ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared by the Office of the City Administrator Earl Woudstra, City Administrator

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* * * *



January 23, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Orange City:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Management assumes responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Williams & Company, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified opinion on the City of Orange City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Orange City incorporated in 1884, is located in the Northwest corner of the State of Iowa and is the county seat of Sioux County. The City of Orange City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City of Orange City operates under the council-administrator form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and five Council members. The Council appoints the government's administrator, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments with council approval. Council members serve four-year terms. The mayor is elected for a two-year term. The council members are elected on a staggered basis. The City Administrator has operating responsibilities for all City functions excluding the Hospital.

The City of Orange City provides a full range of Municipal services which includes police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets, and other infrastructure; recreational and cultural activities; general administration and medical care facilities. The City of Orange City also owns and operates the electric, water, sewer, and natural gas utilities. The City of Orange City also is financially accountable for a legally separate hospital board, and golf course board of which is reported separately within the City of Orange City's financial statements. Additional information on the municipal hospital and golf course can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than March 31st. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Orange City's financial planning and control. Iowa budget law requires the adoption of legal budgets for expenditures on a program basis. Although the budget document presents program expenditures by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated program level not at the fund level.

Local Economy

Orange City is located in Sioux County in the northwest portion of Iowa, which is noted for its excellent cropland and livestock production numbers. Industry plays a big part in Orange City's economic condition with the biggest three employers being Staples, Inc., an advertising and promotional products manufacturer, Smithfield, Inc., a pet food producer, and Diamond Vogel Paint and Wax, a full line paint manufacturer.

Fiscal year 2021-2022 was another great year for the community of Orange City. Many exciting trends and projects are taking place that continue to improve the quality of life for its citizens.

One of the exciting projects that the city entered into an agreement with one of our local developers is to construct a residential housing subdivision called North Weiland. The developer put in the infrastructure which consists of streets, water, sanitary and storm sewer. The city does offer incentives to developers to help with the infrastructure costs. The city will have 10 to 15 housing lots available for sale in the spring of 2023.

The City of Orange City plays an important part in the community growth, which will continue with active participation in the planning process of our community.

Long-Term financial planning

Management of the City of Orange City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The general fund falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., between 45 and 53 percent of total general fund revenues). Following its recent review of the City of Orange City's strategic plan, the Council plans on keeping the percentage the same for the following year, this will reduce the amount that will be needed to borrow to finance future construction.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Orange City for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local governmental financial reports.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire office staff. We wish to express our appreciation also to all our City employees for their dedication to making city services the best. Credit also must be given to the Honorable Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Orange City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Earl Woudstra City Administrator

Ande

Kent Anderson Finance Officer

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Orange City Iowa

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

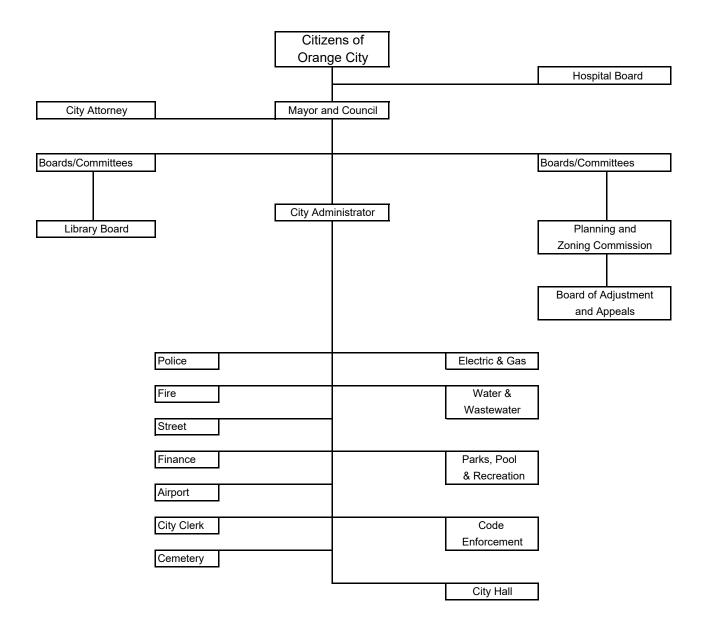
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In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report whose contents conform to program standards. Such annual comprehensive financial report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS

ELECTED CITY OFFICERS

MAYOR

Deb DeHaan

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Aaron Beadner Rod DeBoer Daron DeJong Steve Roesner Tony Vande Brake

HOSPITAL TRUSTEES

Tim Zeutenhorst, Chairman Brenda Richardson, Vice Chairman Wade Hofland, Secretary Russ Adams Kathy Alons Chris Immeker Dale Pluim

APPOINTED CITY OFFICERS

Earl Woudstra City Administrator

> Brad DeJong City Attorney

APPOINTED BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

Gary Cleveringa, Chairman John Kooiman , Vice-Chairman Jamie Valentine Arlin Smit Ben Van Engelenhoven

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

Scott Heemstra, Chairman Dale Pluim, Vice-Chairman Terry Hofmeyer Ashley Saras Rhonda Moret Joe Poppema Bruce Vander Stelt

ARTS COUNCIL

Aaron Beadner Sharon Vermeer, President Lisa Johnson, Vice-President Mary Fernow, Secretary Joanne Gamble, Treasurer Dr. Juyeon Kang Brian Keepers Duha Lee Char Ten Clay Dennis Rockhill, Co-Director Ernie Andrulewich, Co-Director

LIBRARY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Kay Joiner, President Anne Mead, Vice-President John Buntsma, Secretary/Treasurer Micah Bilby Ryan Doughan Sue Kroesche Cary Valdes

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Seth Bents **Breckin Bomgaars** Paul Brentlinger Austin DeKock Brandon DeKock Brian De Kock Michael Dekker Kevin Dekker Mike Dorr Aaron Dykstra David Dykstra Josh Dykstra Michael Dykstra Ashton Harding Chad Hase Jayden Hiemstra John Heller Al Jeltema Riley Jeltema Kevin Lopez Ann Lundberg Noah Minnick Mitchell Phomphakdy Andrew Roghair Dan Roghair Lee Roghair Dan Schram Dennis VanderWel, Chief Brent Van Leeuwen

CITY PERSONNEL

ADMINISTRATION

Kent Anderson Janet Brown Kurt Frederes Mark Gaul Jess Kuehl Shawn Lancaster Matt Van Schouwen Erica Van Wechel Earl Woudstra

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Jim Pottebaum Duane Hulstein Audley DeJong Jake Harmelink Bruce Jacobsma Trey Niemyer Trey Schiebout Darren Wielenga

STREET DEPARTMENT Luke Horkey Don Snieder Randy Van De Griend

PARKS AND RECREATION Mitch Aalbers Brian Goslinga Noah Minnick

UTILITIES

Mike Anema Ed DeJong Alan DeJong Jonathan Van Zuden Todd Klein Michael Klootwyk Josh Krammer Kirk Maasdam Dave Sassman Shane Schwarz Blake Sneider

HOSPITAL Marty W. Guthmiller Dina Baas

LIBRARY Lisa Johnson Finance Officer City Clerk Code Officer Community Development Director Event Center Manager Accounts Receivable Specialist Public Works Director Deputy City Clerk City Administrator

> Chief of Police Investigator Police Officer Police Officer Police Officer Police Officer Police Officer Police Officer

Street Crewman Street Crewman/Mechanic Street Foreman

> Director Park Maintenance Assistant Director

Electric Line Maintenance Worker I Gas Utility Foreman Electric Department Foreman Electric Line Maintenance Worker II Water & Wastewater Operator Electric Journeyman Lineman Water & Wastewater Operator Water & Wastewater Foreman Water & Wastewater Operator Gas Utility Crewman Electric Line Maintenance Worker II

> Administrator Chief Financial Officer

> > Administrator



21 1st Avenue NW P.O. Box 1010 Le Mars, IA 51031 Phone (712) 546-7801 Fax (712) 546-6543 www.williamscpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Orange City, Iowa

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Orange City, Iowa, (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Orange City, Iowa, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Orange City Area Health System, (a discretely presented component unit), which statements reflect total assets and deferred outflows of \$77,162,061 and total program revenues of \$63,576,853 as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Orange City Area Health System, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Orange City, Iowa and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 18 to the financial statements the City adopted new accounting guidance related to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Correction of Error

As described in Note 17 to the financial statements, internal financing amounts relating to TIF capital projects were updated to reflect the correct balance. These amounts have been corrected on the accompanying financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Orange City, Iowa's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City, Iowa's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Orange City, Iowa's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), Schedule of City's Contributions to Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System and the Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes on pages 13 through 25 and 75 through 82 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2023 on our consideration of the City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Orange City's internal control over financial control over fin

William - Compry, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa January 23, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2022

This discussion and analysis of the City of Orange City financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal on page 1 and the City's financial statements that follow this report, as well as the separately issued financial statements of Orange City Area Health System and Orange City's Municipal Golf Association, discretely presented component units of the City.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Orange City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2022 by \$58,959,973. Of this amount, \$6,975,049 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased by \$ 3,845,599 during the year. Of this amount, the governmental activities increased by \$ 831,901 and the net position of our business activities increased by \$ 3,013,698.
- The City's governmental activities long-term debt decreased \$ 440,000 during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition to the Management Discussion and Analysis, this annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government. An additional part of the basic financial statements are the Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by the private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements include all assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting, which is very similar to the method of accounting used by the private-sector companies. These two statements report the City's net position, which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Additional factors, such as changes in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure, are also important in making this determination.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we have divided the City into two kinds of activities:

- **Governmental Activities** Most of the City's basic services are reported here, such as Police, Fire, Public Works, and Parks departments, and general administration. Property Taxes finances most of these activities.
- **Business Type Activities** The City charges fees to customers to cover the cost of these services. Included here are the City Electric, Water, Sewer, and Natural Gas funds.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds- not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law or by bond requirements. The City Council also established funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as construction projects) and to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Sales Tax Revenues). The City has the following types of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which focus on how money moves into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end are available for spending. These funds are reported using the "modified accrual basis" of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The Governmental Fund Statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and basic services it provides. Governmental Fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance City programs. We describe the relationship between Governmental Activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and Governmental Funds in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.
- **Proprietary Funds** When the City charges customers for the service it provides, these services are generally reported in Proprietary Funds. Proprietary Funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The major difference between the Proprietary Funds report and the Business Type Activities we report in the government- wide statements is the detail and additional information, such as cash flows, provided in the Proprietary Funds report.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

As stated earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The largest part of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from the other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governme	ntal	Activities	Business-1	уре	Activities
	2022		2021	2022		2021
Current and Other Assets	\$ 10,607,901	\$	11,392,190	\$ 8,355,820	\$	11,965,650
Capital Assets	27,804,260		26,609,475	41,984,677		36,166,355
Total Assets	38,412,161		38,001,665	50,340,497		48,132,005
Deferred Outflows	286,498		380,110	108,491		162,601
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	11,453,877		13,242,415	10,338,674		11,737,232
Other Liabilities	674,774		815,987	1,097,182		966,076
Total Liabilities	12,128,651		14,058,402	11,453,856		12,703,308
Deferred Inflows	6,195,188		4,780,454	427,979		19,843
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,375,632		14,702,790	31,791,448		25,117,685
Restricted	2,475,815		2,365,267	1,342,029		1,693,085
Unrestricted	1,523,373		2,474,862	5,451,676		8,760,685
Total Net Position	\$ 20,374,820	\$	19,542,919	\$ 38,585,153	\$	35,571,455

The following comparative chart shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

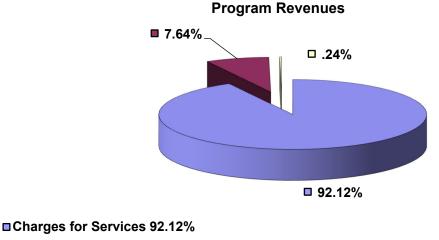
	Tota	als
	2022	2021
Current and Other Assets	\$ 18,963,721	\$ 23,357,840
Capital Assets	69,788,937	62,775,830
Total Assets	88,752,658	86,133,670
Deferred Outflows	394,989	542,711
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	21,792,551	24,979,647
Other Liabilities	1,771,956	1,782,063
Total Liabilities	23,564,507	26,761,710
Deferred Inflows	6,623,167	4,800,297
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	48,167,080	39,820,475
Restricted	3,817,844	4,058,352
Unrestricted	6,975,049	11,235,547
Total Net Position	\$ 58,959,973	\$ 55,114,374

This summary reflects an increase of 4.26% for the governmental net position and an increase of 8.47% in the business-type net position.

Total revenue reported in Fiscal 2022 was \$23,398,580. The following table breaks down revenues collected for Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities for Fiscal Year 2022 and 2021:

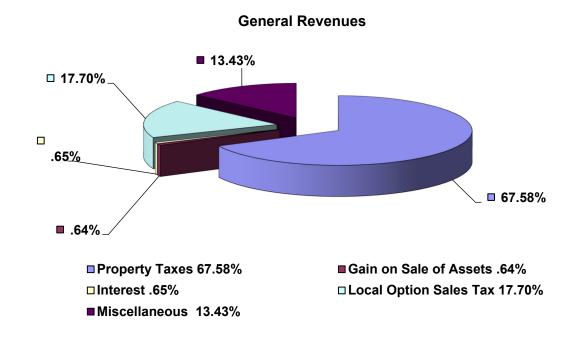
	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities			
Revenue Source		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$	905,223	\$	1,131,768	\$	14,137,897	\$	14,313,665	
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,247,920	,	1,296,493	,	-		,,	
Capital Grants and Contributions		38,889		25,728		-			
Total Program Revenues		2,192,032		2,453,989		14,137,897		14,313,665	
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:									
Property Taxes		4,776,927		4,742,603		-			
Local Option Sales Tax		1,251,437		1,115,682		-			
Interest		22,309		26,238		23,358		53,072	
Gain on Sales of Assets		45,240		70,419		-			
Miscellaneous		127,572		879,872		821,808		1,167,271	
Total General Revenues		6,223,485		6,834,814		845,166		1,220,343	
Interfund Transfers		(1,067,405)		(214,388)		1,067,405		214,388	
Total General Revenues &									
Interfund Transfers:		5,156,080		6,620,426		1,912,571		1,434,731	
Total Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	\$	7,348,112	\$	9,074,415	\$	16,050,468	\$	15,748,396	
		Tot	als						
Revenue Source		2022		2021					
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$	15,043,120	\$	15,445,433					
Operating Grants and Contributions	Ŧ	1,247,920	Ŧ	1,296,493					
Capital Grants and Contributions		38,889		25,728					
Total Program Revenues		16,329,929		16,767,654					
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:									
Property Taxes		4,776,927		4,742,603					
Local Option Sales Tax		1,251,437		1,115,682					
Interest		45,667		79,310					
Gain on Sales of Assets		45,240		70,419					
Miscellaneous		949,380		2,047,143					
Total General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:		7,068,651		8,055,157					
			¢						
Total Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	\$	23,398,580	\$	24,822,811					

Program revenues totaled \$16,329,929 for fiscal year 2022. Governmental Activities provided \$2,192,032 and Business-Type Activities provided \$14,137,897. Revenue collected for Charges for Services during fiscal year 2022 was \$15,043,120, accounting for 92.12% of the total program revenues. The following chart breaks down program revenues by source:



Charges for Services 92.12%
Operating Grants and Contributions 7.64%
Capital Grants & Contributions 0.24%

General Revenues and Interfund Transfers for fiscal year 2022 totaled \$ 7,068,651. Governmental Activities provided \$5,156,080 and Business-Type Activities provided \$1,912,571. Property Tax Revenues for fiscal year 2022 totaled \$4,776,927, accounting for 67.58% of General Revenues. The following chart breaks down General Revenues by source:



Expenses for Fiscal 2022 totaled \$19,552,981. Expenses for Governmental Activities totaled \$6,516,211, accounting for 33.33% of total expenses. Business-Type Activity expenses totaled \$13,036,770, for 66.67% of the total.

	Governmental Activities				F	Business-Ty	pe A	Activities	
		2022	2	021		2022		2021	
Public Safety	\$	1,237,640	\$ 1,1	86,527	\$	-	\$	-	
Public Works		1,796,683	1,7	781,024		-		-	
Culture and Recreation		2,011,680	2,1	34,424		-		-	
Community & Economic Development		330,833	4	71,166		-		-	
General Government		862,087	1,0	026,101		-		-	
Debt Service		277,288	2	268,683		-		-	
Sewer System		-		-		1,215,362		1,339,534	
Water System		-		-		1,315,829		1,273,778	
Electric System		-		-		7,707,810		7,759,588	
Natural Gas System		-		-		2,797,769		3,058,038	
Total Expenses	\$	6,516,211	\$ 6,8	359,614	\$1	3,036,770	\$	13,430,938	

The following table shows total expenses by Function/Program for FY 2022 and FY 2021:

		Totals					
		2022		2021			
Public Safety	\$	1.237.640	\$	1,186,527			
Public Works	Ψ	1,796,683	Ψ	1,781,024			
Culture and Recreation		2,011,680		2,134,424			
Community & Economic Development		330,833		471,166			
General Government		862,087		1,026,101			
Debt Service		277,288		268,683			
Sewer System		1,215,362		1,339,534			
Water System		1,315,829		1,273,778			
Electric System		7,707,810		7,759,588			
Natural Gas System		2,797,769		3,058,038			
Total Expenses	\$	19,552,981	\$	20,290,552			

The following table shows the activities included within each program level:

Program Level	Activity
Public Safety	Individual & Community Protection, Physical Health
Public Works	Roadway Construction, Airport Operations, Street Lighting, Transportation Services
Culture and Recreation	Education & Culture, Leisure Time Opportunities
Community and Economic Development	Economic Development, Community Beautification, Planning and Zoning
General Government	Administration, Support Services
Debt Service	Payment of Interest
Capital Projects	Construction of Capital Facilities
Sewer System	Operation of the Waste Water Treatment Plant/Supply Distribution System
Water System	Operation of Water Treatment Plant/Supply Distribution System
Electric System	Operation of Electric Plant/Supply Distribution System
Natural Gas System	Operation of Natural Gas Plant/Supply Distribution System
Concernmental of Activities	

Governmental of Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance. Please note that the expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense) Revenue calculation. This format highlights the respective financial burden that each of the functions place on the taxpayers. For example, for Public Safety, the City spent \$ 1,237,640 and received \$ 239,767 in revenue, thus leaving a cost to the taxpayer of \$ 997,873 to be funded by various methods. The format also identifies how much each function draws from general revenues or is self-financing through fees or grants. Some of the individual line item revenues reported for each function are:

Public Safety	Fines, Fees
Public Works	Road Use Tax, Rent, Special Assessments
Culture and Recreation	Fees, State Aid
General Government	Licenses, Permits
Capital Projects	Donations, State Grants, Federal Grants

The total cost of governmental activities this year was \$6,516,211. Of these costs, \$ 905,223 was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs. Costs paid by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions was \$ 1,286,809, leaving a Net Expense of \$4,324,179 for Governmental Activities. These expenses of were covered with tax revenues, interest and other general revenues. The Statement of Activities in the financial statements provides further detail. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Governmental Activity is shown in the following table:

Functions/Programs		Net (Ex Reve	•	e)	
		2022	2021		
Governmental Activities:					
Public Safety	\$	(997,873)	\$	(937,429)	
Public Works	Ŧ	(621,911)	Ŧ	(329,454)	
Culture and Recreation		(1,524,353)		(1,708,284)	
Community and Economic Development		(204,387)		(306,631)	
General Government		(739,817)		(904,001)	
Debt Service		(235,838)		(228,137)	
Total Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental Activities		(4,324,179)		(4,405,625)	
General Revenues		6,223,485		6,834,814	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,899,306		2,429,189	
Interfund Transfers		(1,067,405)		(214,388)	
Change in Net Position		\$ 831,901	\$	2,214,801	

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$26,891,031 consisting of Net Position at July 1, 2021 of \$19,542,919, Program Revenues of \$2,192,032 and General Revenues and Transfers of \$5,156,080. Total Governmental Activities during the year expended \$6,516,211; thus, Net Position increased by \$831,901 to \$20,374,820.

Business Type Activities

Business Type Activities increased the City's net position by \$3,013,698.

The cost of all Proprietary Activities this year was \$13,036,770. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount paid by users of the systems was \$14,137,897 resulting in total Net Revenue for Business Type Activities of \$1,101,127. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Business Type Activity is shown in the following table:

Business-Type Activities		Net (Expense) Revenue							
		2022		2021					
Electric System Water System Sewer System Natural Gas System	\$	702,524 (43,422) 234,557 207,468	\$	568,117 (46,302) 127,900 233,012					
Total Net (Expense) Revenue Business-Type Activities General Revenues Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,101,127 845,166 1,946,293		882,727 1,220,343 2,103,070					
Interfund Transfers		1,067,405		214,388					
Change in Net Position	\$	3,013,698	\$	2,317,458					

Total resources available during the year to finance Proprietary Fund activities were \$51,621,923 consisting of Net Position at July 1, 2021 of \$35,571,455, Program Revenues of \$14,137,897 and General Revenues and Transfers of \$ 1,912,571. Total Proprietary Fund Activities during the year expended \$13,036,770; thus Net Position was increased by \$3,013,698 to \$ 38,585,153.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. The City's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,463,016. The combined Governmental Funds balance decreased \$1,182,248 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures in the General fund by \$315,197. The major reason for the increase in fund balance is due to increased local options sales tax that were not budgeted in fiscal year 2022.

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of state fuel tax dollars. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$18,655. This was a budgeted decision to help increase reserves for a future street project. The fund transferred \$814,781 to the general fund to help with street operations and a purchase of a street sweeper.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for collection of general property taxes for the repayment of general obligation debt. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$48,264. This was a planned event during the fiscal year 2022 budget session.

The TIF Special Revenue Fund (Tax Incremental Financing) is used to account for property taxes received to be expended for various public improvement projects. The TIF Fund balance increased by \$1,040,997 due to TIF property tax revenue collected.

The TIF Capital Projects Fund is used to expend for improvement projects. The Fund balance decreased by \$ 118,577. This was due to construction of a new housing subdivision, which includes street, water and sewer.

The MOC FV School Project Fund is used to account for expenditures relating to the City's portion of construction costs for the new MOC FV school building.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Comparing the fiscal year 2022 original (adopted) city wide amount of \$77,044,542 to the final budget amount of \$92,376,042 shows a net increase of \$15,331,500.

Amended								
Expenses	Budget			Actual	Variance			
Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Community and	\$	1,104,780 1,435,770 1,701,083	\$	1,141,364 1,466,098 1,879,024	\$	(36,584) (30,328) (177,941)		
Economic Development General Government Capital Projects Debt Service		385,531 1,172,115 1,693,668		343,732 802,446 3,593,821 1,695,669		41,799 369,669 (3,593,821) (2,001)		
Business-Type Activities	\$	92,376,042	\$	72,561,513 83,483,667		12,321,582 \$ 8,892,375		

The following table shows the government wide budget variances by program structure:

During the year there was a \$15,331,500 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. Following are the main components of the increase:

- \$34,000 supplemental appropriation to the police department for such costs as unexpected part-time help due to new hire that went to the police academy for 18 weeks.
- \$65,000 supplemental appropriation to roadway maintenance, for such costs as alley improvements, and purchase of a new street sweeper.
- \$40,000 supplemental appropriation to our pool and recreation departments for such costs as improvements to the pool for a new drop slide and ball field fencing.
- \$192,500 supplemental appropriation to our general government for such costs as additional improvements to city hall, and additional costs for our event center, due to our new hire of an assistant manager.
- \$15,000,000 supplemental appropriation to our municipal hospital for under budgeting their operations for the year as well as refinancing revenue bonds in our Electric and Gas Utility.

A part of the increase was possible because of additional revenues. Those revenues included additional hospital revenues such as the CARES monies, and local option sales tax monies and the sale of some land for development. The rest of the appropriations were paid with the fund balance from the general fund.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment, streets, and other infrastructure represents the value of the resources utilized to provide services to our citizens. The investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022, was \$48,167,080 (net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding financings). The gross additions to capital assets for Fiscal 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

		ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land Infrastructure	\$ - -	\$- 745,276	\$ 1,234,294 -	\$ 1,138,217 -
Buildings	161,023		-	-
Improvements-Other than Buildings	100,481	1,045,753	-	-
Equipment	242,728	228,508	239,304	309,761
Utility Plant	-	-	1,165,939	2,134,849
Construction in Progress	2,281,025	1,104,061	4,792,831	609,066
Total Gross Additions	\$ 2,785,257	\$ 3,123,598	\$ 7,432,368	\$ 4,191,893
	Тс	otals		
	2022	2021	-	
Land Infrastructure	\$ 1,234,294	\$ 446,349 1,101,430		
Buildings	161,023	25,948		
Improvements-Other Buildings	100,481	1,086,095		
Equipment	482,032	855,529		
Utility Plant	1,165,939	1,093,227		
Construction in Progress	7,073,856	2,436,389	<u>-</u>	
Total Expenditures	\$ 10,217,625	\$ 7,044,967		

Construction In Progress at June 30, 2022 for governmental activities consisted of costs associated with the MOC-FV school project, streetlight project at Lincoln & Hwy 10 and street projects like 18th Street and 14th Street and Hwy 10 3rd Turn Lane.

For Business-Type Activities, the Utility Plant addition consisted of costs associated with the water & sewer distribution system improvements.

See Note 5 to the financial statements for more information on the City's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At year-end the City had \$20,555,000 of debt outstanding. Of this amount, \$10,705,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of \$9,850,000 is debt represented by bonds secured solely by the specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Debt administration is on track, with over 91% of all City debt repaid within the next 10 years. This rapid repayment, when combined with the use of TIF has allowed the City to maintain our good rating. This reflects well on our community.

The City continues to operate well under State debt capacity limitations. The State limits the amount of General Obligation Debt Outstanding to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property in the community. Thus, our debt capacity is \$ 22,132,632. With outstanding General Obligation Debt applicable to this limit of \$9,805,000, we are utilizing 44.30% of this limit. More detailed information on debt administration is provided in Note 7 of the financial statements.

Economic Factors

The City of Orange City worked hard in FY 2022 to maintain a positive approach to growth and development. Continued progressive growth in the Orange City community had a positive effect on the City's unemployment and tax base. The growth in Local Option Sales Tax demonstrates that the Orange City's economy continues to grow.

The City still has street improvements high on their priority list. We did start another couple of street projects for fiscal year 2023. They are called 14th Street Extension and 18th Street, both of these are made up of approximately half mile of new street. These streets lead to our airport property located on the west of town and west of Jay Avenue. The total cost of the project which includes street, water, sewer and storm sewer is around \$3,600,000. These projects will have around twenty-five residential lots and an estimated seven commercial lots available for sale in the fall of 2023.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the finance department at the City of Orange City, 125 Central Avenue SE, Orange City, IA 51041.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

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Land 1.223,956 6.092,373 8.240,901 9.897,276 - Construction Progress 3.448,070 4.792,831 8.240,901 9.827,276 - Construction Progress 3.448,070 4.792,831 5.3,331,707 28.838,270 1.636,477 Total Assets Static Progress 3.2412,781 2.3,132,224 30,199,473 5.3,331,707 28.838,270 1.636,477 DPEB Realised Deferred Outflows 14,050 8.097 22,142 3,020,393 - DPEB Realised Deferred Outflows 14,050 8.097 22,447 79,521 - Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 28,649 1068,491 394,589 4,000,461 - LANDIES - 30,072 30,772 817,667 4,722 Accrued Expenses - 30,000 - 30,000 - 8,444 Accrued Expenses - 30,000 - 8,444 - - 6,472 Accrued Expenses - 30,000 - 30,000 - </td <td></td> <td>- 407 201</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		- 407 201			-	-
Construction in Progress 3,448,070 4,792,831 8,240,901 962,726 - Degreesiden/Amortization 23,132,224 30,109,473 55,331,707 28,838,270 1,638,477 Degreesiden/Amortization 23,132,224 30,109,477 85,728,258 72,144,968 1,735,711 DPEER Feature Distruct Ownson 22,448 100,394 372,842 3,200,393 - Total Assets 14,650 8,097 22,147 79,521 - Calability 228,448 100,394 372,842 3,200,393 - Accured Valges 228,449 100,394 3,244,169 - - Accured Valges 4,2331 20,157 62,488 3,744,169 - Accured Valges - 30,000 - 8,847 - 30,000 - 8,847 Accured Interest 24,019 - 24,019 1,23,764 - - - - 8,93,73 9,71,000 - - - - - -					1 897 439	-
Capital Assets, Nef Accurationation 23,132,224 30,199,473 53,331,707 28,638,272 1,636,477 Total Assets 38,412,161 50,340,497 88,722,555 72,148,598 1,735,771 DPER Reliate DutyreLOWS OF RESURCES 1,450,9 8,007 22,147 70,521 - OPER Reliate DutyreLOWS OF Resources 226,498 108,491 394,989 4,000,451 - LABLITTES - 226,498 108,491 394,989 4,000,451 - Accured Repenses - 30,772 30,772 817,657 4,722 Customer Deposits - 30,000 - 30,000 - 84,873 - Use Within one year: - - 30,000 - 81,744,189 - - - - - 7,670 81,757 4,722 0,712,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -						-
Total Assets 38.412.161 50.340.497 88.752.658 72.148.998 1,735.710 DFEE Related OutFlows Persion Related Deferred Outflows Total Deferred Outflows Persion Related Deferred Outflows 14.050 8.097 22.147 79.521 . Class Deferred Outflows Persion Related Deferred Outflows Total Deferred Outflows Resources 14.060 8.097 22.147 79.521 . Class Deferred Outflows Persion Related Deferred Outflows Resources 14.060 8.097 22.147 79.521 . Class Deferred Outflows Parables from Restrict 276.424 969.520 1.547.944 1.562.946 . Accrued Expresses . 30.000 . 30.000 . 8.342.4189 . Ouesement Deposits . 30.860 712.000 . 8.342.414 . 4.444 . 4.4444 . . 30.860 712.000 . <		-,,	.,,	-,,	,	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1 <th< td=""><td>Depreciation/Amortization</td><td>23,132,234</td><td>30,199,473</td><td>53,331,707</td><td>28,838,270</td><td>1,636,478</td></th<>	Depreciation/Amortization	23,132,234	30,199,473	53,331,707	28,838,270	1,636,478
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows 14,050 8.087 22,147 79,521 - Pransion Related Deferred Outflows 222,442 103,034 372,842 320,030 - LABILITES - - 384,989 4.000,451 - Accounts Payable 578,424 109,324 372,842 326,930 - Accounts Payable 578,424 969,520 1.547,944 1.562,946 - Accounts Payable - 36,673 36,673 37,744,189 - Cutomer Deposits - 36,673 30,000 - 8,944 Accrued Interest - 39,860 33,000 - 8,944 Accrued Interest - 39,860 39,860 1,370,000 - Revenue Bonds 1,405,000 - 1,463,000 - - - - 35,660 Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 83,040 - - - - - - - -	Total Assets	38,412,161	50,340,497	88,752,658	72,148,998	1,735,710
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows 14,050 8.097 22,147 7.9,521 - Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 226,499 108,491 394,989 4,000,451 - LABLITES - - - 326,939 - - Accurust Spenses - - 30,772 30,772 41,757,944 - - Lumearned Revenue - 30,800 -<						
Parason Related Deferred Outflows 272,448 100,394 372,842 3.920,930 - LLBILTTES 286,499 108,491 394,999 4.000,451 - Accured Wages 758,424 969,520 1,547,944 1,562,946 - Accured Wages 42,231 20,177 62,488 3,741,89 - Accured Wages 3,000 - 30,072 817,657 4,721 Customer Doposits 30,000 - 30,000 - 8,44 Noncurrent Labilities: - 39,860 712,000 - Accured Interest - 39,860 39,860 712,000 - Noncurrent Labilities: - 765,000 1,370,000 - - Due within one year: - - 1,405,000 - - - 35,000 - - - 35,000 - - - 35,000 - - - - - - 35,000 - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 286.498 108.491 394,889 4,000,451 . LABILITIES						-
LABILITIES -						-
Accounts Payable 578,424 999,520 1,47,944 1,562,946 - Accrued Expenses - 30,772 30,772 817,657 4,272 Custome Deposits - 36,873 36,873 - - Accrued Interest 24,019 - 30,000 - 88,444 Accrued Interest - 39,860 39,860 712,000 - Noncurrent Liabilities: - 39,860 712,000 - - Due within one year: - 765,000 765,000 - - 35,674 Compensated Absences and Benefits 1,406,000 - 1,405,000 - - - 35,061 - - 35,061 - - - 35,061 - - - - 35,000 - - 35,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Total Deterred Outflows of Resources	286,498	108,491	394,989	4,000,451	-
Accounts Payable 578,424 999,520 1,47,944 1,562,946 - Accrued Expenses - 30,772 30,772 817,657 4,272 Custome Deposits - 36,873 36,873 - - Accrued Interest 24,019 - 30,000 - 88,444 Accrued Interest - 39,860 39,860 712,000 - Noncurrent Liabilities: - 39,860 712,000 - - Due within one year: - 765,000 765,000 - - 35,674 Compensated Absences and Benefits 1,406,000 - 1,405,000 - - - 35,061 - - 35,061 - - - 35,061 - - - - 35,000 - - 35,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -						
Accrued Wages 42,331 20,167 62,488 3,744,189 - Accrued Expenses - 36,773 36,873 - - Cutomer Deposits - 36,073 36,873 - - Unsamed Revenue 30,000 - 30,000 - 8,444 Accrued Interest - 39,860 39,860 712,000 - Accrued Interest - 39,860 39,860 712,000 - Noncurrent Libilities: - - 765,000 1,370,000 - Revenue Bonds - 765,000 - - 55,664 - Notes Payable 14,405,000 - 1,465,000 - - - Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 85,304 - <td></td> <td>578 424</td> <td>969 520</td> <td>1 547 944</td> <td>1 562 946</td> <td>_</td>		578 424	969 520	1 547 944	1 562 946	_
Accrued Expenses - 30,772 30,772 817,657 4,727 Customer Deposits - 36,873 36,873 - - Uneamed Revenue 30,000 - 30,000 - 8,840 Accrued Interest 24,019 - 24,019 123,794 - Accrued Interest - 39,860 39,860 712,000 - Noncurrent Liabilities: - 765,000 765,000 1,370,000 - Due with nore year: - - 7,248 - - 35,667 Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 85,304 - - - - - 35,667 - - 35,667 - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>						-
Uneared Revenue 30,000 - 30,000 - 8,942 Accrued Interest 24,019 - 24,019 123,794 - Payables from Restricted Assets: - 39,860 39,860 712,000 - Accrued Interest - 765,000 765,000 1,370,000 - - Noncurrent Liabilities: - 765,000 - 1,405,000 - - Outes Payable 44,444 - 1,44,444 195,564 - - 35,067 Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 85,304 - - - - - 30,001 - - - 30,001 - - - 35,067 - - 30,001 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 30,031 - - - - 145,033 - - - 145,033 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>4,721</td></t<>						4,721
Accrued Interest 24,019 - 24,019 123,794 Payables from Restricted Assets: - 39,860 39,860 712,000 - Noncurrent Liabilities: - 39,860 39,860 712,000 - Noncurrent Liabilities: - 765,000 765,000 1,370,000 - Revenue Bonds 1,405,000 - 1,405,000 -		-	36,873	36,873		-
Payables from Restricted Assets: - 39,860 39,860 712,000 - Noncurrent Liabilities: - 765,000 765,000 1,370,000 - Due within one year: - 765,000 765,000 1,405,000 - Senard Obligation Bonds 1,405,000 - 1,405,000 - - Notes Payable 44,444 - 44,444 195,564 - 35,061 Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 85,304 - - 35,061 Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 85,304 - - 30,931 - - - 30,931 - - 145,033 - - 145,033 - - 145,033 - - 145,033 - - 145,033 - - 145,033 - - 127,065 - - 145,033 - - - 145,033 - - - 145,033 -<	Unearned Revenue		-	30,000	-	8,942
Ácrued Interest - 39,860 712,000 - Noncurrent Liabilities: - 765,000 765,000 1,370,000 - Revenue Bonds 1,405,000 - 1,405,000 - 1,405,000 - Revenue Bonds 1,405,000 - 1,405,000 - 1,405,000 - - Notes Payable 44,444 - 44,444 195,564 - - Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - - 35,067 Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 85,04 - - Revenue Bonds Payable - <td></td> <td>24,019</td> <td>-</td> <td>24,019</td> <td>123,794</td> <td>-</td>		24,019	-	24,019	123,794	-
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due within one year: 765,000 765,000 1,370,000 - Revenue Bords 1,405,000 - 1,405,000 - - Notes Payable 44,444 - 44,444 195,564 - Lease Liability - - - 75,248 - Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - 35,067 - - - - 35,000 - - - - 35,060 - - - - - 35,060 -		-	39,860	39,860	712,000	-
Revenue Bonds - 765.000 765.000 1.370,000 - General Obligation Bonds 1.405.000 - 1.405.000 - - Notes Payable 44.444 - 44.444 195.564 - Lease Liability - - - 57.248 - Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - 35,061 Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 85.304 - - Due in more than one year: - - 9,428.229 9,428.229 11,650.000 - - Revenue Bonds Payable - 9,428.229 9,428.229 11,650.000 - - - - - - - - - - - 145,037 - - - - - - 145,037 - - - 145,037 - - - - - - - - - - - - <						
General Obligation Bonds 1.405,000 - 1.405,000 - - - Notes Payable 44,444 - 44,444 195,664 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 35,061 - - - 35,061 - - - - - - - - - - 35,061 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>765.000</td> <td>765.000</td> <td>1 370 000</td> <td>_</td>			765.000	765.000	1 370 000	_
Notes Payable 44,444 - 44,444 195,664 - Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - 57,248 - Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - 35,061 - - 35,061 Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 85,304 - - - - 35,061 Ceneral Obligation Bonds 8,940,835 - 8,340,835 - 145,037 - - 145,037 - - 145,037 -		1 405 000	705,000		1,570,000	
Lease Liability - - - 57,248 - Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - 35,061 Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 85,304 - - 35,061 Due in more than one year: - 9,428,229 9,428,229 9,428,229 11,650,000 - Revenue Bonds Payable 8,940,835 - 8,940,835 - 145,037 -			-		195 564	-
Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - - 35,061 Compensated Absences and Benefits 47,634 37,670 85,304 -		-	-			-
Due in more than one year: - 9,428,229 9,428,229 11,650,000 - Revenue Bonds Payable 8,940,835 - 8,840,835 - <td< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>35,061</td></td<>		-	-	-		35,061
Revenue Bonds Payable - 9,428,229 9,428,229 11,650,000 - General Obligation Bonds 8,940,835 - 8,940,835 -	Compensated Absences and Benefits	47,634	37,670	85,304	-	-
General Obligation Bonds 8,940,835 - 8,940,835 - 145,031 - - - 145,031 - - - 145,033 - - 145,033 - - - 145,033 - - - 145,033 - - - 145,033 - - - - 145,033 - - - - 145,033 - - - 145,033 - - - - - - 145,033 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>						
Notes Payable 855,556 - 855,556 505,176 - Lease Liability - - 30,931 - Notes Payable - Primary Government - - 30,931 - Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - 145,033 Net Pension Liability - - - 127,605 - Other Post Employment Benefits 88,958 51,268 140,226 383,626 - Total Liabilities 12,128,651 11,435,856 23,564,507 21,280,736 193,767 Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes 4,862,149 - 4,862,149 - - Home Health Deferred Inflows 4,891 2,704 7,395 72,687 - Other Post Employment Benefits Related Deferred Inflows 4,691 2,704 7,395 72,687 - Lease Related Deferred Inflows 1,228,348 399,415 1,727,763 15,302,390 - Lease Related Deferred Inflows 6,195,188 427,979 6,623,167 <td< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>9,428,229</td><td></td><td>11,650,000</td><td>-</td></td<>		-	9,428,229		11,650,000	-
Lease Liability - - - 30,931 - Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - - 145,037 Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - - 127,055 - 127,055 - - - - 127,057 -			-		-	-
Notes Payable - Primary Government - - - - 145,037 Net Pension Liability - - - 127,605 - - 127,605 - - 127,605 - - - 127,605 - - - 127,605 - - - 127,605 - - - - 127,605 - - - 127,605 - - - 127,605 - - - 127,605 - 103,02 - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>			-			-
Net Pension Liability - - - 127,605 - Other Post Employment Benefits 88,958 51,268 140,226 383,626 - - - - - - - 127,605 -<		-	-	-	30,931	-
Other Post Employment Benefits 88,958 51,268 140,226 383,626 - Compensated Absences and Benefits 71,450 56,507 127,957 - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>- 127 605</td> <td>145,037</td>		-	-	-	- 127 605	145,037
Compensate Absences and Benefits 71,450 56,507 127,957 - <th-< td=""><td></td><td>88 958</td><td>51 268</td><td>140 226</td><td></td><td></td></th-<>		88 958	51 268	140 226		
Total Liabilities 12,128,651 11,435,856 23,564,507 21,280,736 193,761 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes 4,862,149 - 4,862,149 -<					-	-
Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes 4,862,149 - 4,862,149 -					21,280,736	193,761
Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes 4,862,149 - 4,862,149 -						
Home Health Deferred Inflows - - - - 30,929 - Other Post Employment Benefits Related Deferred Inflows 4,691 2,704 7,395 72,687 - Pension Related Deferred Inflows 1,328,348 399,415 1,727,763 15,302,390 - Lease Related Deferred Inflows - 25,860 25,860 216,415 - Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 6,195,188 427,979 6,623,167 15,622,421 - NET POSITION - 16,375,632 31,791,448 48,167,080 17,889,516 1,456,380 Restricted for: - - 122,817 - - - Debt Service 379,377 1,342,029 1,721,406 - - - Permanent Funds - nonexpendable 122,817 - 122,817 - - - Economic Development 829,854 - 829,854 - 28,9854 - - - Nonor Restrictions - - 1,43,7						
Other Post Employment Benefits Related Deferred Inflows 4,691 2,704 7,395 72,687 - Pension Related Deferred Inflows 1,328,348 399,415 1,727,763 15,302,390 - Lease Related Deferred Inflows - 25,860 25,860 216,415 - Total Deferred Inflows - 6,195,188 427,979 6,623,167 15,622,421 - NET POSITION Restricted for: -		4,862,149	-	4,862,149	-	-
Pension Related Deferred Inflows 1,328,348 399,415 1,727,763 15,302,390 - Lease Related Deferred Inflows - 25,860 25,860 216,415 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 6,195,188 427,979 6,623,167 15,622,421 - NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 16,375,632 31,791,448 48,167,080 17,889,516 1,456,380 Restricted for: - </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>		-	-			-
Lease Related Deferred Inflows - 25,860 25,860 216,415 - Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 6,195,188 427,979 6,623,167 15,622,421 - NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 16,375,632 31,791,448 48,167,080 17,889,516 1,456,380 Restricted for: Debt Service 379,377 1,342,029 1,721,406 -						-
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 6,195,188 427,979 6,623,167 15,622,421 - NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 16,375,632 31,791,448 48,167,080 17,889,516 1,456,380 Restricted for: Debt Service 379,377 1,342,029 1,721,406 - - Permanent Funds - nonexpendable 122,817 - 122,817 - - Road Use Tax 1,143,767 - 1,143,767 - 1,143,767 - 116,275 Unrestricted 1,523,373 5,451,676 6,975,049 21,240,501 85,566		1,328,348				-
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 16,375,632 31,791,448 48,167,080 17,889,516 1,456,380 Restricted for:		6 105 199				-
Net Investment in Capital Assets 16,375,632 31,791,448 48,167,080 17,889,516 1,456,380 Restricted for: -	. cm. Science inter of Resources	0,100,100	421,019	0,020,107	10,022,421	-
Net Investment in Capital Assets 16,375,632 31,791,448 48,167,080 17,889,516 1,456,380 Restricted for: -	NET POSITION					
Restricted for: 379,377 1,342,029 1,721,406 - Debt Service 379,377 1,342,029 1,721,406 - - Permanent Funds - nonexpendable 122,817 - 122,817 - - Economic Development 829,854 - 829,854 - - Road Use Tax 1,143,767 - 1,143,767 - - Donor Restrictions - - 116,275 - Unrestricted 1,523,373 5,451,676 6,975,049 21,240,501 85,568		16,375,632	31,791,448	48,167,080	17,889,516	1,456,380
Debt Service 379,377 1,342,029 1,721,406 - - Permanent Funds - nonexpendable 122,817 - 122,817 -						
Economic Development 829,854 829,854 - - Road Use Tax 1,143,767 1,143,767 - - - - - - - 16,275 - - - 16,275 - - - 16,275 - - 1,52,373 5,451,676 6,975,049 21,240,501 85,568 -			1,342,029		-	-
Road Use Tax 1,143,767 1,143,767 Donor Restrictions 116,275 116,275 Unrestricted 1,523,373 5,451,676 6,975,049 21,240,501 85,566			-		-	-
Donor Restrictions 116,275 Unrestricted 1,523,373 5,451,676 6,975,049 21,240,501 85,568			-		-	-
Unrestricted		1,143,767	-	1,143,767	-	-
		4 500 070	- E 4E4 670	-		-
	Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$ 20,374,820	\$ 38,585,153	\$ 58,959,973	\$ 39,246,292	\$ 1,541,949

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

|--|

			1	Progr	Program Revenues				
				Č	Operating	(Capital		
		Charges for		G	rants and	Grants and			
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Con	tributions		
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
Public Safety	\$ 1,237,640	\$	11,421	\$	191,707	\$	36,639		
Public Works	1,796,683		341,336		833,436		-		
Culture and Recreation	2,011,680		404,834		80,243		2,250		
Community and Economic Development	330,833		84,182		42,264		-		
General Government	862,087		63,450		58,820		-		
Debt Service	277,288		-		41,450		-		
Total governmental activities	 6,516,211		905,223		1,247,920		38,889		
Business-Type Activities:									
Electric Utility	7,707,810		8,410,334		-		-		
Water Utility	1,315,829		1,272,407		-		-		
Sewer Utility	1,215,362		1,449,919		-		-		
Gas Utility	2,797,769		3,005,237		-		-		
Total Business-Type Activities:	 13,036,770		14,137,897		-		-		
Total Primary Government	\$ 19,552,981	\$	15,043,120	\$	1,247,920	\$	38,889		
Component Unit:									
Orange City Area Health System	\$ 59,524,743	\$ (63,244,369	\$	332,484	\$	-		
Orange City Municipal Golf Association	\$ 654,084	\$	483,003	\$	152,453	\$	8,065		

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Local Option Sales Tax

Interest

Gain on Sale of Assets

Miscellaneous

Interfund Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position Net Position - beginning

Net Position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position											
			u.				Compor	ent Unit			
Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities	Total			range City Health System	Orange City Municipal Golf A			
\$	(997,873) (621,911) (1,524,353) (204,387) (739,817) (235,838) (4,324,179)			\$	(997,873) (621,911) (1,524,353) (204,387) (739,817) (235,838) (4,324,179)						
		\$	702,524 (43,422) 234,557 207,468 1,101,127		702,524 (43,422) 234,557 207,468 1,101,127						
	(4,324,179)		1,101,127		(3,223,052)						
						\$	4,052,110	\$	(10,563		
	4,776,927 1,251,437 22,309 45,240 127,572 (1,067,405)		- 23,358 - 821,808 1,067,405		4,776,927 1,251,437 45,667 45,240 949,380		- - 410,296 4,674 5,049 -		- - -		
	5,156,080 831,901 19,542,919		1,912,571 3,013,698 35,571,455		7,068,651 3,845,599 55,114,374		420,019 4,472,129 34,774,163		- (10,563 1,552,512		
\$	20,374,820	\$	38,585,153	\$	58,959,973	\$	39,246,292	\$	1,541,949		

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds JUNE 30, 2022

		General	٦	ΓΙF Special Revenue	TIF Capital Projects	
Assets						•
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$	712,421	\$	-	\$	1,673,805
Investments		46,970		-		-
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance						
for uncollectibles)						
Accounts		59,586		-		-
Taxes		5,519		-		-
Subsequent Year Taxes		2,123,654		1,110,000		-
Special Assessments		60,607		-		-
Notes Receivable		-		-		748,57
Due from Other Funds		2,100,000		-		3,246,019
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		85,783		-		-
Inventories		-		-		-
Land Held for Resale		-		-		1,028,798
Total Assets		5,194,540		1,110,000	_	6,697,197
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		109,270		-		198,35
Accrued Wages		42,331		-		-
Due to Other Funds		180,000		3,198,871		658,95
Land Deposits		-		-		30,000
Total Liabilities		331,601		3,198,871		887,306
Deferred Inflow of Resources						
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments		53,455		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes		2,123,654		1,110,000		-
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		2,177,109		1,110,000		-
Fund Balances Nonspendable:						
Inventories		-		-		-
Permanent Fund Principal		-		-		-
Restricted for:						
Debt Service		-		-		-
Economic Development		-		-		-
Road Use Tax		-		-		-
Assigned for:						
Capital Project		-		-		5,809,89
Unassigned		2,685,830		(3,198,871)		-
Total Fund Balances		2,685,830		(3,198,871)		5,809,89
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and				, . <i></i> .		
Fund Balances	\$	5,194,540	\$	1,110,000	\$	6,697,19
	Ψ	5,134,540	Ψ	1,110,000	Ψ	0,097,19

	MOC FV School Project					Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	369,300	\$	1,597,413	\$	4,352,939			
	-		-		-		46,970			
	-		-		-		59,586			
	-		3,487		-		9,006			
	-		1,628,495		-		4,862,149			
	-		-		-		60,607			
	-		-		420,369		1,168,944			
	-		-		-		5,346,019			
	-		-		66,442		152,225			
	-		-		12,214		12,214			
	-				-		1,028,798			
_	-		2,001,282		2,096,438		17,099,457			
	185,308		-		85,493		578,424			
	-		-		-		42,331			
	2,374,640		-		657,618		7,070,082			
	-		-		-		30,000			
	2,559,948		-		743,111		7,720,837			
	-		-		-		53,455			
	-		1,628,495		-		4,862,149			
	-		1,628,495		-		4,915,604			
	_		_		12,214		12,214			
	_		_		122,817		122,817			
					122,017		122,017			
	-		372,787		-		372,787			
	-		-		829,854		829,854			
	-		-		1,131,553		1,131,553			
	-		-		-		5,809,891			
	(2,559,948)		-		(743,111)		(3,816,100)			
	(2,559,948)		372,787		1,353,327		4,463,016			
\$		\$	2,001,282	\$	2,096,438	\$	17,099,457			

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (page 30)		\$ 4,463,016
Infrastructure, property, and equipment used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		27,804,260
Deferred revenues that provide current financial resources for governmental activities		53,455
Net pension asset that is not available to pay current year expenditures		407,291
Accrued expenses from the balance sheet that require current financial resources for governmental activities		(24,019)
Accrued compensated absences and other post employment benefits not reported on the modified accrual basis		(208,042)
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows: Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 14,050 (4,691)	9,359
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows: Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources	272,448 (1,328,348)	(1,055,900)
Prepaid expenses are reported in the governmental activities but are not reported in the funds as they do not provide current economic resources		171,235
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds, as follows:		
General Obligation Bonds Notes Payable	(10,345,835) (900,000)	(11,245,835)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (page 26)

\$ 20,374,820

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Т	IF Special Revenue	TIF Capital Projects		
Revenue:						
Taxes	\$ 1,949,258	\$	-	\$	-	
Special Assessments	13,929		-		-	
Licenses and Permits	10,773		-		-	
Intergovernmental	306,361		58,820		-	
Charges for Services	846,896		-		-	
Fines and Forfeits	11,961		-		-	
TIF Revenue	147,929		1,099,521		-	
Local Option Sales Tax	1,251,437		-		-	
Interest on Investments	13,768		-		-	
Miscellaneous	122,863		-		80,385	
Total Revenue	 4,675,175		1,158,341		80,385	
Expenditures:						
Public Safety	1,141,364		-		-	
Public Works	1,466,098		-		-	
Culture and Recreation	1,879,024		-		-	
Community and Economic Development	343,732		-		-	
General Government	802,446		-		-	
Capital Projects	-		-		202,356	
Debt Service:					,	
Principal Retirement	-		-		-	
Interest/Bond Costs	-		-		-	
Total Expenditures	 5,632,664		-		202,356	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (957,489)		1,158,341		(121,971	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of Debt	-		-		-	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	51,500		-		-	
Transfers In	1,221,186		-		3,394	
Transfers Out	 -		(117,344)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,272,686		(117,344)		3,394	
Net Change in Fund Balance	315,197		1,040,997		(118,577	
Fund balances - beginning of year	2,370,633		(4,758,268)		6,446,868	
Prior Period Adjustment	-		518,400		(518,400	
Fund balances - beginning of year, as restated	 2,370,633		(4,239,868)		5,928,468	
Decrease in Reserve for Inventory	-		-		-	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 2,685,830	\$	(3,198,871)	\$	5,809,891	

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

MOC FV School Project			Debt Service		Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	1,580,219	\$	-	\$	3,529,47	
•	-	·	-	·	-	·	13,929	
	-		-		-		10,773	
	-		41,450		833,436		1,240,06	
	-		-		-		846,89	
	-		-		-		11,96	
	-		-		-		1,247,45	
	-		-		-		1,251,43	
	-		3		8,538		22,30	
	-		-		4,454		207,70	
	-		1,621,672		846,428		8,382,00	
							4 4 4 4 0 0	
	-		-		-		1,141,36	
	-		-		-		1,466,09	
	-		-		-		1,879,02	
	-		-		-		343,73	
	- 2,791,497		-		- 599,968		802,44 3,593,82	
	2,791,497		-		599,900			
	-		1,340,000		-		1,340,00	
	-		347,358		8,311		355,66	
	2,791,497		1,687,358		608,279		10,922,15	
	(2,791,497)		(65,686)		238,149		(2,540,15	
	900,000		-		-		900,00	
	-		-		-		51,50	
	-		113,950		114,000		1,452,53	
	-		-		(928,781)		(1,046,12	
	900,000		113,950		(814,781)		1,357,90	
	(1,891,497)		48,264		(576,632)		(1,182,24	
	(668,451)		324,523		1,928,333		5,643,63	
	-		-		-		-	
	(668,451)		324,523		1,928,333		5,643,63	
	-		-		1,626		1,62	
\$	(2,559,948)	\$	372,787	\$	1,353,327	\$	4,463,01	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 33) Net Change in Fund Balance Increase in Reserve for Inventory	(1,182,248) 1,626	\$ (1,180,622)
Governmental funds report capital outlays, including infrastructure, as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay exceeded depreication expense in the current year as follows:		
Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 2,539,306 (1,338,261)	1,201,045
Governmental funds do not report the loss on the disposal of assets with remaining book values whereas the statement of activities reports the loss on the disposal. This is the effect on the change in net position on the statement of activities.		(6,260)
Revenues reported in the funds that are not available to provide current financial resources		(11,724)
Prepaid insurance is not reported in the governmental funds as it is not available to provide current financial resources		9,497
Accrued interest expense that does not require current financial resources		6,713
Amortization of premium on long term debt		71,668
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, as follows: Compensated absences Other post employment benefits Pension expense	(5,546) (9,891) 317,021	301,584
The issuance of indebtedness provides current financial resources to the governmental funds without affecting net position. The statement of activities does not reflect the proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt. The proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt for the year was:		(900,000)
The repayment of the principal of bonded long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds without affecting the net position. The statement of activities does not reflect the payment of principal on bonded long-term debt. The principal paid on bonded long-term debt during the current year was:		1,340,000
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 28)		\$ 831,901

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Proprietary Funds JUNE 30, 2022

JUNE 30, 2022	Pusiness Tune Activities					
	Business Type Activities			6		
	Elec	ctric	Water		Sewer	
	Uti	lity	Utility		Utility	
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	111,047	\$1	99	\$ 456,02	
Investments	•	455,000			-	
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for						
uncollectibles)						
Accounts		691,714	144,0	53	131,08	
Accrued Interest		26,508	144,0	55	131,00	
Estimated Unbilled Usage		328,435	- 72,6	റാ	47,58	
			72,0	92		
Due from Other Funds	c c	3,023,395	-		1,181,26	
Due from Other Governmental Agencies Current Portion of Lease Receivable		223,009	-		-	
		21,591	-	~~	-	
Inventories		989,649	100,6	06	-	
Land Held for Resale		269,732	-			
Prepaid Assets		44,669	30,6		26,73	
Total Current Assets	6	6,184,749	348,1	72	1,842,69	
Non Current Assets						
Restricted Assets:						
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service - Cash		389	-		-	
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Cash						
& Cash Equivalents		-	233,5	00	53,50	
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Investments		105,000	,_		,	
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Cash		100,000				
& Cash Equivalents			101,5	00	428,00	
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Investments		160.000	101,5	00		
		160,000	4 770 0	-0	300,00	
Land	2	1,719,174	1,778,3		469,84	
Construction in Progress		-	3,699,6		1,093,13	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		0,085,957	5,834,1		12,905,04	
Total Noncurrent Assets		5,070,520	11,647,2		15,249,52	
Total Assets	21	1,255,269	11,995,3	95	17,092,223	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows		4,355	2,4	94	-	
Pension Related Deferred Outflows		46,811	35,6		-	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		51,166	38,1		-	
		01,100				
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities		004 004	407.0	~ 4	1.00	
Accounts Payable		634,221	197,9		4,62	
Accrued Wages		8,964	4,3		4,00	
Accrued Expenses		17,414	8,3	88	2,16	
Customer Deposits		22,073	-		-	
Due to Other Funds		-	2,480,5	99	-	
Accrued Revenue Bond Interest		4,806	13,3	07	21,74	
Revenue Bonds		145,000	240,0	00	380,00	
Compensated Absences		19,517	10,8	62	4,69	
Total Current Liabilities	-	851,995	2,955,5		417,23	
Noncurrent Liabilities:				<u> </u>	,	
Due in more than one year:						
		1 475 507	775,0	00	7,177,63	
Revenue Bonds Payable		1,475,597			7,177,03	
Net Pension Liability		4,582	4,0	73	-	
Other Post Employment Benefits		27,577	15,7	89	-	
Compensated Absences and Benefits, Long-Term		29,276	16,2	94	7,03	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1	1,537,032	811,1	56	7,184,66	
Total Liabilities	2	2,389,027	3,766,7	00	7,601,90	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB Related Deferred Inflows		1,454	Q	33	~	
Pension Related Deferred Inflows					_	
		171,152	152,1	40	-	
Lease Related Deferred Inflows		25,860	450.0	01	-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		198,466	152,9	δΊ	-	
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13	3,184,534	10,297,2	23	6,910,394	
Restricted for:					750 75	
Restricted for: Debt Service		260,583	321,6	93	759,75	
	Ę	260,583 5,273,825				
Debt Service		,	321,6 (2,505,0 \$ 8,113,8	34)	759,75 1,820,16 \$ 9,490,31	

	Business T	ype /	Activities
	Gas		
	Utility		Total
\$	768,354	\$	1,335,629
Ψ	-	Ψ	455,000
	-		400,000
	161,524		1,128,371
	-		26,508
	45,917		494,626
	-		4,204,662
	-		223,009
	-		21,591
	102,033		1,192,288
	- 11,777		269,732 113,807
	1,089,605		9,465,223
	1,003,003		3,403,223
	-		389
	-		287,000
	-		105,000
			520 E00
	-		529,500 460,000
	- 25,000		6,992,373
	-		4,792,831
	1,374,297		30,199,473
	1,399,297		43,366,566
-	2,488,902		52,831,789
	1,248		8,097
	17,909		100,394
	19,157		108,491
	132,677		969,520
	2,790		20,157
	2,807		30,772
	14,800		36,873
	-		2,480,599
	-		39,860
	-		765,000
	2,600		37,670
	155,674		4,380,451
	_		9,428,229
	2.038		9,420,229 10,693
	7,902 3,900		51,268 56,507
	13,840		9,546,697
	169,514		13,927,148
			.,. ,
	417		2,704
	76,115		399,415
	-		25,860
	76,532		427,979
	1,399,297		31,791,448
	-		1,342,029
	862,716		5,451,676
\$	2,262,013	\$	38,585,153

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		B	es			
	Electric Utility		Water Utility			Sewer Utility
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	8,410,334	\$	1,272,407	\$	1,449,919
Total Operating Revenue		8,410,334		1,272,407		1,449,919
Operating Expenses:						
Production		4,559,500		220,519		248,390
Transmission		771,128		8,148		-
Distribution / Collection		754,026		329,078		116,193
Administrative and General		432,926		269,739		233,782
Depreciation		743,270		381,931		364,809
Total Operating Expenses		7,260,850		1,209,415		963,174
Operating Income (Loss)		1,149,484		62,992		486,745
Non-Operating Income (Expense):						
Interest Income		23,358		-		-
Other Non-operating Revenues		234,571		517,392		67,704
Interest Expense		(24,615)		(32,414)		(252,188)
Other Non-operating Expenses		(422,345)		(74,000)		-
Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses)		(189,031)		410,978		(184,484)
Income before Transfers		960,453		473,970		302,261
Capital Contribution		-		380,672		1,093,138
Transfers Out		(310,405)		(23,000)	. <u> </u>	(23,000)
Change in Net Position		650,048		831,642		1,372,399
Net Position - beginning		18,068,894		7,282,240		8,117,917
Net Position - ending	\$	18,718,942	\$	8,113,882	\$	9,490,316

Business Ty	pe Activit	ies
Gas		
Utility		Total
\$ 3,005,237	\$	14,137,897
3,005,237		14,137,897
		5,028,409
2,323,514		3,102,790
202,785		1,402,082
147,434		1,083,881
124,036		1,614,046
2,797,769		12,231,208
207,468		1,906,689
_		23,358
2,141		821,808
_,		(309,217
-		(496,345
2,141		39,604
209,609		1,946,293
-		1,473,810
(50,000)		(406,405
159,609		3,013,698
2,102,404		35,571,455
\$ 2,262,013	\$	38,585,153

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business Type Activities					
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Sewer Utility
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	8,467,552	\$	1,255,863	\$	1,456,359
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(5,869,368)		(232,818)		(307,146)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(787,756)		(430,947)		(306,091)
Other Nonoperating Income		239,178		517,392		67,704
Other Nonoperating Expenses		(422,345)		(74,000)		-
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,627,261		1,035,490		910,826
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(2,010,961)		(3,563,418)		_
Principal Paid on Notes and Bonds		(230,000)		(230,000)		(370,000)
Interest Paid on Notes and Bonds		(32,244)		(34,797)		(272,061)
Net Cash (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(2,273,205)		(3,828,215)		(642,061)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers To Other Funds		(310,405)		(23,000)		(23,000)
Due From (To) Other Funds		(2,044,131)		2,480,599		(1,181,267)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Non-Capital Financing Activities		(2,354,536)		2,457,599		(1,204,267)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Proceeds from Sale of Investment Securities		1,280,000		-		1,000,000
Purchase of Investment Securities		(1,000,000)		-		(1,280,000)
Proceeds of Payment Received on Notes Receivable		-		-		180,000
Proceeds from Sale of Land Held for Resale		11,490		-		-
Due from Other Governments		(8,639)		-		-
Interest and Dividends on Investments		18,843		-		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		301,694		-		(100,000)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,698,786)		(335,126)		(1,035,502)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		2,810,222		670,325		1,973,031
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	111,436	\$	335,199	\$	937,529
Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:						
Contributed Capital	\$	-	\$	380,672	\$	1,093,138

Business Type Activities					
	Gas Utility		Total		
\$	2,899,330 (2,406,043) (260,459) 2,141	\$	14,079,104 (8,815,375) (1,785,253) 826,415 (496,345)		
	234,969		3,808,546		
	(384,179) -		(5,958,558) (830,000) (339,102)		
	(384,179)		(7,127,660)		
	(50,000) - (50,000)		(406,405) (744,799) (1,151,204)		
	-		2,280,000 (2,280,000)		
	-		180,000		
	-		11,490		
	-		(8,639) 18,843		
	-		201,694		
	(199,210)		(4,268,624)		
	967,564		6,421,142		
\$	768,354	\$	2,152,518		
\$		\$	1,473,810		

continued

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business Type Activities				ies	€S		
			Water Utility			Sewer Utility		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net								
Cash Provided by Operating Activities								
Operating Income	\$	1,149,484	\$	62,992	\$	486,745		
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by								
Operating Activities:								
Depreciation		743,270		381,931		364,809		
Other Non-Operating Income		239,178		517,392		67,704		
Other Non-Operating Expenses		(422,345)		(74,000)		-		
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows								
Accounts Receivable		70,029		3,003		6,638		
Estimated Unbilled Usage		(5,901)		(19,547)		(198		
Inventories		11,861		4,043		-		
Prepaid Expenses		(4,785)		(3,151)		(2,987		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		24,991		18,724		-		
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows								
Accounts Payable		(78,004)		166,747		(11,139		
Accrued Wages and Compensated Absences		16,399		4,844		(247		
Accrued Expenses		(1,928)		2,280		(499		
Customer Deposits		(6,910)		-		-		
Net Pension Liability		(275,795)		(179,266)		-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		162,585		146,560		-		
OPEB Liability		5,132		2,938		-		
Total Adjustments		477,777		972,498		424,081		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,627,261	\$	1,035,490	\$	910,826		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		111,047		199		456,029		
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service		389		-		-		
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Cash								
& Cash Eqivalents		-		233,500		53,500		
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Cash								
& Cash Eqivalents		-		101,500		428,000		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	111,436	\$	335,199	\$	937,529		

Business Ty Gas Jtility 207,468	 Total
\$ 207,468	
\$ 207.468	
	\$ 1,906,689
124,036 2,141 -	1,614,046 826,415 (496,345)
(85,851) (21,436) (30,440) (3,048) 10,395	(6,181) (47,082) (14,536) (13,971) 54,110
57,179 (5,740) 273	134,783 15,256 126
1,380 (95,988) 73,129 1,471	(5,530) (551,049) 382,274 9,541
 27,501	 1,901,857
\$ 234,969	\$ 3,808,546
768,354 -	1,335,629 389
	287,000
\$ -	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Orange City, Iowa is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Sioux County, and was incorporated in 1884, under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended in 1974 under the Home Rule City Act. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and administers the following programs as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development and general government services. The City also provides electric, water, sewer and gas utilities.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Orange City, Iowa, has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

These financial statements present the City of Orange City, Iowa (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. Complete financial statements of the individual component units, which issued separate financial statements as noted below, can be obtained from their respective administrative office.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> – The government-wide financial statements include The Orange City Area Health System (Hospital) as a component unit. The Hospital is a legally separate entity. Iowa statute provides situations where the City can impose their will on the Hospital and / or the hospital can create a potential financial benefit or burden on the City. The Hospital budget is approved by the City and the Hospital cannot issue its own debt. Complete financials are on file at the Hospital.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> – The government-wide financial statements include The Orange City Municipal Golf Association (Association) as a component unit. The Association is a legally separate entity with a December 31 year end. The Association is fiscally dependent upon the City to provide financing for capital purchases and for operations and could present a financial burden to the City. The Association operations are financed through its operation with the City committed to funding all deficits. The City approves all debt of the Association. Complete financials are available at the Association.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations for which the City is not financially accountable or that the nature and significance of the relationship with the City are such that exclusion does not cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. City officials are members of the following Boards and Commissions: Sioux County Conference Board, Sioux County Emergency Management Commission, Sioux County Joint E911 Service Board, and Early Childhood Development.

B. Basic Financial Statements-Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's general, special revenue, debt service, capital project and permanent funds are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The City first uses restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The Government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions (public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, etc.) and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenue, operating grants, and capital grants. Program revenue must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has not been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements. The City does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year activities.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues or receipts, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)</u>

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The City electively added funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The non-major funds are combined into a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Types – The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that the focus of the governmental funds' measurement is upon the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the major governmental funds of the City:

- <u>General Fund</u> The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The sources of revenue include property taxes, charges for services, fines and fees, licenses and permits, as well as state and federal grants. The expenditures of the General Fund relate to general administration, police and fire protection, maintenance of public streets, economic development, and culture and recreation.
- 2) <u>Special Revenue Fund</u> The TIF Special Revenue Fund (Tax Incremental Financing) is used to account for property taxes received to pay for outstanding TIF related debt.
- <u>Capital Project Fund</u> The TIF Capital Project Fund is used to account for expenditures relating to public improvements, construction of public infrastructure as well as economic development opportunities, incentives, sites, land, rebates, and grant agreements.
- <u>Capital Project Fund</u> The MOC FV School Project Capital Project fund is used to account for expenditures relating to the construction of the new MOC FV Elementary School.
- <u>Debt Service Fund</u> The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Proprietary Fund Types – The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses for services. Operating expenses consist of cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. The U.S. generally accepted accounting principles used are those applicable to similar businesses in the private sector.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

1) <u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis should be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City maintains several business-type activities. The major enterprise funds are listed as follows:

The Electric Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's electric systems.

The Water Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system.

The Gas Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's gas system.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

<u>Accrual basis of accounting</u> is used for all activities in the government-wide financial statements and for the proprietary and fiduciary activities in the fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

<u>Modified accrual basis of accounting</u> is used by all governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 90 - day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)</u>

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, assessments, and intergovernmental revenues. Licenses, fines and permits are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

E. Budgets

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the Public Safety, Public Works, Culture and Recreation, Capital Projects, and Debt Service functions.

F. Cash And Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds not currently needed for operating expenses in notes, certificates, bonds, prime eligible bankers acceptances, certain high rated commercial paper, perfected repurchase agreements, or other evidences of indebtedness which are obligations of or guaranteed by the United States of America or any of its agencies, or in time deposits or savings accounts in depositories approved by the City Council.

1) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Includes demand deposits, cash on hand and cash investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2) Investments

The City and its component unit use the following methods in determining the reported amounts.

Туре	Method
<u>City</u> Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	Amortized Cost Amortized Cost
<u>Component Unit</u> Interest-earning investment contracts Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit	Amortized Cost
<u>Open-end mutual funds</u> (governmental external investment pool registered As an investment company)	Fair Value determined by current share price
Publicly traded mutual funds	Fair Value based on quoted market prices
<u>Debt Securities</u> Negotiable certificates of deposit and U.S. Government Agency Securities	
Maturity of one year or less when purchased Maturity to more than one year when purchased	Amortized cost Fair Value based on quoted Market prices

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

G. Property Tax Receivable

Property tax in Governmental Funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the City Council to the County Board of Supervisors. Current year delinquent property taxes receivable represents unpaid taxes from the current year. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the City Council to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the City Council is required to certify its budget to the County Auditor by March 15 of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2020 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in March, 2021. Any county collections on the 2021-2022 tax levy remitted to the City within 60 days subsequent to June 30, 2022, are recorded as property tax revenue.

H. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds have not been paid or received as of June 30, 2022, balances of interfund amounts payable or receivable have been recorded as "due to other funds" and "due from other funds", respectively. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as interfund balances.

I. Inventories

Inventories of governmental funds are valued at cost using FIFO while those of enterprise funds are valued using the average cost method. For fund level reporting, the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Reported inventories in the governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventory of the discretely presented component units is valued at cost using FIFO.

J. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022 are recorded as prepaid items.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

K. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Revenue bond ordinances require the City to reserve certain cash and investments to provide for payment of bonds and interest, for protection of bondholders, and for extension and improvement of facilities. These balances are separately disclosed in the Enterprise Funds. Other restricted assets include temporary cash investments for the perpetual care fund.

L. Property and Equipment

Assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more are considered capital assets. Property and equipment are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Infrastructure has been capitalized using historical or estimated historical cost of \$25,000 or more beginning in 1980 as required by GASB 34. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated lives:

Buildings & Improvements	25 – 50 Years
Land Improvements	20 – 50 Years
Utility Plant	20 – 33 Years
Machinery & Equipment	3 – 20 Years
Vehicles	5 – 20 Years
Infrastructure	10 – 65 Years

M. Leases

City as Lessor: City of Orange City is a lessor for a lease agreement. The City recognizes lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide, governmental fund, and proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, lease term and lease receipts.

City of Orange City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)</u>

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Component Unit as Lessee: The Health System is the lessee for a noncancellable lease of equipment and building space. The Health System has recognized a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Health System initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Health System determines the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, lease term and lease payments.

The Health System uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Health System generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and a purchase option price that the Health System is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Health System monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

N. Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability for this and any related benefits is recorded when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts and related benefits is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2022. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the General Fund.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

N. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed for in those funds.

O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

P. Landfill Closure Costs

The City does not operate a sanitary landfill; therefore, no closure/post closure costs are included in these statements.

Q. Classifying Fund Balance Amounts

Fund balance amounts represent the nature of the net resources that are reported in a governmental fund. The City fund balance classifications include non-spendable resources, restricted, and non-restricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts. When the City incurs an expenditure and both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the City considers restricted amounts to have been spent. When the City incurs an expenditure for an unrestricted amount, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts for purposes in which any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

R. Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense, the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and OPEB expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflow of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year. Deferred inflows of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax and tax increment financing receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which they are levied, unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense, OPEB expenses, and deferred inflows related to lease receivables.

S. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employers' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Then net pension liability (asset) attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits at June 30, 2022, were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance collateralized or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. Chapter 12C provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligation of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; and certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

At June 30, the primary government's investments were reported at amortized cost as follows:

-	Credit Risk	Maturities	Amortized Cost	Interest Rates
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	1/14/22-1/14/23	\$ 1,000,000	0.40%
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	Not Rated	Daily	66,970	0.75%
Totals			\$ 1,066,970	

As of June 30, 2022, the City's investments consist of Certificates of Deposit which are valued at amortized cost of \$1,000,000, and IPAIT which is valued at an amortized cost of \$66,970. The fair value of the City position is the same as the value of the pool shares. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals for the IPAIT investments. The City's investment in IPAIT is unrated. The State of Iowa provides regulatory oversight.

Interest Rate Risk: The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and uses of the City.

Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses the issue of credit risk. Investments are limited to certain types of investments and by diversifying the investment portfolio.

Component Unit: The Hospital's investments, except the mutual funds, are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Hospital or its agent in the Hospital's name. The mutual fund investments are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Hospital's name. All investments listed below, except the U.S. Government agency securities, are subject to custodial credit risk. The Hospital does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates (interest rate risk).

As of June 30, 2022, the Hospital's investments are reported at a fair value based upon quoted market prices except for the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost as follows:

	<u>Maturities</u>	
Negotiable certificates of deposit	4/24/23-9/17/24	\$ 5,190,187
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	Daily	101
Northwestern Bank Money Market Funds	Daily	645
Totals	-	\$ 5,190,933

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

The primary objectives of the Hospital's investment policy include the safety and preservation of principal in the overall investment portfolio, the maintenance of necessary liquidity to match expected liabilities, and obtaining a reasonable return. The investment policy limits the investing of operating funds to instruments that mature within three hundred ninety-seven days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than three hundred ninety-seven days, provided that the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Hospital. All investments were valued at level one inputs using quoted prices in active markets. All investments are unrated.

There were no significant changes in investments held during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

At June 30, 2022, amounts due from other governments were as follows:

Due from the Iowa Department of Transportation for road use tax allocations	\$ 66,442
Due from the State of Iowa for local option sales taxes	 85,783
Total Due from Other Governments	\$ 152,225

Note 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of June 30, 2022, short-term interfund payables and receivables were as follows:

Fund Due To	Fund Due From	Amount
General Fund	MOC FV School Project	\$ 2,100,000
TIF Capital Projects	TIF Special Revenue	3,198,871
TIF Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental	47,148
Sewer	General	180,000
Sewer	TIF Capital Projects	116,157
Sewer	MOC FV School Project	274,640
Sewer	Nonmajor Governmental	610,470
Electric	TIF Capital Projects	542,796
Electric	Water	2,480,599
		\$ 9,550,681

The interfund balances represent amounts due from and due to other funds to cover deficit cash balances and to represent internally funded TIF capital projects.

Note 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Primary Government

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,223,956	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,223,956
Construction in Progress	1,412,996	2,281,025	245,951	3,448,070
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,636,952	2,281,025	245,951	4,672,026
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	12,544,460	161,023	-	12,705,483
Improvements	8,111,368	100,481	-	8,211,849
Equipment	3,927,552	242,728	142,350	4,027,930
Infrastructure	39,078,495	-	-	39,078,495
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	63,661,875	504,232	142,350	64,023,757
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	4,982,514	279,530	-	5,262,044
Improvements	2,968,747	360,361	-	3,329,108
Equipment	3,604,180	251,714	136,090	3,719,804
Infrastructure	28,133,911	446,656	-	28,580,567
Total Accumulated Depreciation	39,689,352	1,338,261	136,090	40,891,523
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	23,972,523	(834,029)	6,260	23,132,234
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 26,609,475	\$ 1,446,996	\$ 252,211	\$ 27,804,260

Construction in progress at June 30, 2022, for the governmental activities consisted of the MOC FV School project, the Puddle Jumper Trail project, the Stoplight project, and various street projects.

June 30, 2022

Note 5 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS – (Continued)</u>

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2022
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,758,079	\$ 1,234,294	\$-	\$ 6,992,373
Construction in Progress	-	4,792,831	-	4,792,831
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	5,758,079	6,027,125	-	11,785,204
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	3,474,846	-	-	3,474,846
Improvements	30,243	-	-	30,243
Equipment	5,290,644	239,304	-	5,529,948
Utility Plant	45,716,868	1,165,939	-	46,882,807
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	54,512,601	1,405,243	-	55,917,844
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	2,115,180	88,751	-	2,203,931
Improvements	30,242	-	-	30,242
Equipment	3,549,915	208,318	-	3,758,233
Utility Plant	18,408,988	1,316,977	-	19,725,965
Total Accumulated Depreciation	24,104,325	1,614,046	-	25,718,371
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	30,408,276	(208,803)	-	30,199,473
Business Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 36,166,355	\$ 5,818,322	\$-	\$ 41,984,677

Construction in progress is related to the water and sewer system expansion.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Public Safety	\$ 212,677
Public Works	741,795
Culture and Recreation	213,435
General Government	170,354
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 1,338,261
Business-Type Activities:	
Electric	\$ 743,270
Water	381,931
Sewer	364,809
Gas	 124,036
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 1,614,046

Note 5 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS – (Continued)</u>

A summary of changes in capital assets for the discretely presented component units are as follows:

Orange City Area Health System	(As Restated) Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,897,439	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,897,439
Construction in Progress	2,591,898	407,974	2,037,146	962,726
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	4,489,337	407,974	2,037,146	2,860,165
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	3,883,457	-	-	3,883,457
Buildings	22,533,459	58,356	-	22,591,815
Fixed Equipment	40,525,828	1,948,861	-	42,474,689
Major Movable Equipment	16,865,826	1,392,187	1,785,383	16,472,630
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	83,808,570	3,399,404	1,785,383	85,422,591
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	55,022,810	3,433,414	1,785,383	56,670,841
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	28,785,760	(34,010)	-	28,751,750
Lease Assets				
Buildings	159,447	-	-	159,447
Major Movable Equipment	55,949	-	-	55,949
Total Lease Assets Being Amortized	215,396	-	-	215,396
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	64,438	64,438	-	128,876
Total Lease Assets Being Amortized, Net	150,958	(64,438)	-	86,520
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 33,426,055	\$ 309,526	\$ 2,037,146	\$ 31,698,435

Construction in progress for the Health System, for the year ended June 30, 2022, consists of equipment purchased but not yet placed in service such as ambulance, nurse call system, and minor projects.

Orange City Municipal Golf Association

	Balance January 1,			Balance December 31,
	2021	Additions	Disposals	2021
Golf Course and Trail	\$ 1,647,251	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,647,251
Buildings	991,224	-	-	991,224
Equipment	706,862	32,047	-	738,909
Total	3,345,337	32,047	-	3,377,384
Less Accumulated Depreciation	1,637,863	103,043	-	1,740,906
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,707,474	\$ (70,996)	\$-	\$ 1,636,478

Note 5 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS – (Continued)</u>

Reconciliation of Net Investment in Capital Assets:

			В	Susiness-			
	Go	vernmental		Туре		Compo	nent
		Activities	4	Activities		Uni	t
					Hea	Ith System	Golf Course
Land	\$	1,223,956	\$	6,992,373	\$	1,897,439	\$ -
Construction in Progress		3,448,070		4,792,831		962,726	-
Capital Assets (net of accumulated							
depreciation/amortization)		23,132,234		30,199,473		28,838,270	1,636,478
Less: General Obligation Bonds Payable		10,345,835		-		-	-
Retainage Payable		182,793		-		-	-
Revenue Bonds		-		10,193,229		13,020,000	-
Note Payable		900,000		-		700,740	180,098
Lease Payable		-		-		88,179	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	16,375,632	\$	31,791,448	\$	17,889,516	\$ 1,456,380

Note 6 - LEASE RECEIVABLES

Primary Government

On March 2, 2021, the City entered into a two year lease as Lessor for use of farmland owned by the City commencing on March 1, 2021 and continuing through February 28, 2023. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$21,591. The Lessee is required to make semiannual fixed payments. The lease has an interest rate of 0.78%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$25,860, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$38,791 and lease interest of \$365 during the fiscal year. A summary of the remaining lease receivable principal and interest to maturity is as follows:

<u>Year Ending</u>						
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Pr</u>	<u>incipal</u>	Inte	rest	1	otal
2023	\$	21,591	\$	84	\$	21,675
Total	\$	21,591	\$	84	\$	21,675

Component Unit

The Health System leases office space within the downtown campus to various tenants under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases have terms with end dates of July 1, 2025 and generally have initial three-year terms and provide options for one or two three-year renewal terms. The renewal options are subject to termination by the Health System with 12-month notice to tenant prior to current term end date. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Health System recognized \$72,138 and \$7,860 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts. The health System also leases office space to tenants in various short-term or variable leases. Lease revenue is included in other revenue in the accompanying statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net assets. A summary of the remaining lease receivable principal and interest to maturity is as follows:

Note 6 - LEASE RECEIVABLES – (Continued)

Year Ending					
<u>June 30,</u>	Pr	rincipal	In	<u>terest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$	75,258	\$	5,750	\$ 81,008
2024		77,547		5,461	83,008
2025	_	79,907		1,102	81,009
Total	\$	232,712	\$	12,313	\$ 245,025

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and projects. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. These bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Interest Rates	<u>Amounts</u>
Governmental Activities	1.15 - 5.00%	\$ 9,805,000

The General Obligation bonds are presented on the Statement of Net Position net of unamortized bond premium of \$540,835.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Gov</u> Principal	<u>Total</u>		
2023	\$	1,405,000	\$ 288,229	\$	1,693,229
2024		1,405,000	249,029		1,654,029
2025		1,130,000	209,179		1,339,179
2026		1,070,000	175,029		1,245,029
2027		885,000	141,628		1,026,628
2028-2032		2,990,000	347,194		3,337,194
2033-2037		750,000	107,275		857,275
2038-2042		170,000	5,950		175,950
	\$	9,805,000	\$ 1,523,513	\$ ´	11,328,513

Revenue Bonds

The City also has issued revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed asset to pay debt service.

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT – (Continued)

Primary Government

Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	<u>Amounts</u>			
Electric Revenue Bonds	.35 – 3.15%	\$	1,560,000		
Water Revenue Bonds	.90 – 3.75%		1,015,000		
Sewer Revenue Bonds	2.00 - 4.00%		7,275,000		
		\$	9,850,000		

The revenue bonds are presented on the statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet net of unamortized bond premium of \$343,229.

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Primary Government

Year			Business-Type Activities									
Ending	_	Electric		Water	Sewer					Tatal		
<u>June 30,</u>	<u> </u>	<u>rincipal</u>	1	Principal	<u>1</u>	Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>		
2023	\$	145,000	\$	240,000	\$	380,000	\$	318,346	\$	1,083,346		
2024		145,000		175,000		395,000		299,649		1,014,649		
2025		145,000		70,000		405,000		281,425		901,425		
2026		150,000		75,000		420,000		262,491		907,491		
2027		155,000		75,000		435,000		244,029		909,029		
2028-2032		820,000		380,000		2,380,000		909,770		4,489,770		
2033-2037		-		-		2,860,000		352,600		3,212,600		
	\$	1,560,000	\$	1,015,000	\$	7,275,000	\$	2,668,310	\$	12,518,310		

Component Unit

<u>Purpose</u> Hospital/Component Unit			est Rates 5 – 3.5%	 \$ 13,020,000		
Year			Ho	alth		
Ending <u>June 30,</u>	<u>I</u>	Principal	Sys	<u>stem</u> Interest	<u>Total</u>	
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028-2032	\$	1,370,000 1,410,000 1,450,000 1,495,000 1,540,000 5,755,000)	361,756 322,393 281,888 240,172 197,243 333,303	\$ 1,731,756 1,732,393 1,731,888 1,735,172 1,737,243 6,088,303	
	\$	13,020,000) \$	1,736,755	\$ 14,756,755	

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT – (Continued)

Notes Payable – Direct Borrowing

Primary Government – Governmental Activities

During 2021, the City entered into a noninterest term loan agreement with North West Rural Electric Cooperative. The purpose of the loan was to finance construction of infrastructure that will support the construction of a new elementary school and residential development. The \$400,000 loan, dated December 22, calls for annual payments of \$44,444 beginning June 1, 2023 and continuing until June 1, 2031. Remaining principal balance as of June 30, 2022 was \$400,000.

During 2022, the City entered into a noninterest term loan agreement with North West Rural Electric Cooperative. The purpose of the loan was to finance construction of infrastructure that will support the construction of a new elementary school and residential development. The \$500,000 loan, dated May 4, calls for annual payments of \$55,556 beginning June 1, 2024 and continuing until June 1, 2032. Remaining principal balance as of June 30, 2022 was \$500,000.

Orange City Area Health System

During 2016, the Hospital entered into a noninterest term loan agreement with the City Municipal Electric Utility through the United States Rural Economic Development Loan and Grant Program. The purpose of the loan was to finance the construction of a twelve-unit independent living addition at Landsmeer Ridge Retirement Community. The \$1,760,000 unsecured loan, dated February 26, 2016, calls for monthly payments of \$16,297 beginning March 1, 2017 and continuing until February of 2026. Remaining principal balance related to the Rural Economic Development Loan and Grant Program as of June 30, 2022 was \$700,740.

Orange City Municipal Golf Association

During 2011, the City made an agreement with the Association to provide the funding for their capital purchases of course equipment. The purchases are to be made on a revolving schedule agreed upon by the City and the Association in order to best maximize the useful lives of the equipment, the needs of the Association, and the contributions of the City. The debt accrues interest at 3.00% and each equipment replacement is repaid over 7 years in annual installments. Principal and interest payments to the City during 2021 were \$34,272 and \$5,423, respectively. The ending balance of the equipment replacement loan from the City for the Association's year ended December 31, 2021 was \$180,098.

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT – (Continued)

Vaar

Annual notes payable – direct borrowing service requirement to maturity are as follows:

Primary Government

rear Ending	Governmental Activities										
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Pr</u>	<u>incipal</u>	<u>Inte</u>	rest	<u>Total</u>						
2023	\$	44,444	\$	-	\$	44,444					
2024		100,000		-		100,000					
2025		100,000		-		100,000					
2026		100,000		-		100,000					
2027		100,000		-		100,000					
2028-2032		455,556		-		455,556					
	\$	900,000	\$	-	\$	900,000					

Component Unit

Year Ending		Health System		Golf Association				
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2023	\$ 195,564	\$ -	\$ 195,564	\$ 35,061	\$ 5,403	\$ 40,464		
2024	195,564	-	195,564	35,061	4,351	39,412		
2025	195,564	-	195,564	35,061	3,299	38,360		
2026	114,048	-	114,048	35,062	2,247	37,309		
2027	-	-	-	24,814	1,196	26,010		
2028-2032		-	-	15,039	589	15,628		
	\$ 700,740	\$-	\$ 700,740	\$ 180,098	\$ 17,085	\$ 197,183		

Lease Payables

The Health System leases equipment as well as certain operating and office facilities for various terms under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements.

Office and and operating space lease agreements are in place with terms running through March 2023 to June 2024. Equipment leases are in place with terms running through April 2023 to October 2023. Interest rates for these leases range from 2.04% to 3.15%. Total future minimum lease payments under the lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending						
<u>June 30,</u>	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	1	<u>Fotal</u>
2023	\$	57,248	\$	1,689	\$	58,937
2024		30,931		401		31,332
Total	\$	88,179	\$	2,090	\$	90,269

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT – (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-Term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		А	dditions	R	eductions	Ending Balance		_	ue Within Dne Year
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds Payable:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$1	1,145,000	\$	-	\$	1,340,000	\$	9,805,000	\$	1,405,000
Bond Premium		612,503		-		71,668		540,835		-
Notes Payable - Direct Borrowing		-		900,000		-		900,000		44,444
Compensated Absences		113,538		119,084		113,538		119,084		47,634
Governmental Activity										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 1	1,871,041	\$	1,019,084	\$	1,525,206	\$	11,364,919	\$	1,497,078
Business Type Activities: Bonds Payable:										
Revenue Bonds	\$1	0,680,000	\$	-	\$	830,000	\$	9,850,000	\$	765,000
Bond Premium		368,670		-		25,441		343,229		-
Compensated Absences		85,093		94,177		85,093		94,177		37,670
Business-Type Activity										· · · · ·
Long-Term Liabilities	\$1	1,133,763	\$	94,177	\$	940,534	\$	10,287,406	\$	802,670
Component Unit: Area Health System Bonds Payable:			•						•	
Revenue Bonds	\$1	5,172,617	\$	-	\$	2,152,617	\$,	\$	1,370,000
Notes Payable - Direct Borrowing		896,296		-		195,556		700,740		195,564
Lease Liability		149,860		-		61,681		88,179		57,248
	\$ 1	6,218,773	\$	-	\$	2,409,854	\$	13,808,919	\$	1,622,812
Golf Course										
Notes Payable - Direct Borrowing	\$	182,323	\$	32,047	\$	34,272	\$	180,098	\$	35,061

The City maintains a policy limiting the accumulation of compensated absences thus the ending balance represents the amount expected to be paid within one year and the amount to be paid out over one year.

Note 8 - TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of transfers between funds:

		TIF			Debt		onmajor	Total	
	General	Capital Projects		Service		Governmental		Transfers Out	
TIF Special Revenue	\$ -	\$	3,394	\$	113,950	\$	-	\$	117,344
Electric	310,405		-		-		-		310,405
Water	23,000		-		-		-		23,000
Sewer	23,000		-		-		-		23,000
Gas	50,000		-		-		-		50,000
Nonmajor Governmental	814,781		-		-		114,000		928,781
Total Transfer In	\$ 1,221,186	\$	3,394	\$	113,950	\$	114,000	\$	1,452,530

Transfers are used to:

- 1. Move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.
- 2. Use unrestricted revenues collected in proprietary funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN

Plan description

IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

IPERS benefits are established under lowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits

A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, anytime after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. (These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits.) Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55.

The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier (based on years of service).
- The member's highest five-year average salary. (For members with service before June 30, 2012, the highest three-year average salary as of that date will be used if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary).

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN – (Continued)

Protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age which is generally at age 55 and may retire any time after reaching age 50 with 22 or more years of covered employment. The formula used to calculate a protection occupation members' monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for years of service greater than 22 but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Disability and Death Benefits

A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30 year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2022, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29 percent of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.44 percent of covered payroll for a total rate of 15.73 percent. Protective occupation members contributed 6.21 percent of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.31 percent of covered payroll for a total rate of 15.52 percent.

The City's total contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$259,227 and for the component unit total contributions were \$2,423,056.

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN – (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset), Pension Expense (Income), Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a net pension liability (asset) of (\$396,598) and the component unit reported \$127,605 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the City's collective proportion was (0.114880) percent, which was an increase of 0.1413919 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020. The component unit's collective portion was 0.290438 percent, which was an increase of 0.00329 percent measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City and component unit recognized pension expense (income) of (\$171,557) and (\$1,015,264), respectively. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	City's Share			
		red Outflows Resources	-	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	61,037	\$	28,118
Changes of assumptions		27,862		483
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,685,309
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		24,716		13,853
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		259,227		-
Total	\$	372,842	\$	1,727,763
		Compor		
		red Outflows Resources		erred Inflows Resources

	ot	Resources	01	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	331,357	\$	311,281
Changes of assumptions		268,962		312
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		14,990,797
Changes in proportion and differences between Hospital contributions and proportionate share of contributions		897,555		-
Area Health System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,423,056		-
Total	\$	3,920,930	\$	15,302,390

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN – (Continued)

\$259,227 and \$2,423,056 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City and component unit contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		C	omponent
June 30,	City		Unit
2023	\$ (394,778)	\$	(3,275,479)
2024	(398,189)		(3,354,059)
2025	(372,731)		(3,211,702)
2026	(452,380)		(4,005,929)
2027	3,930		42,653
	\$ (1,614,148)	\$	(13,804,516)

There were no non-employer contributing entities of IPERS.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of Inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60 percent per annum
Salary Increases (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 – 16.25 percent average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group
Investment Rate of Return (effective June 30, 2017)	7.00 percent per annum, compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, and including inflation
Wage Growth (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 percent per annum based on 2.60 percent inflation and 0.65 percent real wage inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates used in the 2021 valuation were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN – (Continued)

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22.0%	4.43%
International equity	17.5	6.01
Global smart beta equity	6.0	5.10
Core plus fixed income	26.0	0.29
Public credit	4.0	2.08
Cash	1.0	(0.25)
Private equity	13.0	9.51
Private real assets	7.5	4.63
Private credit	3.0	2.87
Total	100%	_

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.0%	I	Discount Rate 7.0%	1% Increase 8.0%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)				
City	\$ 1,165,914	\$	(396,598)	\$ (1,705,649)
Component Unit	\$ 14,333,123	\$	127,605	\$(11,777,391)

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, the City and component unit reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$52,079 and \$505,959, respectively.

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City and the component unit administer a single-employer benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 509A.13. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>OPEB</u> Benefits – Individuals who are employed by the City and the component unit and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical and prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and OPEB liability.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement. At January 1, 2022 for the City and June 30, 2022 for the component unit, plan membership consisted of the following:

		Component
	City	Unit
Inactive members currently receiving benefit	0	4
Active members	37	434
Total	37	438

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The total OPEB liability of the City was \$140,226 and the component unit was \$383,626 measured as of January 1, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The Total OPEB liability for the City and the component unit in the January 1, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal actuarial cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

	City	Component Unit
	(Effective January 1, 2022)	(Effective June 30, 2022)
Rate of Inflation	3.00% per annum.	2.60% per annum.
Rates of salary increase	2.00% per annum, including Inflation.	Varying rates by years of service from 3.25% to 16.25%
Discount rate	2.06% compounded annually, Including inflation.	2.16% compounded actually, Including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	5.00% all years.	7.00% Initial rate decreasing by .25% Annually to an ultimate rate of 4%

<u>Discount Rate</u> The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability for the City was 2.06% and for the component unit was 2.16%, which reflects the index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates for the City are from RP-2014 total annuitant distinct mortality table adjusted to 2006 MP-2021 generational projection of future mortality improvement. Mortality rates for the component unit were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. Annual retirement probabilities are based on varying rates by age.

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used for the City in the January 1, 2022 and for the component unit in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	City			Component Unit		
Total OPEB liability beginning of year	\$	112,453	\$	370,921		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		11,363		27,140		
Interest		2,841		8,353		
Differences between expected						
and actual experiences		10,473		-		
Changes in assumptions		4,139		-		
Benefit payments		(1,043)		(22,788)		
Net changes		27,773		12,705		
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	140,226	\$	383,626		

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.66% in fiscal year 2021 to 2.06% in fiscal year 2022 for the City and no change in the discount rate for the component unit.

Sensitivity of the City's and its Component Unit's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount <u>Rate</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and its component unit, as well as what the City's and its component unit's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
City Discount Rates	(1.06%)	(2.06%)	(3.06%)
Total City OPEB Liability	\$148,188	\$140,226	\$132,184
Component Unit Discount Rates	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
Total Component Unit OPEB Liability	\$415,630	\$383,626	\$353,495

<u>Sensitivity of the City's and its Component Unit's Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Healthcare</u> <u>Cost Trend Rates</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and its component unit, as well as what the City's and its component unit's total OPEB liability would be it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
City's Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	(4.00%)	(5.00%)	(6.00%)
Total City OPEB Liability	\$ 125,933	\$140,226	\$156,652
Component Unit Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	(5.50%)	(6.50%)	(7.50%)
Total Component Unit OPEB Liability	\$333,641	\$383,626	\$444,788

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources Related to OPEB</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City and component unit recognized OPEB expense of \$15,682 and \$37,381 respectively. At June 30, 2022, the City and component unit reported deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

	Deferre	d Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	Component			Component	
	City	Unit	City	Unit	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 9,904	\$ 29,419	\$ 7,395	\$ 51,779	
Changes in assumptions	12,243	50,102	-	20,908	
Total	\$ 22,147	\$ 79,521	\$ 7,395	\$ 72,687	

The amount reported as deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	City		nponent Unit
2023	\$ 1,478	\$	1,888
2024	1,478		1,888
2025	1,478		2,348
2026	1,478		2,830
2027	1,478		1,107
Thereafter	7,363		(3,227)
	\$ 14,753	\$	6,834

Note 11 - FUND BALANCE

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (pages 29-30). As discussed in Note 1, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by Council or the Assignment has been changed by the City Administrator. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

General Fund

The General Fund has Unassigned Fund Balance of \$2,685,830 at June 30, 2022.

Other Major Funds

The TIF Special Revenue Fund has an Unassigned Fund Balance of (3,198,871) consisting of debt incurred for capital project expenditures.

The TIF Capital Projects Fund has an Assigned Fund Balance of \$5,809,891 consisting of primarily a receivable for reimbursement of capital project expenditures.

The MOC FV School Project Fund has an Unassigned Fund Balance of (\$2,559,948) consisting of debt incurred for capital project expenditures.

The Debt Service Fund has a Restricted Fund Balance of \$372,787 consisting of primarily unspent funds used to pay general obligation bond principal and interest.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 11 - FUND BALANCE – (Continued)

Other Funds

The following non-major fund has Restricted Fund Balances for specific purposes:

USDA IRP-Loan –		
Special Revenue Fund	For economic development	\$ 297,238
USDA Revolving Loan –		
Special Revenue Fund	For economic development	\$ 532,616
Road Use Tax –		
Special Revenue Fund	For road use tax	\$ 1,131,553

The following non-major fund has a Nonspendable Fund Balance:

Cemetery Perpetual Care:	For cemetery maintenance	\$ 122,817
Road Use Tax –		
Special Revenue Fund	For inventories	\$ 12,214

The following non-major fund has an Unassigned Fund Balance:

Capital Project – Stoplight Project	\$ (499,341)
Capital Project – 18 th Street RISE Project	\$ (116,101)
Capital Project – HWY 10 3 rd Turn Lane	\$ (43,715)
Capital Project – 14 th Street Project	\$ (83,954)

Note 12 - DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The City had three funds with deficit equity balances at June 30, 2022. The City intends to finance these deficits from various resources including; road use tax funds, general funds, and capital project debt financing.

The individual fund deficits were as follows:

Special Revenue – TIF Special Revenue	\$ (3,198,871)
Capital Project – MOC FV School Project	\$ (2,559,948)
Capital Project – Stoplight Project	\$ (499,341)
Capital Project – 18 th ST RISE Project	\$ (116,101)
Capital Project – HWY 10 3 rd Turn Lane	\$ (43,715)
Capital Project – 14 th Street Project	\$ (83,954)

Note 13 - RISK FINANCING

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the 2021-2022 fiscal year the City has elected to purchase commercial insurance to cover against the risk of loss. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years, nor were there settlements in excess of insurance coverage the last three years.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 14 - COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2022, the City had four construction contracts in process with the following approximate contracts remaining:

MOC FV School Project	\$ 560,040
Southwest Well Watermain	2,506,421
Southwest Well Watermain – PVC Pipe	2,047,533
Nassau Liftstation	26,817
Total commitments, end of year	\$ 5,140,811

Note 15 - URBAN RENEWAL DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS

The City has entered into various development agreements for urban renewal projects. The agreements require the City to rebate portions of the incremental property tax paid by the developer in exchange for infrastructure improvements, rehabilitation and development of commercial projects by the developer. The total to be paid by the City under the agreements is not to exceed \$1,465,819.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City rebated \$147,929 of incremental property tax to developers. The total cumulative principal amount rebated on the agreements is \$942,943. The outstanding balance on the agreements at June 30, 2022 was \$522,876.

The agreements are not general obligations of the City and, due to their nature, are not recorded as a liability in the City's financial statements. However, the agreements are subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the City.

Certain agreements include an annual appropriation clause and, accordingly, only the amount payable in the succeeding year on the agreements is subject to the constitutional debt limitation. The entire outstanding principal balance of agreements not including an annual appropriation clause is subject to the constitutional debt limitation.

Note 16 - TAX ABATEMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

City Tax Abatements

The City provides tax abatements for urban renewal and economic development projects with tax increment financing as provided for in Chapters 15A and 403 of the Code of Iowa. For these types of projects, the City enters into agreements with developers which require the City, after developers meet the terms of the agreements, to rebate a portion of the property tax paid by the developers, to pay the developers an economic development grant or to pay the developers a predetermined dollar amount. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City abated \$58,327 of property tax under the urban renewal and economic development projects.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 17 - CORRECTION OF ERROR

It was determined in the current year that the City had overstated internal financing relating to TIF capital projects at the fund level. The effects of fund balance/net position are as follows:

	TIF Special Revenue		IF Capital Projects
Fund Balance/Net Position June 30, 2021, as previously reported Overstated Prior Year Interfund Advances	\$	(4,758,268) 518,400	\$ 6,446,868 (518,400)
Fund Balance/Net Position July 1, 2021, as restated	\$	(4,239,868)	\$ 5,948,468

Note 18 - ACCOUNTING CHANGE

For 2022, the City and component unit implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No.87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and a right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the City and component unit's 2022 financial statements and had no effect on the beginning net position of the governmental activities since the deferred inflows equal the amount of the lease receivable. Refer to note 5 and note 7 which reflect the change.

Note 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 1, 2022, the City Council adopted a resolution approving the issuance of Water Revenue and Refunding Capital Loan Notes, Series 2022B in the amount of \$11,175,000.

Note 20 - PROSPECTIVE ACCOUNTING CHANGE

Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This statement will be implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The revised requirements of this statement will require reporting certain assets and liabilities for the right-to-use another party's information technology software alone or in combination with tangible capital assets that are not currently reported.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, BUDGET AND ACTUAL, ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND PROPERIETARY FUNDS - GAAP BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Fund Type Actual	Proprietary Funds Actual	Orange City Area Health System
Revenue:		•	•
Taxes	\$ 3,529,477	\$ -	\$ -
Special Assessments	13,929	-	-
Licenses and Permits	10,773	-	-
Intergovernmental	1,240,067	-	-
Charges for Services	846,896	14,137,897	63,244,369
Fines and Forfeits	11,961	-	-
TIF Revenue	1,247,450	-	-
Local Option Sales Tax	1,251,437	-	-
Interest	22,309	23,358	410,296
Miscellaneous	207,702	821,808	337,533
Total Revenue	8,382,001	14,983,063	63,992,198
Expenditures:			
Public Safety	1,141,364	-	-
Public Works	1,466,098	-	-
Culture and Recreation	1,879,024	-	-
Community and Economic Development	343,732	-	-
General Government	802,446	-	-
Capital Projects	3,593,821	-	-
Debt Service	1,695,669	-	-
Business Type Activities	-	13,036,770	59,524,743
Total Expenditures	10,922,154	13,036,770	59,524,743
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,540,153)	1,946,293	4,467,455
Other financing sources (uses):			
Proceeds from Debt Financing	900,000	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	51,500		4,674
Capital Contribution	-	1,473,810	-
Interfund Transfers In	1,452,530	-	-
Interfund Transfers Out	(1,046,125)	(406,405)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,357,905	1,067,405	4,674
	, , , ,		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources			
over expenditures and other financing uses	(1,182,248)	3,013,698	4,472,129
Fund balances/Net position-beginning of year	5,643,638	35,571,455	34,774,163
Increase in Reserve for Inventory	1,626	-	-
Fund balances/Net position- end of year	\$ 4,463,016	\$ 38,585,153	\$ 39,246,292

		Budg	geted A	mounts			al Budget
	Total	Original		Final			avorable
	Actual	Original		Final		(Un	favorable)
\$	3,529,477	\$ 3,516,3	81	\$ 3,516,	381	\$	13,096
+	13,929		00	* - ; ;	500	+	13,429
	10,773	6,6			650		4,123
	1,240,067	1,860,9		2,052,			(812,850)
	78,229,162	72,148,0	20	87,263,	020	((9,033,858)
	11,961	-			-		11,961
	1,247,450	900,0	00	900,	000		347,450
	1,251,437	160,2	49	160,	249		1,091,188
	455,963	410,0	50	410,	050		45,913
	1,367,043	184,8		493,	825		873,218
	87,357,262	79,187,5	93	94,803,	592	((7,446,330)
	1,141,364	1,070,7	80	1,104,	780		(36,584)
	1,466,098	1,370,7		1,435,			(30,328)
	1,879,024	1,661,0		1,701,			(177,941)
	343,732	385,5		385,			41,799
	802,446	979,6		1,172,			369,669
	3,593,821	-			-	((3,593,821)
	1,695,669	1,693,6		1,693,			(2,001)
	72,561,513	69,883,0		84,883,		1	2,321,582
	83,483,667	77,044,5	42	92,376,	042		8,892,375
	3,873,595	2,143,0	51	2,427,	550		1,446,045
	900,000						900,000
	56,174	-			-		56,174
	1,473,810						1,473,810
	1,452,530	1,948,6	80	1,948,	680		(496,150)
	(1,452,530)	(1,948,6		(1,948,			496,150
	2,429,984	(1,010,0		(1,010,	-		2,429,984
							_,,,
	6,303,579	2,143,0	51	2,427,	550		3,876,029
	75,989,256	68,563,4	89	68,563,	489		7,425,767
	1,626		-		-		1,626
\$	82,294,461	\$ 70,706,5	40	\$ 70,991,	039	\$ 1	1,303,422

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The City's legal compliance for budget to actual comparison is specified in Chapter 384.16 of the Code of Iowa and is for expenditures by program/function. The City budgets on a modified accrual basis. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. Budgets are prepared on a program basis for all funds except the custodial funds.

During the fiscal year 2022, the City held public hearings and amended the operating budget once. The amendment is as follows:

<u>Program</u>	Original <u>Budget</u>	5/16/22 <u>Amendment</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>
Public Safety	\$ 1,070,780	\$ 34,000	\$ 1,104,780
Public Works	1,370,770	65,000	1,435,770
Culture & Recreation	1,661,083	40,000	1,701,083
Community and Economic Development	385,531	-	385,531
General Government	979,615	192,500	1,172,115
Debt Service	1,693,668	-	1,693,668
Business Type/Enterprise	69,883,095	15,000,000	69,883,095

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	20	22		20	21	
	0:4.		nponent	0:4.		nponent
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	<u>City</u> 4880%)		Unit 290438%	City 265119%		Unit 287150%
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (397)	\$	128	\$ 1,862	\$	20,055
Entity's covered payroll	\$ 2,633	\$	25,072	\$ 2,458	\$	23,948
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.15%		0.48%	72%		80%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	101%		101%	83%		83%
	 20	20		20	19	
	City		nponent Unit	City		nponent Unit
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	254852%		285034%	255525%		263534%
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,476	\$	16,597	\$ 1,617	\$	16,671
Entity's covered payroll	\$ 2,420	\$	22,563	\$ 2,338	\$	20,070
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	61%		69%	69%		74%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	85%		85%	84%		84%
	20	18		20	17	
	City		nponent Unit	City		nponent Unit
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	250906%		258316%	259355%		249607%
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,671	\$	17,063	\$ 1,632	\$	15,708
Entity's covered payroll	\$ 2,268	\$	19,108	\$ 2,254	\$	18,605
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	71%		85%	72%		83%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	82%		82%	82%		82%
	20	16		20	15	
	City		nponent Unit	City		nponent Unit
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	249929%		250019%	240195%		253294%
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,235	\$	12,352	\$ 953	\$	10,045
Entity's covered payroll	\$ 2,187	\$	17,815	\$ 2,102	\$	17,561
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	64%		66%	44%		56%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	85%		85%	88%		88%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Entity will present information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

City	2022		2021		2020		2019	2	2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 259	\$	246	\$	240	\$	232	\$	213
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(259)		(246)		(240)		(232)		(213)
2		•		•		<u>^</u>		^	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Entity's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 2,797	\$	2,633	\$	2,458	\$	2,420	\$	2,338
covered payroll	9.26%		9.34%		9.76%		9.59%		9.11%
City	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 206	\$	202	\$	199	\$	193	\$	169
Contributions in relation to the	(206)		(202)		(100)		(102)		(160)
statutorily required contribution	 (206)		(202)		(199)		(193)		(169)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>
Entity's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 2,268	\$	2,254	\$	2,187	\$	2,102	\$	1,875
covered payroll	9.07%		8.96%		9.10%		9.18%		9.01%
Component Unit	2022	:	2021		2020		2019	2	2018
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 2,423	\$	2,260	\$	2,161	\$	2,085	\$	1,794
statutorily required contribution									(1, 70.4)
	 (2,423)		(2,260)		(2,161)		(2,085)		(1,794)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (2,423)	\$	(2,260) -	\$	(2,161)	\$	(2,085) -	\$	- (1,794)
Contribution deficiency (excess) Hospital's covered payroll	\$ (2,423) - 26,843	\$ \$	(2,260) - 25,072	\$ \$	<u>(2,161)</u> - 23,948	\$ \$	(2,085) - 22,563	\$ \$	<u>(1,794)</u> - 20,070
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-		-		-				-
Contribution deficiency (excess) Hospital's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ - 26,843 9.0%	\$	- 25,072 8.6%	\$	- 23,948 9.0%	\$	- 22,563 9.2%	\$	- 20,070 8.9%
Contribution deficiency (excess) Hospital's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 26,843	\$	- 25,072	\$	- 23,948	\$	- 22,563	\$	- 20,070
Contribution deficiency (excess) Hospital's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll Component Unit Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 	\$	- 25,072 8.6% 2016 1,616	\$	- 23,948 9.0% 2015 1,559	\$	- 22,563 9.2% 2014 1,505	\$	
Contribution deficiency (excess) Hospital's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll Component Unit Statutorily required contribution	\$ 26,843 9.0% 2017	\$	25,072 8.6% 2016	\$	23,948 9.0% 2015	\$	22,563 9.2% 2014	\$	_ 20,070 8.9% 2013
Contribution deficiency (excess) Hospital's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll Component Unit Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 	\$	- 25,072 8.6% 2016 1,616	\$	- 23,948 9.0% 2015 1,559	\$	- 22,563 9.2% 2014 1,505	\$	
Contribution deficiency (excess) Hospital's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll Component Unit Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 	\$	- 25,072 8.6% 2016 1,616	\$	- 23,948 9.0% 2015 1,559	\$	- 22,563 9.2% 2014 1,505	\$	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Changes of Benefit Terms:

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017
- Adjusted retirement rates
- Lowered disability rates
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00 percent to 3.75 percent per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30 year amortization period to a closed 30 year amortization period for the UAL (Unfunded Actuarial Liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20 year period.

City of Orange City, Iowa Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and Notes For the Last Five Years Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2022					2021			
		Con	nponent			Con	nponent	
	City		Unit		City		Unit	
\$	11,363	\$	27,140	\$	6,020	\$	30,759	
	2,841		8,353		3,020		8,804	
	10,473		-		-		(68,093)	
	4,139		-		-		36,569	
	(1,043)		(22,788)		(1,557)		(23,278)	
	27,773		12,705		7,483		(15,239)	
	112,453		370,921		104,970		386,160	
\$	140,226	\$	383,626	\$	112,453	\$	370,291	
\$	2,496	\$	21,287	\$	2,231	\$	22,897	
	5.62%		1.80%		5.04%		1.62%	
	\$	City \$ 11,363 2,841 10,473 4,139 (1,043) 27,773 112,453 \$ 140,226 \$ 2,496	Con City \$ 11,363 \$ 2,841 \$ 10,473 \$ 4,139 \$ (1,043) \$ 27,773 \$ 112,453 \$ \$ 140,226 \$ \$ 2,496 \$	City Component Unit \$ 11,363 \$ 27,140 2,841 8,353 10,473 - 4,139 - (1,043) (22,788) 27,773 12,705 112,453 370,921 \$ 140,226 \$ 383,626 \$ 2,496 \$ 21,287	Component City Unit \$ 11,363 \$ 27,140 \$ 2,841 8,353 \$ 10,473 - - 4,139 - (1,043) 27,773 12,705 112,453 112,453 370,921 \$ \$ 140,226 \$ 383,626 \$ \$ 2,496 \$ 21,287 \$	Component City Unit City \$ 11,363 \$ 27,140 \$ 6,020 2,841 8,353 3,020 10,473 - - 4,139 - - (1,043) (22,788) (1,557) 27,773 12,705 7,483 112,453 370,921 104,970 \$ 140,226 \$ 383,626 \$ 112,453 \$ 2,496 \$ 21,287 \$ 2,231	Component Component City Unit City \$ 11,363 \$ 27,140 \$ 6,020 \$ 2,841 \$ 2,841 8,353 3,020 \$ 10,473 10,473 - - - 4,139 - - - (1,043) (22,788) (1,557) - 27,773 12,705 7,483 - 112,453 370,921 104,970 \$ 140,226 \$ 383,626 \$ 112,453 \$ \$ \$ 2,496 \$ 21,287 \$ 2,231 \$ \$	

	 202	20			20	19		
		Con	nponent			Con	nponent	
	City	Unit		City			Unit	
Service Cost	\$ 5,902	\$	22,991	\$	4,547	\$	22,561	
Interest Cost	2,806		12,466		3,511		13,377	
Difference between expected and								
Actual experiences	(9,611)		-		-		56,695	
Changes in assumptions	4,651		34,553		-		(35,738)	
Benefit assumptions	(468)		(33,771)		(7,793)		(35,829)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	 3,280		36,239		265		21,066	
Total OPEB liability beginning of year	101,690		349,921		101,425		328,855	
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$ 104,970	\$	386,160	\$	101,690	\$	349,921	
Covered – employee payroll								
(in thousands)	\$ 2,187	\$	18,375	\$	2,094	\$	19,051	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage								
Of covered – employee payroll	4.80%		2.10%		4.86%		1.84%	

City of Orange City, Iowa Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and Notes For the Last Five Years Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		201	8	
			Con	nponent
	C	City		Unit
Service Cost	\$	4,547	\$	19,853
Interest Cost		3,445		11,782
Difference between expected and				
Actual experiences		356		-
Changes in assumptions		8,601		(7,076)
Benefit assumptions		(4,316)		(9,844)
Net change in total OPEB liability		12,543		14,715
Total OPEB liability beginning of year		88,882		314,140
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	101,425	\$	328,855
Covered – employee payroll				
(in thousands)	\$	2,053	\$	16,132
Total OPEB liability as a percentage Of covered – employee payroll		4.86%		1.84%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in the GAAP City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no significant changes in benefit terms

Changes in assumptions:

The 2022 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a new actuarial opinion dated June 30, 2022:

• Changed mortality assumptions to the SOA Public Plan 2010 tables.

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

	City	Component Unit
Year ended June 30, 2022	2.06%	2.16%
Year ended June 30, 2021	2.66%	2.16%
Year ended June 30, 2020	3.51%	2.21%
Year ended June 30, 2019	3.58%	3.50%
Year ended June 30, 2018	4.50%	3.87%

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the entity will present information for those years for which information is available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Governmental Nonmajor Funds JUNE 30, 2022

			Spec	ial Revenue			
	Road Use Tax		Rev	USDA olving Loan	USDA IRP-Loan		
Assets							
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$	1,065,111	\$	301,874	\$	107,611	
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance							
for uncollectibles)							
Notes Receivable		-		230,742		189,627	
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		66,442		-		-	
Inventories		12,214		-		-	
Total Assets		1,143,767		532,616		297,238	
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable		-		-		-	
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities		-		-		-	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Inventories		12,214		-		-	
Permanent Fund Principal		-		-		-	
Restricted for:							
Road Use Tax		1,131,553		-		-	
Economic Development		-		532,616		297,238	
Unassigned		-		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		1,143,767		532,616		297,238	
Total Liabilities, and Fund Balances	\$	1,143,767	\$	532,616	\$	297,238	

			Capital F	Projec	ts			ermanent emetery	Go	Total vernmental	
S	toplight	18th	Street	Hwy 10 3rd 14th Street			etual Care	Nonmajor			
F	Project	R	ISE	Turn Lane Project			roject	Fund	Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 122,817	\$	1,597,413	
	-		-		-		-	-		420,369	
	-		-		-		-	-		66,442	
	-		-				-	 - 122,817		12,214 2,096,438	
	57,353 441,988 499,341		- 16,101 16,101		28,140 15,575 43,715		- 83,954 83,954	 -		85,493 657,618 743,111	
	-		-		-		-	- 122,817		12,214 122,817	
	-		-		-		-	-		1,131,553	
	-		-		-		-	-		829,854	
	(499,341)		16,101)		(43,715)		(83,954)	 - 122,817		<u>(743,111</u> 1,353,327	
	(499,341)	(16,101)		(43,715)		(83,954)	 122,017		1,303,327	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 122,817	\$	2,096,438	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Governmental Nonmajor Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Specia	al Revenue	
	Road se Tax		USDA Iving Loan	USDA RP-Loan
Revenue:				
Taxes				
Intergovernmental	\$ 833,436	\$	-	\$ -
Interest on Investments	-		654	7,884
Miscellaneous	-		-	 -
Total Revenue	833,436		654	 7,884
Expenditures:				
Capital Projects	-		-	-
Debt Service:				
Interest/Bond Costs	-		-	8,311
Total Expenditures	-		-	 8,311
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	833,436		654	 (427)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers In	-		-	114,000
Transfers Out	(814,781)		(114,000)	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	(814,781)		(114,000)	 114,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	18,655		(113,346)	113,573
Fund balances - beginning of year	1,123,486		645,962	183,665
Increase in Reserve for Inventory	1,626		-	-
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 1,143,767	\$	532,616	\$ 297,238

			Capital I	Proje	cts			Pe	rmanent		Total
Stoplight Project					/y 10 3rd rn Lane		h Street roject	Perpetual Care Fund		١	lonmajor Funds
•		•		•		•		<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>	000 400
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	833,436
	-		-		-		-		- 4,454		8,538 4,454
	-								4,454		846,428
									, -		, -
	356,198		116,101		43,715		83,954		-		599,968
			-		-		-		-		8,311
	356,198		116,101		43,715		83,954		-		608,279
	(356,198)	(*	116,101)		(43,715)		(83,954)		4,454		238,149
	-		-		-		-		-		114,000
	-		-		-		-		-		(928,781)
	-		-		-		-		-		(814,781)
	(356,198)	(*	116,101)		(43,715)		(83,954)		4,454		(576,632
	(143,143)		-		-		-		118,363		1,928,333
\$	-	¢ (/	-	<u>_</u>	-	<u></u>	-	¢	-	<u></u>	1,626
φ	(499,341)	\$ (*	116,101)	\$	(43,715)	\$	(83,954)	\$	122,817	\$	1,353,327

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Orange City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	87
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	90
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	93
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Operating Information	104
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	
Demographic and Economic Information	108
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the government's financial activities take place.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	<u>2013</u> <u>20</u>	<u>014 2015 20</u>	<u>16 2017 2018</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u> <u>2022</u>
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	1,799,523 1,1	,194,599 1,780,488 2,5	60,478 \$ 15,365,666 \$ 14,234,324 88,094 2,682,327 2,117,016 76,284) (5,193,819) (2,301,395)	\$ 15,407,790 \$ 16,241,529 2,326,682 2,534,566 (2,203,975) (1,490,304)	\$ 14,702,790 \$ 16,375,632 2,365,267 2,475,815 2,474,862 1,523,373
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 9,832,493 \$ 9,8	,856,507 \$ 10,693,776 \$ 12,6	72,288 \$ 12,854,174 \$ 14,049,945	\$ 15,530,497 \$ 17,285,791	\$ 19,542,919 \$ 20,374,820
Business-type activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	1,183,889 1,2 8,214,047 10,0	285,989 1,228,080 1, 048,505 9,959,744 9,	58,940 \$ 18,557,290 \$ 18,475,912 00,341 1,064,092 1,978,634 98,470 8,488,495 9,309,366 57,751 \$ 28,109,877 \$ 29,763,912	\$ 22,168,051 \$ 23,275,413 1,931,597 1,809,786 7,776,179 8,168,798 \$ 31,875,827 \$ 33,253,997	\$ 25,117,685 \$ 31,791,448 1,693,085 1,342,029 8,760,685 5,451,676 \$ 35,571,455 \$ 38,585,153
Primary government Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	2,983,412 2,4 5,316,925 7,7	480,588 3,008,568 3, 711,456 5,915,629 6,	19,418 \$ 33,922,956 \$ 32,710,236 88,435 3,746,419 4,095,650 22,186 3,294,676 7,007,971 30,039 \$ 40,964,051 \$ 43,813,857	\$ 37,575,841 \$ 39,516,942 4,258,279 4,344,352 5,572,204 6,678,494 \$ 47,406,324 \$ 50,539,788	\$ 39,820,475 \$ 48,167,080 4,058,352 3,817,844 11,235,547 6,975,049 \$ 55,114,374 \$ 58,959,973

City of Orange City Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

										Fiscal	Year									
		2013		2014		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		2017		<u>2018</u>		2019		2020		2021		2022
Expenses																				
Governmental activities:																				
Public Safety	\$	833,780	\$	872,249	\$	872,626	\$	925,097	\$	972,996	\$	1,088,140	\$	1,106,146	\$	1,158,235	\$	1,186,527	\$	1,237,640
Public Works		1,619,083		1,613,585		1,557,306		1,663,733		1,571,805		1,907,228		1,605,411		1,736,174		1,781,024		1,796,683
Culture and Recreation		1,434,484		1,291,006		1,499,304		1,781,317		1,805,929		1,658,414		1,869,376		1,885,121		2,134,424		2,011,680
Community and Economic Development		325,702		325,474		258,417		371,010		697,831		558,788		302,629		447,647		471,166		330,833
General Government		2,345,344		992,494		731,785		742,301		712,651		820,252		962,503		902,555		1,026,101		862,087
Debt Service		431,845		355,325		338,539		357,017		319,025		331,151		404,484		447,191		260,372		277,288
Total governmental activities expenses		6,990,238		5,450,133		5,257,977		5,840,475		6,080,237		6,363,973		6,250,549		6,576,923		6,859,614		6,516,211
Business-Type Activities:																				
Electric		6,327,351		6,684,885		7,074,776		7,206,806		7,498,724		7,425,922		7,488,064		7,529,566		7,759,588		7,707,810
Water		943,567		917,303		899,459		1,461,287		964,647		937,061		1,023,038		1,123,054		1,273,778		1,315,829
Sewer		523,094		540,096		571,113		657,992		572,314		856,862		1,159,532		1,290,271		1,339,534		1,215,362
Gas		2,013,797		2,675,250		2,134,813		1,528,581		1,768,495		2,197,738		2,019,069		1,623,746		3,058,038		2,797,769
Total business-type activities expenses		9,807,809		10,817,534		10,680,161		10,854,666		10,804,180		11,417,583		11,689,703		11,566,637		13,430,938		13,036,770
Total primary government expenses		16,798,047		16,267,667		15,938,138		16,695,141	_	16,884,417		17,781,556		17,940,252		18,143,560	_	20,290,552		19,552,981
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
Public Safety		22,593		19,309		15,943		39,164		19,299		17,396		12,713		14,860		18,148		11,421
Public Works		257,210		312,823		310,203		479,624		314,332		326,399		338,514		332,050		560,023		341,336
Culture and Recreation		275,661		343,273		306,300		309,631		317,778		323,621		285,554		254,332		370,354		404,834
Community & Economic Development		31,480		32,099		46,335		55,683		82,191		40,867		59,802		36,764		122,056		84,182
General Government		48,534		41,174		35,662		96,387		131,951		60,160		62,682		56,840		61,187		63,450
Operating grants and contributions		970,358		916,877		1,242,721		1,134,628		1,105,119		1,135,321		1,252,432		1,634,276		1,296,493		1,247,920
Capital grants and contributions		399,850		-		217,763		764,281		272,133		110,463		26,110		25,498		25,728		38,889
Total governmental activities program revenues		2,005,686		1,665,555		2,174,927		2,879,398		2,242,803		2,014,227		2,037,807		2,354,620		2,453,989		2,192,032
Business-type activities:		_,		.,		_,,•		_,,		_,,		_,		_,		_,		_,,		_,,
Charges for services:																				
Electric		7,011,542		7,522,021		7,805,183		7,776,001		8,362,166		8,473,321		8,572,893		8,376,741		8,327,705		8,410,334
Water		882,207		886,144		900,765		934,342		1,033,612		1,016,294		949,619		990,432		1,227,476		1,272,407
Sewer		606,825		592,445		715,410		842,497		894,726		1,233,550		1,365,898		1,347,115		1,467,434		1,449,919
Gas		2,156,043		2,809,763		2,114,065		1,595,054		1,784,999		2,412,384		2,271,617		1,801,320		3,291,050		3,005,237
Total business-type activities program revenues		10,656,617		11,810,373		11,535,423		11,147,894		12,075,503		13,135,549		13,160,027		12,515,608		14,313,665		14,137,897
Total primary government program revenues		12,662,303	_	13,475,928		13,710,350		14,027,292	_	14,318,306		15,149,776		15,197,834	_	14,870,228	_	16,767,654		16,329,929
Net (expense)/revenue																				
Governmental activities		(4,984,552)		(3,784,578)		(3,083,050)		(2,961,077)		(3,837,434)		(4,349,746)		(4,212,742)		(4,222,303)		(4,405,625)		(4,324,179)
Business-type activities		848,808		992,839		855,262		293,228		1,271,323		1,717,966		1,470,324		948,971		882,727		1,101,127
Total primary government net expense	\$	(4,135,744)	\$	(2,791,739)	\$	(2,227,788)	\$	(2,667,849)	\$	(2,566,111)	\$	(2,631,780)	\$	(2,742,418)	\$	(3,273,332)	\$	(3,522,898)	\$	(3,223,052)
. , , , , ,	<u> </u>	,,,,	<u> </u>	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	, , ,	<u> </u>	, , , -/	<u> </u>	, , ,,,,, <u>-</u> ,	<u> </u>	, , = , = = - /	<u> </u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>

City of Orange City Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Year				
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
Governmental activities: Taxes										
Property taxes Local option sales tax Investment Earnings Gain on Sale of Assets	\$ 3,298,474 736,474 9,621 145,696	\$ 3,478,291 710,785 2,328 52,023	\$ 3,515,407 792,255 8,935 55,600	\$ 3,573,908 846,836 8,864 168,810	\$ 4,144,235 950,305 13,109 267,743	\$ 4,204,400 851,052 11,555 55,000	\$ 4,394,724 911,382 46,327 373,551	\$ 4,637,798 1,051,882 37,687 208,491	\$ 4,742,603 1,115,682 26,238 70,419	\$ 4,776,927 1,251,437 22,309 45,240
Miscellaneous Transfers Total governmental activities	117,465 442,342 4,750,072	45,850 (480,685) 3,808,592	97,363 451,895 4,921,455	- 389,219 4,987,637	- 318,303 5,693,695	176,451 272,189 5,570,647	82,746 (115,436) 5,693,294	151,488 (25,494) 6,061,852	879,872 (214,388) 6,620,426	127,572 (1,067,405) 5,156,080
Business-type activities										
Investment Earnings Gain on Sale of Joint Venture	18,988	16,015 -	32,655 926,349	15,219 -	41,730	43,469	136,084 -	136,330 -	53,072	23,358
Miscellaneous Transfers	382,211 (442,342)	977,771 480,685	364,780 (451,895)	241,645 (389,219)	157,376 (318,303)	174,431 (272,189)	390,071 115,436	260,223 25,494	1,167,271 214,388	821,808 1,067,405
Total business-type activities Total primary government	<u>(41,143)</u> 4,708,929	<u>1,474,471</u> 5,283,063	871,889 5,793,344	(132,355) 4,855,282	(119,197) 5,574,498	<u>(54,289)</u> 5,516,358	<u>641,591</u> 6,334,885	<u>422,047</u> 6,483,899	<u>1,434,731</u> 8,055,157	1,912,571 7,068,651
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government	(234,480) 807,665 \$ 573,185	24,014 2,467,310 \$ 2,491,324	1,838,405 1,727,151 \$3,565,556	2,026,560 160,873 \$2,187,433	1,856,261 1,152,126 \$3,008,387	1,220,901 1,663,677 \$ 2,884,578	1,480,552 2,111,915 \$3,592,467	1,839,549 1,371,018 \$3,210,567	2,214,801 2,317,458 \$ 4,532,259	831,901 3,013,698 \$3,845,599

City of Orange City Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Pr	roperty <u>Tax</u>	Sales <u>Tax</u>	He	otel/Motel <u>Tax</u>	<u>Total</u>
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	3,298,474 3,478,291 3,516,500 3,573,908 4,144,235 4,204,400 4,394,724	\$ 697,311 665,445 729,579 732,685 817,220 710,777 750,206	\$	39,163 45,340 62,676 114,151 133,085 140,275 161,176	\$ 3,935,362 4,034,948 4,189,076 4,308,755 4,420,744 5,094,540 5,055,452
2020 2021 2022	\$	4,637,798 4,742,603 4,776,927	\$ 927,238 990,533 1,128,550	\$	124,644 125,149 122,887	\$ 5,306,106 5,689,680 6,028,364

City of Orange City Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accural basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Y	ear				
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
General fund										
Unreserved/ Unassigned	\$ 1,662,462	\$ 1,485,642 \$	1,455,766	\$ 1,237,614 \$	1,460,698 \$	1,438,611 \$	1,802,418	\$ 1,828,076	\$ 2,370,633	\$ 2,685,830
Total General Fund	\$ 1,662,462	\$ 1,485,642 \$	1,455,766	\$ 1,237,614 \$	1,460,698 \$	1,438,611 \$	1,802,418	\$ 1,828,076	\$ 2,370,633	\$ 2,685,830
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable Spendable - Restricted Spendable - Assigned Spendable - Unassigned	\$ 99,475 1,729,040 9,683 (656,870)	\$ 102,475 \$ 1,118,673 - (193,747)	105,923 1,703,352 - (1,252,696)	\$ 115,943 \$ 2,172,151 162,486 (681,288)	114,087 \$ 2,592,476 167,486 (3,270,466)	123,176 \$ 2,023,314 112,662 (393,453)	129,674 2,249,897 476,301 (6,179)	\$ 128,840 5 2,436,335 13,104 (740,575)	\$ 128,951 2,267,048 6,446,868 (3,199,229)	\$ 135,031 2,334,194 5,809,891 (3,816,100)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 1,181,328	\$ 1,027,401 \$	556,579	\$ 1,769,292 \$	(396,417) \$	1,865,699 \$	2,849,693	\$ 1,837,704	\$ 5,643,638	\$ 4,463,016

City of Orange City Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisca	l Yea	r		
		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	2,551,158	\$	2,663,304	\$	2,663,371	\$	2,678,042
Special Assessments	÷	_,001,100	Ŧ	611	Ŧ	2,989	Ŧ	136,656
Licenses and permits		5,600		6,348		6,326		6,125
Intergovernmental		1,242,033		860,790		1,418,642		1,402,468
Charges for services		588,213		710,928		679,390		702,580
Fines and Forfeits		40,664		29,896		25,142		28,891
Contributions from Property Owners		1,001		53,087		58,130		-
TIF Revenue		748,320		815,553		853,129		895,866
Local Options Sales Tax		736,474		710,785		792,255		846,836
Investment Earnings		9,621		2,328		8,935		8,864
Miscellaneous		391,336		106,335		137,271		727,463
Total revenues		6,314,420		5,959,965		6,645,580		7,433,791
Expenditures								
Public safety		749,557		811,614		864,188		978,225
Public works		1,027,380		1,098,769		990,558		1,324,398
Culture and recreation		1,215,909		1,231,065		1,578,372		1,648,339
Community and economic development		325,237		325,398		257,568		347,749
General government		2,215,628		866,915		613,733		614,203
Capital projects		856,115		1,541,643		2,302,188		2,654,972
Debt service								
Principal		3,475,000		1,330,000		1,490,000		3,065,000
Interest		435,210		357,768		336,301		348,172
Total expenditures		10,300,036		7,563,172		8,432,908		10,981,058
Excess of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(3,985,616)		(1,603,207)		(1,787,328)		(3,547,267)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Issuance of Debt		1,450,000		905,000		835,000		4,145,588
Proceeds From Sale of Fixed Assets		-		-		-		-
Transfers In		1,227,493		1,933,500		1,211,895		1,658,616
Transfers Out		(785,151)		(1,566,040)		(760,000)		(1,269,397)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,892,342		1,272,460		1,286,895		4,534,807
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,093,274)	\$	(330,747)	\$	(500,433)	\$	987,540
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		41.4%		28.0%		29.8%		41.0%

City of Orange City Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Y	ear			
 <u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
\$ 3,022,560	\$ 3,118,441	\$ 3,171,229	\$	3,312,654	\$ 3,403,515	\$ 3,529,477
25,890	27,049	9,413		8,823	166,904	13,929
6,779 1,105,119	6,691 1,112,570	6,548 1,244,531		5,992 1,627,142	2,799 1,293,711	10,773 1,240,067
717,798	699,514	690,537		643,613	876,256	846,896
24,501	24,095	18,590		18,749	19,409	040,090 11,961
24,501	24,035	-		-	-	-
1,121,675	1,085,959	1,223,495		1,325,144	1,339,088	1,247,450
950,305	851,052	911,382		1,051,882	1,115,682	1,251,437
13,109	11,555	46,327		37,687	26,238	22,309
652,369	400,813	527,908		206,725	937,209	207,702
7,640,105	7,337,739	 7,849,960		8,238,411	 9,180,811	 8,382,001
946,213	985,180	1,195,629		1,338,670	1,032,741	1,141,364
1,011,665	1,204,569	1,095,815		1,274,021	1,205,617	1,466,098
1,660,106	1,775,252	1,736,660		1,795,578	1,993,409	1,879,024
418,778	449,681	343,352		447,989	468,030	343,732
586,020	710,129	794,315		763,270	872,983	802,446
3,300,232	1,188,431	2,279,074		2,454,833	2,470,529	3,593,821
1,820,000	1,625,000	1,590,000		4,580,000	4,965,000	1,340,000
 338,213	 299,137	 398,991		486,781	 451,623	 355,669
 10,081,227	 8,237,379	 9,433,836		13,141,142	 13,459,932	 10,922,154
(2,441,122)	(899,640)	(1,583,876)		(4,902,731)	(4,279,121)	(2,540,153)
-	2,718,952	2,521,729		3,238,959	4,787,841	900,000
-	-	-		234,814	278,783	51,500
1,411,831	2,254,818	1,047,401		1,155,826	1,430,885	1,452,530
 (909,453)	 (1,838,579)	 (640,000)		(751,234)	 (1,036,207)	 (1,046,125)
 502,378	 3,135,191	 2,929,130		3,878,365	 5,461,302	 1,357,905
\$ (1,938,744)	\$ 2,235,551	\$ 1,345,254	\$	(1,024,366)	\$ 1,182,181	\$ (1,182,248)
31.8%	27.3%	25.0%		50.1%	47.6%	20.2%

City of Orange City Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Real P	roperty	Util	ities	То	otal		Weighted Average	Assessed Value as a
Year Ended <u>June 30</u>	Assessed <u>Value</u>	Estimated Actual <u>Value</u>	Assessed <u>Value</u>	Estimated Actual <u>Value</u>	 Assessed <u>Value</u>		Estimated Actual <u>Value</u>	Direct Property <u>Tax Rate</u>	Percentage of Estimated <u>Actual Value</u>
2013	\$193,695,499	\$312,339,104	\$1,439,678	\$1,439,678	\$ 195,135,177	\$	313,778,782	\$ 14.4604	62.19%
2014	203,344,454	319,146,298	1,397,513	1,397,513	204,741,967		320,543,811	14.4413	63.87%
2015	212,032,667	332,787,311	1,344,293	1,344,293	213,376,960		334,131,604	13.9507	63.86%
2016	214,892,352	337,075,899	1,386,135	1,386,135	216,278,487		338,462,034	13.9852	63.90%
2017	232,506,882	363,623,547	1,352,493	1,352,493	233,859,375		364,976,040	14.5616	64.08%
2018	231,935,310	369,037,370	1,317,393	1,317,393	233,252,703		370,354,763	14.7916	62.98%
2019	253,335,501	400,285,037	1,259,770	1,259,770	254,595,271		401,544,807	14.3286	63.40%
2020	266,403,717	412,624,407	1,201,233	1,201,233	267,604,950		413,825,640	14.4650	64.67%
2021	273,798,010	435,809,481	1,135,329	1,135,329	274,933,339		436,944,810	14.4600	62.92%
2022	\$281,561,346	\$442,652,645	\$1,079,175	\$1,079,175	\$ 282,640,521	\$	443,731,820	\$ 14.4609	63.70%

Source: Assessed Values are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Assessor's Office.

City of Orange City Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

												C)verla	apping Ra	tes							
		Cit	t <mark>y of</mark>	Orange (City				Siou	ux County	/			MOC	-FV :	School D	istri	ct				Total
				Debt		Total				Debt		Total				Debt		Total		Area		Direct &
Fiscal	•	perating	-	ervice		City	•	perating		Service		County		perating	-	ervice		School	-	cational	Ov	erlapping
<u>Year</u>	Ν	<u>Aillage</u>	N	<u>lillage</u>		<u>Millage</u>	N	<u>/lillage</u>	N	<u> Millage</u>	<u>N</u>	<u> Millage</u>		<u>Millage</u>	N	<u>lillage</u>		<u>Millage</u>	5	<u>School</u>		<u>Rates</u>
2013	\$	7.8835	\$	6.5769	\$	14.4604	\$	4.9911	\$	0.3491	\$	5.3402	\$	11.7232	\$	_	\$	11.7232	\$	0.6438	\$	32.1675
2014	Ψ	7.9024	Ψ	6.5389	Ψ	14.4413	Ψ	4.9694	Ŷ	0.3659	Ψ	5.3352	Ŷ	10.9162	Ψ	-	Ψ	10.9162	Ŷ	0.6907	Ŷ	31.3834
2015		7.9280		6.0227		13.9507		5.0911		0.3400		5.4311		10.4391		-		10.4391		0.6910		30.5119
2016		7.9356		6.0496		13.9852		5.0488		0.3335		5.3822		10.2199		-		10.2199		0.7335		30.3208
2017		7.7209		6.8406		14.5616		4.8769		0.3028		5.1797		10.2316		-		10.2316		0.7812		30.7541
2018		8.4969		6.2947		14.7916		4.7626		0.2843		5.0469		10.2388		-		10.2388		0.7905		30.5784
2019		8.4859		5.8427		14.3286		4.8476		0.2720		5.1196		10.1855		-		10.1855		0.7942		30.4279
2020		8.6300		5.8350		14.4650		4.5660		0.2521		4.8181		10.2260		-		10.2260		0.9938		30.5029
2021		9.1157		5.3477		14.4634		4.2843		0.1948		4.4791		10.0052		2.7000		12.7052		1.0754		32.7231
2022	\$	8.8541	\$	5.6068	\$	14.4609	\$	3.9761	\$	0.1524	\$	4.1285	\$	9.9631	\$	2.7000	\$	12.6631	\$	1.0430	\$	32.2955

Taxes due July 1

Taxes delinquent first half - October 1; second half - April 1.

Penalties for delinquency: 1.5 percent per month.

Discount allowed: none

Uncollected taxes handled as follows: delinquent real estate tax list published in newspaper prior to May 16.

Taxes collected by Sioux County and distributed to the City of Orange City in proportion of its levy to all levies.

Tax sale date: first Monday in June.

Source: The tax rates are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Auditor's Office.

City of Orange City Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2022			2013	
<u>Taxpayer</u>		Assessed <u>Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total Assessed <u>Value</u>	Assessed <u>Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total Assessed <u>Value</u>
Vogel Enterprises Inc.	\$	15,539,160	1	3.7%	\$ 8,457,500	2	4.4%
SCC10 Orange City		9,184,440	2	2.2%	9,268,450	1	4.8%
Smithfield Premium Pet Health LLC		4,784,450	3	1.1%	5,319,160	3	2.7%
Prairie Winds Hotel Holdings		4,204,220	4	1.0%			
Sekisui Aerospace		3,422,690	5	0.8%			
Pizza Ranch Headquarters		2,404,640	6	0.6%	2,163,300	6	1.1%
Krull Ltd.		2,355,750	7	0.6%	1,679,750	7	0.9%
OCDC, Inc.		2,276,804	8	0.5%	4,407,990	4	2.3%
Iowa State Bank Orange City		1,770,590	9	0.4%	1,608,920	9	0.8%
Revival Animal Health Inc.		1,645,690	10	0.4%			
Advanced Brands LLC							
Northwest Rural Electric Coop					1,421,861	10	0.7%
Tech Industries LLC	•				1,671,350	8	0.9%
Orange City Communications					2,494,400	5	1.3%
Totals	\$	47,588,434	-	11.3%	\$ 38,492,681	 =	19.9%

Source: Assessed Values are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Assessor's Office.

City of Orange City Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended		Total Tax Levy for	Collected wi Fiscal Year of		De	elinquent Tax	Total Colle to Da	
<u>6/30</u>	<u></u>	iscal Year	 <u>Amount</u>	<u>% of Levy</u>	<u>Cc</u>	ollections	 <u>Amount</u>	<u>% of Levy</u>
2013	\$	2,571,446	\$ 2,545,732	99.00%	\$	25,714	\$ 2,571,446	100.00%
2014		2,663,471	2,660,808	99.90%		2,663	2,663,471	100.00%
2015		2,660,942	2,658,993	99.93%		1,949	2,660,942	100.00%
2016		2,676,223	2,674,162	99.92%		2,061	2,676,223	100.00%
2017		3,020,665	3,018,665	99.93%		2,000	3,020,665	100.00%
2018		3,113,207	3,110,985	99.93%		2,222	3,113,207	100.00%
2019		3,167,560	3,154,067	99.57%		13,493	3,167,560	100.00%
2020		3,313,269	3,279,734	98.99%		33,535	3,313,269	100.00%
2021		3,388,587	3,284,399	96.93%		104,188	3,388,587	100.00%
2022	\$	3,526,130	\$ 3,526,001	100.00%	\$	-	\$ 3,526,001	100.00%

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		vernmental Activities			Business-Ty	vpe A	Activities							
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	(General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Electric <u>Bonds</u>		Water Bonds		Sewer <u>Bonds</u>		Gas <u>Bonds</u>	Total Primary <u>Government</u>		% of Personal <u>Income</u>	<u>c</u>	Per apita
2013	\$	13,300,000	\$ 4,525,000	\$	4,420,000	\$	260,000	\$	765,000	\$	23,270,000	764.68%	\$	3,876
2014		12,875,000	4,180,000	·	2,745,000	•	130,000	•	660,000		20,590,000	676.61%	•	3,429
2015		12,220,000	3,830,000		2,540,000		-		555,000		19,145,000	629.13%		3,189
2016		13,160,000	3,470,000		2,330,000		-		450,000		19,410,000	637.84%		3,233
2017		11,340,000	3,105,000		2,120,000		-		340,000		16,905,000	555.52%		2,816
2018		12,415,000	2,725,000		1,910,000		8,715,000		230,000		25,995,000	862.39%		4,330
2019		13,105,000	2,337,000		1,690,000		8,360,000		115,000		25,607,000	849.52%		4,265
2020		11,565,000	2,102,000		1,470,000		8,005,000		-		23,142,000	849.52%		3,854
2021		11,145,000	1,790,000		1,245,000		7,645,000		-		21,825,000	599.11%		3,483
2022	\$	9,805,000	\$ 1,560,000	\$	1,015,000	\$	7,275,000	\$	-	\$	19,655,000	599.11%	\$	3,136

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 108 for personal income and popluation data.

City of Orange City Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Availa	: Amounts able in Debt vice Fund	<u>Total</u>	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of <u>Property</u>	Per <u>Capita</u>
2013	\$ 13,300,000	\$	76,972	\$ 13,223,028	4.24	\$ 2,202.37
2014	12,875,000		66,652	12,808,348	4.03	2,133.30
2015	12,220,000		94,881	12,125,119	3.63	2,019.51
2016	13,160,000		241,411	12,918,589	3.82	2,151.66
2017	11,340,000		271,967	11,068,033	3.03	1,843.44
2018	12,415,000		324,124	12,090,876	3.28	2,013.80
2019	13,105,000		114,297	12,937,814	3.22	2,154.87
2020	11,565,000		149,011	10,995,989	2.75	1,831.44
2021	11,145,000		175,388	9,629,612	2.51	1,536.56
2022	\$ 9,805,000	\$	372,787	\$ 9,432,213	2.51	\$ 1,505.06

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics. See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

City of Orange City Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2022

<u>Governmental Unit</u>	<u>c</u>	Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage <u>Applicable</u> 1	Estimated Share of Overlapping <u>Debt</u>
Debt repaid with property taxes: School District	\$	37,871,400	38.73%	\$ 14,667,593
Debt repaid with property taxes; Sioux County		5,449,678	12.14%	661,591
Subtotal, overlapping debt				\$ 15,329,184
City of Orange City direct debt				 9,805,000
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 25,134,184

Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by the school and Sioux County Auditor Office.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Orange City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

1 The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

City of Orange City Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
Debt Limit	\$ 15,615,047	\$ 15,957,315	\$ 16,639,365	\$ 16,853,795	\$ 18,181,177	\$ 18,451,869	\$ 20,014,252	\$ 20,631,220	\$ 21,790,474	\$ 22,132,632
Total net debt applicable to limit	13,226,028	12,808,348	12,125,119	12,918,589	12,132,128	12,953,100	13,598,167	11,871,033	10,252,823	9,795,048
Legal debt margin	\$ 2,553,767	\$ 2,389,019	\$ 3,148,967	\$ 4,514,246	\$ 3,935,206	\$ 6,049,049	\$ 5,498,769	\$ 8,760,187	\$ 11,537,651	\$ 12,337,584
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	83.40%	84.70%	80.27%	72.87%	76.65%	66.73%	70.20%	57.54%	47.05%	44.26%
			Legal Debt Margi	n Calculation for Fis	scal Year 2020					
			Assessed value Total assessed v	alue						\$ 442,652,645 442,652,645
			Debt limit (5% of Debt applicable t	total assessed value)					22,132,632
	General obligation bonds Urban Renewal Development Agreements Less Amount in Debt Service Fund Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin									

Note: Under state finance law, the City of Orange City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 5 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject

to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Electric Less: Charges Operating		Net Available Bovenue		Debt Service Principal Interest					
<u>Year</u>	<u>é</u>	and Other	<u>E</u>	<u>Expenses</u>		<u>Revenue</u>	<u>F</u>	Principal	<u> </u>	nterest	<u>Coverage</u>
2013	\$	7,057,722	\$	5,374,681	\$	1,683,041	\$	320,000	\$	102,769	3.98
2014		7,999,338		5,559,030		2,440,308		345,000		99,014	5.50
2015		7,889,276		5,756,923		2,132,353		350,000		94,185	4.80
2016		7,759,613		5,905,746		1,853,867		360,000		88,766	4.13
2017		8,406,522		6,355,393		2,051,129		365,000		72,455	4.69
2018		8,592,902		6,400,163		2,192,739		380,000		63,950	4.94
2019		8,936,716		6,400,015		2,536,701		388,000		58,773	5.68
2020		8,594,277		6,399,975		2,194,302		232,000		50,360	7.77
2021		9,255,809		6,403,578		2,852,231		230,000		32,956	10.85
2022		8,668,263		6,517,580		2,150,683		145,000		28,568	12.39
		Water		Less:		Net					
Fiscal		Charges	C	Operating		Available		Debt \$	Servic	е	
<u>Year</u>	<u> </u>	and Other	Ē	Expenses		Revenue	F	Principal		nterest	<u>Coverage</u>
2013		1,218,594		519,783		698,811		115,000		137,969	2.76
2014		1,252,319		545,862		706,457		1,675,000		99,558	0.40
2015		1,008,205		559,105		449,100		205,000		60,863	1.69
2016		1,141,088		921,581		219,507		210,000		58,723	0.82
2017		1,082,756		615,446		467,310		210,000		56,087	1.76
2018		1,080,171		632,146		448,025		210,000		52,927	1.70
2019		1,003,003		645,810		357,193		220,000		49,150	1.33
2020		1,042,812		725,819		316,993		225,000		40,130	1.20
2021		1,277,103		830,398		446,705		230,000		34,796	1.69
2022	\$	1,789,799	\$	827,484	\$	962,315	\$	240,000	\$	28,818	3.58

Note: Operating Expenses do not include depreciation expense

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal C		Sewer Charges		Less: Operating		Net vailable		Debt S			
<u>Year</u>	<u>aı</u>	nd Other	<u>E</u> >	<u>kpenses</u>	•		<u>P</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>iterest</u>	<u>Coverage</u>
2013	\$	625,457	\$	364,652	\$	260,805	\$	130,000	\$	3,737	1.95
2014		742,217		357,322		384,895		130,000		2,925	2.90
2015		914,621		399,720		514,901		130,000		1,625	3.91
2016		908,510		485,953		422,557		-		-	-
2017		1,000,275		387,940		612,335		-		-	-
2018		1,256,976		408,665		848,311		100,000		255,920	2.38
2019		1,464,073		486,307		977,766		355,000		290,131	1.52
2020		1,465,101		639,740		825,361		360,000		282,860	1.28
2021		1,705,573		700,037		1,005,536		370,000		272,060	1.57
2022		1,517,623		598,365		919,258		380,000		260,960	1.43

		Gas		Less:	-	Net					
Fiscal		Charges	(Operating	A	vailable		Debt S	ervice)	
Year	<u> </u>	and Other	<u> </u>	Expenses	<u>F</u>	<u>levenue</u>	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>lı</u>	nterest	<u>Coverage</u>
2013		2,156,043		1,920,062		235,981		100,000		15,448	2.04
2014		2,810,285		2,580,109		230,176		105,000		14,823	1.92
2015		2,120,756		1,957,138		163,618		105,000		13,772	1.38
2016		1,595,549		1,442,028		153,521		105,000		12,461	1.31
2017		1,785,056		1,672,856		112,200		110,000		10,832	0.93
2018		2,413,217		2,092,061		321,156		110,000		8,743	2.70
2019		2,282,390		1,954,793		327,597		115,000		6,268	2.70
2020		1,809,971		1,549,279		260,692		-		-	-
2021		3,294,523		2,494,520		800,003		-		-	-
2022	\$	3,007,378	\$	2,673,733	\$	333,645	\$	-	\$	-	-

Note: Operating Expenses do not include depreciation expense

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant years.

City of Orange City Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2022			2013				
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total City <u>Population</u>	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total City <u>Population</u>		
Orange City Health System	575	1	9.58%	485	2	8.08%		
Staples Inc.	500	2	8.33%	575	1	9.58%		
Diamond Vogel Paints	475	3	7.91%	350	3	5.83%		
Sekisui Aerospace	260	4	4.33%	110	5	1.83%		
Smithfield Fresh Meats LLC	230	5	3.83%	40	9	0.67%		
MOC-FV School District	225	6	3.75%					
Northwestern College	140	7	2.33%	180	4	3.00%		
Sioux County Courthouse	75	8	1.25%					
Civco Medical Solutions	70	9	1.17%	70	6	1.17%		
Revival Animal Health	65	10	1.08%	60	7	1.00%		
EZ Liner Industrial				50	8	0.83%		
Silent Drive Inc.				40	10	0.67%		
Total	2,615		43.55%	1,960	-	32.64%		

Note: Source for this data was obtained from Iowa Workforce Development

City of Orange City Full-Time Equilvalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year											
Function	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>		
General Government	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	9	9	9		
Public Safety												
Police Officers	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7		
Highways and streets	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Culture and recreation	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Library	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	3		
Electric	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Water	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Sewer	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2		
Gas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Total	34	35	35	35	35	35	38	35	36	36		

Sources: Various city departments.

City of Orange City Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022
Function/Program										
General Government										
Zoning Permits Issued	62	68	89	65	95	81	81	80	102	93
Police										
Physical Arrests	83	92	76	69	88	91	114	93	104	90
Parking Violations	281	274	224	258	237	210	202	216	227	237
Traffic Violations	430	439	368	403	353	510	336	228	439	410
Fire										
Emergency Responses	72	98	112	107	104	92	75	84	78	98
Fires Extinguished	11	13	7	6	4	5	3	6	7	9
Refuse Collection										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks & Recreation										
Pool Passes Issued (Budget Pass)	79	71	63	54	48	35	57	46	57	57
Pool Passes Issued (Individual Pass)	47	42	80	74	63	56	71	88	51	51
Pool Passes Issued (Family Pass)	256	237	202	217	205	220	235	196	233	233
Pool Passes Issued (Senior Pass)	16	14	17	13	9	6	11	9	12	12
Library										
Volumes in collection	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905
Total volumes borrowed	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250
Water										
New connections	10	6	8	21	-	14	6	25	27	15
Water main breaks	10	7	6	3	2	8	4	6	9	6
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	819	821	815	823	825	863	856	853	856	837
Peak daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	2,120	2,115	1,900	1,950	1,940	1,448	1,380	1,910	1,920	1,925
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	753	748	748	761	748	801	809	843	846	848

Sources: Various city departments.

City of Orange City Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
Function/Program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire Station	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other Public Works										
Streets (miles)	49	50	51	52	52	53	55	57	58	59
Streetlights	933	938	942	961	961	985	985	993	993	998
Traffic Signals	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Parks and recreation										
Aceage	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230
Playgrounds	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Baseball/softball diamonds	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Soccer/football fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	49	49	49	50	50	50	52	54	55	56
Fire Hydrants	285	285	285	288	288	291	295	298	298	300
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
Wastewater										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	43	43	43	44	44	47	49	51	52	53
Storm Sewer (miles)	21	21	21	23	23	28	30	33	34	35
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000

Sources: Various city departments

City of Orange City Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar <u>Year</u>	Population	li (the	ersonal ncome ousands <u>dollars)</u>	P	Per Capita ersonal <u>ncome</u>	Median <u>Age</u>	Education Level in Years <u>of Schooling</u>	School <u>Enrollment</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>
2013	6,004	\$	30,143	\$	20,768	29	16	1940	3.4%
2014	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	2.9%
2015	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	2.9%
2016	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	2.1%
2017	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	1.7%
2018	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	1.7%
2019	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	1.7%
2020	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	1.7%
2021	6,267		36,429		27,848	34.3	16	1940	1.7%
2022	6,267	\$	36,429	\$	27,848	34.3	16	1940	1.5%

Sources: Population, median age, and educational level information provided by the United States Census Bureau. School enrollment data provided by the Orange City school districts.

Note: Personal Income is a total for the year. Unemployment rate information is an adjusted yearly average. School enrollment is based on the census at the start of the school year.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of the City Council City of Orange City, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Orange City, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Orange City, Iowa's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Orange City Area Health System, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detects and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *Significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2022 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

City of Orange City, Iowa's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Orange City, Iowa's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings. City of Orange City, Iowa's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City during the course of our audit.

William - Compry P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa January 23, 2023

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results

- (a) An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- (b) A material weakness in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

Material Weakness:

2022-001 Financial Reporting – Material Adjusting Journal Entries

<u>Condition and Criteria</u> – The auditors were required to propose and have management post adjusting entries to the fund financial statements in order for the financial statements to conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

<u>Effect</u> – The financial statements provided by management are not presented entirely in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Cause</u> – With a limited number of personnel and current staff workload, the time constraints and staff expertise do not allow for all required year end U.S. GAAP adjusting journal entries to be posted.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We recommend that the City train additional staff on U.S. GAAP and government accounting standards to help reduce the amount of adjusting journal entries and increase their knowledge of the required reporting standards.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials</u> – City management feels that hiring additional personnel to implement the additional U.S. GAAP adjusting journal entries would not be cost effective. However, management has and will continue to monitor this process on a regular basis.

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

III-A-22 Certified Budget

<u>Condition and Criteria</u> – City expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2022, exceeded amounts budgeted in the Public Safety, Public Works, Culture and Recreation, Capital Projects and Debt Service functions.

Effect – The City is not in compliance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting - (Continued)

<u>Cause</u> – The City approved a budget amendment on May 16, 2022. With limited personnel and time constraints, the City inadvertently omitted some items from the preparation of their budget amendment.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials</u> – The budget will be amended in the future, if applicable.

- III-B-22 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- III-C-22 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. However, we recommend that the amount of coverage be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- III-D-22 <u>Council Minutes</u> We noted no transactions requiring approval which had not been approved by the Council.
- III-E-22 Questionable Expenditures We noted no questionable expenditures during our audit.
- III-F-22 <u>Revenue Bonds</u> No violations of revenue bond resolutions were noted.
- III-G-22 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the City and city officials were noted during the course of the audit.
- III-H-22 <u>Cash and Investments</u> We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy.
- III-I-22 <u>Urban Renewal Annual Report</u> The urban renewal annual report was properly approved and certified to the Iowa Department of Management on or before December 1.
- III-J-22 <u>Restricted Donor Activity</u> No transactions were noted between the City, City officials, City employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.