		2018					
			Co	mponent			Co	mponent		
	City		Unit		City			Unit		
Service Cost	\$	4,547	\$	22,561	\$	4,547	\$	19,853		
Interest Cost		3,511		13,377		3,445		11,782		
Difference between expected and										
Actual experiences		-		56,695		356		3.00		
Changes in assumptions		-		(35,738)		8,601		(7,076)		
Benefit assumptions		(7,793)		(35,829)		(4,316)		(9,844)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		265		21,066		12,543		14,715		
Total OPEB liability beginning of year		101,425		328,855		88,882		314,140		
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	101,690	\$	349,921	\$	101,425	\$	328,855		
Covered – employee payroll (in thousands)	\$	2,094	\$	19,051	\$	2,053	\$	16,132		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage Of covered – employee payroll		4.86%		1.84%		4.94%		2.04%		

Notes to Schedule of Changes in the GAAP City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no significant changes in benefit terms

Changes in assumptions:

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

	City	Component Unit
Year ended June 30, 2019	3.44%	3.50%
Year ended June 30, 2018	3.44%	3.87%
Year ended June 30, 2017	4.50%	3.58%

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the entity will present information for those years for which information is available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	

		Special Revenue				Capital Projects	Pr	ermanent		Total
		USDA Revolving Loan		USDA IRP-Loan		Dunlop Park Improvements		emetery petual Care Fund	Governmental Nonmajor Funds	
Assets										
Cash and Pooled Investments Notes Receivable	\$	192,148 216,000	\$	65,839 180,160	\$	622,610	\$	110,375	\$	990,972 396,160
Total Assets		408,148		245,999		622,610		110,375		1,387,132
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable		0+:		*		146,309		(4)		146,309
Total Liabilities).	(F)		-		146,309		- 189		146,309
Fund Balances Nonspendable:										
Permanent Fund Principal Restricted for:		120		2		**		110,375		110,375
Economic Development Assigned for:		408,148		245,999				2		654,147
Capital Projects		020		_		476,301				476,301
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		408,148		245,999		476,301		110,375		1,240,823
Total Liabilities, and Fund Balances	\$	408,148	\$	245,999	\$	622,610	\$	110,375	\$	1,387,132

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Governmental Nonmajor Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Capital				
	-	Special Re	evenue			Projects	Permanent		Tota	
		USDA Revolving Loan		USDA IRP-Loan		Dunlop Park Improvements	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund		Governmental Nonmajor Funds	
Revenue:						•				
Intergovernmental	\$	47,000		- 12		55	580		\$	47,000
Interest on Investments		728		8,527						9,255
Miscellaneous				-		76 4 5	3,950			3,950
Total Revenue	=	47,728		8,527		74)	3,950			60,205
Expenditures:										
Capital Projects						396,326				396,326
Debt Service:						·				-
Interest/Bond Costs		74		8,311		14,171.00				22,482
Total Expenditures				8,311		410,497				418,808
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		47,728		216		(410,497)	3,950			(358,603)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Issuance of Debt		107				700,000				700,000
Premium on Debt Issued		(\ _ 5				74,136	÷*.			74,136
Bond Issue Costs						5.00	:**			
Total other financing sources (uses)	-					774,136	157			774,136
Net Change in Fund Balance		47,728		216		363,639	3,950			415,533
Fund balances - beginning of year		360,420		245,783		112,662	106,425			825,290
Fund balances - end of year	\$	408,148	\$	245,999	\$	476,301	\$ 110,375		\$	1,240,823

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ва	alance				4	Balance				
	Jul		Additions	D	eductions		June 30, 2019				
PAYROLL CLEARING		**									
Assets											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	37,151	\$	1,182,930	\$	1,178,836	\$	41,245			
Total Assets		37,151		1,182,930		1,178,836		41,245			
Liabilities											
Accounts Payable		37,151		1,182,930		1,178,836		41,245			
Total Liabilities	\$	37,151	\$	1,182,930	\$	1,178,836	\$	41,245			
	_		_								

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Orange City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	81
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	84
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	88
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Operating Information	98
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	
Demographic and Economic Information	102
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the government's financial activities take place.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year				
Governmental Activities	2010 201	11 2012	2013	2014 2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	1,469,772 1,18 (2,184,050) (1,78	20,514 \$ 10,326,246 83,616 1,011,688 55,888) (1,009,192) 48,242 \$ 10,328,742	\$ 10,930,092 1,799,523 (2,897,122) \$ 9,832,493	\$ 10,998,957 1,194,599 (2,337,049) \$ 9,856,507 \$ 10,693,77	8 2,288,094 5) (3,176,284)	\$ 15,365,666 2,682,327 (5,193,819) \$ 12,854,174	\$ 14,234,324 2,117,016 (2,301,395) \$ 14,049,945	\$ 15,407,790 2,326,682 (2,203,975) \$ 15,530,497
Business-type activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	1,106,148 99 7,833,765 8,29	26,884 \$ 12,336,353 \$ 90,235 \$ 1,234,478 \$ 92,614 \$ 8,740,929 \$ 09,733 \$ 22,311,760 \$	\$ 13,537,488 1,183,889 8,214,047 \$ 22,935,424	\$ 14,068,240 \$ 15,609,05 1,285,989 1,228,08 10,048,505 9,959,74 \$ 25,402,734 \$ 26,796,87	1,100,341 9,998,470	\$ 18,557,290 1,064,092 8,488,495 \$ 28,109,877	\$ 18,475,912 1,978,634 9,309,366 \$ 29,763,912	\$ 22,168,051 1,931,597 7,776,179 \$ 31,875,827
Primary government Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	2,575,920 2,17 5,649,715 6,53	47,398 \$ 22,662,599 \$ 73,851 2,246,166	\$ 24,467,580 2,983,412 5,316,925 \$ 32,767,917	\$ 25,067,197 \$ 28,566,45 2,480,588 3,008,56 7,711,456 5,915,62 \$ 35,259,241 \$ 37,490,65	3,388,435 6,822,186	\$ 33,922,956 3,746,419 3,294,676 \$ 40,964,051	\$ 32,710,236 4,095,650 7,007,971 \$ 43,813,857	\$ 37,575,841 4,258,279 5,572,204 \$ 47,406,324

City of Orange City Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Year				
F	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses Governmental activities:										
Public Safety	\$ 795,713		\$ 828,199	\$ 833,780	\$ 872,249	\$ 872,626	\$ 925,097	\$ 972,996	\$ 1,088,140	\$ 1,106,146
Public Works	1,121,275	1,975,401	1,778,275	1,619,083	1,613,585	1,557,306	1,663,733	1,571,805	1,907,228	1,605,411
Culture and Recreation	2,149,142		1,454,835	1,434,484	1,291,006	1,499,304	1,781,317	1,805,929	1,658,414	1,869,376
Community and Economic Development	475,593	1,572,043	317,481	325,702	325,474	258,417	371,010	697,831	558,788	302,629
General Government	543,010	714,572	1,144,619	2,345,344	992,494	731,785	742,301	712,651	820,252	962,503
Debt Service	338,853	347,165	542,187	431,845	355,325	338,539	357,017	319,025	331,151	404,484
Total governmental activities expenses	5,423,586	6,750,659	6,065,596	6,990,238	5,450,133	5,257,977	5,840,475	6,080,237	6,363,973	6,250,549
Business-Type Activities:										
Electric	6,582,661	6,891,993	6,941,319	6,327,351	6,684,885	7,074,776	7,206,806	7,498,724	7,425,922	7,488,064
Water	845,775	873,848	909.721	943,567	917,303	899,459	1,461,287	964,647	937,061	1,023.038
Sewer	533,308	601,445	596,619	523,094	540,096	571,113	657,992	572,314	856,862	1,159,532
Gas	2,995,251	2,858,896	2,069,753	2,013,797	2,675,250	2,134,813	1,528,581	1,768,495	2,197,738	
Total business-type activities expenses	10,956,995	11,226,182	10,517,412	9,807,809	10,817,534	10,680,161	10,854,666	10,804,180	11,417,583	2,019,069
Total primary government expenses	16,380,581	17,976,841	16,583,008	16,798,047	16,267,667	15,938,138	16,695,141	16,884,417	17,781,556	11,689,703
1 70	10,000,000	11,070,011	10,000,000	10,750,047	10,207,007	10,330,130	10,033,141	10,004,417	17,761,336	17,940,252
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
Public Safety	22,835	18,328	43,050	22,593	19,309	15,943	39,164	19,299	17,396	12,713
Public Works	226,434	246,619	241,952	257,210	312,823	310,203	479,624	314,332	326.399	338,514
Culture and Recreation	198,059	237,037	232,520	275,661	343,273	306,300	309,631	317,778	323,621	285,554
Community & Economic Development	58,036	22,883	81,442	31,480	32.099	46,335	55,683	82,191	40,867	59,802
General Government	12,809	11,805	46,580	48,534	41,174	35,662	96,387	131,951	60,160	62,682
Operating grants and contributions	711,108	748,271	893,471	970,358	916,877	1,242,721	1,134,628	1,105,119	1,135,321	1,252,432
Capital grants and contributions	115,830		1,236,083	399,850	010,077	217,763	764,281	272,133	110,463	26,110
Total governmental activities program revenues	1,345,111	1,284,943	2,775,098	2,005,686	1,665,555	2,174,927	2,879,398	2,242,803	2,014,227	2,037,807
Business-type activities:		7. 7		2,000,000	1,000,000	2,117,321	2,019,090	2,242,603		2,037,007
Charges for services:										
Electric	7,076,337	7,427,476	7,640,948	7,011,542	7,522,021	7,805,183	7,776,001	8,362,166	8,473,321	8,572,893
Water	785,796	831,730	977,427	882,207	886,144	900,765	934,342	1,033,612	1,016,294	949,619
Sewer	546,929	566,441	609.951	606,825	592,445	715,410	842,497	894,726	1,233,550	1,365,898
Gas	3,286,965	3,027,700	2,129,278	2,156,043	2,809,763	2,114,065	1,595,054	1,784,999	2,412,384	2,271,617
Total business-type activities program revenues	11,696,027	11,853,347	11,357,604	10,656,617	11,810,373	11,535,423	11,147,894	12,075,503	13,135,549	13,160,027
Total primary government program revenues	13,041,138	13,138,290	14,132,702	12,662,303	13,475,928	13,710,350	14,027,292	14,318,306	15,149,776	15,197,834
				12,002,000	10,110,020	10,7 10,000	14,021,202	14,010,000	10,140,770	10,107,004
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	(4,078,475)	(5,465,716)	(3,290,498)	(4,984,552)	(3,784,578)	(3,083,050)	(2,961,077)	(3,837,434)	(4,349,746)	(4,212,742)
Business-type activities	739,032	627,165	840,192	848,808	992,839	855,262	293,228	1,271,323	1,717,966	1.470.324
Total primary government net expense	\$ (3,339,443)		\$ (2,450,306)	\$ (4,135,744)	\$ (2,791,739)	\$ (2,227,788)	\$ (2,667,849)	\$ (2,566,111)	\$ (2,631,780)	\$ (2,742,418)
		* (1,111,000,0)	(21.121000)	+ (1,100,141)	- (2,101,100)	+ (2,221,100)	¥ (2,001,048)	<u>₩ (2,000,111)</u>	<u> (2,001,100)</u>	<u> </u>

City of Orange City Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Year				
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	2010	2011	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	2015	2016	2017	<u>2018</u>	2019
Governmental activities: Taxes Property taxes	\$ 2.715.434	\$ 2,819,037	\$ 3 265 842		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
Local option sales tax	596,463	646,042	4 0,200,012	\$ 3,298,474	\$ 3,478,291	\$ 3,515,407	\$ 3,573,908	\$ 4,144,235	\$ 4,204,400	\$ 4,394,724
Investment Earnings	7,586	3,963	669,520 11,297	736,474 9,621	710,785	792,255	846,836	950,305	851,052	911,382
Gain on Sale of Assets	189,700	100,120	94,548	145,696	2,328 52.023	8,935	8,864	13,109	11,555	46,327
Miscellaneous	149,288	196,505	117.618	117,465	45,850	55,600 97,363	168,810	267,743	55,000 176,451	373,551
Transfers	281,967	569,088	912,173	442,342	(480,685)	451,895	389,219	318,303	272,189	82,746 (115,436)
Total governmental activities	3,940,438	4,334,755	5,070,998	4,750,072	3,808,592	4,921,455	4,987,637	5,693,695	5,570,647	5,693,294
Business-type activities										
Investment Earnings	15,464	18,935	18,772	18,988	16,015	32,655	15,219	41,730	43,469	136,084
Gain on Sale of Joint Venture		300		(4)	10,010	926,349	-	41,100	40,400	100,004
Miscellaneous	105,173	313,364	955,236	382,211	977,771	364,780	241,645	157,376	174,431	390,071
Transfers	(281,967)	(569,088)	(912,173)	(442,342)	480,685	(451,895)	(389,219)	(318,303)	(272,189)	115,436
Total business-type activities	(161,330)	(236,789)	61,835	(41,143)	1,474,471	871,889	(132,355)	(119,197)	(54,289)	641,591
Total primary government	3,779,108	4,097,966	5,132,833	4,708,929	5,283,063	5,793,344	4,855,282	5,574,498	5,516,358	6,334,885
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	(138,037)	(1,130,961)	1,780,500	(234,480)	24,014	1,838,405	2,026,560	1,856,261	1,220,901	1.480.552
Business-type activities	577,702	390,376	902,027	807,665	2,467,310	1,727,151	160,873	1,152,126	1,663,677	2,111,915
Total primary government	\$ 439,665	\$ (740,585)	\$ 2,682,527	\$ 573,185	\$ 2,491,324	\$ 3,565,556	\$ 2,187,433	\$ 3,008,387	\$ 2,884,578	\$ 3,592,467

City of Orange City Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	F	Property <u>Tax</u>	Sales <u>Tax</u>	Но	tel/Motel <u>Tax</u>	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$	2,714,146	\$ 567,477	\$	28,986	\$ 3,310,609
2011		2,819,037	612,552		33,490	3,465,079
2012		3,265,842	636,004		33,516	3,935,362
2013		3,298,474	697,311		39,163	4,034,948
2014		3,478,291	665,445		45,340	4,189,076
2015		3,516,500	729,579		62,676	4,308,755
2016		3,573,908	732,685		114,151	4,420,744
2017		4,144,235	817,220		133,085	5,094,540
2018		4,204,400	710,777		140,275	5,055,452
2019	\$	4,394,724	\$ 750,206	\$	161,176	\$ 5,306,106

City of Orange City Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accural basis of accounting)

	-				Fiscal Yea	ar				
	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General fund										
Unreserved/ Unassigned	\$ 726,767	\$ 1,611,731	\$ 1,685,923	\$ 1,662,462	\$ 1,485,642	\$ 1,455,766	\$ 1,237,614	\$ 1,460,698	\$ 1,438,611	\$ 1,802,418
Total General Fund	\$ 726,767	\$ 1,611,731	\$ 1,685,923	\$ 1,662,462	\$ 1,485,642	\$ 1.455,766	\$ 1,237,614	\$ 1,460,698	\$ 1,438,611	\$ 1,802,418
All other governmental funds										
Reserved Nonspendable Spendable - Restricted Spendable - Assigned Spendable - Unarssigned Unreserved, reported in:	\$ 139,667 - - -	\$ 108,324 1,075,292 52,504 (852,789)	\$ 113,584 3,388,875 6,000 (240,584)	\$ 99,475 1,729,040 9,683 (656,870)	\$ - 102,475 1,118,673 - (193,747)	\$ - 105,923 1,703,352 - (1,252,696)	\$ 115,943 2,172,151 162,486 (681,288)	\$ 114,087 2,592,476 167,486 (3,270,466)	\$ 123,176 2,023,314 112,662 (393,453)	\$ 129,674 2,249,897 476,301 (6,179)
Special revenue funds Capital project funds	1,355,796 (233,248)				;s	<u> </u>	593 580	(4) (4)	- ×	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 1,262,215	\$ 383,331	\$ 3,267,875	\$ 1,181,328	\$ 1,027,401	\$ 556,579	\$ 1,769,292	\$ (396,417)	\$ 1,865,699	\$ 2,849,693

Note: The City implemented GASB 54 in fiscal 2011, which changed fund balance classifications for periods beginning after June 15, 2010.

City of Orange City Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	-			Fisca	al Yea	r	
		<u>2010</u>		2011		2012	<u>2013</u>
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	2,150,832	\$	2,357,270	\$	2,579,057	\$ 2,551,158
Special Assessments		32,393		:#:		199	
Licenses and permits		3,927		4,541		5,288	5,600
Intergovernmental		826,938		748,271		1,969,554	1,242,033
Charges for services		432,831		440,500		535,950	588,213
Fines and Forfeits		28,798		28,640		44,919	40,664
Contributions from Property Owners		5,005		8,109		2,029	1,001
TIF Revenue		563,314		468,922		688,900	748,320
Local Options Sales Tax		596,463		646,042		669,520	736,474
Investment Earnings		7,586		3,963		11,297	9,621
Miscellaneous		326,357		342,347	Üira-	429,524	391,336
Total revenues		4,974,444	-	5,048,605	**	6,936,038	6,314,420
Expenditures							
Public safety		1,074,560		757,212		790,598	749.557
Public works		1,128,842		810,124		1,018,539	1,027,380
Culture and recreation		1,107,667		1,102,791		1,265,084	1,215,909
Community and economic development		345,945		221,428		317,787	325,237
General government		601,476		695,362		1,150,288	2,215,628
Capital projects		1,414,710		2,336,490		5,601,071	856,115
Debt service							ŕ
Principal		1,450,000		850,000		2,770,000	3,475,000
Interest		371,011		347,366		663,442	435,210
Total expenditures	8.	7,494,211		7,120,773		13,576,809	 10,300,036
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(2,519,767)		(2,072,168)		(6,640,771)	(3,985,616)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Issuance of Debt		2,425,000		1,500,000		8,685,000	1,450,000
Proceeds From Sale of Equipment		27,850		149		2	(2)
Transfers In		1,273,474		1,135,326		1,718,587	1,227,493
Transfers Out		(991,507)		(566,238)		(806,414)	 (785,151)
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,734,817		2,069,088		9,597,173	1,892,342
Net change in fund balances	\$	215,050	\$	(3,080)	\$	2,956,402	\$ (2,093,274)
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital							
expenditures		30.0%		25.0%		43.0%	41.4%

City of Orange City Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal	

					Fiscal Y	ear							
	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		
		63,304 \$ 2,663,371 \$ 611 2,989 6,348 6,326 60,790 1,418,642 10,928 679,390 29,896 25,142 53,087 58,130 15,553 853,129 10,785 792,255 2,328 8,935 26,335 137,271 59,965 6,645,580											
\$	2,663,304	\$	2,663,371	\$	2,678,042	\$	3,022,560	\$	3,118,441	\$	3,171,229		
			2,989		136,656		25,890		27,049		9,413		
	6,348				6,125		6,779		6,691		6,548		
	860,790		1,418,642		1,402,468		1,105,119		1,112,570		1,244,531		
	710,928		679,390		702,580		717,798		699,514		690,537		
	29,896		25,142		28,891		24,501		24,095		18,590		
	53,087				=		. 		-		:**)		
	815,553		853,129		895,866		1,121,675		1,085,959		1,223,495		
	710,785		•		846,836		950,305		851,052		911,382		
				8,935 8,864			13,109		11,555		46,327		
1	106,335			727,463			652,369		400,813		527,908		
	5,959,965	-	6,645,580		7,433,791	7,640,105		10	7,337,739	·	7,849,960		
	811,614				978,225		946,213		985,180		1,195,629		
	1,098,769			978,225 1,324,398		1,011,665			1,204,569		1,095,815		
	1,231,065		1,578,372		1,324,398 1,648,339		1,660,106		1,775,252		1,736,660		
	325,398		257,568				418,778		449,681		343,352		
	866,915		613,733		614,203	586,020			710,129		794,315		
	1,541,643		2,302,188		2,654,972	3,300,232			1,188,431		2,279,074		
	1,330,000		1,490,000		3,065,000		1,820,000		1,625,000		1,590,000		
	357,768		336,301	v <u></u>	348,172		338,213	299,137			398,991		
	7,563,172	-	8,432,908		10,981,058		10,081,227	0	8,237,379		9,433,836		
	(1,603,207)		(1,787,328)		(3,547,267)		(2,441,122)		(899,640)		(1,583,876)		
	905,000		835,000		4,145,588				2,718,952		2,521,729		
	1,933,500		1,211,895		1,658,616		1,411,831		2,254,818		1,047,401		
	(1,566,040)		(760,000)		(1,269,397)	-	(909,453)		(1,838,579)	-	(640,000)		
	1,272,460		1,286,895			-	502,378		3,135,191		2,929,130		
\$	(330,747)	\$	(500,433)	\$ 987,540		_\$_	(1,938,744)	\$	2,235,551	\$	1,345,254		
	28.0%		29.8%		41.0%	% 31.8% 28.5%					29.9%		

City of Orange City
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Real P	roperty	Util	ities	To	otal		Weighted Average	Assessed Value as a
Year Ended <u>June 30</u>	Assessed <u>Value</u>	Estimated Actual <u>Value</u>	Assessed <u>Value</u>	Estimated Actual <u>Value</u>	Assessed <u>Value</u>		Estimated Actual <u>Value</u>	Direct Property <u>Tax Rate</u>	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value
2010	\$170,291,914	\$285,044,596	\$1,622,383	\$1,622,383	\$ 171,914,297	\$	286,666,979	\$ 13.7134	59.97%
2011	179,718,563	298,824,053	1,530,692	1,530,692	181,249,255		300,354,745	13.9632	60.35%
2012	186,572,943	307,648,687	1,504,207	1,504,207	188,077,150		309,152,894	15.1299	60.84%
2013	193,695,499	312,339,104	1,439,678	1,439,678	195,135,177		313,778,782	14.4604	62.19%
2014	203,344,454	319,146,298	1,397,513	1,397,513	204,741,967		320,543,811	14.4413	63.87%
2015	212,032,667	332,787,311	1,344,293	1,344,293	213,376,960		334,131,604	13.9507	63.86%
2016	214,892,352	337,075,899	1,386,135	1,386,135	216,278,487		338,462,034	13.9852	63.90%
2017	232,506,882	363,623,547	1,352,493	1,352,493	233,859,375		364,976,040	14.5616	64.08%
2018	231,935,310	369,037,370	1,317,393	1,317,393	233,252,703		370,354,763	14.7916	62.98%
2019	\$253,335,501	\$400,285,037	\$1,259,770	\$1,259,770	\$ 254,595,271	\$	401,544,807	\$ 14.3286	63.40%

Source: Assessed Values are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Assessor's Office.

City of Orange City Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Overlapping Rates

							_						CACIL	apping ita	LES							
		Cit	y of	Orange (City		· ·		Sio	ux County	/			MOC	-FV	School D)istri	ct				Total
Fiscal	0	perating		Debt Service		Total City	0			Debt		Total	_			Debt		Total		Area		Direct &
						-		perating		Service		County		perating		Service		School	Vo	cational	Ov	erlapping
<u>Year</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Millage</u>	<u>u</u>	<u>/lillage</u>		<u>Millage</u>	<u> </u>	<u> Millage</u>	<u> </u>	<u> Millage</u>		<u>Millage</u>		<u>Millage</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>/lillage</u>	. !	<u>Millage</u>	\$	<u>School</u>		<u>Rates</u>
2010	\$	7.8840	\$	5.8294	\$	13.7134	\$	5.0731	\$	0.4433	\$	5.5163	\$	11.9925	\$	-	¢	11.9925	\$	0.6547	\$	31.8770
2011		7.8530	,	6.1102	•	13.9632	*	4.9846	Ψ.	0.3902	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Φ	
												5.3747		12.7738		•		12.7738		0.6763		32.7881
2012		7.8767		7.2532		15.1299		4.9885		0.3750		5.3635		11.6943		•		11.6943		0.6506		32.8383
2013		7.8835		6.5769		14.4604		4.9911		0.3491		5.3402		11.7232				11.7232		0.6438		32.1675
2014		7.9024		6.5389		14.4413		4.9694		0.3659		5.3352		10.9162				10.9162		0.6907		31.3834
2015		7.9280		6.0227		13.9507		5.0911		0.3400		5.4311		10.4391				10.4391		0.6910		30.5119
2016		7.9356		6.0496		13.9852		5.0488		0.3335		5.3822		10.2199				10.2199		0.7335		30.3208
2017		7.7209		6.8406		14.5616		4.8769		0.3028		5.1797		10.2316				10.2316		0.7812		30.7541
2018		8.4969		6.2947		14.7916		4.7626		0.2843		5.0469		10.2388		:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		10.2388		0.7905		30.5784
2019	\$	8.4859	\$	5.8427	\$	14.3286	\$	4.8476	\$	0.2720	\$	5.1196	\$	10.1855	\$		\$	10.1855	\$	0.7942	\$	30.4279

Taxes due July 1

Taxes delinquent first half - October 1; second half - April 1.

Penalties for delinquency: 1.5 percent per month.

Discount allowed: none

Uncollected taxes handled as follows: delinquent real estate tax list published in newspaper prior to May 16.

Taxes collected by Sioux County and distributed to the City of Orange City in proportion of its levy to all levies.

Tax sale date: first Monday in June.

Source: The tax rates are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Auditor's Office.

City of Orange City Principal Property Taxpayers June 30, 2019

2019 2010 Percentage of Percentage of Total Total Assessed **Assessed Assessed** Assessed **Taxpayer** <u>Value</u> Rank Value <u>Value</u> Rank **Value** Vogel Enterprises Inc. \$ 15,470,600 1 6.6% \$ 7.969.564 2 3.2% SCC10 Orange City 9,484,440 2 4.1% 9,268,450 1 2.8% Premium Pet Health LLC 4,784,450 3 2.1% Prairie Winds Hotel Holdings 4,204,220 4 1.8% Aerospace Holdings LLC 3,716,240 5 1.6% OCDC, Inc. 3,359,110 6 1.4% 1,465,800 8 0.6% Groeneweg, Ardie Rev Trust 2,404,640 7 1.0% Krull Ltd. 2,355,750 8 1.0% 1,685,170 5 0.6% Revival Animal Health Inc. 1,815,670 9 0.8% Iowa State Bank Orange City 1,770,590 10 0.8% 1,515,870 7 0.5% Advanced Brands LLC 5,319,160 3 1.9% Pizza Ranch Headquarters 2,258,110 4 0.8% Northwest Rural Electric Coop 1,339,499 9 0.5% Midwest Farmers Coop 1,635,140 6 0.5% **Dutch Colony Inn** 10 0.5% 1,335,350 Totals 49,365,710 21.2% \$ 33,792,113 11.9%

Source: Assessed Values are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Assessor's Office.

City of Orange City
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Total Tax Levy for		Collected wi	the Levy	-i.	elinquent Tax	,	Total Colle to Da	ite
<u>6/30</u>	 iscal Year		<u>Amount</u>	% of Levy	<u>Co</u>	llections		<u>Amount</u>	% of Levy
2010	\$ 2,239,272	\$	2,127,308	95.00%	\$	23,524	\$	2,150,832	96.05%
2011	2,375,426		2,351,672	99.00%		5,598	•	2,357,270	99.24%
2012	2,632,123		2,526,838	96.00%		52,219		2,579,057	97.98%
2013	2,571,446		2,545,732	99.00%		5,426		2,551,158	99.21%
2014	2,663,471		2,660,808	99.90%		2,496		2,663,304	99.99%
2015	2,660,942		2,658,993	99.93%		4,378		2,663,371	100.09%
2016	2,676,223		2,674,162	99.92%		3,880		2,678,042	100.07%
2017	3,020,665		3,018,665	99.93%		3,895		3,022,560	100.06%
2018	3,113,207	3,110,985		99.93%	7,456		3,118,441		100.17%
2019	\$ 3,167,560	\$ 3,154,067		99.57%	\$ 17,162		\$	3,171,229	100.12%

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities

		Activities			Business-Ty	pe A	Activities						
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	(General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Electric <u>Bonds</u>		Water <u>Bonds</u>		Sewer Bonds	Gas Bonds	Total Primary <u>Government</u>		% of Personal <u>Income</u>	<u>c</u>	Per Capita
2010	\$	8,760,000	\$	2,365,000	\$ 1,955,000	\$	610,000	\$ 1,150,000	\$	14,840,000	492.32%	\$	2,527
2011		9,410,000		2,165,000	1,850,000		500,000	1,055,000	•	14,980,000	496.96%	•	2,495
2012		15,325,000		4,845,000	4,535,000		390,000	865,000		25,960,000	861.23%		4,324
2013		13,300,000		4,525,000	4,420,000		260,000	765,000		23,270,000	764.68%		3,876
2014		12,875,000		4,180,000	2,745,000		130,000	660,000		20,590,000	676.61%		3,429
2015		12,220,000		3,830,000	2,540,000		:#:	555,000		19,145,000	629.13%		3,189
2016		13,160,000		3,470,000	2,330,000		141	450,000		19,410,000	637.84%		3,233
2017		11,340,000		3,105,000	2,120,000		121	340,000		16,905,000	555.52%		2,816
2018		12,415,000		2,725,000	1,910,000		8,715,000	230,000		25,995,000	862.39%		4,330
2019	\$	13,105,000	\$	2,337,000	\$ 1,690,000	\$	8,360,000	\$ 115,000	\$	25,607,000	849.52%	\$	4,265

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 102 for personal income and popluation data.

City of Orange City Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Obligation Available in		s: Amounts lable in Debt rvice Fund	<u>Total</u>	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of <u>Property</u>	Per Capita	
2010	\$	8,760,000	\$	42,202	\$ 8,717,798	3.07	\$ 1,559.81
2011		9,410,000		64,480	9,345,520	3.11	1,672.13
2012		15,325,000		2,496,771	12,828,229	4.17	2,295.26
2013		13,300,000		76,972	13,223,028	4.24	2,202.37
2014		12,875,000		66,652	12,808,348	4.03	2,133.30
2015		12,220,000		94,881	12,125,119	3.63	2,019.51
2016		13,160,000		241,411	12,918,589	3.82	2,151.66
2017		11,340,000		271,967	11,068,033	3.03	1,843.44
2018		12,415,000		324,124	12,090,876	3.28	2,013.80
2019	\$	13,105,000	\$	167,186	\$ 12,937,814	3.22	\$ 2,154.87

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics. See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

City of Orange City Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

Governmental Unit	<u>Oı</u>	Debt utstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable 1		Estimated Share of Overlapping <u>Debt</u>
Debt repaid with property taxes: School District	\$	8,361,188	45.89%	\$	3,836,949
Debt repaid with property taxes; Sioux County		7,835,000	14.63%		1,146,261
Subtotal, overlapping debt				\$	4,983,211
City of Orange City direct debt					13,105,000
Total direct and overlapping debt				_\$_	18,088,211

Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by the school and Sioux County Auditor Office.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Orange City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

¹ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

City of Orange City Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year											
	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
Debt Limit	\$ 14,333,349	\$ 15,017,737	\$ 15,381,996	\$ 15,615,047	\$ 15,957,315	\$ 16,639,365	\$ 16,853,795	\$ 18,181,177	\$ 18,451,869	\$ 20,014,252			
Total net debt applicable to limit	8,717,798	9,410,000	12,828,229	13,226,028	12,808,348	12,125,119	12,918,589	12,132,128	12,953,100	13,598,167			
Legal debt margin	\$ 5,615,551	\$ 5,607,737	\$ 2,553,767	\$ 2,389,019	\$ 3,148,967	\$ 4,514,246	\$ 3,935,206	\$ 6,049,049	\$ 5,498,769	\$ 6,416,085			
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	60.82%	62.66%	83.40%	84.70%	80.27%	72.87%	76.65%	66.73%	70.20%	67.94%			
			Legal Debt Marg	in Calculation for Fis	scal Year 2019								
	Assessed value Total assessed value												
			Debt applicable		2)					20,014,252			
				obligation bonds						13,105,000			
				an Renewal Developm s Amount in Debt Ser						660,354 (167,187)			
			Total	net debt applicable to						13,598,167			
			Legal debt ma	rgin						\$ 6,416,085			

Note: Under state finance law, the City of Orange City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 5 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Electric		Less:	Net					
Fiscal		Charges	C	perating	Available		Debt \$	Servic	e	
<u>Year</u>	į	and Other	<u>E</u>	xpenses	<u>Revenue</u>	E	rincipal	1	nterest	<u>Coverage</u>
2010	\$	7,109,106	\$	5,855,120	\$ 1,253,986	\$	195,000	\$	103,259	4.20
2011		7,478,164		6,123,211	1,354,953		200,000		96,163	4.58
2012		8,310,961		6,194,388	2,116,573		1,320,000		95,348	1.50
2013		7,057,722		5,374,681	1,683,041		320,000		102,769	3.98
2014		7,999,338		5,559,030	2,440,308		345,000		99,014	5.50
2015		7,889,276		5,756,923	2,132,353		350,000		94,185	4.80
2016		7,759,613		5,905,746	1,853,867		360,000		88,766	4.13
2017		8,406,522		6,355,393	2,051,129		365,000		72,455	4.69
2018		8,592,902		6,400,163	2,192,739		380,000		63,950	4.94
2019		8,936,716		6,400,015	2,536,701		388,000		58,773	5.68
		Water		Less:	Net					
Fiscal		Charges	C	perating	Available		Debt S	Servic	е	
<u> Үеаг</u>	į	and Other	<u>E</u>	<u>xpenses</u>	Revenue	<u> </u>	rincipal	1	nterest	<u>Coverage</u>
2010		848,050		472,818	375,232		105,000		90,147	1.92
2011		1,103,182		541,275	561,907		105,000		86,531	2.93
2012		1,270,145		539,261	730,884		110,000		117,801	3.21
2013		1,218,594		519,783	698,811		115,000		137,969	2.76
2014		1,252,319		545,862	706,457		1,675,000		99,558	0.40
2015		1,008,205		559,105	449,100		205,000		60,863	1.69
2016		1,141,088		921,581	219,507		210,000		58,723	0.82
2017		1,082,756		615,446	467,310		210,000		56,087	1.76
2018		1,080,171		632,146	448,025		210,000		52,927	1.70
2019	\$	1,003,003	\$	645,810	\$ 357,193	\$	220,000	\$	49,150	1.33

Note: Operating Expenses do not include depreciation expense

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Sewer			Net							
Fiscal	(Charges	C	perating	A	vailable		Debt S	ervice)		
<u>Year</u>	<u>a</u>	nd Other	E	xpenses	<u>F</u>	Revenue	F	rincipal	ļi	nterest	Coverage	
2010	Φ.	570.044	•	007.400	•				_			
2010	\$	570,344	\$	307,400	\$	262,944	\$	105,000	\$	36,646	1.86	
2011		574,887		385,032		189,855		95,000		31,369	1.50	
2012		619,534		396,497		223,037		630,000		10,731	0.35	
2013		625,457		364,652		260,805		130,000		3,737	1.95	
2014		742,217		357,322		384,895		130,000		2,925	2.90	
2015		914,621		399,720		514,901		130,000		1,625	3.91	
2016		908,510		485,953		422,557		₩		59	-	
2017		1,000,275		387,940		612,335		=		 ∀	-	
2018		1,256,976		408,665		848,311		100,000		255,920	2.38	
2019		1,464,073		486,307		977,766		355,000		290,131	1.52	
		0										
F!I		Gas	_	Less:	_	Net			_			
Fiscal		Charges		perating		vailable		Debt S			Sec:	
Fiscal <u>Year</u>							<u>_</u>	Debt S		nterest	Coverage	
<u>Year</u>		Charges nd Other		perating xpenses		vailable levenue	_ <u>P</u>	rincipal		nterest		
<u>Year</u> 2010		Charges nd Other 3,289,164		perating xpenses 2,869,709		vailable Revenue 419,455	<u>_</u>	<u>rincipal</u> 90,000		54,598	2.90	
<u>Year</u> 2010 2011		Charges nd Other 3,289,164 3,029,413		2,869,709 2,714,939		419,455 314,474		90,000 95,000		54,598 51,344	2.90 2.15	
<u>Year</u> 2010 2011 2012		3,289,164 3,029,413 2,130,972		2,869,709 2,714,939 1,973,501		419,455 314,474 157,471		90,000 95,000 1,125,000		54,598 51,344 23,494	2.90 2.15 0.14	
Year 2010 2011 2012 2013		3,289,164 3,029,413 2,130,972 2,156,043		2,869,709 2,714,939 1,973,501 1,920,062		419,455 314,474 157,471 235,981		90,000 95,000 1,125,000 100,000		54,598 51,344 23,494 15,448	2.90 2.15 0.14 2.04	
Year 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014		3,289,164 3,029,413 2,130,972 2,156,043 2,810,285		2,869,709 2,714,939 1,973,501 1,920,062 2,580,109		419,455 314,474 157,471 235,981 230,176		90,000 95,000 1,125,000 100,000 105,000		54,598 51,344 23,494 15,448 14,823	2.90 2.15 0.14 2.04 1.92	
Year 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015		3,289,164 3,029,413 2,130,972 2,156,043 2,810,285 2,120,756		2,869,709 2,714,939 1,973,501 1,920,062 2,580,109 1,957,138		419,455 314,474 157,471 235,981 230,176 163,618		90,000 95,000 1,125,000 100,000 105,000 105,000		54,598 51,344 23,494 15,448 14,823 13,772	2.90 2.15 0.14 2.04 1.92 1.38	
Year 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016		3,289,164 3,029,413 2,130,972 2,156,043 2,810,285 2,120,756 1,595,549		2,869,709 2,714,939 1,973,501 1,920,062 2,580,109 1,957,138 1,442,028		419,455 314,474 157,471 235,981 230,176 163,618 153,521		90,000 95,000 1,125,000 100,000 105,000 105,000 105,000		54,598 51,344 23,494 15,448 14,823 13,772 12,461	2.90 2.15 0.14 2.04 1.92 1.38 1.31	
Year 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017		3,289,164 3,029,413 2,130,972 2,156,043 2,810,285 2,120,756 1,595,549 1,785,056		2,869,709 2,714,939 1,973,501 1,920,062 2,580,109 1,957,138 1,442,028 1,672,856		419,455 314,474 157,471 235,981 230,176 163,618 153,521 112,200		90,000 95,000 1,125,000 100,000 105,000 105,000 105,000 110,000		54,598 51,344 23,494 15,448 14,823 13,772 12,461 10,832	2.90 2.15 0.14 2.04 1.92 1.38 1.31 0.93	
Year 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016		3,289,164 3,029,413 2,130,972 2,156,043 2,810,285 2,120,756 1,595,549		2,869,709 2,714,939 1,973,501 1,920,062 2,580,109 1,957,138 1,442,028		419,455 314,474 157,471 235,981 230,176 163,618 153,521		90,000 95,000 1,125,000 100,000 105,000 105,000 105,000		54,598 51,344 23,494 15,448 14,823 13,772 12,461	2.90 2.15 0.14 2.04 1.92 1.38 1.31	

Note: Operating Expenses do not include depreciation expense

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

City of Orange City Principal Employers June 30, 2019

2019 2010

		2019		2010				
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total City <u>Population</u>	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Population		
Staples Inc.	515	1	8.58%	450	3	7.50%		
Orange City Health System	495	2	8.24%	500	1	8.33%		
Diamond Vogel Paints	350	3	5.83%	350	4	5.83%		
Premium Pet Health	245	4	4.08%			0.00%		
Quatro Composites Inc.	230	5	3.83%	69	7	1.15%		
Northwestern College	180	6	3.00%	180	5	3.00%		
MOC-FV School District	180	7	3.00%			0.00%		
Sioux County Courthouse	75	8	1.25%			0.00%		
Civco Medical Solutions	70	9	1.17%	75	6	1.25%		
Revival Animal Health	65	10	1.08%	60	8	1.00%		
ES Liner Industrial				40	9	0.67%		
Silent Drive Inc.				30	10	0.50%		
Advance Brands			7	475	2	7.91%		
Total	2,405		40.06%	2,229		37.13%		

Note: Source for this data was obtained from Iowa Workforce Development

City of Orange City
Full-Time Equilvalent City Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year										
Function	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019	
General Government	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	
Public Safety											
Police Officers	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Highways and streets	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Culture and recreation	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Library	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	
Electric	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Water	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Sewer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	
Gas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Total	33	34	34	34	35	35	35	35	35	38	

Sources: Various city departments.

City of Orange City Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
r directory rogram										
General Government										
Zoning Permits Issued	86	56	78	62	68	89	65	95	81	81
Police										
Physical Arrests	102	99	112	83	92	76	69	88	91	114
Parking Violations	252	231	247	281	274	224	258	237	210	202
Traffic Violations	291	460	442	430	439	368	403	353	510	336
Fire										
Emergency Responses	61	61	52	72	98	112	107	104	92	75
Fires Extinguished	4	5	7	11	13	7	6	4	5	3
Refuse Collection										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks & Recreation										
Pool Passes Issued (Budget Pass)	122	93	86	79	71	63	54	48	35	57
Pool Passes Issued (Individual Pass)	78	60	52	47	42	80	74	63	56	71
Pool Passes Issued (Family Pass)	224	229	243	256	237	202	217	205	220	235
Pool Passes Issued (Senior Pass)	76	24	18	16	14	17	13	9	6	11
Library										
Volumes in collection	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905
Total volumes borrowed	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250
Water										
New connections	9	7	3	10	6	8	21		14	6
Water main breaks	3	4	5	10	7	6	3	2	8	4
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	983	821	920	819	821	815	823	825	863	856
Peak daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	1,500	1,900	2,100	2,120	2,115	1,900	1,950	1,940	1,448	1,380
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	1,149	1,456	1,473	753	748	748	761	748	801	809

Sources: Various city departments.

City of Orange City Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year <u>2015</u> Function/Program **Police** Stations Patrol Units **Fire Station Other Public Works** Streets (miles) Streetlights Traffic Signals Parks and recreation Aceage Playgrounds Baseball/softball diamonds Soccer/football fields **Community Center** Water Water Mains (miles) Fire Hydrants Storage capacity (thousands of gallons) 1,120 1,120 1,120 1,120 1,120 1,120 1,200 Wastewater Sanitary Sewers (miles) Storm Sewer (miles) Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons) 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3.000 3,000

Sources: Various city departments

City of Orange City Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar <u>Year</u>	Population	l (the	Income C housands Pe		Per Capita ersonal ncome	Median <u>Age</u>	Education Level in Years of Schooling	School <u>Enrollment</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>	
2010	5,872	\$	30,143	\$	22,142	28.5	16	1940	3.9%	
2011	6,004		30,143		22,142	28.5	16	1940	4.1%	
2012	6,004		30,143		22,142	28.5	16	1940	4.1%	
2013	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	3.4%	
2014	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	2,9%	
2015	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	2.9%	
2016	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	2.1%	
2017	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	1.7%	
2018	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	1.7%	
2019	6,004	\$	30,143	\$	20,768	29.0	16	1940	1.7%	

Sources: Population, median age, and educational level information provided by the United States Census Bureau. School enrollment data provided by the Orange City school districts.

Note: Personal Income is a total for the year. Unemployment rate information is an adjusted yearly average. School enrollment is based on the census at the start of the school year.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of the City Council City of Orange City, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Orange City, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Orange City, Iowa's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Orange City Area Health System, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detects and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A Significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as 2019-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters:

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Orange City, Iowa's Response to Findings

City of Orange City, Iowa's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The City of Orange City, Iowa's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City during the course of our audit.

William Slagman, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa December 17, 2019

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results

- (a) An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- (b) A material weakness in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported. There were no prior year audit findings.

Material Weakness:

2019-001 Financial Reporting - Material Adjusting Journal Entries

<u>Condition and Criteria</u> – The auditors were required to propose and have management post adjusting entries to the fund financial statements in order for the financial statements to conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

<u>Effect</u> – The financial statements provided by management are not presented entirely in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Cause</u> – With a limited number of personnel and current staff workload, the time constraints and staff expertise do not allow for all required year end U.S. GAAP adjusting journal entries to be posted.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We recommend that the City train additional staff on U.S. GAAP and government accounting standards to help reduce the amount of adjusting journal entries and increase their knowledge of the required reporting standards.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials</u> – City management feels that hiring additional personnel to implement the additional U.S. GAAP adjusting journal entries would not be cost effective. However, management has and will continue to monitor this process on a regular basis.

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

III-A-19 Certified Budget

<u>Condition and Criteria</u> – City expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2019, exceeded amounts budgeted in the Culture and Recreation and Business-Type Activity functions.

Effect - The City is not in compliance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting - (Continued)

<u>Cause</u> – The City approved a budget amendment on May 20, 2019. With limited personnel and time constraints, the City inadvertently omitted some items from the preparation of their budget amendment.

Recommendation – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Views of Responsible Officials - The budget will be amended in the future, if applicable.

- III-B-19 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- III-C-19 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. However, we recommend that the amount of coverage be reviewed annually to insure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- III-D-19 <u>Council Minutes</u> We noted no transactions requiring approval which had not been approved by the Council.
- III-E-19 Questionable Expenditures We noted no questionable expenditures during our audit.
- III-F-19 Revenue Bonds No violations of revenue bond resolutions were noted.
- III-G-19 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the City and city officials were noted during the course of the audit.
- III-H-19 <u>Cash and Investments</u> We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy.
- III-I-19 <u>Urban Renewal Annual Report</u> The urban renewal annual report was properly approved and certified to the Iowa Department of Management on or before December 1.