ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE
FINANCIAL REPORT
OF THE
CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2021

Prepared by the Office of the City Administrator Earl Woudstra, City Administrator

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January 26, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Orange City:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Management assumes responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Williams & Company, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified opinion on the City of Orange City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Orange City incorporated in 1884, is located in the Northwest corner of the State of Iowa and is the county seat of Sioux County. The City of Orange City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City of Orange City operates under the council-administrator form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and five Council members. The Council appoints the government's administrator, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments with council approval. Council members serve four-year terms. The mayor is elected for a two-year term. The council members are elected on a staggered basis.

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The City Administrator has operating responsibilities for all City functions excluding the Hospital.

The City of Orange City provides a full range of Municipal services which includes police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets, and other infrastructure; recreational and cultural activities; general administration and medical care facilities. The City of Orange City also owns and operates the electric, water, sewer, and natural gas utilities. The City of Orange City also is financially accountable for a legally separate hospital board, and golf course board of which is reported separately within the City of Orange City's financial statements. Additional information on the municipal hospital and golf course can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than March 31st. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Orange City's financial planning and control. Iowa budget law requires the adoption of legal budgets for expenditures on a program basis. Although the budget document presents program expenditures by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated program level not at the fund level.

Local Economy

Orange City is located in Sioux County in the northwest portion of Iowa, which is noted for its excellent cropland and livestock production numbers. Industry plays a big part in Orange City's economic condition with the biggest three employers being Staples, Inc., an advertising and promotional products manufacturer, Smithfield, Inc., a pet food producer, and Diamond Vogel Paint and Wax, a full line paint manufacturer.

Fiscal year 2020-2021 was another great year for the community of Orange City. Many exciting trends and projects are taking place that continue to improve the quality of life for its citizens.

The city entered into an agreement with our local school district. The school started construction on a new elementary school building at approximate cost of \$32 million. The City is currently developing the infrastructure around the school site which will be consisting of streets, water, sanitary and storm sewer. The city will have twenty-five housing lots available for sale in the spring of 2022.

The City of Orange City plays an important part in the community growth, which will continue with active participation in the planning process of our community.

Long-Term financial planning

Management of the City of Orange City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

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The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The general fund falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., between 45 and 53 percent of total general fund revenues). Following its recent review of the City of Orange City's strategic plan, the Council plans on keeping the percentage the same for the following year, this will reduce the amount that will be needed to borrow to finance future construction.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Orange City for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local governmental financial reports.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire office staff. We wish to express our appreciation also to all our City employees for their dedication to making city services the best. Credit also must be given to the Honorable Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Orange City's finances.

Respectfully submitted

Earl Woudstra
City Administrator

Kent Anderson Finance Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Orange City Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

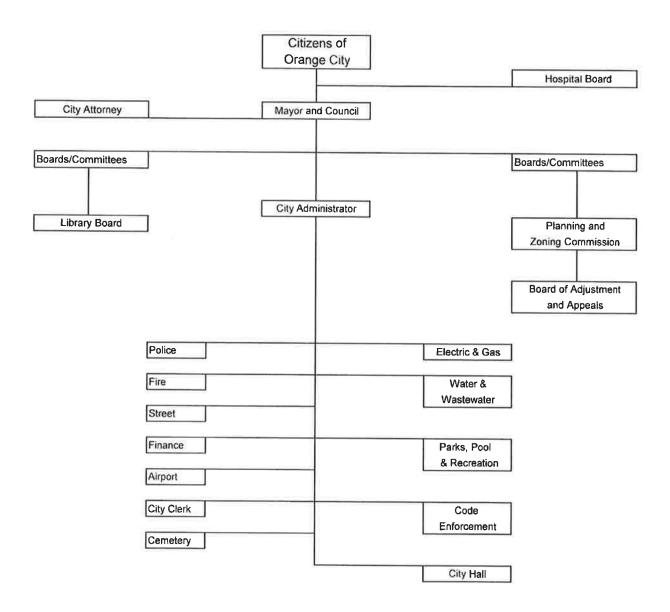
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A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS

ELECTED CITY OFFICERS

MAYOR

Deb DeHaan

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Aaron Beadner Rod DeBoer Daron DeJong Steve Roesner Tony Vande Brake

HOSPITAL TRUSTEES

Tim Zeutenhorst, Chairman
Brenda Richardson, Vice Chairman
Jerry Henrich, Secretary
Russ Adams
Kathy Alons
Chris Immeker
Wade Hofland

APPOINTED CITY OFFICERS

Earl Woudstra City Administrator

> Brad DeJong City Attorney

APPOINTED BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

Gary Cleveringa, Chairman John Kooiman, Vice-Chairman Jamie Valentine Arlin Smit Ben Van Engelenhoven

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

Mark Lundberg, Chairman Dale Pluim, Vice-Chairman Scott Heemstra Terry Hofmeyer Ashley Saras Rhonda Moret Joe Poppema

ARTS COUNCIL

Aaron Beadner
Sharon Vermeer, President
Lisa Johnson, Vice-President
Mary Fernow, Secretary
Joanne Gamble, Treasurer
Dr. Juyeon Kang
Brian Keepers
Duha Lee
Char Ten Clay
Dennis Rockhill, Co-Director
Ernie Andrulewich, Co-Director

LIBRARY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Kay Joiner, President Anne Mead, Vice-President John Buntsma, Secretary/Treasurer Micah Bilby Ryan Doughan Sue Kroesche Cary Valdes

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Seth Bents **Breckin Bomgaars** Paul Brentlinger Austin DeKock Brandon DeKock Brian De Kock Michael Dekker Kevin Dekker Mike Dorr Aaron Dykstra David Dykstra Josh Dykstra Michael Dykstra Ashton Harding Chad Hase Jayden Hiemstra John Heller Al Jeltema Riley Jeltema Ben Kingery Kevin Lopez Ann Lundberg Noah Minnick Mitchell Phomphakdy Andrew Roghair Dan Roghair Lee Roghair Dan Schram Dennis VanderWel, Chief Brent Van Leeuwen

CITY PERSONNEL

ADMINISTRATION

Kent Anderson Finance Officer Janet Brown City Clerk Kurt Frederes Code Officer Mark Gaul Community Development Director Barb Ramsey Billing Clerk Wes Ruden Event Center Manager Matt Van Schouwen Public Works Director Mary Wichers Receptionist/Secretary Earl Woudstra City Administrator

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Jim PottebaumChief of PoliceDuane HulsteinInvestigatorAudley DeJongPolice OfficerBruce JacobsmaPolice OfficerTrey NiemyerPolice OfficerChad Van RavenswaayPolice OfficerDarren WielengaPolice Officer

STREET DEPARTMENT

Luke HorkeyStreet CrewmanDon SniederStreet Crewman/MechanicRandy Van De GriendStreet Foreman

PARKS AND RECREATION

Mitch Aalbers Director
Brian Goslinga Park Maintenance
Noah Minnick Assistant Director

UTILITIES Mike Anem

Mike Anema Electric Line Maintenance Worker I Ed DeJong Gas Utility Foreman Alan DeJong Electric Department Foreman Ben Junkers Electric Line Maintenance Worker II Todd Klein Water & Wastewater Operator Michael Klootwyk Electric Journeyman Lineman Josh Krammer Water & Wastewater Operator Kirk Maasdam Water & Wastewater Foreman Dave Sassman Water & Wastewater Operator Shane Schwarz Gas Utility Crewman Blake Sneider Electric Line Maintenance Worker II

HOSPITAL

Marty W. Guthmiller Administrator
Dina Baas Chief Financial Officer

LIBRARY

Lisa Johnson Administrator



21 1st Avenue NW P.O. Box 1010 Le Mars, IA 51031 Phone (712) 546-7801 Fax (712) 546-6543 www.williamscpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Orange City, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Orange City, lowa, (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Orange City Area Health System, (a discretely presented component unit), which statements reflect total assets and deferred outflows of \$79,125,526 and total program revenues of \$66,177,688 for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Orange City Area Health System, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Orange City, lowa, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Correction of Error

As described in Note 17 to the financial statements, internal financing relating to TIF capital projects had not been previously recorded. It was also determined that land held for sale and a note receivable had not been recorded in the prior year. These amounts have been corrected on the accompanying financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of City's Contributions to Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System and the Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes on pages 12 through 24 and 70 through 77 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 26, 2022 on our consideration of the City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Orange City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

William + Compny, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa January 26, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2021

This discussion and analysis of the City of Orange City financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal on page 1 and the City's financial statements that follow this report, as well as the separately issued financial statements of Orange City Area Health System and Orange City's Municipal Golf Association, discretely presented component units of the City.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Orange City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2021 by \$55,114,374. Of this amount, \$11,235,547 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased by \$4,532,259 during the year. Of this amount, the governmental activities increased by \$2,214,801 and the net position of our business activities increased by \$2,317,458.
- The City's governmental activities long-term debt decreased \$ 420,000 during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition to the Management Discussion and Analysis, this annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government. An additional part of the basic financial statements are the Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

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REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by the private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is very similar to the method of accounting used by the private-sector companies. These two statements report the City's net position, which is the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Additional factors, such as changes in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure, are also important in making this determination.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we have divided the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, such as Police, Fire, Public Works, and Parks departments, and general administration. Property Taxes finances most of these activities.
- Business Type Activities The City charges fees to customers to cover the cost
 of these services. Included here are the City Electric, Water, Sewer, and Natural
 Gas funds.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds- not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law or by bond requirements. The City Council also established funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as construction projects) and to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Sales Tax Revenues). The City has the following types of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which focus on how money moves into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end are available for spending. These funds are reported using the "modified accrual basis" of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The Governmental Fund Statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and basic services it provides. Governmental Fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance City programs. We describe the relationship between Governmental Activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and Governmental Funds in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.
- Proprietary Funds When the City charges customers for the service it provides, these services are generally reported in Proprietary Funds. Proprietary Funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The major difference between the Proprietary Funds report and the Business Type Activities we report in the government- wide statements is the detail and additional information, such as cash flows, provided in the Proprietary Funds report.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

As stated earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The largest part of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from the other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following comparative chart shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	General G	ove	nmental				
	Activities			Business-T	Business-Type Activities		
	2021 2020		2021	•	2020		
		(N	ot Restated)		(N	ot Restated)	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 11,392,190	\$	9,426,165	\$ 11,965,650	\$	11,444,671	
Capital Assets	26,609,475		26,693,988	36,166,355	*	35,172,940	
Total Assets	38,001,665		36,120,153	48,132,005		46,617,611	
Deferred Outflows	380,110		341,242	162,601		145,590	
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	13,242,415		13,340,822	11,737,232		11,642,441	
Other Liabilities	815,987		1,107,836	966,076		1,776,805	
Total Liabilities	14,058,402		14,448,658	12,703,308		13,419,246	
Deferred Inflows	4,780,454		4,726,946	19,843		89,958	
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,702,790		16,241,529	25,117,685		23,275,413	
Restricted	2,365,267		2,534,566	1,693,085		1,809,786	
Unrestricted	2,474,862		(1,490,304)	8,760,685		8,168,798	
Total Net Position	\$ 19,542,919	\$	17,285,791	\$ 35,571,455	\$	33,253,997	

	To	otals
	2021	2020 (Not Restated)
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ 23,357,840 62,775,830 86,133,670	\$ 20,870,836 61,866,928 82,737,764
Deferred Outflows	542,711	486,832
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	24,979,647 1,782,063 26,761,710	24,983,263 2,884,641 27,867,904
Deferred Inflows	4,800,297	4,816,904
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	39,820,475 4,058,352 11,235,547 \$ 55,114,374	39,516,942 4,344,352 6,678,494 \$ 50,539,788

This summary reflects an increase of 13.06% for the governmental net position and an increase of 6.97% in the business-type net position.

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Total revenue reported in Fiscal 2021 was \$24,822,811. The following table breaks down revenues collected for Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities for Fiscal Year 2021 and 2020:

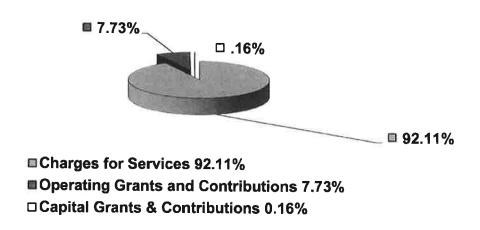
		General Governmental							
	Activities				Business-Ty	/pe	Activities		
Revenue Source		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$	1,131,768	\$	694,846	\$	14,313,665	\$	12,515,608	
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,296,493		1,634,276	·	-	•	,_,_,_,	
Capital Grants and Contributions		25,728		25,498					
Total Program Revenues		2,453,989		2,354,620		14,313,665		12,515,608	
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:									
Property Taxes		4,742,603		4,637,798		120		24	
Local Option Sales Tax		1,115,682		1,051,882		12		8	
Interest		26,238		37,687		53,072		136,330	
Gain on Sales of Assets		70,419		208,491		3.5		,	
Miscellaneous		879,872		151,488		1,167,271		260,223	
Total General Revenues		6,834,814		6,087,346		1,220,343		396,553	
Interfund Transfers		(214,388)		(25,494)		214,388		25,494	
Total General Revenues &									
Interfund Transfers:	_	6,620,426		6,061,852		1,434,731		422,047	
Total Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	\$	9,074,415	\$	8,416,472	\$	15,748,396	\$	12,937,65	

Totals

Revenue Source	2021	2020
Program Revenues: Charges for Services	\$ 15,445,433	\$ 13,210,454
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,296,493	1,634,276
Capital Grants and Contributions Total Program Revenues	25,728 16,767,654	25,498 14,870,228
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	, ,	, ,
Property Taxes	4,742,603	4,637,798
Local Option Sales Tax	1,115,682	1,051,882
Interest	79,310	174,017
Gain on Sales of Assets	70,419	208,491
Miscellaneous	2,047,143	411,711
Total General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	8,055,157	6,483,899
Total Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	\$ 24,822,811	\$ 21,354,127

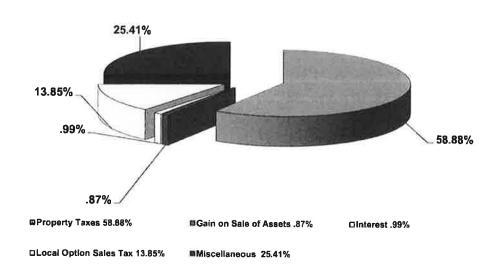
Program revenues totaled \$16,767,654 for fiscal year 2021. Governmental Activities provided \$2,453,989 and Business-Type Activities provided \$14,313,665. Revenue collected for Charges for Services during fiscal year 2021 was \$15,445,433, accounting for 92.11% of the total program revenues. The following chart breaks down program revenues by source:

Program Revenues



General Revenues and Interfund Transfers for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$ 8,055,157. Governmental Activities provided \$6,620,426 and Business-Type Activities provided \$1,434,731. Property Tax Revenues for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$4,742,603, accounting for 58.88% of General Revenues. The following chart breaks down General Revenues by source:

General Revenues



Expenses for Fiscal 2021 totaled \$20,290,552. Expenses for Governmental Activities totaled \$6,859,614, accounting for 33.81% of total expenses. Business-Type Activity expenses totaled \$13,430,938, for 66.19% of the total.

The following table shows total expenses by Function/Program for FY 2021 and FY 2020:

		General Go	vernmental				
	Activities				siness-Ty	pe A	Activities
		2021	2020		021		2020
Public Safety	\$	1,186,527	\$ 1,158,235	\$	-	\$	72
Public Works		1,781,024	1,736,174	*	- 4	•	
Culture and Recreation		2,134,424	1,885,121		-		
Community & Economic Development		471,166	447,647		-		
General Government		1,026,101	902,555		-		
Debt Service		260,372	447,191		-		
Sewer System		· ·	241	1.	339,534		1,290,271
Water System		14	-		273,778		1,123,054
Electric System		-			759,588		7,529,566
Natural Gas System	_	-			058,038		1,623,746
Total Expenses	\$	6,859,614	\$ 6,576,923	\$ 13,	430,938	\$	11,566,637

	Tot	als	
	2021		2020
Public Safety	\$ 1,186,527	\$	1,158,235
Public Works	1,781,024	•	1,736,174
Culture and Recreation	2,134,424		1,885,121
Community & Economic Development	471,166		447,647
General Government	1,026,101		902,555
Debt Service	260,372		447,191
Sewer System	1,339,534		1,290,271
Water System	1,273,778		1,123,054
Electric System	7,759,588		7,529,566
Natural Gas System	 3,058,038		1,623,746
Total Expenses	\$ 20,290,552	\$	18,143,560

The following table shows the activities included within each program level:

Program Level

Activity

Public Safety

Public Works

Culture and Recreation

Community and Economic Development

General Government

Debt Service

Capital Projects

Sewer System

Water System

Electric System

Natural Gas System

Individual & Community Protection, Physical

Health

Roadway Construction, Airport Operations, Street

Lighting, Transportation Services

Education & Culture, Leisure Time Opportunities

Economic Development, Community Beautification, Planning and Zoning Administration, Support Services

Payment of Interest

Construction of Capital Facilities

Operation of the Waste Water Treatment Plant/Supply Distribution System

Operation of Water Treatment Plant/Supply

Distribution System

Operation of Electric Plant/Supply Distribution

Svstem

Operation of Natural Gas Plant/Supply Distribution

System

Governmental of Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance. Please note that the expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense) Revenue calculation. This format highlights the respective financial burden that each of the functions place on the taxpayers. For example, for Public Safety, the City spent \$ 1,186,527 and received \$ 249,098 in revenue, thus leaving a cost to the taxpayer of \$ 937,429 to be funded by various methods. The format also identifies how much each function draws from general revenues or is self-financing through fees or grants. Some of the individual line item revenues reported for each function are:

Public Safety
Public Works
Culture and Recreation
General Government
Capital Projects

Fines, Fees
Road Use Tax, Rent, Special Assessments
Fees, State Aid
Licenses, Permits
Donations, State Grants, Federal Grants

The total cost of governmental activities this year was \$6,859,614. Of these costs, \$1,131,768 was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs. Costs paid by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions was \$1,322,221, leaving a Net Expense of \$4,405,625 for Governmental Activities. These expenses of were covered with tax revenues, interest and other general revenues. The Statement of Activities in the financial statements provides further detail. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Governmental Activity is shown in the following table:

Functions/Programs	Net (Ex Reve	•	e)
T directorion regrams	2021	nue	2020
Governmental Activities:			
Public Safety	\$ (937,429)	\$	(814,537)
Public Works	(329,454)		(593,413)
Culture and Recreation	(1,708,284)		(1,490,013)
Community and Economic Development	(306,631)		(131,943)
General Government	(904,001)		(791,569)
Debt Service	(219,826)		(400,828)
Total Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental Activities	(4,405,625)		(4,222,303)
General Revenues	6,834,814		6,087,346
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,429,189		1,865,043
Interfund Transfers	 (214,388)		(25,494)
Change in Net Position	\$ 2,214,801	\$	1,839,549

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$26,402,533 consisting of Net Position at July 1, 2020 of \$17,328,118, Program Revenues of \$2,453,989 and General Revenues and Transfers of \$6,620,426. Total Governmental Activities during the year expended \$6,859,614; thus, Net Position increased by \$2,214,801 to \$19,542,919.

Business Type Activities

Business Type Activities increased the City's net position by \$2,317,458.

The cost of all Proprietary Activities this year was \$13,430,938. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount paid by users of the systems was \$14,313,665 resulting in total Net Revenue for Business Type Activities of \$882,727. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Business Type Activity is shown in the following table:

Business-Type Activities		Net (E)	•)
Dusiness-Type Activities		2021	pense	2020
		2021		2020
Electric System	\$	568,117	\$	847,175
Water System	•	(46,302)	,	(132,622)
Sewer System		127,900		56,844
Natural Gas System		233,012		177,574
Total Net (Expense) Revenue Business-Type Activities		882,727		948,971
General Revenues		1,220,343		396,553
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,103,070		1,345,524
Interfund Transfers		214,388		25,494
Change in Net Position	\$	2,317,458	\$	1,371,018

Total resources available during the year to finance Proprietary Fund activities were \$49,002,393 consisting of Net Position at July 1, 2020 of \$33,253,997, Program Revenues of \$14,313,665 and General Revenues and Transfers of \$1,434,731. Total Proprietary Fund Activities during the year expended \$13,430,938; thus Net Position was increased by \$2,317,458 to \$35,571,455.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. Unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year. The City's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,643,638. The combined Governmental Funds balance increased \$1,182,181 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures in the General fund by \$542,557. The major reason for the increase in fund balance is due to some fixed assets being sold that were not budgeted in fiscal year 2021.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for collection of general property taxes for the repayment of general obligation debt. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$144,903. This was a planned event during the fiscal year 2021 budget session.

The TIF Special Revenue Fund (Tax Incremental Financing) is used to account for property taxes received to be expended for various public improvement projects. The TIF Fund balance increased by \$1,058,182.

The TIF Capital Projects Fund is used to expend for improvement projects. The Fund balance decreased by \$645,925. This was due to construction of a new housing subdivision, which includes street, water and sewer.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Comparing the fiscal year 2021 original (adopted) city wide amount of \$77,942,651 to the final budget amount of \$93,940,651 shows a net increase of \$15,998,000.

The following table shows the government wide budget variances by program structure:

Expenses		Amended Budget A			Actual Va		
Public Safety	\$	1,078,786	\$	1,032,741	\$	46,045	
Public Works	Ψ	1,201,395	Ψ	1,032,741	Φ	(4,222)	
Culture and Recreation		1,945,789		1,993,409		(47,620)	
Community and		.,,		1,000,100		(17,020)	
Economic Development		105,922		468,030		(362,108)	
General Government		1,312,947		872,983		439,964	
Capital Projects		3,875,000		2,470,529		1,404,471	
Debt Service		6,178,556		5,416,623		761,933	
Business-Type Activities		78,242,256		73,598,375		4,643,881	
Total Expenses	\$	93,940,651	\$	87,058,307	\$	6,882,344	

During the year there was a \$15,998,000 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. Following are the main components of the increase:

- \$40,000 supplemental appropriation to the police and fire department for such costs as unexpected vehicle and aerial ladder repairs.
- \$35,000 supplemental appropriation to roadway maintenance, for such costs as alley improvements and storm sewer improvements.
- \$231,000 supplemental appropriation to our parks department for such costs as improvements to the trail around the golf course and equipment cost for a new toolcat.
- \$267,000 supplemental appropriation to our general government for such costs as for purchase of land for future development, improvements to city hall, and additional supplies for our event center.
- \$15,425,000 supplemental appropriation to our municipal hospital for under budgeting their operations for the year as well as refinancing revenue bonds in our Electric and Gas Utility.

A part of the increase was possible because of additional revenues. Those revenues included additional hospital revenues such as the CARES monies, and sale of the fitness center, some monies from an estate. The rest of the appropriations were paid with the fund balance from the general fund.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment, streets, and other infrastructure represents the value of the resources utilized to provide services to our citizens. The investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2021, was \$39,820,475 (net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding financings). The gross additions to capital assets for Fiscal 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		General Go	ver	nmental					
	Activities				Business-Type			e Activities	
		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Land	\$		\$	107.500	\$	1,138,217	\$	338,849	
Infrastructure		745,276		1,101,430	•	-	•	0.00	
Buildings				3#3				25,948	
Improvements-Other than Buildings		1,045,753		1,086,095		-		20,0 10	
Equipment		228,508		550,875		309,761		304.654	
Utility Plant		3				2,134,849		1,093,227	
Construction in Progress	-	1,104,061		2,006,303		609,066		430,086	
Total Gross Additions	\$	3,123,598	\$	4,852,203	\$	4,191,893	\$	2,192,764	

		Tot	als	
		2021		2020
Land	\$	1,138,217	\$	446,349
Infrastructure		745,276		1,101,430
Buildings		148		25,948
Improvements-Other Buildings		1,045,753		1,086,095
Equipment		538,269		855,529
Utility Plant		2,134,849		1,093,227
Construction in Progress	,	1,713,127		2,436,389
Total Expenditures	\$	7,315,491	\$	7,044,967

Construction In Progress at June 30, 2021 for governmental activities consisted of costs associated with the MOC-FV school project and streetlight project at Lincoln & Hwy 10.

For Business-Type Activities, the Utility Plant addition consisted of costs associated with the water & sewer distribution system improvements.

See Note 5 to the financial statements for more information on the City's capital assets.

		ES .	

Debt Administration

At year-end the City had \$21,825,000 of debt outstanding. Of this amount, \$11,145,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of \$10,680,000 is debt represented by bonds secured solely by the specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Debt administration is on track, with over 78% of all City debt repaid within the next 10 years. This rapid repayment, when combined with the use of TIF has allowed the City to maintain our good rating. This reflects well on our community.

The City continues to operate well under State debt capacity limitations. The State limits the amount of General Obligation Debt Outstanding to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property in the community. Thus, our debt capacity is \$21,790,474. With outstanding General Obligation Debt applicable to this limit of \$11,145,000, we are utilizing 51,15% of this limit. More detailed information on debt administration is provided in Note 7 of the financial statements.

Economic Factors

The City of Orange City worked hard in FY 2021 to maintain a positive approach to growth and development. Continued progressive growth in the Orange City community had a positive effect on the City's unemployment and tax base. The growth in Local Option Sales Tax demonstrates that the Orange City's economy continues to grow

The City still has street improvements high on their priority list. We did have another street project for this fiscal year. It is made up of approximately half mile of new street. The new street is located on Jay Avenue SE. This street leads to a new elementary school building located on the east of town. The total cost of the project which includes street, water, sewer and storm sewer is around \$3,200,000. This project will have around twenty-five lots available for sale of spring of 2022.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the finance department at the City of Orange City, 125 Central Avenue SE, Orange City, IA 51041.

		overnment			nent Unit
	Governmental	Business-Type	27.6	Orange City	Orange City Muni
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Area Health System	Golf Association
Cash and Cash Equivalents	S 4,713,199	5 5,248,753	\$ 9,961,952	\$ 25,509,896	6 14.07
nvestments	46,919	455.000	501,919		\$ 14,97
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for	40,419	400,000	501,819	6,408,884	
uncollectibles)					
Accounts	50,109	4 400 400			
Taxes		1,122,190	1,172,299	5,244,295	
	10,862		10,862	0.7	
Subsequent Year Taxes	4,736,360		4,736,380	1.77	5
Accrued Interest		22,330	22,330	23,130	
Estimated Unbilled Usage	51	447,544	447,544	i .	
Special Assessments	73,940		73,940	100	
Notes Receivable	1,267,706	180,000	1,447,708		
Notes Receivable - Component Unit	+:	214,370	214,370	F\$1	
Interfund Balances	(979,264)	979,264	**		41
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	215,205	i i	215.205		P
nventones	10,588	1,177,752	1,188,340	616,361	21,67
and Held for Resale	1,084,808	281,222	1,366,030	010,001	E1,07
Prepaid Assets	161,738	99,836	261_574	129,196	
Other	101,700	35,030	201.314		
Restricted Assets, Cash and Investments				2,249,753	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	V.	389	389	3,233	
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Cash		505	309	0,233	
& Cash Egivalents		202.000	200 000		
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Investments	- 2	302,000	302,000	(9)	
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Investments Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Cash		270,000	270,000		5.5
		070 5			
& Cash Equivalents	10	870,000	670,000	1.00	
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Investments		295,000	295,000		
and	1,223,956	5,758,079	6,982,035	1 897 439	
onstruction in Progress	1,412,996		1,412_996	2,591,697	
frastructure. Property and Equipment, Net					
of Accumulated Depreciation	23,972,523	30,408,276	54,380,799	28,785,761	1,707.47
Total Assets	38,001,665	48,132,005	88,133,670	73.459.845	1,744,12
			101100100	170,000,000	7,777,75
EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	6.133	3,618	0.754	0.4 0.07	
Pension Related Deferred Outflows			9,751	94.807	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	373,977	158,983	532,960	5,570,874	
Total Deletied Outhows of Resources	380,110	162,601	542,711	5,685,681	
IABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	727,422	834,738	1,562,160	1,566,147	
Accrued Wages	33,833	13,985	47,818	3,773,124	20
Accrued Expenses		30,646	30,646	450,563	4,99
Customer Deposits	20	42,403	42,403		
Lease Deposit	2			142,297	2
Unearned Revenue	24,000		24,000	266 358	4,30
Accrued Interest	30,732				4,30
Payables from Restricted Assets	50,752		30,732	146,691	
Accrued Interest		44.004			
		44,304	44,304	755,000	
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Due within one year					
Revenue Bonds		830,000	830,000	1,642,869	
General Obligation Bonds	1,340,000	2.	1,340,000	4.1	
Notes Payable	0	× .		195 564	
Notes Payable - Primary Government				150,00 4	35,04
Compensated Absences and Benefits	45,415	34,037	79,452	131	33,04
Due in more than one year	, , , ,	5.,551	10,102		-
Revenue Bonds Payable	100	10,218,670	10 219 670	19 590 750	
General Obligation Bonds	10,417,503	10,210,070	10,218,670	13,529.758	
Notes Payable	10,417,503	- 5	10,417,503		,
				700,732	
Notes Payable - Primary Government	360				147,28
Net Pension Liability	1,300,648	561,742	1,862,390	20,055,057	
Other Post Employment Benefits	70,726	41,727	112,453	370,921	
Compensated Absences and Benefits	68,123	51,058	119,179		
Total Liabilities	14,058,402	12,703,308	26,761,710	43,595,071	191,62
					>3-07-0
EFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes	4,736,380	91	4,736,380	(A)	
Home Health Deferred Inflows	4,700,800		4,730,360	24,635	
Other Post Employment Benefits Related Deferred Inflows	5,115	3,017	8,132		
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	38,959	16,626		86,085 478 471	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	4,780,454	19,843	55,785		
Deletted littlett of Mesofilles	9,780,454	10,043	4,800,297	589,191	-
MOLISON					
ET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,702,790	25,117,885	39,820,475	18,102,480	1,707,47
Restricted for					
Debt Service	293,791	1,693,085	1,986,976	247	W
Permanent Funds - nonexpendable	118,363	¥.	118,363	100	
Specific Revenues	1,953,113	V	1,953,113		- 3
Donor Restrictions	1,000,110		1,000,110	86,826	
Unrestricted	2,474,862	8,760,685	11,235,547		222.00
			5 55,114,374	16,751,958	(154,96
Total Net Position	\$ 19,542,919	\$ 35,571,455		\$ 34,941,284	\$ 1,552.5

					Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital rants and stributions	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
Public Safety	\$	1,186,527	\$	18,148	\$	206,222	\$	24,728	
Public Works	-	1,781,024	•	560,023	•	891,547	•	24,720	
Culture and Recreation		2,134,424		370,354		54.786		1,000	
Community and Economic Development		471,166		122,056		42.479		1,000	
General Government		1,026,101		61,187		60,913		-	
Debt Service		260,372				40.546		S=3	
Total governmental activities	_	6,859,614		1,131,768	1	1,296,493		25,728	
Business-Type Activities:									
Electric Utility		7,759,588		8,327,705					
Water Utility		1,273,778		1,227,476					
Sewer Utility		1,339,534		1,467,434		=		50	
Gas Utility		3,058,038		3,291,050		2			
Total Business-Type Activities:		13,430,938		14,313,665					
Total Primary Government	\$	20,290,552	\$	15,445,433	\$	1,296,493	\$	25,728	
Component Unit:									
Orange City Area Health System	\$	60,167,437	S	30,162,190	S	5,782,930	\$	232,568	
Orange City Municipal Golf Association	S	713,137	S	412,799	<u></u> S	173,726	\$		
- 3,	_	7.10,107		412,133		173,720	•	10,214	

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Local Option Sales Tax

Interest

Gain on Sale of Assets

Miscellaneous

Interfund Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position Net Position - beginning

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Position - beginning, as restated

Net Position - ending

			-		Expense) Reve				
			aı	ia Ch	anges in Net Po	osition	Compor	ent Unit	
G	overnmental Activities	Section (1) Committee and Comm		Total		Orange City Area Health System		Or	ange City oal Golf Ass'n
\$	(937,429) (329,454) (1,708,284) (306,631) (904,001) (219,826) (4,405,625)			\$	(937,429) (329,454) (1,708,284) (306,631) (904,001) (219,826) (4,405,625)				
		\$	568,117 (46,302) 127,900 233,012 882,727		568,117 (46,302) 127,900 233,012 882,727				
	(4,405,625)		882,727	_	(3,522,898)				
						\$	6,010,251	\$	(116,398
	4,742,603				4,742,603		2		
	1,115,682				1,115,682				
	26,238		53,072		79,310		420,841		-
	70,419		22		70,419		9,800		1.0
	879,872		1,167,271		2,047,143		*		(¥)
	(214,388)		214,388						3.5%
	6,620,426	_	1,434,731		8,055,157		430,641		(e)
	2,214,801		2,317,458		4,532,259		6,440,892		(116,398
	17,285,791		33,253,997		50,539,788		28,500,372		1,668,910
	42,327		8		42,327		*		
	17,328,118		33,253,997		50,582,115		28,500,372		1,668,910

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds JUNE 30, 2021

		General		TIF Special Revenue
Assets			-	
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$	2,339,172	\$	3
Investments		46,919		
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance				
for uncollectibles)				
Accounts		50,109		
Taxes		6,937		₩.
Subsequent Year Taxes		1,941,492		1,220,000
Special Assessments		73,940		8
Notes Receivable		67,000		2
Due from Other Funds				
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		121,286		
Inventories		121,200		
Land Held for Resale		- 5		
Total Assets		4,646,855		1,220,000
. 5.3.7. 100010	_	4,040,033	-	1,220,000
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		235,718		*
Accrued Wages		33,833		\$
Due to Other Funds				4,758,268
Land Deposits				-
Total Liabilities		269,551		4,758,268
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments		65,179		_
Unavailable Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes		1,941,492		1,220,000
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		2.006,671	***	1,220,000
Total Deletion willow of Medical Co.		2,000,011	-	1,220,000
Fund Balances Nonspendable:				
Inventories				
		*		100
Permanent Fund Principal		-		
Restricted for:				
Debt Service		*		#5
Economic Development		-		
Road Use Tax				*9
Assigned for:				
Capital Project				*-
Unassigned		2,370,633		(4.758, 268)
Total Fund Balances		2,370,633		(4,758,268)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and		- Human America		
Fund Balances	\$	4,646,855	\$	1,220,000

	TIF Capital Projects		Debt Service	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$	538,591	\$	320,598	\$	1,514,838	\$	4,713,199
			(2)				46,919
					2		50,109
	12		3,925		9		10,862
	558		1,574,888		8		4,736,380
	36		340		2		73,940
	748,575		350		452,131		1,267,706
	4,758,268		260		×		4,758,268
	(2)				93,919		215,205
	5.53		(8)		10,588		10,588
	1,084,808						1,084,808
_	7,130,242		1,899,411	=	2,071,476		16,967,984
	116,578				375,126		727,422
	147		9.1		0,0,120		33,833
	542,796		24		436,468		5,737,532
	24,000		24		100,100		24,000
-	683,374				811,594		6,522,787
							65,179
	180		1,574,888		-		4,736,380
_			1,574,888				4,801,559
	34		9		10,588		10,588
			3		118,363		118,363
	9		324,523		2		324,523
			5.5		829,627		829,627
	:-		*		1,112,898		1,112,898
(6,446,868				*		6,446,868
			22		(811,594)		(3,199,229)
- (6,446,868		324,523		1,259,882		5,643,638
	ARREST SETTE			-			
\$	7,130,242	\$	1,899,411	\$	2,071,476	\$	16,967,984

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (page 29)		\$ 5,643,638
Infrastructure, property, and equipment used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		26,609,475
Deferred revenues that provide current financial resources for governmental activities		65,179
Accrued expenses from the balance sheet that require current financial resources for governmental activities		(30,732)
Accrued compensated absences, net pension liability, and other post employment benefits not reported on the modified accrual basis		(1,484,912)
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows: Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 6,133 (5,115)	1,018
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows: Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources	373,977 (38,959)	335,018
Prepaid expenses are reported in the governmental activities but are not reported in the funds as they do not provide current economic resources		161,738
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		(11,757,503)_
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (page 25)		\$ 19,542,919

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		General		Special		F Capital Projects
Revenue:		Octional		CVEIIGE		Fiojects
Taxes	\$	1,934,910	\$	2	\$	
Special Assessments	•	11,039			•	
Licenses and Permits		2,799				120
Intergovernmental		300,705		60.913		
Charges for Services		876,256		00,515		0.53 0.53
Fines and Forfeits		19,409				
TIF Revenue		138,085		1,201,003		
Local Option Sales Tax		1,115,682		1,201,003		-
Interest on Investments		16,882		1,532		-
Miscellaneous		310,509		1,532		00.057
Total Revenue	-	4,726,276	-	1 202 110		33,657
Total Nevertue		4,720,270	-	1,263,448		33,657
Expenditures:						
Public Safety		1,032,741		\$		(4)
Public Works		1,205,617				
Culture and Recreation		1,993,409		-		
Community and Economic Development		452,430				
General Government		872,983				
Capital Projects		072,000		2		652,060
Debt Service:				51		032,000
Principal Retirement		1.0				
Interest/Bond Costs		-		2		27/
Total Expenditures		5,557,180				652,060
	-	3,537,100			-	052,060
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(830,904)		1,263,448		(618,403)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refunding Bonds Issued						
Bond Premium		300		E1		120
Issuance of Debt		5				
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets		278,783				:50
Transfers In		1,094,678				
Transfers Out		1,034,070		(205.266)		(07.500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	1,373,461		(205,266)		(27,522)
				/montagy		(21,022)
Net Change in Fund Balance		542,557		1,058,182		(645,925)
Fund balances - beginning of year		1,828,076		476,614		-
Prior Period Adjustment			1	6,293,064)		7,092,793
Fund balances - beginning of year, as restated		1,828,076		5,816,450)	-	7,092,793
Decrease in Reserve for Inventory		.,	,	(5) (5) (5)		1,002,730
Fund balances - end of year	-\$	2.370,633	\$ (A 750 260)	•	6 440 000
. and balaness - and or year	Φ.	2.370,033	D	4,758,268)	\$	6,446,868

Debt Service		Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	1,468,605	\$	£	\$	3,403,515		
			155,865		166,904		
	*		-		2,799		
	40,546		891,547		1,293,711		
	360		¥5		876,256		
	1		- 8		19,409		
			*:		1,339,088		
	1.5		•		1,115,682		
	220		7,604		26,238		
			593,043		937,209		
-	1,509,371		1,648,059	-	9,180,811		
	200		16		1,032,741		
			18:		1,205,617		
	3.00		9:		1,993,409		
			15,600		468,030		
			· <u>-</u>		872,983		
	•		1,818,469		2,470,529		
	4,965,000				4,965,000		
	428,824		22,799		451,623		
	5,393,824		1,856,868	_	13,459,932		
	(3,884,453)		(208,809)	7	(4,279,121)		
	3,560,000				3,560,000		
	184,104		58,737		242,841		
			985,000		985,000		
)*				278,783		
	285,252		50,955		1,430,885		
			(803,419)		(1,036,207)		
	4,029,356		291,273	_	5,461,302		
	144,903		82,464		1,182,181		
	179,620		1,181,470		3,665,780		
	<u> </u>		- 21		799,729		
	179,620		1,181,470		4,465,509		
	7		(4,052)		(4,052)		
\$	324,523	\$	1,259,882	\$	5,643,638		

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 32)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,182,181	
Increase in Reserve for Inventory	(4,052)	\$ 1,178,129
Governmental funds report capital outlays, including infrastructure, as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported		
as depreciation expense, Capital outlay exceeded depreication expense in the current year as follows:		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 2,089,971	
Depreciation expense	(1.208,718)	881,253
Governmental funds do not report the loss on the disposal of assets with remaining book values whereas		
the statement of activities reports the loss on the disposal. This is the effect on the change in net position on the statement of activities.		
on the statement of activities.		(208,364)
Revenues reported in the funds that are not available to provide current financial resources		37,573
Prepaid insurance is not reported in the governmental funds as it is not available to provide current		
financial resources		23,822
Accrued interest expense that does not require current financial resources		(123)
Amortization of premium on long term debt		191,374
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, as follows:		
Compensated absences Other post employment benefits	(1,135)	
Pension expense	(3,193)	(66,022)
		(00,022)
The issuance of indebtedness provides current financial resources to the governmental funds without affecting net position. The statement of activities does not reflect the proceeds from the issuance of long-		
term debt. The proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt for the year was:		(4,787,841)
		(-11
The repayment of the principal of bonded long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of		
governmental funds without affecting the net position. The statement of activities does not reflect the		
payment of principal on bonded long-term debt. The principal paid on bonded long-term debt during the current year was:		4 965 000
		4,965,000
nge in net position of governmental activities (page 27)		\$ 2,214,801

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Proprietary Funds JUNE 30, 2021

JUNE 30, 2021									
		Business Type Activities							
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Sewer			
ASSETS		Othity		Othity		Utility			
Current Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,809,833	\$	318,325	\$	1,153,031			
Investments		455,000			•				
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for									
uncollectibles)									
Accounts		761,743		147,056		137,718			
Accrued Interest		22,330				91			
Estimated Unbilled Usage		322,534		53,145		47,384			
Notes Receivable		35		-		180,000			
Due from Other Funds		979,264		90		-			
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		214,370				27			
Inventories		1,001,510		104,649		20			
Land Held for Resale		281,222		14		2			
Prepaid Assets		39,884		27,471		23,752			
Total Current Assets		6,887,690		650,646		1,541,885			
Non Current Assets									
Restricted Assets:									
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service - Cash		389		-					
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Cash									
& Cash Egivalents				227,000		75,000			
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Investments		270,000		227,000		, 0,000			
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Cash		270,000							
& Cash Eqivalents				125,000		745,000			
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Investments		275,000		120,000		20,000			
and		3,484,880		1,778,352		469,847			
nfrastructure, Property and Equipment, Net		3,404,660		1,770,332		409,047			
of Accumulated Depreciation		10,052,560		5,971,712		12 200 000			
Total Noncurrent Assets		14,082,829	_	8,102,064	_	13,269,850			
Total Assets		20,970,519	_		-	14,579,697			
Total ridges		20,970,519	-	8,752,710	_	16,121,582			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows		1,946		1,114					
Pension Related Deferred Outflows		74,211		55,778					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		76,157			_				
Total Deferred Outlions of Resources	_	70,157	_	56,892	_	-			
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts Payable		712,224		31,247		15,767			
Accrued Wages		5,990		3,075		2,867			
Accrued Expenses		19,342		6,108		2,662			
Customer Deposits		28,983		(*		2,002			
Accrued Revenue Bond Interest		5,942		15,690		22,672			
Revenue Bonds		230,000		230,000		370,000			
Compensated Absences		14,147		9,452		5,247			
Total Current Liabilities		1,016,628	_	295,572	_	419,215			
Voncurrent Liabilities:		1,010,020	_	290,012	_	415,215			
Due in more than one year:									
Revenue Bonds Payable		1 627 000		1.015.000		7 570 500			
·		1,627,090		1,015,000		7,576,580			
Net Pension Liability		280,377		183,339		*			
Other Post Employment Benefits		22,445		12,851		-			
Compensated Absences and Benefits, Long-Term		21,221		14,179		7,870			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,951,133		1,225,369	_	7,584,450			
Total Liabilities		2,967,761	_	1,520,941		8,003,665			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
PEB Related Deferred Inflows		4 000		000					
PEB Related Deferred Inflows Pension Related Deferred Inflows		1,623		929		8			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	8,398		5,492	-				
10th Deterred minows of Resources		10,021		6,421		· .			
ET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		11,680,350		6,505,064		5,793,117			
Restricted for:		11,000,000		0,000,007		0,700,117			
		530 447		336,310		817,328			
Debt Service						017.328			
Debt Service Unrestricted		539,447 5 849 097							
Debt Service Unrestricted Total Net Position	-\$	5,849,097 18,068,894	\$	440,868 7,282,240	\$	1,507,472 8,117,917			

_	Business Type Activities						
_	Gas Utility		Total				
\$	967,564	\$	5,248,753 455,000				
	75,673		1,122,190 22,330				
	24,481		447,544				
	4		180,000 979,264				
	4		214,370				
	71,593		1,177,752 281,222				
	8,729		99,836				
-	1,148,040		10,228,261				
	2		389				
	3		302,000 270,000				
			870.000				
	*		870,000 295,000				
	25,000		5,758,079				
	1,114,154		30,408,276				
-	1,139,154 2,287,194		37,903,744 18,132,005				
			101100100				
	558		3,618				
_	28,994 29,552	_	158,983				
	75,500		834,738				
	2,053 2,534		13,985				
	13,420		30,646 42,403				
			44,304				
	5,191		830,000 34,037				
_	98,698	_	1,830,113				
	ě	1	0,218,670				
	98,028		561,742				
	6,431		41.727				
	7,786 112,243	1	51,056 0,873,195				
_	210,941		2,703,308				
	465		3,017				
	2,936 3,401		16,826 19,843				
	U ₁ 40 I		18,043				
	1,139,154	2	5,117,685				
	062.250		1,693,085				
\$	963,250 2,102,404	\$ 3	8,760,685 5,571,455				

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Business Type Activitie	S		
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Sewer Utility		
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 8,327,705	\$ 1,227,476	\$ 1,467,434		
Total Operating Revenue	8,327,705	1,227,476	1,467,434		
Operating Expenses:					
Production	4,501,231	246,516	253,543		
Transmission	826,709	7.795	200,010		
Distribution / Collection	558,172	261,507	267.826		
Administrative and General	517,466	314,580	178,668		
Depreciation	708,421	392,313	366,484		
Total Operating Expenses	7,111,999	1,222,711	1,066,521		
Operating Income (Loss)	1,215,706	4,765	400,913		
Non-Operating Income (Expense):					
Interest Income	38,346	2,199	12,527		
Other Non-operating Revenues	889,758	48,428	225,612		
Interest Expense	(126,357)	(38,067)	(263,013)		
Other Non-operating Expenses	(521,232)	(13,000)	(10.000		
Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses)	280,515	(440)	(34,874)		
Income before Transfers	1,496,221	4,325	366,039		
Capital Contribution	(*)	279,586	329,480		
Transfers Out	(298,678)	(23,000)	(23,000)		
Change in Net Position	1,197,543	260,911	672,519		
Net Position - beginning	16,871,351	7,021,329	7,445,398		
Net Position - ending	\$ 18,068,894	\$ 7,282,240	\$ 8,117,917		

Business T	ype Acti	vities
Gas	-	
 Utility		Total
\$ 3,291,050	\$	14,313,665
 3,291,050	-	14,313,665
		5 004 000
2 662 462		5,001,290
2,663,463 203,278		3,497,967
127,779		1,290,783
63,518		1,138,493
 3,058,038		1,530,736
0,000,000		12,439,209
233,012		1,854,396
		53,072
3,473		1,167,271
194		(427,437)
•		(544,232)
3,473	8	248,674
236,485		2,103,070
86		609,066
(50,000)		(394,678)
186,485		2,317,458
1,915,919		33,253,997
\$ 2,102,404	\$	35,571,455

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services Other Nonoperating Income Other Nonoperating Expenses Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	Electric Utility	 Water Utility		Sewer
Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services Other Nonoperating Income Other Nonoperating Expenses	\$			Sewer Utility	
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services Other Nonoperating Income Other Nonoperating Expenses	\$				
Cash Paid to Employees for Services Other Nonoperating Income Other Nonoperating Expenses		8,242,108	\$ 1,178,269	\$	1,453,866
Other Nonoperating Income Other Nonoperating Expenses		(5,730,704)	(395,891)	•	(459,538
Other Nonoperating Expenses		(599,853)	(389,425)		(310,756
		889,758	48,429		225,613
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(521,232)	(13,000)		(10,000
		2,280,077	428,382		899,185
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(4.050.000)			
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt		(1,650,303)	(483,524)		(63,496
Principal Paid on Notes and Bonds		1,763,713	*		-
Interest Paid on Notes and Bonds		(2,007,000)	(225,000)		(360,000
Net Cash (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(130,762)	 (40,129)		(282,860
Net Cash (Osed) for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(2,024,352)	 (748,653)	_	(706,356
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Transfers To Other Funds		(298,678)	(23,000)		(23,000
Due From (To) Other Funds		(902,620)	(20,000)		(20,000
Net Cash (Used) for Non-Capital Financing Activities		(1,201,298)	(23,000)	-	(23,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from Sale of Investment Securities					
Purchase of Investment Securities		3,550,000	375,000		1,395,000
Due from Other Governments		(1,000,000)	75		(200,000
Interest and Dividends on Investments		2,224	*2		39
		72,649	 5,077		30,459
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	2,624,873	 380,077		1,225,459
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,679,300	36,806		1,395,288
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,130,922	633,519		577,743
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	2,810,222	\$ 670,325	\$	1,973,031
Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:					
Contributed Capital	\$		\$ 279,586	\$	329,480

 Business Ty	pe Act	ivities
Gas		
Utility		Total
\$ 3,263,225	\$	14,137,468
(2,744,672)		(9,330,805
(239,929)		(1,539,963
3,473		1,167,273
 •		(544,232
282,097	-	3,889,741
(75,629)		(2,272,952
ie.		1,763,713
		(2,592,000
		(453,751
 (75,629)	_	(3,554,990
(50,000)		(394,678
		(902,620
(50,000)		(1,297,298
500,000		5,820,000
8		(1,200,000
		2,224
 14,221		122,406
 514,221		4,744,630
670,689		3,782,083
 296,875		2,639,059
\$ 967,564	\$	6,421,142
\$ 2	\$	609,066

continued

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business Type Activities					
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Sewer Utility
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net						
Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
Operating Income	\$	1,215,706	\$	4,765	\$	400,913
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by						
Operating Activities:						
Depreciation		708,421		392,313		366,484
Other Non-Operating Income		889,758		48,429		225,613
Other Non-Operating Expenses		(521,232)		(13,000)		(10,000)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows		, ,, ,, ,		(()		(10,000)
Accounts Receivable		(78,436)		(40,568)		(11,775)
Estimated Unbilled Usage		(15,596)		(8,639)		(1,793)
Inventories		(8,586)		41,925		1/2 - 1
Prepaid Expenses		(7,061)		(4,607)		(4,115)
Deferred Outflows of Resources		(4,330)		(9,114)		
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows						
Accounts Payable		83,913		5,456		(62,102)
Accrued Wages and Compensated Absences		(9,332)		(9,973)		(4,774)
Accrued Expenses		(9,545)		1,348		734
Customer Deposits		8,435		*		
Net Pension Liability		59,168		41,845		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		(35,078)		(22,453)		-
OPEB Liability		3,872		655		
Total Adjustments	_	1,064,371	_	423,617	-	498,272
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	2,280,077	\$	428,382	\$	899,185
Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,809,833		318,325		1,153,031
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service		389		8		
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Cash						
& Cash Eqivalents		•		227,000		75,000
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Cash						
& Cash Eqivalents		¥	-	125,000		745,000
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,810,222	\$	670,325	\$	1,973,031

Surface T. A. H. IV						
-	Business T	ype Ac	tivities			
	Gas Utility		Total			
\$	233,012	\$	1,854,396			
	63,518 3,473		1,530,736 1,167,273 (544,232)			
	(22,617) (6,428) (466) (1,206) (3,567)		(153,396) (32,456) 32,873 (16,989) (17,011)			
	11,469 (3,790) 482 1,220 19,529 (12,584)		38,736 (27,869) (6,981) 9,655 120,542 (70,115)			
\$	49,085 282,097	\$	4,579 2,035,345 3,889,741			
	967,564		5,248,753 389			
	*		302,000			
\$	967,564	\$	870,000 6,421,142			

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Orange City, Iowa is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Sioux County, and was incorporated in 1884, under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended in 1974 under the Home Rule City Act. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and administers the following programs as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development and general government services. The City also provides electric, water, sewer and gas utilities.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Orange City, Iowa, has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

These financial statements present the City of Orange City, Iowa (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. Complete financial statements of the individual component units, which issued separate financial statements as noted below, can be obtained from their respective administrative office.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> – The government-wide financial statements include The Orange City Area Health System (Hospital) as a component unit. The Hospital is a legally separate entity. Iowa statute provides situations where the City can impose their will on the Hospital and / or the hospital can create a potential financial benefit or burden on the City. The Hospital budget is approved by the City and the Hospital cannot issue its own debt. Complete financials are on file at the Hospital.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – The government-wide financial statements include The Orange City Municipal Golf Association (Association) as a component unit. The Association is a legally separate entity with a December 31 year end. The Association is fiscally dependent upon the City to provide financing for capital purchases and for operations and could present a financial burden to the City. The Association operations are financed through its operation with the City committed to funding all deficits. The City approves all debt of the Association. Complete financials are available at the Association.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Jointly Governed Organizations - The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations for which the City is not financially accountable or that the nature and significance of the relationship with the City are such that exclusion does not cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. City officials are members of the following Boards and Commissions: Sioux County Conference Board, Sioux County Emergency Management Commission, Sioux County Joint E911 Service Board, and Early Childhood Development.

B. Basic Financial Statements-Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's general, special revenue, debt service, capital project and permanent funds are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The City first uses restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The Government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions (public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, etc.) and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenue, operating grants, and capital grants. Program revenue must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has not been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The City does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year activities.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues or receipts, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The City electively added funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The non-major funds are combined into a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Types – The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that the focus of the governmental funds' measurement is upon the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the major governmental funds of the City:

- 1) General Fund The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The sources of revenue include property taxes, charges for services, fines and fees, licenses and permits, as well as state and federal grants. The expenditures of the General Fund relate to general administration, police and fire protection, maintenance of public streets, economic development, and culture and recreation.
- 2) <u>Special Revenue Fund</u> The TIF Special Revenue Fund (Tax Incremental Financing) is used to account for property taxes received to pay for outstanding TIF related debt.
- 3) <u>Capital Project Fund</u> The TIF Capital Project Fund is used to account for expenditures relating to public improvements, construction of public infrastructure as well as economic development opportunities, incentives, sites, land, rebates, and grant agreements.
- 4) <u>Debt Service Fund</u> The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Proprietary Fund Types – The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses consist of cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. The U.S. generally accepted accounting principles used are those applicable to similar businesses in the private sector.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis should be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City maintains several business-type activities. The major enterprise funds are listed as follows:

The Electric Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's electric systems.

The Water Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system.

The Gas Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's gas system.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

<u>Accrual basis of accounting</u> is used for all activities in the government-wide financial statements and for the proprietary and fiduciary activities in the fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 90 - day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, assessments, and intergovernmental revenues. Licenses, fines and permits are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

E. Budgets

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2021, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the Public Works, Culture and Recreation, and Community and Economic Development functions.

F. Cash And Cash Equivalents And Investments

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds not currently needed for operating expenses in notes, certain high rated commercial paper, perfected repurchase agreements, or other evidences of indebtedness which are obligations of or guaranteed by the United States of America or any of its agencies, or in time deposits or savings accounts in depositories approved by the City Council.

1) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Includes demand deposits, cash on hand and cash investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2) Investments

City

The City and its component unit use the following methods in determining the reported amounts.

Method

Market prices

Type

City	
Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit	Amortized Cost
lowa Public Agency Investment Trust	Amortized Cost
Component Unit	
Interest-earning investment contracts	
Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit	Amortized Cost
Open-end mutual funds	
(governmental external investment pool registered	Fair Value determined by
As an investment company)	current share price
Publicly traded mutual funds	Fair Value based on
	quoted market prices
Debt Securities	
Negotiable certificates of deposit and U.S. Government	
Agency Securities	
Maturity of one year or less when purchased	Amortized cost
Maturity to more than one year when purchased	Fair Value based on guoted
,	

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Property Tax Receivable

Property tax in Governmental Funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the City Council to the County Board of Supervisors. Current year delinquent property taxes receivable represents unpaid taxes from the current year. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the City Council to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the City Council is required to certify its budget to the County Auditor by March 15 of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2019 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in March, 2020. Any county collections on the 2020-2021 tax levy remitted to the City within 60 days subsequent to June 30, 2021, are recorded as property tax revenue.

H. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds have not been paid or received as of June 30, 2021, balances of interfund amounts payable or receivable have been recorded as "due to other funds" and "due from other funds", respectively. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as interfund balances.

I. Inventories

Inventories of governmental funds are valued at cost using FIFO while those of enterprise funds are valued using the average cost method. For fund level reporting, the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Reported inventories in the governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventory of the discretely presented component units is valued at cost using FIFO.

J. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2021 are recorded as prepaid items.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Restricted Assets

Revenue bond ordinances require the City to reserve certain cash and investments to provide for payment of bonds and interest, for protection of bondholders, and for extension and improvement of facilities. These balances are separately disclosed in the Enterprise Funds. Other restricted assets include temporary cash investments for the perpetual care fund.

L. Property and Equipment

Assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more are considered capital assets. Property and equipment are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Infrastructure has been capitalized using historical or estimated historical cost of \$25,000 or more beginning in 1980 as required by GASB 34. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated lives:

Buildings & Improvements 25 – 50 Years
Land Improvements 20 – 50 Years
Utility Plant 20 – 33 Years
Machinery & Equipment 3 – 20 Years
Vehicles 5 – 20 Years
Infrastructure 10 – 65 Years

M. Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability for this and any related benefits is recorded when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts and related benefits is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2021. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the General Fund.

N. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

P. Landfill Closure Costs

The City does not operate a sanitary landfill; therefore, no closure/post closure costs are included in these statements.

Q. Classifying Fund Balance Amounts

Fund balance amounts represent the nature of the net resources that are reported in a governmental fund. The City fund balance classifications include non-spendable resources, restricted, and non-restricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts. When the City incurs an expenditure and both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the City considers restricted amounts to have been spent. When the City incurs an expenditure for an unrestricted amount, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts for purposes in which any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

R. Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense, the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and OPEB expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflow of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax and tax increment financing receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which they are levied, unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense, and OPEB expenses.

S. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employers' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits at June 30, 2021, were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance collateralized or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. Chapter 12C provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligation of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; and certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30 the primary government's investments were reported at cost as follows:

	Credit Risk	Maturities	Cost/ Amortized Cost	Interest Rates
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	1/14/20-1/14/22	\$ 1,000,000	0.45%
lowa Public Agency Investment Trust Totals	Not Rated	Daily	66,919 \$ 1,066,919	0.01%

As of June 30, 2021, the City's investments consist of Certificates of Deposit of \$1,000,000 and IPAIT which is valued at an amortized cost of \$66,919. The fair value of the City position is the same as the value of the pool shares. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals for the IPAIT investments. The City's investment in IPAIT is unrated. The State of Iowa provides regulatory oversight.

Interest Rate Risk: The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and uses of the City.

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses the issue of credit risk. Investments are limited to certain types of investments and by diversifying the investment portfolio.

Component Unit: The Hospital's investments, except the mutual funds, are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Hospital or its agent in the Hospital's name. The mutual fund investments are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Hospital's name. All investments listed below, except the U.S. Government agency securities, are subject to custodial credit risk. The Hospital does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates (interest rate risk).

As of June 30, 2021, the Hospital's investments are reported at a fair value based upon quoted market prices except for the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost as follows:

	Maturities	
Negotiable certificates of deposit	11/24/20-10/03/31	\$ 6,408,138
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	Daily	101
Northwestern Bank Money Market Funds	Daily	645
Totals		\$ 6,408,884

The primary objectives of the Hospital's investment policy include the safety and preservation of principal in the overall investment portfolio, the maintenance of necessary liquidity to match expected liabilities, and obtaining a reasonable return. The investment policy limits the investing of operating funds to instruments that mature within three hundred ninety-seven days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than three hundred ninety-seven days, provided that the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Hospital. All investments were valued at level one inputs using quoted prices in active markets.

There were no significant changes in investments held during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Note 3 - <u>DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS</u>

At June 30, 2021, amounts due from other governments were as follows:

Due from the Iowa Department of Transportation for road use tax allocations	\$ 93,919	
Due from the State of Iowa for local option sales taxes	76,472	
Due from the State of Iowa for hotel/motel taxes	44,814	
Total Due from Other Governments	\$ 215,205	

Note 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of June 30, 2021, short-term interfund payables and receivables were as follows:

Fund Due To	Fund Due From	Amount
TIF Capital Projects	TIF Special Revenue	\$ 4,758,268
Electric	TIF Capital Projects	542,796
Electric	Nonmajor Governmental	436,468
		\$ 5,737,532

Note 5 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Primary Government

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,223,956	\$	\$	\$ 1,223,956
Construction in Progress	2,099,964	1,104,061	1,791,029	1,412,996
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,323,920	1,104,061	1,791,029	2,636,952
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	12,870,826	¥	326,366	12,544,460
Improvements	7,119,467	1,045,753	53,852	8,111,368
Equipment	4,060,943	228,508	361,899	3,927,552
Infrastructure	38,333,219	745,276		39,078,495
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	62,384,455	2,019,537	742,117	63,661,875
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	4,889,055	251,085	157,626	4,982,514
Improvements	2,689,635	300,682	21,570	2,968,747
Equipment	3,738,387	220,350	354,557	3,604,180
Infrastructure	27,697,310	436,601	127	28,133,911
Total Accumulated Depreciation	39,014,387	1,208,718	533,753	39,689,352
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	23,370,068	810,819	208,364	23,972,523
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 26,693,988	\$ 1,914,880	\$ 1,999,393	\$ 26,609,475

Construction in progress at June 30, 2021, for the governmental activities consisted of the MOC FV School project and the Stoplight project.

Note 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2021
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,905,216	\$ 1,138,217	\$ 285,354	\$ 5,758,079
Construction in Progress	773,322	609,066	1,382,388	_
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	5,678,538	1,747,283	1,667,742	5,758,079
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	3,474,846	8	2	3,474,846
Improvements	30,243	9	2	30,243
Equipment	4,980,883	309,761	2	5,290,644
Utility Plant	43,582,019	2,134,849		45,716,868
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	52,067,991	2,444,610	*	54,512,601
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	2,026,429	88,751	5	2,115,180
Improvements	30,242			30,242
Equipment	3,324,138	225,777		3,549,915
Utility Plant	17,192,780	1,216,208		18,408,988
Total Accumulated Depreciation	22,573,589	1,530,736	-	24,104,325
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	29,494,402	913,874		30,408,276
Business Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 35,172,940	\$ 2,661,157	\$ 1,667,742	\$ 36,166,355

Construction in progress is related to the water and sewer system expansion.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation General Government	\$ 204,212 657,703 206,294 140,509
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 1,208,718
Business-Type Activities: Electric Water Sewer Gas	\$ 708,421 392,313 366,484 63,518
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 1,530,736

Note 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

A summary of changes in capital assets for the discretely presented component units are as follows:

Orange	City	Area	Health	System
Clalide	OILLY	AI Ga	ricalli	OVSLEIII

oranigo en , mon monta eye.	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,897,439	\$	\$	\$ 1,897,439
Construction in Progress	37,588	2,623,908	69,599	2,591,897
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,935,027	2,623,908	69,599	4,489,336
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	3,883,457		563	3,883,457
Buildings	22,533,459		*	22,533,459
Fixed Equipment	40,079,519	446,309		40,525,828
Major Movable Equipment	15,384,070	4,072,061	2,590,305	16,865,826
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	81,880,505	4,518,370	2,590,305	83,808,570
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	51,169,581	3,853,228		55,022,809
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	30,710,924	665,142	2,590,305	28,785,761
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 32,645,951	\$ 3,289,050	\$ 2,659,904	\$ 33,275,097

Orange City Municipal Golf Association

	Balance anuary 1, 2020	Additions		Disposals		Balance cember 31, 2020
Golf Course and Trail	\$ 1,647,251	\$	(a)	\$	12	\$ 1,647,251
Buildings	991,224				54	991,224
Equipment	665,681		41,181			706,862
Total	3,304,156		41,181			3,345,337
Less Accumulated Depreciation	 1,516,781		121,082			1,637,863
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,787,375	\$	(79,901)	\$		\$ 1,707,474

Reconciliation of Net Investment in Capital Assets:

	-	vernmental Activities	l Business-Type Activities		Component Unit			
						Health System	Golf Co	ourse
Land	\$	1,223,956	\$	5,758,079	\$	1,897,439	\$	-
Construction in Progess		1,412,996				2,591,897		_
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		23,972,523		30,408,276		28,785,761	1.70	7.474
Less: General Obligation Bonds Payable		11,757,503		=		*	-,-	
Retainage Payable		149,182						
Revenue Bonds		-		11,048,670		15,172,617		-
Note Payable				-		2	18	2,323
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	14,702,790	\$	25,117,685	\$	18,102,480	\$ 1,52	5,151

Note 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and projects. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. These bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amounts
Governmental Activities	1.15 - 5.00%	\$ 11,145,000

The General Obligation bonds are presented on the Statement of Net Position net of unamortized bond premium of \$612,503.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u> </u>	<u>Gov</u> Principal	Total		
2022	\$	1,340,000	\$ 347,333	\$	1,687,333
2023		1,405,000	288,229		1,693,229
2024		1,405,000	249,029		1,654,029
2025		1,130,000	209,179		1,339,179
2026		1,070,000	175,029		1,245,029
2027-2031		3,690,000	453,144		4,143,144
2032-2036		775,000	131,404		906,404
2037-2041		330,000	17,500		347,500
	\$	11,145,000	\$ 1,870,847	\$	13,015,847

New Debt Issue:

On March 4, 2021, the City issued \$4,545,000 of General Obligation Refunding Capital Loan Notes, Series 2021A, for the purpose of refunding the Series 2011B, Series 2013A, Series 2015A, and Series 2016 bonds, and to fund the street improvement project. The bonds carry an interest rate of 1.15-2.00% with maturities from June 1, 2022 to June 1, 2032. The savings generated from the refunding totaled a net present value of \$187,833 and a cash flow savings of \$194,166.

Revenue Bonds

The City also has issued revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed asset to pay debt service.

Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Primary Government

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amounts
Electric Revenue Bonds	.35 - 3.15%	\$ 1,790,000
Water Revenue Bonds	.90 - 3.75%	1,245,000
Sewer Revenue Bonds	2.00 - 4.00%	7,645,000
		\$ 10,680,000

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

The revenue bonds are presented on the statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet net of unamortized bond premium of \$368,670.

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Primary Government

Year	Business-Type Activities											
Ending June 30,	lectric rincipal	Sewer Principal			Water rincipal	Interest			<u>Total</u>			
2022	\$ 230,000	\$	370,000	\$	230,000	\$	339,812	\$	1,169,812			
2023	145,000		380,000		240,000		318,346		1,083,346			
2024	145,000		395,000		175,000		299,649		1,014,649			
2025	145,000		405,000		70,000		281,425		901,425			
2026	150,000		420,000		75,000		262,491		907,491			
2027-2031	805,000	:	2,305,000		375,000		1,015,799		4,500,799			
2032-2036	170,000	:	2,750,000		80,000		465,800		3,465,800			
2037-2041	 		620,000				24,800		644,800			
	\$ 1,790,000	\$	7,645,000	\$	1,245,000	\$	3,008,122	\$	13,688,122			

New Debt Issue:

On March 29, 2021, the City issued \$1,695,000 of Electric Revenue Refunding Capital Loan Notes, Series 2021B, for the purpose of refunding the Series 2012A Electric Revenue Capital Loan Notes. The bonds carry an interest rate of 1.37-2.00% with maturities from November 1, 2022 to November 1, 2031. The savings generated from the refunding totaled a net present value of \$75,288 and a cash flow savings of \$72,975.

Component Unit

Purpose

		-		301110100	Millounts
Hospital/Compo	nent	Unit	2.85	5 – 3.5%	\$ 15,172,617
Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	ij	Principal		alth System Interest	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$	1,642,859	\$	426,400	\$ 2,069,259
2023		1,698,116		376,944	2,075,060
2024		1,591,642		327,188	1,918,830
2025		1,450,000		281,888	1,731,888
2026		1,495,000		240,172	1,735,172
2027-2031		7,295,000		530,546	7,825,546
	\$	15,172,617	\$	2,183,138	\$ 17,355,755

Interest Rates

Amounts

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Notes Payable - Direct Borrowing

Orange City Area Health System

During 2016, the Hospital entered into a noninterest term loan agreement with the City Municipal Electric Utility through the United States Rural Economic Development Loan and Grant Program. The purpose of the loan was to finance the construction of a twelve-unit independent living addition at Landsmeer Ridge Retirement Community. The \$1,760,000 unsecured loan, dated February 26, 2016, calls for monthly payments of \$16,297 beginning March 1, 2017 and continuing until February of 2026. Remaining principal balance related to the Rural Economic Development Loan and Grant Program as of June 30, 2021 was \$896,296.

Orange City Municipal Golf Association

During 2011, the City made an agreement with the Association to provide the funding for their capital purchases of course equipment. The purchases are to be made on a revolving schedule agreed upon by the City and the Association in order to best maximize the useful lives of the equipment, the needs of the Association, and the contributions of the City. The debt accrues interest at 3.00% and each equipment replacement is repaid over 7 years in annual installments. Principal and interest payments to the City during 2019 were \$34,132 and \$3,113, respectively. The ending balance of the equipment replacement loan from the City for the Association's year ended December 31, 2020 was \$182,323.

Annual notes payable - direct borrowing service requirement to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>P</u>	rincipal	 ealth System Interest Total			Golf Association Principal Interest Total					<u>Total</u>
2022	\$	195,564	\$ 22	\$	195,564	\$	35,042	\$	5.470	\$	40,512
2023		195,564	Œ		195,564		31,252	·	4,442		35,694
2024		195,564	72		195,564		31,252		3.527		34,779
2025		195,564			195,564		31,252		2,613		33,865
2026		114,040	323		114,040		31,253		1,698		32,951
2027-2031		-	196				22,272		960		23,232
	\$	896,296	\$	\$	896,296	\$	182,323	\$	18,710	\$	201,033

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-Term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 11,565,000	\$ 4,545,000	\$ 4,965,000	\$ 11,145,000	\$ 1,340,000
Compensated Absences	112,403	113,538	112,403	113,538	45,415
Net Pension Liability	1,034,561	266,087	2	1,300,648	9.0
Other Post Employment Benefits	67,822	2,904		70,726	
Governmental Activity					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 12,779,786	\$ 4,927,529	\$ 5,077,403	\$ 12,629,912	\$ 1,385,415
Business Type Activities:					
Bonds Payable:					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 11,577,000	\$ 1,695,000	\$ 2,592,000	\$ 10,680,000	\$ 830,000
Compensated Absences	83,566	85,093	83,566	85,093	34,037
Net Pension Liability	441,200	120,542	<u>*</u>	561,742	300
Other Post Employment Benefits	37,148	4,579		41,727	(**)
Business-Type Activity					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 12,138,914	\$ 1,905,214	\$ 2,675,566	\$ 11,368,562	\$ 864,037
Component Unit: Area Health System					
Bonds Payable:					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 16,744,615	\$	\$ 1,571,998	\$ 15,172,617	\$ 1,642,859
Notes Payable - Direct Borrowing	1,091,852	14	195,556	896,296	195,564
Net Pension Liability	16,596,826	3,458,231		20,055,057	241
Other Post Employment Benefits	386,160	5%	15,239	370,921	
	\$ 34,819,453	\$ 3,458,231	\$ 1,782,793	\$ 36,494,891	\$ 1,838,423
Golf Course					
Notes Payable - Direct Borrowing	\$ 175,412	\$ 41,181	\$ 34,270	\$ 182,323	\$ 35,042

The City maintains a policy limiting the accumulation of compensated absences thus the ending balance represents the amount expected to be paid within one year and the amount to be paid out over one year. The General Fund has been used to liquidate the governmental other postemployment benefit obligation and net pension obligation.

Note 8 - TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of transfers between funds:

	General		Debt Service	onmajor ernmental	Total Transfers Out		
TIF Special Revenue	\$		\$ 205,266	\$ 200	\$	205,266	
TIF Capital Projects		9		27,522		27,522	
Electric		298,678	1.00	16		298,678	
Water		23,000				23,000	
Sewer		23,000	7 <u>~</u>			23,000	
Gas		50,000	(e)	-		50,000	
Nonmajor Governmental		700,000	79,986	23,433		803,419	
Total Transfer In	\$	1,094,678	\$ 285,252	\$ 50,955	\$	1,430,885	

Transfers are used to:

- 1. Move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.
- 2. Use unrestricted revenues collected in proprietary funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN

Plan description – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under lowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits

A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, anytime after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. (These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits.) Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55.

The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier (based on years of service).
- The member's highest five-year average salary. (For members with service before June 30, 2012, the highest three-year average salary as of that date will be used if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary).

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

Protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age which is generally at age 55 and may retire any time after reaching age 50 with 22 or more years of covered employment. The formula used to calculate a protection occupation members' monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for years of service greater than 22 but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Disability and Death Benefits

A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30 year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2021, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29 percent of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.44 percent of covered payroll for a total rate of 15.73 percent. Protective occupation members contributed 6.41 percent of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.61 percent of covered payroll for a total rate of 16.02 percent.

The City's total contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$246,778 and for the component unit total contributions were \$2,259,584.

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$1,862,390 and the component unit reported \$20,055,057 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the City's collective proportion was 0.0265119 percent, which was an increase of 0.001027 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. The component unit's collective portion was 0.28715 percent, which was an increase of 0.02116 percent from 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City and component unit recognized pension expense of \$340,978 and \$3,501,871, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 City's Share		
	red Outflows Resources		red Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,554	\$	43,875
Changes of assumptions	110,605		828
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	131,047		14
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	36,976		11,082
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 246,778		
Total	\$ 532,960	\$	55,785

	Compo	nent Unit
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 25,519	\$ 475,192
Changes of assumptions	1,038,605	506
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,143,536	9
Changes in proportion and differences between Hospital contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,103,630	2,773
Area Health System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,259,584	
Total	\$ 5,570,874	\$ 478,471

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

\$246,778 and \$2,259,584 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City and component unit contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	City	Co	omponent Unit
2022	\$ 36,208	\$	655,717
2023	58,268		729,975
2024	54,820		651,590
2025	80,266		790,642
2026	835		4,895
	\$ 230,397	\$	2,832,819

There were no non-employer contributing entities of IPERS.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of Inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60 percent per annum
Salary Increases (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 – 16.25 percent average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group
Investment Rate of Return (effective June 30, 2017)	7.00 percent per annum, compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, and including inflation
Wage Growth (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 percent per annum based on 2.60 percent inflation and 0.65 percent real wage inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates used in the 2020 valuation were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note 9 - PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22.0%	4.43%
International equity	17.5	5.15
Global smart beta equity	6.0	4.87
Core plus fixed income	28.0	(0.29)
Public credit	4.0	2.29
Cash	1.0	(0.78)
Private equity	11.0	`6.54 [´]
Private real assets	7.5	4.48
Private credit	3.0	3.11
Total	100%	

Discount rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.0%	Discount Rate 7.0%	1% Increase 8.0%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability City Component Unit	\$ 3,362,353	\$ 1,862,390	\$ 605,027
	33,597,376	20,055,057	8,700,242

Pension plan fiduciary net position — Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report which is available on IPERS' website at www.ipers.org.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2021, the City and component unit reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$46,799 and \$157,633, respectively.

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City and the component unit administer a single-employer benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under lowa Code Chapter 509A.13. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>OPEB</u> Benefits – Individuals who are employed by the City and the component unit and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical and prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and OPEB liability.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement. At January 1, 2020 for the City and June 30, 2021 for the component unit, plan membership consisted of the following:

		Component
	City	Unit
Inactive members currently receiving benefit	0	4
Active members	34	434
Total	34	438

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The total OPEB liability of the City was \$112,453 and the component unit was \$370,921 measured as of January 1, 2020 and June 30, 2021, respectively, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions – The Total OPEB liability for the City and the component unit in the January 1, 2020 and June 30, 2021, respectively, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal actuarial cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

	City	Component Unit
	(Effective January 1, 2020)	(Effective June 30, 2021)
Rate of Inflation	3.00% per annum.	2.60% per annum.
Rates of salary increase	2.00% per annum, including Inflation.	Varying rates by years of service from 3.25% to 16.25%
Discount rate	2.74% compounded annually, Including inflation.	2.16% compounded actually, Including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	5.00% all years.	7.00% Initial rate decreasing by .25% Annually to an ultimate rate of 4%

<u>Discount Rate</u> The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability for the City was 2.74% and for the component unit was 2.16%, which reflects the index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates for the City are from RP-2014 total annuitant distinct mortality table adjusted to 2006 MP-2019 generational projection of future mortality improvement. Mortality rates for the component unit were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. Annual retirement probabilities are based on varying rates by age and turnover probabilities mirror those used by IPERS.

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used for the City in the January 1, 2020 and for the component unit in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Changes	in	the	Total	OPEB	Liability
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	City	Co	mponent Unit
Total OPEB liability beginning of year	\$ 104,970	\$	386,160
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	6,020		30,759
Interest	3,020		8,804
Differences between expected			•
and actual experiences	-		(68,093)
Changes in assumptions	-		36,569
Benefit payments	(1,557)		(23,278)
Net changes	7,483		(15,239)
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$ 112,453	\$	370,921

The change in the discount rate for the City's total OPEB liability was immaterial to the City's financial statements as a whole. Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21% in fiscal year 2020 to 2.16% in fiscal year 2021 for the component unit.

Sensitivity of the City's and its Component Unit's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and its component unit, as well as what the City's and its component unit's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate.

	Healthcare				
	1%	Cost Trend	1%		
	Decrease	Rate	Increase		
City Discount Rates	(1.74%)	(2.74%)	(3.74%)		
Total City OPEB Liability	\$120,216	\$112,453	\$104,773		
Component Unit Discount Rates	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)		
Total Component Unit OPEB Liability	\$401,352	\$370,921	\$342,275		

Sensitivity of the City's and its Component Unit's Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and its component unit, as well as what the City's and its component unit's total OPEB liability would be it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	Healthcare				
	1%	Cost Trend	1%		
	Decrease	Rate	Increase		
City's Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	(4.00%)	(5.00%)	(6.00%)		
Total City OPEB Liability	\$ 99,803	\$112,453	\$127,033		
Component Unit Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)		
Total Component Unit OPEB Liability	\$326,362	\$370,921	\$425,355		

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources Related to OPEB – For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City and component unit recognized OPEB expense of \$9,444 and \$41,451 respectively. At June 30, 2021, the City and component unit reported deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

	Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows			ws	
		City	Со	mponent Unit		City	Coi	nponent Unit
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	231 9.520	\$	36,238 58,569	\$	8,132	\$	59,936 26,149
Total	\$	9,751	\$	94,807	\$	8,132	\$	86,085

The amount reported as deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	City	Compone Unit	
2022	\$ 404	\$	1,888
2023	404		1,888
2024	404		1,888
2025	404		2,348
2026	404		2,830
Thereafter	(401)		(2,120)
	\$ 1,619	\$	8,722

Note 11 - FUND BALANCE

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (pages 28-29). As discussed in Note 1, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by Council or the Assignment has been changed by the City Administrator. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

General Fund

The General Fund has Unassigned Fund Balance of \$2,370,633 at June 30, 2021.

Other Major Funds

The TIF Special Revenue Fund has an Unassigned Fund Balance of (4,758,268) consisting of debt incurred for capital project expenditures.

The TIF Capital Projects Fund has an Assigned Fund Balance of \$6,446,868 consisting of primarily a receivable for reimbursement of capital project expenditures.

The Debt Service Fund has a Restricted Fund Balance of \$324,523 consisting of primarily unspent funds used to pay general obligation bond principal and interest.

Note 11 - FUND BALANCE - (Continued)

Other Funds

The following non-major fund has Restricted Fund Balances for specific purposes:

USDA IRP-Loan –			
Special Revenue Fund	For economic development	\$	183,665
USDA Revolving Loan –		·	,
Special Revenue Fund	For economic development	\$	645,962
Road Use Tax –	·		·
Special Revenue Fund	For road use tax	\$	1,112,898

The following non-major fund has a Nonspendable Fund Balance:

Cemetery Perpetual Care:	For cemetery maintenance	\$ 118,363
Road Use Tax –	,	,
Special Revenue Fund	For inventories	\$ 10,588

The following non-major fund has an Unassigned Fund Balance:

Capital Project – MOC FV School Project	ct \$	(668,451)
Capital Project – Streetlight Project		(143, 143)

Note 12 - DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The City had three funds with deficit equity balances at June 30, 2021. The City intends to finance these deficits from various resources including; road use tax funds, general funds, and capital project debt financing.

The individual fund deficits were as follows:

Capital Project – MOC FV School Project	\$ 668,451
Capital Project - Streetlight Project	\$ 143,143
TIF Special Revenue	\$ 4.758.268

Note 13 - RISK FINANCING

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the 2020-2021 fiscal year the City has elected to purchase commercial insurance to cover against the risk of loss. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years, nor were there settlements in excess of insurance coverage the last three years.

Note 14 - COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2021, the City had four construction contracts in process with the following approximate contracts remaining:

Streetlight Project	\$ 2,521,902
2020 Street Project	329,969
Total commitments, end of year	\$ 2,851,871

Note 15 - URBAN RENEWAL DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS

The City has entered into various development agreements for urban renewal projects. The agreements require the City to rebate portions of the incremental property tax paid by the developer in exchange for infrastructure improvements, rehabilitation and development of commercial projects by the developer. The total to be paid by the City under the agreements is not to exceed \$1,854,845.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City rebated \$150,957 of incremental property tax to developers. The total cumulative principal amount rebated on the agreements is \$1,082,499. The outstanding balance on the agreements at June 30, 2021 was \$772,346.

The agreements are not general obligations of the City and, due to their nature, are not recorded as a liability in the City's financial statements. However, the agreements are subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the City.

Certain agreements include an annual appropriation clause and, accordingly, only the amount payable in the succeeding year on the agreements is subject to the constitutional debt limitation. The entire outstanding principal balance of agreements not including an annual appropriation clause is subject to the constitutional debt limitation.

Note 16 - TAX ABATEMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

City Tax Abatements

The City provides tax abatements for urban renewal and economic development projects with tax increment financing as provided for in Chapters 15A and 403 of the Code of lowa. For these types of projects, the City enters into agreements with developers which require the City, after developers meet the terms of the agreements, to rebate a portion of the property tax paid by the developers, to pay the developers an economic development grant or to pay the developers a predetermined dollar amount. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City abated \$44,175 of property tax under the urban renewal and economic development projects.

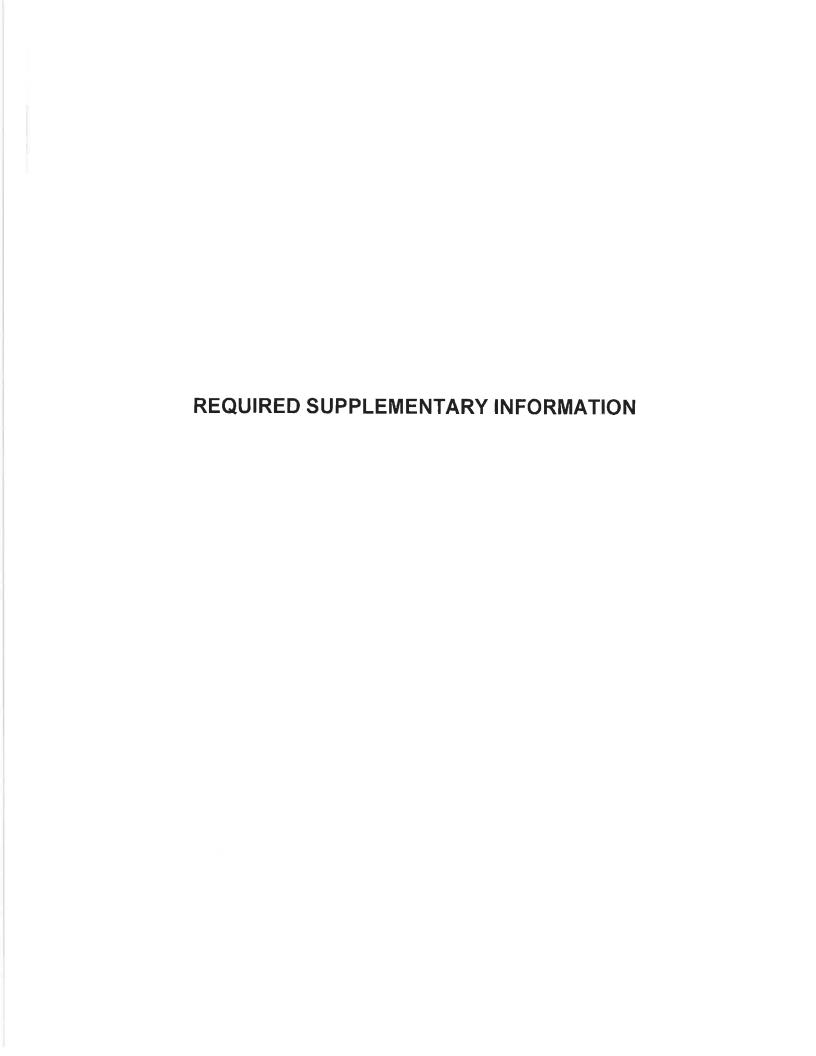
Note 17 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

It was determined in the current year that the City had not recorded internal financing relating to TIF capital projects at the fund level. It was also noted that Land Held for Sale and a Note Receivable had not been recorded in the prior year at the fund level. The Land Held for Sale amount had been previously recorded as CIP at the government-wide level. The effects of fund balance/net position are as follows:

TIF Special Revenue		TIF Capital Projects		Governmental Activities	
\$	476,614	\$	27.5	\$	17,285,791
(1	6,293,064)		6,293,064		
	2		562,872		562,872
	*		236,857		236,857
			160		(757,402)
\$ (5,816,450)	\$	7,092,793	\$	17,328,118
	\$ (\$ 476,614 (6,293,064)	Revenue \$ 476,614 \$ (6,293,064)	Revenue Projects \$ 476,614 \$ - (6,293,064) - 562,872 - 236,857	Revenue Projects \$ 476,614 \$ - \$ (6,293,064) \$ 6,293,064 - 562,872 - 236,857 \$ (236,857)

Note 18 - PROSPECTIVE ACCOUNTING CHANGE

Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 87, Leases. This statement will be implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The revised requirements of this statement will require reporting of certain potentially significant lease liabilities that are not currently reported.



CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, BUDGET AND ACTUAL, ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND PROPERIETARY FUNDS - GAAP BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenue:	Governmental Fund Type Actual	Proprietary Funds Actual	Orange City Area Health System
		_	
Taxes	\$ 3,403,515	\$ -	\$ =
Special Assessments	166,904		188
Licenses and Permits	2,799	-	
Intergovernmental	1,293,711	-	232,568
Charges for Services	876,256	14,313,665	60,162,190
Fines and Forfeits	19,409	5	
TIF Revenue	1,339,088	8	-
Local Option Sales Tax	1,115,682	2	-
Interest	26,238	53,072	420,841
Miscellaneous	937,209	1,167,271	5,782,930
Total Revenue	9,180,811	15,534,008	66,598,529
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Expenditures:			
Public Safety	1,032,741	_	
Public Works	1,205,617		
Culture and Recreation	1,993,409		
Community and Economic Development	468,030		
General Government	872,983	3	-
Capital Projects	2,470,529	2	-
Debt Service	5,416,623		-
Business Type Activities	-, · · · · · · · · · · ·	13,430,938	60,167,437
Total Expenditures	13,459,932	13,430,938	60,167,437
	10,100,002	10,100,000	00,107,407
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,279,121)	2,103,070	6,431,092
Other financing sources (uses):			
Proceeds from Debt Financing	4,787,841		547
Proceeds from Sale of Real Estate	1,707,1071		
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	278,783	5.	0.000
Capital Contribution	270,703	600.066	9,800
Interfund Transfers In	4 420 005	609,066	
Interfund Transfers Out	1,430,885	(004.070)	
	(1,036,207)	(394,678)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,461,302	214,388	9,800
Evene (deficiency) of any and attended to			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources			
over expenditures and other financing uses	1,182,181	2,317,458	6,440,892
Fund balances/Net position-beginning of year	3,665,780	33,253,997	28,500,372
(Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	(4,052)	*	×
Prior Period Adjustment	799,729	2	
Fund balances/Net position- end of year	\$ 5,643,638	\$ 35,571,455	\$ 34,941,264

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_			Budgeted	ounts		nal Budget	
	otal		Octobrol		F		avorable
A	ctual		Original	-	Final	(Ur	nfavorable)
\$ 3	,403,515	\$	3,378,544	\$	3,378,544	\$	24 071
Ψ 0	166,904	Ψ	50,500	Ψ		φ	24,971
	2,799				50,500		116,404
1	,526,279		6,650		6,650		(3,851)
	,352,111		1,200,126		1,273,126		253,153
13			69,998,600		85,478,600	(10,126,489)
4	19,409		000 000		000 000		19,409
	,339,088		900,000		900,000		439,088
1	,115,682		930,543		930,543		185,139
-	500,151		410,050		410,050		90,101
	,887,410	_	183,000	_	624,000		7,263,410
91	,313,348	=	77,058,013	_	93,052,013		(1,738,665)
1	032,741		1,038,786		1,078,786		46,045
1,	205,617		1,166,395		1,201,395		(4,222)
	993,409		1,714,789		1,945,789		(47,620)
	468,030		105,922		105,922		(362,108)
	872,983		1,045,947		1,312,947		439,964
2,	470,529		3,875,000		3,875,000		1,404,471
5,	416,623		1,678,556		6,178,556		761,933
73,	598,375	(37,317,256		78,242,256		4,643,881
87,	058,307		77,942,651		93,940,651		6,882,344
4,	255,041		(884,638)		(888,638)		5,143,679
4,	787,841 -		1,750,000		1,750,000		3,037,841
	288,583		-				288,583
	609,066						609,066
1,	430,885		1,914,850		1,914,850		(483,965)
(1.	430,885)		(1,914,850)		(1,914,850)		483,965
5,	685,490		1,750,000	-	1,750,000		3,935,490
9,	940,531		865,362		861,362		9,079,169
65,	420,149	6	35,420,149		65,420,149		*
	(4,052)		30.7		36		(4,052)
	799,729		*		Ť		799,729
\$ 76,	156,357	\$ 6	6,285,511	\$	66,281,511	\$	9,874,846

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2021

The City's legal compliance for budget to actual comparison is specified in Chapter 384.16 of the Code of Iowa and is for expenditures by program/function. The City budgets on a modified accrual basis. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. Budgets are prepared on a program basis for all funds except the agency funds.

During the fiscal year 2021, the City held public hearings and amended the operating budget once. The amendment is as follows:

Program	Original <u>Budget</u>		5/17/21 nendment	,	Amended <u>Budget</u>	
Public Safety	\$ 1,038,786	\$	40,000	\$	1,078,786	
Public Works	1,166,395		35,000	,	1,201,395	
Culture & Recreation	1,714,789		231,000		1,945,789	
Community and Economic Development	105,922		2		105,922	
General Government	1,045,947		267,000		1,312,947	
Capital Projects	3,875,000		*		3,875,000	
Debt Service	1,678,556		4,500,000		6,178,556	
Business Type/Enterprise	67,317,256	1	0,925,000		78,242,256	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		2	021			20	20	
		City	Cor	nponent Unit		City		ponent Jnit
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	265119%	0.287150%		0.0254852%			85034%
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,862	\$	20,055	\$	1,476	\$	16,597
Entity's covered payroll	\$	2,458	\$	23,948	\$	2,420	\$	22,563
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		72%		80%		61%		69%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		83%		83%		85%		85%
	2019				2018			
	Component				Component			
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability		City 255525%		Unit 263534%		City 250906%		Jnit 58316%
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,617	\$	16,671	\$	1,671	\$	17,063
Entity's covered payroll	\$	2,338	\$	20,070	\$	2,268	\$	19,108
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		69%		74%		71%	·	85%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		84%		84%		82%		82%
		20)17			20	16	
		C:4		ponent		997	Com	ponent
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability		City 259355%		Unit 249607%		City 49929%		Jnit 50019%
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,632	\$	15,708	\$	1,235	\$	12,352
Entity's covered payroll	\$	2,254	\$	18,605	\$	2,187	\$	17,815
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		72%		83%		64%	·	66%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		82%		82%		85%		85%
		20	15					
		City	Com	ponent Jnit				
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability	0.02	240195%	0.3	253294%				
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	953	\$	10,045				
Entity's covered payroll	\$	2,102	\$	17,561				
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		44%		56%				
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		88%		88%				

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Entity will present information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

City		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the		\$ 246	\$	240	\$	232	\$	213	\$	206	
statutorily required contribution	-	(246)		(240)		(232)		(213)		(206)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	191	\$	- 12	\$	-	
Entity's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	2,633 9.34%	\$	2,458 9.76%	\$	2,420 9.59%	\$	2,338 9.11%	\$	2,268 9.07%	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		0.0170		0.1070		0.0070		0.1170		5.07 70	
City		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012	
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	202	\$	199	\$	193	\$	169	\$	154	
statutorily required contribution	_	(202)		(199)		(193)		(169)		(154)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	12	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	
Entity's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	2,254	\$	2,187	\$	2,102	\$	1,875	\$	1,833	
covered payroll		8.96%		9.10%		9.18%		9.01%		8.40%	
Component Unit		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	2,260	\$	2,161	\$	2,085	\$	1,794	\$	1,672	
statutorily required contribution		(2,260)		(2,161)		(2,085)		(1,794)		(1,672)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_		\$	¥	\$	- 9	\$		\$	-	
Hospital's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	25,072	\$	23,948	\$	22,563	\$	20,070	\$	19,108	
covered payroll		8.6%		9.0%		9.2%		8.9%		8.75%	
Component Unit		2016		2015		2014		2013	;	2012	
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	1,616	\$	1,559	\$	1,505	\$	1,416	\$	1,064	
statutorily required contribution	_	(1,616)		(1,559)		(1,505)		(1,416)		(1,064)	
	\$		\$	743	\$	=	\$	£.	\$		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-		_								
Contribution deficiency (excess) Hospital's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	18,605	\$	17,815	\$	17,561	\$	16,778	\$	15,383	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Changes of Benefit Terms:

Legislation enacted in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3 percent per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6 percent reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Changes of Assumptions

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017
- Adjusted retirement rates
- Lowered disability rates
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00 percent to 3.75 percent per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30 year amortization period to a closed 30 year amortization period for the UAL (Unfunded Actuarial Liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20 year period.

City of Orange City, lowa Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Required Supplementary Information

	2021			2020				
	City		nponent Unit		City		nponent Unit	
Service Cost	\$ 6,020	\$	30,759	\$	5,902	\$	22,991	
Interest Cost	3,020		8,804		2,806		12,466	
Difference between expected and								
Actual experiences	*		(68,093)		(9,611)		20	
Changes in assumptions			36,569		4,651		34,553	
Benefit assumptions	(1,557)		(23,278)		(468)		(33,771)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	7,483		(15,239)		3,280		36,239	
Total OPEB liability beginning of year	104,970		386,160		101,690		349,921	
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$ 112,453	\$	370,291	\$	104,970	\$	386,160	
Covered – employee payroll (in thousands) Total OPEB liability as a percentage	\$ 2,231	\$	22,897	\$	2,187	\$	18,375	
Of covered – employee payroll	5.04%		1.62%		4.80%		2.10%	

	2019				2018			
			Con	nponent			Con	nponent
		City		Unit	C	ity		Unit
Service Cost	\$	4,547	\$	22,561	\$	4,547	\$	19,853
Interest Cost		3,511		13,377		3,445		11,782
Difference between expected and								
Actual experiences		ž.		56,695		356		
Changes in assumptions		#		(35,738)		8,601		(7,076)
Benefit assumptions		(7,793)		(35,829)		(4,316)		(9,844)
Net change in total OPEB liability		265		21,066		12,543		14,715
Total OPEB liability beginning of year		101,425		328,855		88,882		314,140
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	101,690	\$	349,921	\$	101,425	\$	328,855
Covered - employee payroll								
(in thousands)	\$	2,094	\$	19,051	\$	2,053	\$	16,132
Total OPEB liability as a percentage							·	Ľ
Of covered – employee payroll		4.86%		1.84%		4.86%		1.84%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in the GAAP City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in benefit terms:

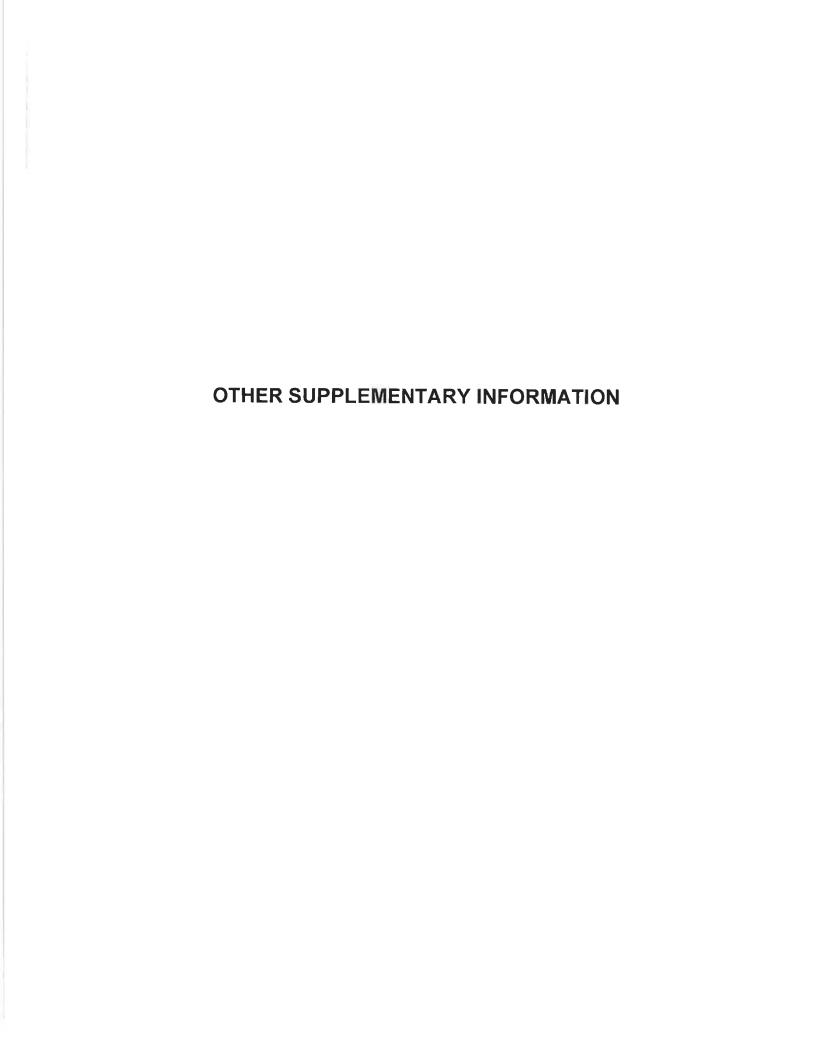
There were no significant changes in benefit terms

Changes in assumptions:

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

	City	Component Unit
Year ended June 30, 2021	2.47%	2.16%
Year ended June 30, 2020	2.47%	2.21%
Year ended June 30, 2019	3.44%	3.50%
Year ended June 30, 2018	3.44%	3.87%
Year ended June 30, 2017	4.50%	3.58%

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the entity will present information for those years for which information is available.



		×

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Governmental Nonmajor Funds JUNE 30, 2021

			Spec	ial Revenue				Capital Projects
		Road Use Tax		USDA Revolving Loan		USDA RP-Loan	Dunlop Park Improvement	
Assets								
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$	1,018,979	\$	322,544	\$	54,952	\$	
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance								
for uncollectibles)								
Notes Receivable		-		323,418		128,713		- 3
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		93,919		3.00		2.00 E		*
Inventories	_	10,588				347		
Total Assets	_	1,123,486		645,962	_	183,665		*
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		*				-		
Due to Other Funds								ē
Total Liabilities		•				/ *)		
Fund Balances								
Vonspendable:								
Inventories		10,588		74.7		141		
Permanent Fund Principal		2						
Restricted for:								
Road Use Tax		1,112,898						
Economic Development		-		645,962		183,665		**
Jnassigned		¥:						
Total Fund Balances		1,123,486		645,962		183,665		-
Fotal Liabilities, and Fund Balances	\$	1,123,486	\$	645,962	\$	183,665	\$	-

			Capita	l Proje	ects			Pe	ermanent		Total	
St	018 treet oject	S	020 treet oject		MOC FV School Project		treetlight Project		emetery petual Care Fund		overnmental Nonmajor Funds	
\$	3	\$	1.5	\$:#:	\$	-	\$	118,363	\$	1,514,838	
			-		4		¥		16:		452,131	
	383		· ·				*		(⊊;		93,919	
	- 3		12								10,588	
	*/	-	•	-	5.5)	_	•	_	118,363	-	2,071,476	
	340				279,021		96,105		-		375,126	
			· ·		389,430		47,038				436,468	
	(4)		- 100		668,451	=	143,143		70E	_	811,594	
	:-		(20)		268		42		~		10,588	
	-		=20		12		5		118,363		118,363	
	ė		3.		575		*:		263		1,112,898	
	*				595		100		-		829,627	
_					(668,451)		(143,143)		1.00		(811,594	
_	•	-	. • :	0.	(668,451)	_	(143,143)		118,363		1,259,882	
\$	9	\$	27	\$	-	\$	8	\$	118,363	\$	2,071,476	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Governmental Nonmajor Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Spec	ial Revenue				Capital Projects	
	Road Use Tax		USDA Revolving Loan		USDA IRP-Loan		Dunlop Park Improvements	
Revenue:						-		
Taxes								
Special Assessments	\$	\$	2	\$	-	\$	•	
Intergovernmental	891,547		*		100		590	
Interest on Investments	-		676		6,928		200	
Miscellaneous			¥					
Total Revenue	891,547		676		6,928		5977	
Expenditures:								
Community and Economic Development			-		4,983		813	
Capital Projects			-		.,000		0.0	
Debt Service:								
Interest/Bond Costs					8,311			
Total Expenditures			-		13,294		813	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	891,547	_	676		(6,366)		(813)	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Issuance of Debt							540	
Bond Premiums	· ·							
Transfers In			100		100		:•:	
Transfers Out	(723,433)		2		440		(12,291)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(723,433)						(12,291)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	168,114		676		(6,366)		(13,104)	
Fund balances - beginning of year	959,424		645,286		190,031		13,104	
Decrease in Reserve for Inventory	(4,052)		245.000	-	100.000			
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 1,123,486	\$	645,962	\$	183,665	\$		

			Capital	Proj	ects			Pe	rmanent		Total
	2018 Street Project		2020 Street Project		MOC FV School Project	s	treetlight Project		emetery etual Care Fund		vernmental Ionmajor Funds
\$	92,212	\$	63,653	\$	27	\$	2	\$	25	\$	155,865
	300						75				891,547
	~		~				-				7,604
_	15,000	_		_	573,880	_	<u> </u>		4,163		593,043
-	107,212	-	63,653	-	573,880	-			4,163	-	1,648,059
	9,804		: *-		160				-		15,600
	31		535,621		1,148,262		134,586				1,818,469
	265		14,488						*		22,79
_	9,804	\	550,109	_	1,148,262	_	134,586			_	1,856,86
_	97,408	_	(486,456)		(574,382)		(134,586)		4,163	_	(208,80
			985,000								985,00
	22.422		58,737		07.500						58,73
	23,433		(67.605)		27.522		-		# 		50,95
	23,433		(67,695) 976,042	_	27,522	_	.			_	(803,41) 291,27
	20,100	-	370,072	-	21,022	-					231,27
	120,841		489,586		(546,860)		(134,586)		4,163		82,46
	(120,841)		(489,586)		(121,591)		(8,557)		114,200		1,181,47 (4,05
\$		\$	7.0	\$	(668,451)	\$	(143,143)	\$	118,363	\$	1,259,88

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Orange City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	82
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	85
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	89
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Operating Information	99
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	
Demographic and Economic Information	103
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the government's	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

financial activities take place.

City of Orange City
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	ear				
Governmental Activities	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 10,326,246		\$ 10,998,957	\$ 12,957,403	\$ 13,760,478	\$ 15,365,666	\$ 14,234,324	\$ 15,407,790	\$ 16,241,529	\$ 14,702,790
Nestricted	(1,009,192)	1,789,523	1,194,598 (2,337,049)	1,780,488 (4,044,115)	2,288,094 (3,176,284)	2,682,327 (5.193,819)	2,117,016 (2,301,395)	2,326,682 (2,203,975)	2,534,566 (1,490,304)	2,365,267 2,474,862
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 10,328,742	\$ 9,832,493	\$ 9,856,507	\$ 10,693,776	\$ 12,872,288	\$ 12,854,174	\$ 14,049,945	\$ 15,530,497	\$ 17,285,791	\$ 19,542,919
Discioner from antivition										
Dustiness-type activities Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 12,336,353	\$ 13,537,488	\$ 14,068,240	\$ 15,609,054	\$ 15,858,940	\$ 18,557,290	\$ 18,475,912	\$ 22,168,051	\$ 23,275,413	\$ 25,117,685
Restricted	1,234,478	1,183,889	1,285,989	1,228,080	1,100,341	1,064,092	1,978,634	1,931,597	1,809,786	1,693,085
Unrestricted	8,740,929	8,214,047	10,048,505	9,959,744	9,998,470	8,488,495	998'308'6	7,776,179	8,168,798	8,760,685
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 22,311,760	\$ 22,935,424	\$ 25,402,734	\$ 26,796,878	\$ 26,957,751	\$ 28,109,877	\$ 29,763,912	\$ 31,875,827	\$ 33,253,997	\$ 35,571,455
					ł					
Primary government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 22,662,599	\$ 24,467,580	\$ 25,067,197	\$ 28,566,457	\$ 29,619,418	\$ 33,922,956	\$ 32,710,236	\$ 37,575,841	\$ 39,516,942	\$ 39,820,475
Restricted	2,246,166	2,983,412	2,480,588	3,008,568	3,388,435	3,746,419	4,095,650	4,258,279	4,344,352	4,058,352
Unrestricted	7,731,737	5,316,925	7,711,456	5,915,629	6,822,186	3,294,676	7,007,971	5,572,204	6,678,494	11,235,547
Total primary government net position	\$ 32,640,502	\$ 32,767,917	\$ 35,259,241	\$ 37,490,654	\$ 39,830,039	\$ 40,964,051	\$ 43,813,857	\$ 47,406,324	\$ 50,539,788	\$ 55,114,374

City of Orange City
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2043		2014	2004	Fiscal Year	Year		474		
Expenses					21	8107	7107	2010	\$107	2020	2021
Governmental activities: Public Safety	\$ 828,199	\$ 833,780	(/)	872,249	\$ 872,626	\$ 925,097	\$ 972.996	\$ 1.088.140	\$ 1106146	\$ 1158 235	1 186 527
Public Works	1,778,275	1,619,083		1,613,585	1,557,306	Υ.	1.571.805	,	•	,	•
Culture and Recreation	1,454,835	1 434 484		1,291,006	1,499,304	1,781,317	1.805.929	1,658,414	1.869.376	1 885 121	2 134 424
Community and Economic Development	317 481	325,702		325,474	258,417	371,010	697,831	558,788	302.629	447 647	471 166
General Government	1,144,619	2,345,344		992,494	731,785	742,301	712,651	820,252	962,503	902 555	1 026 101
Debt Service	542,187	431,845		355,325	338,539	357,017	319.025	331,151	404 484	447.191	260.372
Total govemmental activities expenses	6,065,596	6,990,238		5,450,133	5,257,977	5,840,475	6,080,237	6,363,973	6,250,549	6,576,923	6,859,614
Business-Type Activities:											
Electric	6,941,319	6,327,351		6,684,885	7,074,776	7,206,806	7,498,724	7,425,922	7,488,064	7,529,566	7,759,588
Water	909,721	943,567		917,303	899,459	1,461,287	964,647	937,061	1,023,038	1,123,054	1,273,778
Sewer	596,619	523,094		540,096	571,113	657,992	572,314	856,862	1,159,532	1.290.271	1,339,534
Gas	2,069,753	2,013,797		2,675,250	2,134,813	1,528,581	1,768,495	2,197,738	2,019,069	1,623,746	3,058,038
Total business-type activities expenses	10,517,412	9,807,809		10,817,534	10,680,161	10.854,666	10,804,180	11,417,583	11,689,703	11,566,537	13,430,938
Total primary government expenses	16,583,008	16,798,047		16,267,667	15,938,138	16,695,141	16,884,417	17,781,556	17,940,252	18,143,560	20,290,552
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services:											
Public Safety	43,050	22,593		19,309	15,943	39,164	19,299	17,396	12,713	14,860	18,148
Public Works	241,952	257,210		312,823	310,203	479,624	314,332	326,339	338,514	332,050	560,023
Culture and Recreation	232,520	275,661		343,273	306,300	309,631	317,778	323,621	285,554	254,332	370,354
Community & Economic Development	81,442	31,480		32,099	46,335	55,683	82,191	40,867	59,802	36,764	122,056
General Government	46,580	48,534		41,174	35,662	96,387	131,951	60,160	62,682	56,840	61,187
Operating grants and contributions	893,471	970,358		916,877	1,242,721	1,134,628	1,105,119	1,135,321	1,252,432	1,634,276	1,296,493
Capital grants and contributions	1,236,083	399,850			217,763	764,281	272,133	110,463	26,110	25,498	25,728
Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities:	2,775,098	2,005,686		1 665 555	2,174,927	2,879,398	2,242,803	2,014,227	2,037,807	2,354,620	2,453,989
Charges for services;											
Electric	7,640,948	7,011,542		7,522,021	7,805,183	7,776,001	8,362,166	6,473,321	8,572,893	8,376,741	8,327,705
Water	977,427	882,207		886,144	900,765	934,342	1,033,612	1,016,294	949,619	990,432	1,227,476
Sewer	609,951	606,825		592,445	715,410	842,497	894,726	1,233,550	1,365,898	1,347,115	1,467,434
Gas	2,129,278	2,156,043		2,809,763	2,114,065	1,595,054	1,784,999	2,412,384	2.271,617	1,801,320	3,291,050
Total business-type activities program revenues	-	10,656,617	,	11,810,373	11,535,423	11,147,894	12,075,503	13,135,549	13,160,027	12,515,608	14,313,665
Total primary government program revenues	14,132,702	12,662,303		13,475,928	13 710,350	14,027,292	14,318,306	15,149,776	15,197,834	14.870,228	16.767.654
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities	(3,290,498)	(4,984,552)		(3,784,578)	(3,083,050)	(2,961,077)	(3,837,434)	(4,349,746)	(4,212,742)	(4,222,303)	(4,405,625)
Business-type activities	840,192	848,808		992,839	855,262				1,470,324	948,971	882,727
Total primary government net expense	\$ (2,450,306)	S (4,135,744)	64)	(2,791,739)	\$ (2,227,788)	\$ (2,667,849)	s (2,566,111)	6A	S (2,742,418)	\$ (3,273,332)	\$ (3,522,898)

City of Orange City Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

								Fiscal Year	Year								
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	2012		2013		2014	20	2015	2016	17425	2017	2018	601	2019		2020	2	2021
Govemmental activities: Taxes																	
Property taxes	\$ 3,265,842	342	\$ 3,298,474	w	3,478,291	ල ස	3,515,407	\$ 3,573,908	69	4,144,235	\$ 4,20	4,204,400	\$ 4,394,724	24 \$	4,637,798	83	4,742,603
Local option sales tax	669,520	520	736,474		710,785		792,255	846,836		950,305	80	851,052	911,382	82	1,051,882	-	,115,682
Investment Earnings	11,297	797	9,621		2,328		8,935	8,864		13,109		11,555	46,327	27	37,687		26,238
Gain on Sale of Assets	94,548	548	145,696		52,023		55,600	168,810		267,743	Δ,	55,000	373,551	51	208,491		70,419
Miscellaneous	117,618	518	117,465		45,850		97,363	Đ		,	17	176,451	82,746	46	151,488		879,872
Transfers	912,173	173	442,342		(480,685)		451,895	389,219		318,303	27	272,189	(115,436)	36)	(25,494)		(214,388)
Total governmental activities	5,070,998	868	4,750,072		3,808,592	4	4.921.455	4,987,637		5,693,695	5,57	5,570,647	5,693,294	94	6,061,852	9	6,620,426
Business-type activities																	
Investment Earnings	18,772	772	18,988		16,015		32,655	15,219		41,730	4	43 469	136,084	84	136,330		53,072
Gain on Sale of Joint Venture		÷	ж		*		926,349			*			•		•		ŭ.
Miscellaneous	955,236	36	382,211		977,771		364,780	241,645		157,376	17	174 431	390,071	71	260,223	_	1,167,271
Transfers	(912,173)	(2)	(442,342)		480,685	٠	(451,895)	(389,219)		(318,303)	(27	(272,189)	115,436	36	25,494		214,388
Total business-type activities	61,835	335	(41,143)		1,474,471		871,889	(132,355)		(119,197)	3)	(54,289)	641,591	91	422,047	-	.434,731
Total primary government	5,132,833	333	4,708,929		5,283,063	ເກົ	5,793,344	4,855,282		5,574,498	5,51	5,516,358	6,334,885	85	6,483,899	80	8,055,157
Change in Net Position																	
Governmental activities	1,780,500	009	(234,480)		24,014		,838,405	2,026,560		1,856,261	1,22	1,220,901	1,480,552	52	1,839,549	2	2,214,801
Business-type activities	902.027	727	807,665		2,467,310	-	,727,151	160,873		1,152,126	1,66	1,663,677	2,111,915	15	1,371,018	2	2,317,458
Total primary government	\$ 2,682,527		\$ 573,185	S	2,491,324	3,	3,565,556	\$ 2,187,433	(A)	3,008,387	\$ 2,88	2,884,578	\$ 3,592,467	57	3,210,567	s 4	4,532,259

City of Orange City Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Property <u>Tax</u>	Sales <u>Tax</u>	Но	tel/Motel <u>Tax</u>	<u>Total</u>
2012	\$ 3,265,842	\$ 636,004	\$	33,516	\$ 3,935,362
2013	3,298,474	697,311		39,163	4,034,948
2014	3,478,291	665,445		45,340	4,189,076
2015	3,516,500	729,579		62,676	4,308,755
2016	3,573,908	732,685		114,151	4,420,744
2017	4,144,235	817,220		133,085	5,094,540
2018	4,204,400	710,777		140,275	5,055,452
2019	4,394,724	750,206		161,176	5,306,106
2020	4,637,798	927,238		124,644	5,689,680
2021	\$ 4,742,603	\$ 990,533	\$	125,149	\$ 5,858,285

	¥i	

City of Orange City
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accural basis of accounting)

										Fiscal Year	Year									
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	100	2021
General fund																				
Unreserved/ Unassigned	49	\$ 1,685,923	69	\$ 1,662,462	↔	1,485,642	S	1 455 766	691	1 237 614	69	1,450,698	5/9	1,438,611	649	1.802.418	LA)	1,828,076	6/9	2,370,633
Total General Fund	es l	\$ 1,685,923		\$ 1,662,462	69	1,485,642	649	1,455,766	us.	1,237,614	b9	1,460,698	49	1,438,611	69	1,802,418	69	1,828,076	69	2,370,633
All other governmental funds																				
Nonspendable	Ы	113,584	so	99,475	b/s	102,475	69	105,923	W	115,943	102	114,087	69	123,176	69	129,674	v,	128,840	69	128,951
Spendable - Restnoted		3,388,875		1,729,040		1,118,673		1,703,352		2,172,151		2,592,476		2,023,314		2,249,897	.,	2,436,335		2,267,048
Spendable - Assigned		000'9		9,683		÷		74.		162,486		167,486		112,662		476,301		13,104		6 446,868
Spendable - Unassigned		(240,584)		(656,870)		(193,747)		(1.252.696)		(681,288)		(3,270,466)		(393,453)		(6,179)		(740,575)		3,199,229)
Total all other governmental funds	€	3,267,875	69	1,181,328	641	1,027,401	69	556,579	6/9	1,769,292	69	(386,417)	69	1.865,699	60>	2,849,693	in.	1,837,704	(A)	5.643,638

City of Orange City Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	ıl Year	r		
_	2012	2013		2014		2015
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 2,579,057	\$ 2,551,158	\$	2,663,304	\$	2,663,371
Special Assessments	197	120	•	611	•	2,989
Licenses and permits	5,288	5,600		6,348		6,326
Intergovernmental	1,969,554	1,242,033		860,790		1,418,642
Charges for services	535,950	588,213		710,928		679,390
Fines and Forfeits	44,919	40,664		29,896		25,142
Contributions from Property Owners	2,029	1,001		53,087		58,130
TIF Revenue	688,900	748,320		815,553		853,129
Local Options Sales Tax	669,520	736,474		710,785		792,255
Investment Earnings	11,297	9,621		2,328		8,935
Miscellaneous	429,524	391,336		106,335		137,271
Total revenues	6,936,038	 6,314,420		5,959,965		6,645,580
Expenditures						
Public safety	790,598	749,557		811,614		864,188
Public works	1,018,539	1,027,380		1,098,769		990,558
Culture and recreation	1,265,084	1,215,909		1,231,065		1,578,372
Community and economic development	317,787	325,237		325,398		257,568
General government	1,150,288	2,215,628		866,915		613,733
Capital projects	5,601,071	856,115		1,541,643		2,302,188
Debt service	0,00.,0	000,110		1,041,040		2,002,100
Principal	2,770,000	3,475,000		1,330,000		1,490,000
interest	663,442	435,210		357,768		336,301
Total expenditures	13,576,809	 10,300,036		7,563,172		8,432,908
Excess of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(6,640,771)	(3,985,616)		(1,603,207)		(1,787,328)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Issuance of Debt	8,685,000	1,450,000		905,000		835,000
Proceeds From Sale of Fixed Assets	*					148
Transfers In	1,718,587	1,227,493		1,933,500		1,211,895
Transfers Out	 (806,414)	 (785,151)		(1,566,040)		(760,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 9,597,173	 1,892,342		1,272,460		1,286,895
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,956,402	\$ (2,093,274)	\$	(330,747)	\$	(500,433)
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	43.0%	41 4%		28.0%		20.884
onpolitica a	43.0%	414%		25.0%		29.8%

City of Orange City Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

_	2040		0047		Fiscal Y	ear					
	<u>2016</u>		2017		<u>2018</u>		2019		2020		2021
\$	2,678,042	\$	3,022,560	\$	3,118,441	\$	3,171,229	\$	3,312,654	\$	3,403,515
	136,656		25,890		27,049		9,413		8,823		166,904
	6,125		6,779		6,691		6,548		5,992		2,799
	1,402,468		1,105,119		1,112,570		1,244,531		1,627,142		1,293,711
	702,580		717,798		699,514		690,537		643,613		876,256
	28,891		24,501		24,095		18,590		18,749		19,409
	895,866		1,121,675		1,085,959		1,223,495		1,325,144		1,339,088
	846,836		950,305		851,052		911,382		1,051,882		1,115,682
	8,864		13,109		11,555		46,327		37,687		26,238
	727,463		652,369		400,813		527,908		206,725		937,209
_	7,433,791	-	7,640,105	-	7,337,739		7,849,960	=	8,238,411		9,180,811
	978,225		946,213		985,180		1,195,629		1,338,670		1,032,741
	1,324,398		1,011,665		1,204,569		1,095,815		1,274,021		1,205,617
	1,648,339		1,660,106		1,775,252		1,736,660		1,795,578		1,993,409
	347,749		418,778		449,681		343,352		447,989		468,030
	614,203		586,020		710,129		794,315		763,270		872,983
	2,654,972		3,300,232		1,188,431		2,279,074		2,454,833		2,470,529
	3,065,000		1,820,000		1,625,000		1,590,000		4,580,000		4,965,000
	348,172		338,213		299,137		398,991		486,781		451,623
	10,981,058	-	10,081,227	-	8,237,379		9,433,836		13,141,142	_	13,459,932
	(3,547,267)		(2,441,122)		(899,640)		(1,583,876)		(4,902,731)		(4,279,121
	4,145,588				2,718,952		2,521,729		3,238,959		4,787,841
	*		2		327				234,814		278,783
	1,658,616		1,411,831		2,254,818		1,047,401		1,155,826		1,430,885
	(1,269,397)	_	(909,453)	_	(1,838,579)	_	(640,000)		(751,234)		(1,036,207
	4,534,807		502,378		3,135,191	_	2,929,130		3,878,365		5,461,302
;	987,540	\$	(1,938,744)	\$	2,235,551	\$	1,345,254	\$	(1,024,366)	\$	1,182,181

27.3%

41.0%

31.8%

25.0%

50.1%

47.6%

City of Orange City
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Figral	Magacha Jeag	,	40:±:1:±	90			5		Weighted	Assessed
Vear		Ferimated	5	Fetimated		5	-	Estimated	Average	Value as a
Ended June 30	Assessed <u>Value</u>	Actual Value	Assessed <u>Value</u>	Actual Value		Assessed <u>Value</u>		Actual Value	Property Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value
2012	\$186,572,943	\$307,648,687	\$1,504,207	\$1,504,207	↔	188,077,150	ιA	309,152,894	\$ 15.1299	60.84%
2013	193,695,499	312,339,104	1,439,678	1,439,678		195,135,177		313,778,782	14.4604	62,19%
2014	203,344,454	319,146,298	1,397,513	1,397,513		204,741,967		320,543,811	14.4413	63.87%
2015	212,032,667	332,787,311	1,344,293	1,344,293		213,376,960		334,131,604	13.9507	63.86%
2016	214,892,352	337,075,899	1,386,135	1,386,135		216,278,487		338,462,034	13.9852	63.90%
2017	232,506,882	363,623,547	1,352,493	1,352,493		233,859,375		364,976,040	14.5616	64.08%
2018	231,935,310	369,037,370	1,317,393	1,317,393		233,252,703		370,354,763	14.7916	62.98%
2019	253,335,501	400,285,037	1,259,770	1,259,770		254,595,271		401,544,807	14.3286	63.40%
2020	266,403,717	412,624,407	1,201,233	1,201,233		267,604,950		413,825,640	14.4650	64.67%
2021	\$273,798,010	\$435,809,481	\$1,135,329	\$1,135,329	Ð	274,933,339	↔	436,944,810	\$ 14.4600	62.92%

Source: Assessed Values are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Assessor's Office,

City of Orange City Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	Direct &	Overlapping Rates		\$ 32.8383	32.1675	31.3834	30.5119	30,3208	30.7541	30.5784	30.4279	30.5029	\$ 32.7231
		Area	Vocational School		\$ 0.6506	0.6438	0.6907	0.6910	0.7335	0.7812	0.7905	0.7942	0.9938	\$ 1.0754
	District	Total	School		\$ 11.6943	11.7232	10.9162	10.4391	10.2199	10.2316	10.2388	10.1855	10.2260	\$ 12.7052
	MOC-FV School Dis	Debt	Service Millage		•	(10)	(30)	4	()	,	,	ť	¥	2.7000
Overlapping Rates	MOC-FV		Operating Millage		\$ 11.6943 \$	11.7232	10.9162	10.4391	10.2199	10.2316	10.2388	10.1855	10.2260	\$ 10,0052 \$
Ó		Total	County Millage		5.3635	5.3402	5.3352	5.4311	5.3822	5,1797	5.0469	5.1196	4.8181	4.4791
	ioux County	Debt	Service Millage		0.3750 \$	0.3491	0.3659	0.3400	0.3335	0.3028	0.2843	0.2720	0.2521	0.1948 \$
	Si		Operating Millage	}	\$ 4.9885 \$	4.9911	4.9694	5.0911	5.0488	4.8769	4.7626	4.8476	4.5660	\$ 4.2843 \$
	7	Total	City Millage		15.1299	14.4604	14.4413	13.9507	13.9852	14.5616	14.7916	14.3286	14.4650	14.4634
	City of Orange City	Debt	Service Millage		\$ 7.2532 \$	6.5769	6.5389	6.0227	6.0496	6.8406	6.2947	5.8427	5.8350	5.3477 \$
	City		Operating Millage		\$ 7.8767 \$	7.8835	7.9024	7.9280	7.9356	7.7209	8.4969	8.4859	8.6300	\$ 9.1157 \$
	,		Fiscal Year		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Taxes due July 1

Taxes delinquent first half - October 1; second half - April 1,

Penalties for delinquency: 1.5 percent per month.

Discount allowed: none

Uncollected taxes handled as follows: delinquent real estate tax list published in newspaper prior to May 16.

Taxes collected by Sioux County and distributed to the City of Orange City in proportion of its levy to all levies.

Tax sale date: first Monday in June

Source: The tax rates are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Auditor's Office.

City of Orange City Principal Property Taxpayers June 30, 2021

			2021				2012	
Taxpayer		Assessed <u>Value</u>	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed <u>Value</u>		Assessed <u>Value</u>	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
Vogel Enterprises Inc.	မာ	15,539,160		5.8%	69	8,266,330	7	2.7%
SCC10 Orange City		9,184,440	2	3.4%		9,268,450	_	3.1%
Smithfield Premium Pet Health LLC		4,784,450	ъ	1.8%				
Prairie Winds Hotel Holdings		4,204,220	4	1.6%				
Sekisui Aerospace		3,422,690	ιΩ	1.3%				
Pizza Ranch Headquarters		2,404,640	9	%6.0		2,021,640	ø	0.5%
Krull Ltd.		2,355,750	7	%6'0		1,635,140	7	%6.0
OCDC, Inc.		2,276,804	σο	%6.0		4,188.750	4	
Iowa State Bank Orange City		1,770,590	თ	0.7%		1,515,870	œ	0.5%
Revival Animal Health Inc.		1,645,690	10	0.6%				
Advanced Brands LLC						5,319,160	က	0.5%
Northwest Rural Electric Coop						1,340,925	10	1.8%
Tech Industries LLC	¥.					1,404,530	Ø	0.7%
Orange City Communications						3,251,000	2	0,4%
	₩	47,588,434	1 1	17.8%	69	38,211,795	t II	11.1%

Source: Assessed Values are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Assessor's Office,

	•		
			*

City of Orange City Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Suc	% of Levy	97.98%	99.21%	%66.66	100.09%	100.07%	100.06%	100.17%	100.12%	%86.66	97.22%
Total Collections to Date		2,579,057	2,551,158	2,663,304	2,663,371	2,678,042	3,022,560	3,118,441	3,171,229	3,312,654	3,294,410
		↔									€
Delinquent Tax	ollections	52,219	5,426	2,496	4,378	3,880	3,895	7,456	17,162	32,920	10,011
De	ଥ	₩									↔
thin the the Levy	% of Levy	%00.96	%00.66	%06.66	99.93%	99.92%	86.66	86.66	89.57%	88.99%	96.93%
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount	2,526,838	2,545,732	2,660,808	2,658,993	2,674,162	3,018,665	3,110,985	3,154,067	3,279,734	3,284,399
		₩									₩
Total Tax Levy for	iscal Year	2,632,123	2,571,446	2,663,471	2,660,942	2,676,223	3,020,665	3,113,207	3,167,560	3,313,269	3,388,587
	IL.;	49									↔
Fiscal Year Ended	<u>6/30</u>	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Electric Bonds	E E	Ele Bo
	i	i
4,535,000	8	8
4,420,000	4,525,000 4,420,000	4
2,745,000		
2,540,000	3,830,000 2,540,000	2
2,330,000	2	2
2,120,000	3,105,000 2,120,000	2
1,910,000	_	_
1,690,000	2,337,000 1,690,000	_
1,470,000	2,102,000 1,470,000	_
1,245,000	1,790,000 \$ 1,245,000	8

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 102 for personal income and popluation data.

City of Orange City Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General Obligation Bonds	Avai	s: Amounts lable in Debt rvice Fund	<u>Total</u>	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per <u>Capita</u>
2012	\$ 15,325,000	\$	2,496,771	\$ 12,828,229	4.17	\$ 2,295.26
2013	13,300,000		76,972	13,223,028	4.24	2,202.37
2014	12,875,000		66,652	12,808,348	4.03	2,133.30
2015	12,220,000		94,881	12,125,119	3.63	2,019.51
2016	13,160,000		241,411	12,918,589	3.82	2,151.66
2017	11,340,000		271,967	11,068,033	3.03	1,843.44
2018	12,415,000		324,124	12,090,876	3.28	2,013.80
2019	13,105,000		114,297	12,937,814	3.22	2,154.87
2020	11,145,000		149,011	10,995,989	2.75	1,831.44
2021	\$ 11,145,000	\$	175,388	\$ 10,969,612	2.51	\$ 1,750.38

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics. See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

City of Orange City Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2021

Governmental Unit	<u>c</u>	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable 1		Estimated Share of Overlapping <u>Debt</u>
Debt repaid with property taxes: School District	\$	23,423,603	38.73%	\$	9,071,961
Debt repaid with property taxes; Sioux County		6,580,000	12.14%		798,812
Subtotal, overlapping debt				\$	9,870,773
City of Orange City direct debt				-	11,145,000
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	21,015,773

Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by the school and Sioux County Auditor Office.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Orange City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

¹ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

City of Orange City Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020 2021	\$ 20,631,220 \$ 21,790,474	11,871,033 11,592,823	8.760,187 \$ 10.197,651	57.54% 53.20%		\$ 435,809,481 435,809,481	21,790,474 11,145,000 772,346 (324,523) 11,592,823 \$ 10,197,651
	2019	\$ 20,014,252 \$	13,598,167	\$ 5,498,769 \$	70.20%			
	2018	\$ 18,451,869	12,953,100	\$ 6.049,049	66.73%			
Fiscal Year	2017	\$ 18,181,177	12,132,128	\$ 3,935,206	76,65%			
Fisca	2016	\$ 16,853,795	12,918,589	\$ 4.514,246	72 87%	ical Year 2020) ent Agreements vice Fund limit
	2015	\$ 16,639,365	12,125,119	\$ 3,148,967	80.27%	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2020	alue	Debt limit (5% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Urban Renewal Development Agreements Less Amount in Debt Service Fund Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin
	2014	\$ 15,957,315	12,808,348	\$ 2,389,019	84 70%	Legal Debt Margir	Assessed value Total assessed value	Debt limit (5% of total as Debt applicable to limit: General obligati Urban Rene Less Amou Total net debt Legal debt margin
	2013	\$ 15,615,047	13,226,028	\$ 2,553,767	83.40%			
	2012	\$ 15,381,996	12,828,229	\$ 5,607,737	62 66%			
		Debt Limit	Total net debt applicable to limit	Legal debt margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit			

Note: Under state finance law, the City of Orange City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 5 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Coverage	1.50	5.50	4.80	4.69	4.94	5.68	7.77	10.85			Coverage	3.21	2.76	0.40	1.69	0.82	1.76	1.70	1.33	1.20	1.69
ervice Interest	\$ 95,348	99,014	94,185 88.766	72,455	63,950	58,773	50,360	32,956		rvice	Interest	117,801	137,969	99,558	60,863	58,723	56,087	52,927	49,150	40,130	\$ 34,796
Debt Service	\$ 1,320,000	345,000	350,000 360,000	365,000	380,000	388,000	232,000	230,000		Debt Service	Principal	110,000	115,000	1,675,000	205,000	210,000	210,000	210,000	220,000	225,000	\$ 230,000
Net Available <u>Revenue</u>	\$ 2,116,573	2,440,308	2,132,353 1,853,867	2,051,129	2,192,739	2,536,701	2,194,302	2,852,231	Net	Available	Revenue	730,884	698,811	706,457	449,100	219,507	467,310	448,025	357,193	316,993	\$ 446,705
Less: Operating Expenses	\$ 6,194,388	5,559,030	5,756,923 5,905,746	6,355,393	6,400,163	6,400,015	6,399,975	6,403,578	Less:	Operating	Expenses	539,261	519,783	545,862	559,105	921,581	615,446	632,146	645,810	725,819	\$ 830,398
Electric Charges and Other	\$ 8,310,961	7,999,338	7,889,276 7,759,613	8,406,522	8,592,902	8,936,716	8,594,277	9,255,809	Water	Charges	and Other	1,270,145	1,218,594	1,252,319	1,008,205	1,141,088	1,082,756	1,080,171	1,003,003	1,042,812	\$ 1,277,103
Fiscal Year	2012	2014	2015 2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		Fiscal	Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2020

Note: Operating Expenses do not include depreciation expense

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Coverage	0.35 1.95 2.90 3.91 2.38 1.52 1.52	Coverage	0.14 2.04 1.38 1.31 0.93 2.70
ervice Interest	\$ 10,731 3,737 2,925 1,625 1,625 255,920 290,131 282,860 272,060	rvice <u>Interest</u>	23,494 15,448 14,823 13,772 12,461 10,832 8,743 6,268
Debt Service Principal In	\$ 630,000 130,000 130,000 130,000 100,000 355,000 370,000	Debt Service Principal In	1,125,000 100,000 105,000 105,000 110,000 115,000
Net Available <u>Revenue</u>	\$ 223,037 260,805 384,895 514,901 422,557 612,335 848,311 977,766 825,361 1,005,536	Net Available <u>Revenue</u>	157,471 235,981 230,176 163,618 153,521 112,200 321,156 327,597 260,692 \$ 800,003
Less: Operating Expenses	\$ 396,497 364,652 357,322 399,720 485,953 387,940 408,665 486,307 639,740 700,037	Less: Operating Expenses	1,973,501 1,920,062 2,580,109 1,957,138 1,442,028 1,672,856 2,092,061 1,954,793 1,549,279
Sewer Charges and Other	\$ 619,534 625,457 742,217 914,621 908,510 1,000,275 1,256,976 1,464,073 1,465,101 1,705,573	Gas Charges <u>and Other</u>	2,130,972 2,156,043 2,810,285 2,120,756 1,595,549 1,785,056 2,413,217 2,282,390 1,809,971 \$ 3,294,523
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2020 2020	Fiscal <u>Year</u>	2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2020 2020

Note: Operating Expenses do not include depreciation expense

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant years.

City of Orange City Principal Employers June 30, 2021

		2021			2012	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Population	Employees	Rank	Population
Orange City Health System	570	_	9.49%	200	2	8.33%
Staples Inc.	515	7	8.58%	575	-	9.58%
Diamond Vogel Paints	200	က	8.33%	350	က	5.83%
Sekisui Aerospace	260	4	4.33%	95	ဖ	1.58%
Smithfield Fresh Meats LLC	230	2	3.83%	250	4	4.16%
MOC-FV School District	195	ၑ	3.25%			
Northwestern College	180	7	3.00%	180	2	3.00%
Sioux County Courthouse	75	ω	1.25%			
Civco Medical Solutions	70	တ	1.17%	70	7	1.17%
Revival Animal Health	99	10	1.08%	09	œ	1.00%
EZ Liner Industrial				40	တ	%290
Silent Drive Inc.				30	10	0.50%
Total	2,660	1 11	44.30%	2,150	1 11	35.81%

Note: Source for this data was obtained from Iowa Workforce Development

City of Orange City
Full-Time Equilvalent City Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year										
Function	<u>2012</u>	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	2019	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	
General Government	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	9	9	
Public Safety											
Police Officers	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Highways and streets	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Culture and recreation	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Library	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	
Electric	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Water	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Sewer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	
Gas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Total	34	34	35	35	35	35	35	38	35	36	

Sources: Various city departments.

City of Orange City Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Tunction rogiani										
General Government										
Zoning Permits Issued	78	62	68	89	65	95	81	81	80	102
Police										
Physical Arrests	112	83	92	76	69	88	91	114	93	104
Parking Violations	247	281	274	224	258	237	210	202	216	227
Traffic Violations	442	430	439	368	403	353	510	336	228	439
Fire										
Emergency Responses	52	72	98	112	107	104	92	75	84	78
Fires Extinguished	7	11	13	7	6	4	5	3	6	7
Refuse Collection										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks & Recreation										
Pool Passes Issued (Budget Pass)	86	79	71	63	54	48	35	57	46	57
Pool Passes Issued (Individual Pass)	52	47	42	80	74	63	56	71	88	51
Pool Passes Issued (Family Pass)	243	256	237	202	217	205	220	235	196	233
Pool Passes Issued (Senior Pass)	18	16	14	17	13	9	6	11	9	12
Library										
Volumes in collection	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905	63.905
Total volumes borrowed	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250
Water										
New connections	3	10	6	8	21		14	6	25	27
Water main breaks	5	10	7	6	3	2	8	4	6	9
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	920	819	821	815	823	825	863	856	853	856
Peak daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	2,100	2,120	2,115	1,900	1,950	1,940	1,448	1,380	1,910	1,920
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	1,473	753	748	748	761	748	801	809	843	846

Sources: Various city departments.

City of Orange City
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
E	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function/Program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire Station	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other Public Works										
Streets (miles)	49	49	50	51	52	52	53	55	57	58
Streetlights	928	933	938	942	961	961	985	985	993	993
Traffic Signals	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Parks and recreation										
Aceage	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230
Playgrounds	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Baseball/softball diamonds	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Soccer/football fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	49	49	49	49	50	50	50	52	54	55
Fire Hydrants	285	285	285	285	288	288	291	295	298	298
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	950	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,200	1,200	1,200
Wastewater										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	43	43	43	43	44	44	47	49	51	52
Storm Sewer (miles)	21	21	21	21	23	23	28	30	33	34
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000

Sources: Various city departments

City of Orange City Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar <u>Year</u>	Population	(the	ersonal ncome ousands dollars)	P	Per Capita ersonal ncome	Median <u>Age</u>	Education Level in Years of Schooling	School <u>Enrollment</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>
2012	6,004	\$	30,143	\$	22,142	28 5	16	1940	4.1%
2013	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	3.4%
2014	6,004		30,143		20,768	29 0	16	1940	2.9%
2015	6,004		30,143		20,768	29 0	16	1940	2.9%
2016	6,004		30,143		20,768	29 0	16	1940	2.1%
2017	6,004		30,143		20,768	29 0	16	1940	1.7%
2018	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	1.7%
2019	6,004		30,143		20,768	29.0	16	1940	1.7%
2020	6,004		30,143		20,768	29 0	16	1940	1.7%
2021	6,267	\$	36,429	\$	27,848	34 3	16	1940	1.7%

Sources: Population, median age, and educational level information provided by the United States Census Bureau. School enrollment data provided by the Orange City school districts.

Note: Personal Income is a total for the year. Unemployment rate information is an adjusted yearly average. School enrollment is based on the census at the start of the school year



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of the City Council City of Orange City, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Orange City, lowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Orange City, lowa's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Orange City Area Health System, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Orange City, lowa's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detects and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A Significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters:

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Orange City, lowa's Response to Findings

City of Orange City, lowa's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The City of Orange City, Iowa's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City during the course of our audit.

William + Conputy, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa January 26, 2022

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results

- (a) An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- (b) A material weakness in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported. There were no prior year audit findings.

Material Weakness:

2021-001 Financial Reporting - Material Adjusting Journal Entries

<u>Condition and Criteria</u> – The auditors were required to propose and have management post adjusting entries to the fund financial statements in order for the financial statements to conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

<u>Effect</u> – The financial statements provided by management are not presented entirely in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Cause</u> – With a limited number of personnel and current staff workload, the time constraints and staff expertise do not allow for all required year end U.S. GAAP adjusting journal entries to be posted.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We recommend that the City train additional staff on U.S. GAAP and government accounting standards to help reduce the amount of adjusting journal entries and increase their knowledge of the required reporting standards.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials</u> – City management feels that hiring additional personnel to implement the additional U.S. GAAP adjusting journal entries would not be cost effective. However, management has and will continue to monitor this process on a regular basis.

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

III-A-21 Certified Budget

<u>Condition and Criteria</u> – City expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2020, exceeded amounts budgeted in the Public Works, Culture and Recreation, and Community and Economic Development functions.

Effect – The City is not in compliance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa.

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CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting - (Continued)

<u>Cause</u> – The City approved a budget amendment on May 17, 2021. With limited personnel and time constraints, the City inadvertently omitted some items from the preparation of their budget amendment.

Recommendation – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of lowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials</u> - The budget will be amended in the future, if applicable.

- III-B-21 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- III-C-21 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. However, we recommend that the amount of coverage be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- III-D-21 <u>Council Minutes</u> We noted no transactions requiring approval which had not been approved by the Council.
- III-E-21 Questionable Expenditures We noted no questionable expenditures during our audit.
- III-F-21 Revenue Bonds No violations of revenue bond resolutions were noted.
- III-G-21 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the City and city officials were noted during the course of the audit.
- III-H-21 <u>Cash and Investments</u> We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy.
- III-I-21 <u>Urban Renewal Annual Report</u> The urban renewal annual report was properly approved and certified to the lowa Department of Management on or before December 1.
- III-J-21 Restricted Donor Activity No transactions were noted between the City, City officials, City employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.